
Domestic Violence Trends in New Mexico, 2010-2014

An Analysis of Data from
The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository



Developed by Betty Caponera, Ph.D.

Funded by:
Office of Injury Prevention,
Epidemiology and Response Division,
New Mexico Department of Health
Through the
New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs

August 2015

New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

3909 Juan Tabo NE, Suite 6

Albuquerque, NM 87111

Phone (505) 883-8020

Fax (505) 883-7530

email: nmcsap@swcp.com

Letter from the Director...

For our 2015 domestic violence report we present *Domestic Violence Trends in New Mexico, 2010-2014*. In addition to our analysis of 2014 data, we reviewed most of the Central Repository domestic violence data for this five-year period to give perspective and context to the information reported. For instance, there were 18,057 domestic violence incidents reported to statewide law enforcement agencies in 2014, which is a modest 5% decrease from that reported in 2013. However, from 2010-2014 an average 18,832 cases of domestic violence each year was reported to statewide law enforcement agencies, which represents an 18% decrease from that reported in the previous five years (2005-2009). Similarly, in 2014, service providers reported that children were present in 32% of domestic violence cases, a 1% increase from the 31% reported in 2013. However, from 2010-2014, service providers reported that an average 37% of domestic violence cases had children present at the scene, and this represents a 20% decrease from the average proportion of incidents with children present during the previous five-year period (57%).

Compared to the previous five-year span, there are significant increases in the average number of incidents involving weapon use and victim injury; and while there are also moderate decreases in the number of adults and offenders receiving each type of service, emergency shelter for children in this time frame has significantly increased. These changes and the status on many other data variables are presented herein. It is hoped that such information will be used to guide changes in relevant policy and programs to make your important work more effective in your critical roles in preventing and responding to domestic violence.

Presented in *Section One* of this year's report you will find a five-year trend analysis (2010-2014). In *Section Two*, is the 2014 analysis of all domestic violence data reported to the Central Repository from statewide law enforcement agencies, service providers, and district and magistrate courts. *Section Three* presents a discussion of the implications of the findings and recommendations for prevention and improved system response. Finally, in *Section Four* you can see at a glance, county trends on 16 important domestic violence variables.

On behalf of myself and the Office of Injury Prevention, we thank you for your continued efforts to ensure our safety and improve the lives of domestic violence victims and their families.

Sincerely,



Betty Caponera, Ph.D.
Director

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO, 2010-2014
An Analysis of Data from
The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

Developed by Betty Caponera, Ph.D.

Funded by:

Office of Injury Prevention,
Epidemiology and Response Division,
New Mexico Department of Health
Through the
New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs

August 2015

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Program Guidance and Funding

- Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention
- MaryEllen Garcia, State of New Mexico Crime Victims Reparation Commission, VAWA Program Manager

Data System Analysts

- Leslie Bischoff, Management Analyst, Administrative Office of the Courts
- Joe Vigil, Administrative Office of the Courts, Senior Statistician
- Renee Casio, Director, Management Analyst, Administrative Office of the Courts
- Rayo McCullough, Data Software Development

Report Publication

- Kim Alaburda, Cover Design, and Distribution, New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs
- Lisa Meyer, Graphics and Design

** A special thanks to the chiefs, sheriffs, marshals, and the records department staff of all the participating law enforcement agencies; executive directors and staff of the domestic violence service providers; and all data entry staff of the individual law enforcement agencies and district and magistrate courts, without whom this report would not be possible.*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
➤ LETTER FROM THE DIRECTOR	
➤ ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
➤ EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	i
➤ REPORT: DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO, 2010-2014	
I. INTRODUCTION	1
II. DEFINITIONS	1
 SECTION ONE: Domestic Violence Trends in New Mexico 2010-2014	
I. FINDINGS	2
A. Law Enforcement Reported Domestic Violence Incidents	2
B. Number and Gender of Victims	2
C. Number and Gender of Suspects	3
D. Victim Ages	4
E. Suspect Ages	4
F. Victim Race/Ethnicity	5
G. Suspect Race/Ethnicity	5
H. Stalking Incidents	5
I. Suspect Arrests	6
J. Crisis/Hotline Calls to Domestic Violence Service Providers	7
K. Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers	7
L. Ages of Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers	9
M. Race/Ethnicity of Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers	10
N. Domestic Violence and Alcohol/Drug Use	11
O. Domestic Violence and Weapon Use	12
P. Injury from Domestic Violence Incidents	12
Q. Domestic Violence Involving Sexual Assault	13
R. Victim/Offender Relationship	14
S. Children Present in Domestic Violence Situations	15
T. Past Abuse Among Offenders and Victims	16
U. Services Received by Adult Victims	16
V. Services Received by Children	17
W. Services Received by Offenders	17
X. Adult Victims Who Reported Their Victimization to Law Enforcement	18
Y. Protection Orders Filed	18
Z. Domestic Violence in District and Magistrate Courts	19

SECTION TWO: Analysis of 2014 Domestic Violence Law Enforcement, Service Provider, and Court Data from The Central Repository

I.	Law Enforcement and Service Provider Data Findings	23
A.	Domestic Violence Incidents Identified by Law Enforcement	23
B.	Domestic Violence Victims Identified by Law Enforcement: Number, Gender, and Age	23
C.	Domestic Violence Suspects Identified by Law Enforcement: Number, Gender, and Age	24
D.	Race/Ethnicity of Victims and Suspects Identified by Law Enforcement	24
E.	Stalking and Harassment Incidents Identified by Law Enforcement	25
F.	Domestic Violence Victims Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers	26
G.	Domestic Violence Incidents That Involve Alcohol and/or Drug Use	29
H.	Alcohol and/or Drug Use Among Those Who Sought Help	31
I.	Domestic Violence Incidents That Involve a Weapon	31
J.	Weapon Use Among Those Who Sought Help	32
K.	Domestic Violence Incidents That Involve Injury to Adult Victims	32
L.	Domestic Violence Incidents That Have Children Present At The Scene	33
M.	Injury and Sexual Assault Among Adult Victims and Children Who Sought Help	34
N.	Victim/Offender Relationship	34
O.	Length of Victim/Offender Relationships	36
P.	Victims and Offenders Abused as Children	36
Q.	Sources of Adult Victims' Referrals for Help and The Services Victims Receive	37
R.	Sources of Children Victim-Witnesses' Referrals for Help and The Services Children Victim/Witnesses Receive	38
S.	Sources of Offenders' Referrals for Help and The Services Offenders Receive	39
T.	Adult Victims Who Sought Help That Reported Their Domestic Violence Incident to Police	40
U.	Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents That Resulted in a Suspect Arrest	40
V.	Adult Victims of Domestic Violence Who Filed A Protection Order	40
II.	District and Magistrate Court Findings	41
A.	District Courts	42
B.	Magistrate Courts	49

SECTION THREE: Implications of the Findings and Recommendations for Prevention and Improved System Response

A.	Identifying Children At Risk	57
B.	Poverty and Violence	57
C.	Mental Illness and Health and Safety Risk	58
D.	Injury Risk Factors	58
E.	Substance Abuse and Risk	58
F.	Evidence Supporting the Focus on Early Intervention to Prevent Domestic Violence	58
G.	Sexual Assault Prevention and Treatment for Domestic Violence Child and Adult Victims	59

	<u>Page</u>
H. Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Advocacy for Males	59
I. Providing Offender Treatment Programs	59
J. Evidence Supporting The Need to Identify Domestic Violence Victims in The Healthcare Setting	59
K. Evidence Supporting The Need for Culturally Competent Services for Native Americans	60
L. Evidence Supporting The Need for Better Court Data on Domestic Violence	60
M. Stalking Underreporting, Training, and Victim Referral	61
N. Interpersonal Violence and Needed Changes in Law Enforcement, Prosecution and The Courts to Reduce The Risk of Harm for Male and Female Victims	62
 REFERENCES	 63
 APPENDICES	 64
A. Life Experiences of Adult Survivors of Domestic Violence	64
B. Survey of Violence Victimization Summary	82
C. Definitions	86
D. Participating Law Enforcement Agencies 2014	89
E. Law Enforcement Data Collection Form	92
F. Rate of Domestic Violence Incidents for All Counties with Complete and Incomplete Reporting	93
G. Rate and Rank of Domestic Violence Incidents for All Counties with Complete Reporting, by Rank	94
H. Rate and Rank of Domestic Violence Incidents for All Counties with Complete Reporting, Alphabetical by County	95
I. Participating Domestic Violence Service Providers	96
J. Domestic Violence Service Providers' Data Collection Form	97
K. Participating District Courts	99
L. Participating Magistrate Courts	100
 REPORT TABLES	 102
 DISTRICT COURT TABLES, D1-D32	 156
 MAGISTRATE COURT TABLES, M1-M46	 169
 SECTION FOUR: County Trends Tables 2010-2014	 189
 ACRONYMS FOUND IN THIS REPORT	
AOC	Administrative Office of the Courts
ASD	Adult Survivor Database
CYFD	Children, Youth and Family Department
NCVS	National Crime Victimization Survey
NISVS	National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey
NVAWS	Nation Violence Against Women Survey
SANE	Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner
SVV	Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico
VAWA	Violence Against Women Act

Tables

<u>Tables</u>	<u>Page</u>	
1	Number of Domestic Violence Reports by Law Enforcement Agency	102
2	Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Reports by Agency and County	105
3	Percent Male Victims of Domestic Violence as Reported by Law Enforcement Agencies	108
4	Percent Female Suspects of Domestic Violence as Reported by Law Enforcement Agencies	110
5	Number of Stalking Cases by Reporting Law Enforcement Agencies	112
6	Law Enforcement Reported Domestic Violence, Harassment, and Stalking Incidents by County	113
7	Number of Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served by County	114
8	Number of Adult Victims Served by Service Provider Agency	115
9	Number of Offenders Served by Service Provider Agency	116
10	Percent Male Domestic Violence Victims Reported by Service Providers	117
11	Percent Female Offenders as Reported by Service Provider Agencies	118
12	Law Enforcement Reported Alcohol/Drug Use in Domestic Violence Incidents	119
13	Weapon Use in Domestic Violence Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency	120
14	Weapon Use in Domestic Violence Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agencies, by County	122
15	Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Weapon Use As Reported by Service Providers	123
16	Percent of Law Enforcement Reported Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Victim Injury, by County	124
17	Source of Adult Victim Referrals to Domestic Violence Service Providers	125
18	Crisis/Hotline Calls Received by Service Provider Agency	126
19	Crisis/Hotline Calls by County	127
20	Source of Children Referrals to Domestic Violence Service Providers	128
21	Source of Offender Referrals to Domestic Violence Service Providers	128
22	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Reported to Law Enforcement as Reported by Service Provider Agencies	129
23	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest by Agency	130
24	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest by County	132
25	Number of Protection Orders Issued by District Courts	133
26	Protection Orders Issued in District Courts and Filed by Domestic Violence Service Providers in 2014, by County	134
27	Percent of Domestic Violence Charges Filed in District Courts, 2014	135
28	Percent Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in 2014, by County	136
29	Percent Domestic Violence Charges Dismissed in 2014, by District Court	137
30	Percent Domestic Violence Guilty Pleas/Convictions in 2014, by District Court	138

<u>Tables</u>	<u>Page</u>	
31	Number of Cases Dismissed, Convicted, Acquitted and Other Dispositions for Each District Court	139
32	Disposed District Court Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed	140
33	Disposed District Court Domestic Violence Cases With A Guilty Plea/Conviction	141
34	Emergency Protection Orders Issued by District Courts, by County	142
35	Domestic Violence Temporary Orders of Protection Issued by District Courts, by County	142
36	Judgments for Permanent Protection Orders Issued by District Courts, by County	143
37	Percent of Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Magistrate Courts by County	144
38	Percent of Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in Magistrate Courts by County	145
39	Percent Domestic Violence Charges Dismissed in 2014, by Magistrate Court	146
40	Percent Charges with Guilty Pleas/Convictions in 2014, by Magistrate Courts	148
41	Number of Cases Dismissed, Convicted, Acquitted, and Other Disposition Outcomes for Each Magistrate Court	150
42	Percent Disposed Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed	152
43	Percent Disposed Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Cases with A Conviction/Guilty Plea	154

Figures

<u>Section One Figures</u>		<u>Page</u>
T1	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Identified by Law Enforcement, 2010-2014	3
T2	Number of Domestic Violence Victims Identified by Law Enforcement, 2010-2014	3
T3	Number of Domestic Violence Suspects Identified by Law Enforcement, 2010-2014	4
T4	Average Proportion of Domestic Violence Victims and Suspects by Age, as Identified by Law Enforcement 2010-2014	4
T5	Average Proportion of Domestic Violence Victims and Suspects by Race/Ethnicity as Reported by Law Enforcement, 2010-2014	5
T6	Number of Stalking Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement, 2010-2014	6
T7	Domestic Violence Cases with a Suspect Arrest as Reported by Law Enforcement, 2010-2014	6
T8	Number of Crisis/Hotline Calls to Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	7
T9	Number of Adult Domestic Violence Victims Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	7
T10	Number of Children Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	8
T11	Number of Offenders Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	8
T12	Average Age of Adult Victims and Offenders Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	9
T13	Average Age of Children Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	9
T14	Average Proportion of Victims and Offenders Served by Race/Ethnicity as Reported by Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	10
T15	Average Proportion of Children Served by Race/Ethnicity as Reported by Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	10
T16	Comparison of Victim and Offender Reports of Alcohol/Drug Use, as Reported by Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2010-2014	11
T17	Comparison of the Proportion of Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Between Law Enforcement and Service Provider Reports, 2010-2014	12
T18	Comparison of the Proportion of Domestic Violence Cases Involving Injury Between Law Enforcement and Service Provider Reports, 2010-2014	13
T19	Proportion of Adult Victims and Children Served Who Were Sexually Assaulted/Coerced, 2010-2014	13
T20	Average Proportion of Victim/Offender Relationships in Law-Enforcement Reported Domestic Violence Cases, 2010-2014	14
T21	Average Proportion of Each Victim/Offender Relationship Among Adult Victims Served, 2010-2014	15
T22	Comparison of the Average Proportion of Domestic Violence Cases with Children Present Between Law Enforcement and Service Provider Reports, 2010-2014	15
T23	Average Proportion of Adult Victims Receiving Each Service, 2010-2014	16
T24	Average Proportion of Children Receiving Each Service, 2010-2014	17
T25	Proportion of Offenders Receiving Psycho-Education Classes, 2010-2014	17
T26	Proportion of Offenders Receiving Case Management, 2010-2014	17
T27	Proportion of Offenders Receiving Counseling Services, 2010-2014	18
T28	Proportion of Adult Victims Served Who Reported Their Victimization to Law Enforcement 2010-2014	18
T29	Number of Protection Orders Issued by District Courts, 2010-2014	18
T30	Number of Protection Orders Filed by Domestic Violence Service Providers 2010-2014	18
T31	Number of Domestic Violence Charges Filed in District and Magistrate Courts, 2010-2014	19
T32	Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in District and Magistrate Courts	20
T33	Average Proportion of Each Type of Domestic Violence Charge Disposed in District and Magistrate Courts, 2010-2014	21

	<u>Page</u>	
T34	Percent Convictions of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Magistrate Courts, 2010-2014	21
T35	Percent Convictions of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in District Courts, 2010-2014	22

Section Two Figures

1	Victim Age as Reported by Law Enforcement	23
2	Suspect Age as Reported by Law Enforcement	24
3	Law Enforcement Reported Victim and Suspect Race/Ethnicity Compared to State of New Mexico Racial/Ethnic Composition	25
4	Rate of Adult Victims Served to Law Enforcement Reports of Domestic Violence for Selected Counties	27
5	Domestic Violence Adult Victims, Children Victim Witnesses, and Offenders, by Gender	28
6	Age of Victims and Offenders as Reported by Domestic Violence Service Providers	28
7	Age of Child Witnesses as Reported by Domestic Violence Service Providers	29
8	Ethnicity/Race of Victim, Offender, and Child Witnesses (as Reported by Domestic Violence Service Providers) Compared to State of New Mexico Ethnic/Racial Composition	30
9	Percent of Victims and Offenders Who Used Alcohol/Drugs at The Time of The Domestic Violence Incident as Reported by Adult Victims	31
10	Proportion of Incidents Involving Weapon Use as Reported by Law Enforcement	32
11	Proportion of Incidents Involving Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement	33
12	Age of Child Witnesses as Reported by Law Enforcement	33
13	Percent Adult Victims and Children Victim-Witnesses Who Experienced Physical Injury and Sexual Assault from The Adult Victim's Offender	34
14	Victim/Suspect Relationship as Reported by Law Enforcement	35
15	Type of Survivor/Offender Relationship, as Reported by Service Providers	36
16	Length of Victim/Offender Relationship as Reported by Domestic Violence Service Providers	37
17	Percent of Victims and Offenders Who Experienced Child Abuse or Witnessed Abuse as a Child as Reported by Adult Victims Seeking Services	37
18	Percent of Adult Victims Receiving Each Type of Service Provided by Domestic Violence Service Providers	38
19	Percent of Children Receiving Each Type of Service Provided by Domestic Violence Service Providers	39
20	Percent of Offenders Receiving Each Type of Service Provided by Domestic Violence Service Providers	39
21	Percent of Protection Orders Issued in District Courts Relative to the Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement, Per Selected Counties	41

	<u>Page</u>	
22	Percent Domestic Violence Charges Filed in District Courts	42
23	Percent Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in District Courts	43
24	Percent Disposition Outcomes of Domestic Violence Charges in District Courts	44
25	Percent Domestic Violence Charges Dismissed in District Courts	45
26	Percent Disposed Domestic Violence Charges That Obtained a Guilty Plea or Conviction in District Courts	46
27	Average Length of Jail Sentence for Each Type of Domestic Violence Charge Disposed in District Courts	48
28	Percent Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Magistrate Courts	50
29	Percent Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in Magistrate Courts	51
30	Percent Disposition Outcomes of Domestic Violence Charges in Magistrate Courts	52
31	Percent of Each Type of Disposed Domestic Violence Charge Dismissed in Magistrate Courts	53
32	Percent of Each Type of Disposed Domestic Violence Charge that Obtained a Guilty Plea or Conviction in Magistrate Courts	54
33	Average Length of Jail Sentence for Each Type of Domestic Violence Charge Disposed in Magistrate Courts	56

SECTION FOUR: COUNTY TRENDS TABLES 2010-2014

<u>County</u>	<u>Page</u>
...Bernalillo	189
...Catron	194
...Chaves	198
...Cibola	202
...Colfax	206
...Curry	210
...De Baca	214
...Dona Ana	218
...Eddy	222
...Grant	227
...Guadalupe	231
...Harding	235
...Hidalgo	239
...Lea	243
...Lincoln	247
...Los Alamos	252
...Luna	256
...McKinley	260
...Mora	265
...Otero	269
...Quay	273
...Rio Arriba	277
...Roosevelt	282
...San Juan	286
...San Miguel	290
...Sandoval	294
...Santa Fe	298
...Sierra	302
...Socorro	306
...Taos	310
...Torrance	314
...Union	318
...Valencia	322

FACT SHEET: INTERPERSONAL VIOLENCE IN NEW MEXICO 2014

Lifetime Prevalence of Interpersonal Violence Among New Mexicans 18 and Older:

Domestic Violence	24%
Intimate Partner Violence	18%
Stalking	16%

Domestic Violence

Women	32% or 1 in 3
Men	15% or 1 in 7

Intimate Partner Violence

Women	25% or 1 in 4
Men	10% or 1 in 10

Stalking

Women	25% or 1 in 4
Men	7% or 1 in 14

Incidence:

▶ Rate of Domestic Violence: New Mexico Adults 2005 (Statewide Victimization Survey)	26 per 1000
Females 27 per 1000; Males 24 per 1000	
▶ Rate of Intimate Partner Violence: New Mexico Adults 2005 (Statewide Victimization Survey)	22 per 1000
Females 24 per 1000; Males 20 per 1000	
▶ Rate of Stalking: New Mexico Adults 2005 (Statewide Victimization Survey)	12 per 1000
Females 20 per 1000; Males 4 per 1000	
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Stalking Incidents, 2014	78
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Harassment Incidents, 2014	1,490
▶ District and Magistrate Court New Harassment Charges Filed, 2014	349
▶ District and Magistrate Court New Stalking and Aggravated Stalking Charges Filed, 2014	379
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Incidents, 2014	18,057
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Victims Identified, 2014	19,930
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Suspects Identified, 2014	19,056
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Children At The Scene, 2014	6,044
▶ Service Provider-Reported Crisis/Hotline Calls Fielded, 2014	12,108
▶ Service Provider-Reported Adult Victims of Domestic Violence Served, 2014	7,376
▶ Service Provider-Reported Domestic Violence Offenders Treated, 2014	1,409
▶ Service Provider-Reported Children Victim/Witnesses Served, 2014	2,780
▶ Service Provider-Reported Cases with Children At The Scene, 2014	1,809 (32%)
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever A Domestic Violence Victim Injured	44%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever An Intimate Partner Violence Victim Injured	47%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever A Stalking Victim Injured	44%
▶ Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Injury to The Victim, 2014	41%
▶ Service Provider Domestic Violence-Reported Cases Involving Injury to The Victim, 2014	26%
▶ Service Provider Domestic Violence-Reported Cases Involving Injury to Children, 2014	41%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever A Domestic Violence Victim and Medical Treatment	16.5%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever An Intimate Partner Violence Victim and Medical Treatment	17%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever A Stalking Victim and Medical Treatment	16%

▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever A Domestic Violence Victim Sexually Assaulted	45%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever An Intimate Partner Violence Victim Sexually Assaulted	44%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Ever A Stalking Victim Sexually Assaulted	48%
▶ Service Provider Domestic Violence Cases Involving Sexual Assault of The Adult Victim, 2014	9%
▶ Service Provider Domestic Violence Cases Involving Sexual Assault of Children, 2014	9%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Intimate Partner Violence Victims in 2005 Who Were Also Sexually Assaulted :13% Females, 9% Males	11.5%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Weapon Use in Domestic Violence Cases Ever	32%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Weapon Use in Intimate Partner Violence Cases Ever	33%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Weapon Use in Stalking Cases Ever	31%
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Incidents Involving A Weapon, 2014 (Of these incidents, 3% involve a gun, 6% involve a knife, and 91% involve other “personal” and “non-personal” weapons).	64%
▶ Service-Provider-Reported Domestic Violence Cases Involving A Weapon, 2014	19%
▶ Law Enforcement- Reported Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Alcohol/Drugs, 2014	33%
▶ Service Provider Domestic Violence Victims Reporting Alcohol/Drug Use, 2014	20%
▶ Service Provider Domestic Violence Victims Reporting Offender Alcohol/Drug Use, 2014	77%
▶ Service Provider Domestic Violence Offenders Reporting Their Own Alcohol/Drug Use, 2014	56%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Percent Domestic Violence Cases Ever Reported to Police	41%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Percent Intimate Partner Cases Ever Reported to Police	38.5%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Percent Stalking Cases Ever Reported to Police	48%
▶ Service Provider Domestic Violence Cases Reported to Law Enforcement, 2014	43%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Domestic Violence Cases Ever with A Suspect Arrest	17%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Intimate Partner Violence Cases Ever with A Suspect Arrest	17%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Stalking Cases Ever with A Suspect Arrest	5.5%
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest, 2014	42%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Percent Those Who Were Ever A Victim of Domestic Violence Who Filed Protection Orders	21%
Percent Those Who Were Ever A Victim of Intimate Partner Violence Who Filed Protection Orders	23%
Percent Those Who Were Ever A Victim of Stalking Who Filed Protection Orders	26%
▶ District Court New Domestic Violence Charges Filed, 2014	4,851
▶ District Court New Domestic Violence Cases Filed, 2014	2,235
▶ District Court Domestic Violence Charges Disposed, 2014	5,291
▶ District Court Domestic Violence Cases Disposed, 2014	2,432
▶ District Court Domestic Violence Charges with A Conviction, 2014	1,296 (24%)
▶ District Court Domestic Violence Cases with A Conviction , 2014	902 (37%)
▶ District Court Domestic Violence Charges Dismissed, 2014	3,283 (62%)
▶ District Court Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed, 2014	1,259 (52%)
▶ Magistrate Court New Domestic Violence Charges Filed, 2014	15,922
▶ Magistrate Court New Domestic Violence Cases Filed, 2014	12,643

▶ Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Charges Disposed, 2014	13,712
▶ Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Cases Disposed, 2014	10,765
▶ Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Charges with A Conviction, 2014	1,632 (12%)
▶ Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Cases with A Conviction, 2014	1,507 (14%)
▶ Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Charges Dismissed, 2014	10,038 (73%)
▶ Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed, 2014	8,004 (74%)
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey - Percent Convictions Among Ever Disposed Cases:	
Domestic Violence	38%
Intimate Partner Violence	39%
Stalking	51%
▶ Statewide Victimization Survey: Average Sentence Length for Convicted Offenders	
Domestic Violence	3.04 years
Intimate Partner Violence	2.70 years
Stalking	1.97 years

Domestic Violence in New Mexico 2014 Highlights

Betty Caponera, Ph.D.
August 2015

Funded by the State of New Mexico, Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention

I. INTRODUCTION

Data sources for this report include aggregate domestic violence data from statewide law enforcement and service provider agencies and individual data from district and magistrate courts provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC). All data were submitted to the New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository for the calendar years 2010-2014. Additionally, findings from the Survey of Violence Victimization (SVV) (referenced in appendix B) are included in the summary to inform the rate of unreported interpersonal violence incidence. Similarly, findings and implications from the Adult Survivor Database (referenced in appendix A) are included to inform domestic violence prevention and system response.

II. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A. Domestic And Intimate Partner Violence Prevalence

Between 2010 and 2014, an average 18,832 cases of domestic violence came to the attention of statewide law enforcement agencies. This represents an 18% reduction from that reported in the previous five-year span (2005-2009). In 2014, there were 18,057 domestic violence incidents reported to statewide law enforcement agencies, a 5% decrease from that reported in 2013.

The *Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico* (SVV) conducted in 2005 found that 1 in 4 (24%) New Mexico adults are victims of domestic violence in their lifetime. Additionally, the SVV found that approximately 1 in 5 (18%) New Mexico adults were victims of intimate partner physical violence in their lifetime: 1 in 4 women; and 1 in 10 men. (Caponera, 2006).

Nationally, the *National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey* (NISVS) found that 1 in 4 women in the U.S. has experienced severe physical violence by an intimate partner in her lifetime, and 1 in 3 experienced being pushed, slapped or shoved by an intimate partner. Similarly, the NISVS found that 1 in 7 men in the U.S. has experienced severe physical violence by an intimate partner in his lifetime, and 1 in 4 has been slapped, pushed or shoved by an intimate partner. (Black, Basile, et al, [NISVS] 2011).

In the 12 months prior to the SVV, 2.0% of adult men and 2.4% of adult women in New Mexico were victims of intimate partner physical violence. Nationally, in 2010 (12 months prior to the NISVS), 4.5% of men were victims of intimate partner physical violence, 2.0% victims of severe physical violence. Similarly, the NISVS reported that 3.6% of women were victims of intimate partner physical violence; 2.7% victims of severe physical violence.

B. Stalking Prevalence

From 2010-2014 there was an average 96 stalking cases reported by statewide law enforcement agencies each year. The fewest stalking cases were reported in 2014 (78), during which time there were 379 new stalking and aggravated stalking charges filed in statewide district and magistrate courts. Stalking continues to be grossly undocumented by law enforcement even when all other sources of data show considerable stalking prevalence nationally and in the New Mexico population.

The SVV found that 1 in 6 New Mexicans were victims of stalking in their lifetime: 1 in 4 (25%) women; and 1 in 14 (7%) men. Nationally, in 2010, the NISVS found that 1 in 6 (16%) women and 1 in 19 (5%) men has experienced stalking in their lifetime.

In the 12 months prior to the SVV, 2.0% of adult women and 0.4% of adult men were victims of stalking in New Mexico. Nationally in 2010, the NISVS found that 4% of adult women and 1.3% of adult men were victims of stalking.

C. Victim Demographics

Between 2010 and 2014, law enforcement reported an average of 19,793 victims of domestic violence each year, a slight (2%) increase over that reported for the previous five-year span. However, the 19,930 victims reported in 2014 represents a 14% increase over the number of victims identified in 2013.

From 2010-2014, an average 71% of the domestic violence victims identified by law enforcement were female; and an average 94% of the adult victims served by reporting domestic violence service providers were female.

New Mexico victims of domestic violence as reported by law enforcement each year from 2010-2014, were predominantly 19-45 years old (66%). Slightly more Hispanic survivors were represented among victims (51%) than are represented in the state population (47%). Similarly, adult victims as reported by domestic violence service providers were predominantly 22-40 years old (59%) and Hispanic (54%).

D. Suspect Demographics

Between 2010 and 2014, suspects, as reported by law enforcement, were predominantly male (74%), Hispanic (51%), and 19-45 years of age (77%). Offenders, as reported by domestic violence service providers, were predominantly male (80%), Hispanic (48%), and 22-40 years of age (66%).

The SVV found that a disproportionate number of males who were ever victims of stalking (51%), domestic violence (62%), and intimate partner violence (49%) were victimized by a male, as well. Nationally, the NISVS reported that 44.3% of males ever victims of stalking were victimized by a male.

E. Children Victim-Witnesses

From 2010-2014, law enforcement reported that children were present at the scene of an average 31% of domestic violence incidents each year. In the same time period, service providers reported that children were present at the scene of an average 37% of domestic violence incidents each year. This represents a 20% reduction in the average proportion of incidents with children present during the previous five-year span (2005-2009).

In 2014, law enforcement reported a total of 6,825 children present at the scene of domestic violence incidents, and over two-thirds (68%) of the children who witnessed these incidents were not yet adolescents (12 years and under).

Between 2010 and 2014, an average 3,530 children were served each year by statewide domestic violence service providers. This represents a 40% decrease from the average number of children served in each of the previous five years (2005-2009). An average three-quarters (79%) of children victim-witnesses served from 2010-2014 were under age 12.

In New Mexico in 2014, 41% of children victim-witnesses, as reported by domestic violence service providers, experienced physical abuse from the current offender of the adult victim, and 9% experienced sexual abuse from the current offender of the adult victim. Similarly, 26% of adult victims reported being physically injured from the domestic assault and 9% experienced forced or coerced sexual activity from the current offender. Nationally, the NISVS reported that 8.7% of women who were victims of intimate partner physical violence, were also raped by their intimate partner.

F. Offense Characteristics

1. Alcohol/Drug Use Incidence

From 2010-2014, an average one-third (35%) of domestic violence cases reported by law enforcement each year involved alcohol/drug use. In the same time period, alcohol/drugs were used by an average 25% of victims served by domestic violence service providers. From 2010-2014, over half (59%) of offenders of victims served by providers used alcohol/drugs at the time of the domestic violence incident. Nationally, nearly half the female victims of intimate violence reported that the offender was drinking or using illegal drugs at the time of the crime. (Criminal Victimization, 2011 [NCVS, 2010])

2. Weapon Incidence

Law enforcement reported an average 62% of domestic violence incidents each year from 2010-2014 involved a weapon. This represents a 17% increase from the reported average proportion of incidents involving weapon use from the previous five-year span (45%). During this time, an average 7% of domestic violence incidents involved a knife, and 3% involved a firearm.

The SVV found that 32% of domestic violence, 33% of intimate partner violence, and 31% of stalking incidents involve a weapon; and each of these crimes was significantly more likely to involve a weapon if the victim was male, than female: domestic violence (36% male, 30% female); intimate partner violence (41% male, 30% female); and stalking (39% male, 29% female). In 2010, the NCVS reported that a weapon was used in 22% of all violent victimizations, 61% of serious violent victimizations, and 20% of aggravated and simple assaults (Criminal Victimization, 2011 [NCVS, 2010]). Six percent of all assaults involved a firearm, 4% involved a knife, and 8% involved “other” weapons.

3. Injury Incidence

Between 2010 and 2014, an average 42% of law enforcement-reported domestic violence cases each year involved injury to the victim. This represents an 8% increase in the average proportion of domestic violence incidents involving victim injury over the previous five-year span. Similarly, an average 33% of adult victims served by domestic violence service providers each year between 2010 and 2014, reported being physically injured from the domestic assault. The SVV reported that a significant proportion of those who were ever victims of domestic violence (44%), intimate partner violence (47%)

and stalking (44%) were injured in their assaults. Nationally in 2010, the NCVS reported that 29% of all victims of violence suffered an injury; and that 41% of victims of serious violence suffered an injury.

4. Victim/Offender Relationship

Current or former intimate partner described the victim/offender relationship in an average 64% of law enforcement-reported cases and 83% of domestic violence service provider-reported cases each year between 2010 and 2014. In 2010, the NCVS reported that 64% of reported and unreported domestic violence victimizations involved an intimate partner (current or former spouse, boyfriend or girlfriend). (NCVS, 2010).

5. Interpersonal Violence Reported to Law Enforcement

On average, half (49%) of domestic violence victims who went for help each year between 2010 and 2014, reported their victimization incident to law enforcement. This is consistent with an average 48% who reported their victimization incident to law enforcement over the previous five-year span. Nationally, half of all violent victimizations were reported to law enforcement. (NCVS, 2010). The SVV revealed differences in the rate of reporting to law enforcement by the victims of the three types of interpersonal violence crimes: domestic violence (38%), intimate partner violence (41%), and stalking (34%).

6. Rates of Suspect Arrest

Between 2010 and 2014, an average 44% of law enforcement-reported domestic violence incidents each year resulted in a suspect arrest. The SVV found that arrest rates vary by the type of interpersonal violence crime. While 17% respectively, of domestic violence and intimate partner violence crimes resulted in a suspect arrest, only 5.5% of stalking crimes resulted in a suspect arrest. Moreover, in cases of domestic violence and intimate partner violence, more offender arrests were made when there was a female victim. With stalking crimes, the arrest rate was almost equal for crimes perpetrated against female (6%) and male victims (5%).

G. Domestic Violence and The Courts

1. Protection Orders

There was an average 4,340 protection orders issued for domestic violence each year between 2010 and 2014 by statewide district courts, which represents a 9% decrease from the average reported for the previous five-year span. The 5,889 protection orders issued for domestic violence in 2014 represents a 10% increase from that reported in 2013, and a 46% increase from its lowest number issued in 2012 (2,781).

The ASD revealed that half (49%) of domestic violence survivors obtained a protection order for the most recent domestic violence incident. Of the 628 survivors involved in a prior domestic violence incident as an adult, 20% (125) obtained an order of protection. With regard to prior domestic violence events, more females (20%) than males (12%) reported obtaining a protection order.

The SVV revealed roughly one-fifth to one-quarter of domestic violence (21%), intimate partner violence (23%), and stalking (26%) victims obtained a restraining order. However, results from the SVV showed that female domestic violence and intimate partner violence victims were 2.5 times more likely to obtain a restraining order than their male counterparts. Similarly, female stalking victims were almost two times more likely than males to obtain a restraining order. Furthermore, the SVV found that over half of

all restraining orders in interpersonal violence crimes were violated: domestic violence (53.5%); intimate partner violence (56%); and stalking (51%); and restraining orders obtained by male intimate partner violence victims had the highest rate of violation (58%).

2. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed

An average 4,456 new charges of domestic violence were filed in statewide district courts each year from 2010-2014, which represents a 43% increase over the average number of new charges filed in the previous five-year span. Complete reporting from statewide magistrate courts was unavailable before 2013, as the Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court data was unavailable before that time. The number of domestic violence charges filed in statewide magistrate courts for 2014 (15,922) represent a 6% increase from that reported in 2013 (14,967).

The SVV found that domestic violence and intimate partner violence victims were more likely to file criminal charges (1 in 7, respectively) than stalking victims (1 in 17). Domestic violence and intimate partner violence female victims were two times more likely to file charges than male victims. Conversely, female and male victims of stalking were equally likely to file criminal charges.

3. Domestic Violence Court Cases Disposed

The number of cases disposed in statewide magistrate courts in 2014 (10,765) represent a 4% increase from the number disposed in 2013 (10,321). Overall, of the 10,765 cases of domestic violence disposed in magistrate courts in 2014, 14% obtained a guilty plea/conviction, 1% obtained an acquittal, 74% were dismissed, and 11% had prosecution proceedings that resulted in “other” dispositions.

Similarly, there were 2,432 cases of domestic violence disposed in district courts in 2014. This represents an 8% increase from the number disposed in 2013 (2,254). Of the 2,432 disposed cases, 37% obtained a guilty plea/conviction, 1% obtained an acquittal, 52% were dismissed, and 10% had prosecution proceedings that resulted in “other” dispositions (conditional discharges, remands, and consent decrees).

4. Dispositions by Domestic Violence Charge

a. Magistrate Court Dispositions by Domestic Violence Charge

Among the disposed domestic violence charges in statewide magistrate courts, *Morals child abuse of a household member related to domestic violence* was the charge with the greatest proportion of dismissals (92%), followed by *stalking* (88%), *harassment* and *deprivation of property* (81%, respectively), *assault* (78%), *battery against a household member* (77%), *violation of a protective order* (76%), and *criminal damage to property* (73%).

Of the convictions in magistrate courts, *violation of a protective order* was the charge with the greatest proportion of convictions (16%), followed by *battery* and *criminal damage to property* (14%, respectively), *assault* (13%), and *harassment* (12%) .

b. District Court Dispositions by Domestic Violence Charge

Among the disposed domestic violence charges in statewide district courts, *deprivation of property* was the charge with the greatest proportion of dismissals (87%), followed by *assault* (71%), *aggravated battery* (67%), *aggravated assault* (66%), and *violation of a protective order* and *aggravated harassment*, with 65%, respectively.

Of the convictions in district courts, *assault* was the charge with the greatest proportion of convictions (71%), followed by *aggravated stalking* (43%), *stalking* (42%), *assault with intent to commit violent felony* (35%), and *false imprisonment* and *violation of a protective order* (27%, respectively).

The SVV found that stalking offenders had the fewest outcomes with charges dropped (13%) compared to offenders of domestic violence (25%) and intimate partner violence (28%). Additionally, stalking offenders had the highest rate of guilty pleas or convictions (51%) over domestic violence offenders (38%) and intimate partner violence offenders (39%). Offenders of each interpersonal violence crime involving a female victim were significantly more likely to plead guilty than offenders of a male victim. The rate of acquittals for offenders of male domestic violence and intimate partner violence victims were 4 and 5 times respectively, the rate of offender acquittals for these crimes with a female victim. Conversely, offenders of stalking with a male victim were much less likely to obtain an acquittal (<1%) than stalking offenders with a female victim (5%).

5. Sentencing In Domestic Violence Convictions

Of the 1,507 domestic violence cases that resulted in a guilty plea or conviction, 1,244 reported jail and/or probation sentencing: 9% received a jail sentence, 28% received probation with no jail, and 63% received a jail and probation sentence. *Stalking* was the charge that received the longest average jail sentence in magistrate courts (6.1 months), followed by *aggravated assault* (3.8 months), *harassment* and *violation of a protective order* (2.8 months, respectively), and *aggravated battery* (2.7 months).

Of the 902 domestic violence cases that resulted in a guilty plea or conviction, 720 reported jail and/or probation sentencing: 17% received a jail sentence, 23% received probation with no jail, and 60% received a jail and probation sentence. *Aggravated stalking* was the charge that received the longest average jail sentence (5.4 years or 64 months). *Aggravated battery* was the charge with the next longest average jail sentence (2.7 years or 32 months), followed by *false imprisonment* and *stalking* (2.2 years or 26 months, respectively), *aggravated assault* (1.6 years or 19.4 months), *assault with intent to commit violent felony* (0.4 years or 4.9 months), *violation of a protective order* (1.5 years or 18 months), and *criminal damage to property* (0.35 years or 4.2 months). All other domestic violence charges had an average jail sentence of less than one year: *battery* (10.8 months), *assault* (4.9 months), and *harassment* (4.2 months).

The SVV found that roughly two-thirds of all those sentenced for interpersonal violence crimes were sentenced to jail or prison. The average sentence length for convicted domestic violence offenders (3.04 years) was longer than that of intimate partner violence offenders (2.7 years) and stalking offenders (1.97 years). Domestic violence and intimate partner violence offenders received a longer average sentence when the victim was a female, while stalking offenders received a slightly longer average sentence when the victim was a male. Offenders sentenced for stalking a male victim actually served a longer average sentence (2.0 years) than offenders sentenced for intimate partner violence with a male victim (1.5 years).

III. IMPLICATIONS OF THE FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PREVENTION AND IMPROVED SYSTEM RESPONSE

A. Identifying Children At Risk

Service providers reported that children were present at one out of every 3.1 domestic violence incidents in 2014, and 68% of them were under the age of twelve. From 2010-2014, service providers reported that children were present at an average 37% of domestic violence cases. While this represents a 20% decrease in the average proportion of domestic violence cases with children present than was reported in the previous five-year span (2005-2009), too many children witness and/or experience violence, the consequences of which, can be devastating. The Adult Survivor Data (ASD) findings presented in Appendix A, revealed that children who witness abuse are four times more likely to experience child abuse, than children who do not witness abuse. It further found that most (62%) of abused children experienced multiple types of abuse, most typically at the hands of a family member (84%); and those abused as children have poorer health outcomes. Survivors abused as children compared to those not abused were six times more likely to be abused as an adult, four times more likely respectively, to be told they have a mental illness and attempt suicide, three times more likely respectively, to think about suicide and be told they have a substance abuse problem. The children served by statewide service providers in 2014 (2,780) represent 46% of the number present at the scene of domestic violence incidents as reported by law enforcement (6,044). These numbers represent only children in domestic violence cases that are reported. With so much at stake, it is imperative that greater effort be made (protocols for coordinated community response and systems in place) to better identify children that witness child abuse and ensure participation in appropriate counseling services for assessment and treatment.

B. Poverty and Violence

Most of the battered women who go to a domestic violence service provider for shelter and/or other services are poor. Since there is no way to capture the number of survivors with financial means who access private services and/or who travel out of state for services, it is not possible to determine the true proportion of survivors among all battered women who are poor. However, the ASD found that most unmarried survivors with children and those without children who went for domestic violence services in New Mexico meet federal poverty level requirements for 150% and 133% of income, as well as the more restrictive federal poverty income level.

Almost two-thirds (60%, 656) of survivors reported that they left a violent relationship at some time. Of these, one-third (32%, 212) reported that they returned. Reasons for returning to their abuser in the order of most mentions include, returned: *to try to work it out, for the children, and because I was scared*. A central core of the consideration for returning “for the children” is finances. Among the descriptions for scared is “no support/lack of resources”. Indeed, the ASD revealed that survivors who left a violent relationship and did not return had a median annual income \$2,080 greater (\$12,000) than those who left and returned (\$9,920). It further found that only 42% of the survivors who are eligible for/receive Medicaid/TANF assistance, live in their own apartment or home. Most live in shelter (23%), with a friend (29%), transitional housing (1%), or on the street (3%).

Of survivors who were involved in a prior domestic violence experience, 43% reported that they live with an offender with whom they had a prior domestic violence incident. When examined by income, survivors who live with an offender with whom they have had a prior domestic violence experience had a median annual income of \$2,400 less (\$9,600) than survivors that do not live with an offender with whom they have had a prior domestic violence experience (\$12,000).

All of this points to the reality of the role that poverty plays in an individual's vulnerability to living in violence. Greater emphasis must be pointed toward providing basic housing, food, clothing, transportation, and access to employment and health care, (including recovery services) for victims and their families to allow them to leave and stay away from a violent environment.

C. Mental Illness and Health and Safety Risk

Survivors with a parent with mental illness were twelve times more likely than other survivors to be told they have mental illness. Survivors with mental illness were five times more likely than survivors without to be told they have a substance abuse problem. They were two times more likely respectively, to have used alcohol/drugs during a domestic violence incident and to be injured during a violent incident. These data have implications for investigating the plausibility of developing a system for at-scene referral to mental health agencies to evaluate survivors for mental illness, both for their own sake, and the sake of their children's future health and safety.

D. Injury Risk Factors

Law enforcement agencies reported that an average 42% of the domestic violence incidents from 2010-2014 involved injury to the victim. This represents an 8% increase in the proportion of domestic violence incidents involving victim injury from 2005-2009. Law enforcement do not document or report injury to children. Service providers however, reported that an average 33% respectively, of survivors and children from 2010-2014 were injured in domestic violence cases that came to their attention.

From the ASD, among the types of abuse reported by the 89% of survivors who reported abuse by an intimate partner, are *physical attack* (60%), *physical restraint* (29%), *threatened to be harmed or killed* (34%), *strangulation* (12%), *sexual assault* (11%) and *involvement of a lethal weapon* (12%). Twenty percent of children present during these abusive incidents suffered the same types of abuse.

The ASD revealed that survivor risk of injury increased among survivors: a) with a substance abuse problem; b) with a mental illness; c) involved in a prior domestic violence incident; d) ever abused while pregnant; e) who are female; or f) who are Native American. This information has implications for law enforcement for assessing risk of harm to the survivor and children at the scene, and for service providers when developing safety plans with survivors.

E. Substance Abuse and Risk

As with mental illness, the ASD revealed that survivors who were told they have a substance abuse problem compared to those without, were two times more likely respectively, to have used alcohol/drugs during a domestic violence incident, to be involved in an incident where the abuser used alcohol/drugs, and to be injured during a domestic violence incident. Additionally, survivors with a substance abuse problem were two times more likely than those without a substance abuse problem to think about suicide, and four times more likely to attempt suicide. This information has implications for identifying domestic violence survivors with chemical dependency problems and providing access to substance abuse treatment.

F. Evidence Supporting the Focus on Early Intervention to Prevent Domestic Violence

From 2010-2014, an average two-thirds (66%) of the law enforcement incidents documenting the victim/offender relationship, were perpetrated by a current or former intimate partner, an average 49% of these by current or former boyfriends/girlfriends who are or were dating or living together. Similarly, an average 83% of adult victims who sought services from a domestic violence service provider were

assaulted by a current or former intimate partner, 28% of these were dating or living together. The SSV found that two-thirds (66.5%) of domestic violence incidents were perpetrated by current or former intimate partners, and one-third of these were dating or living together. Further, stalking behaviors begin in adolescence and the reported incidence of adolescent stalking is almost twice that of adolescent intimate partner violence. The high proportion of interpersonal violence cases perpetrated by adolescent offenders, demonstrates that true prevention requires early education initiatives on building healthy relationships during adolescence.

G. Sexual Assault Prevention and Treatment for Domestic Violence Child and Adult Victims

In 2012, the ASD found that 8% of children experienced sexual abuse from the adult-victim's offender. Similarly, service-provider data from 2010-2014, found that an average 9% of children and 12% of adult domestic violence victims experienced sexual abuse each year at the hands of the adult victim's offender.

The rates of sexual abuse of adults and children are grossly underreported. Findings from the SVV reveal that almost half of the adults in New Mexico who were ever a victim of domestic violence, intimate partner violence or stalking were also sexually assaulted. Of those that were sexually assaulted, 45% were victimized by the age of 12. Further, the NISVS reported that 8.7% of women that were ever victims of intimate partner physical violence, were also raped by their intimate partner. This suggests that effective prevention and treatment programs for domestic violence victims must include components of sexual assault prevention and treatment or must provide referrals to appropriate sexual assault services.

H. Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Advocacy for Males

An average 29% of domestic violence victims identified by law enforcement each year from 2010-2014, were males. Findings from the SVV demonstrated that 1 in 7 males in New Mexico has been the victim of domestic violence in his lifetime, 1 in 10 a victim of intimate partner violence, and 1 in 14 a victim of stalking. More outreach must be done to identify male victims of interpersonal violence to offer prevention and treatment programs specific to males.

I. Providing Offender Treatment Programs

In New Mexico, an average 74% of suspects identified by law enforcement and 80% of offenders identified by domestic violence service providers from 2010-2014, were male. Findings from the SVV revealed that 83% of stalking offenders and 80% of domestic violence and intimate partner violence offenders respectively, are male. Even when males are the victims in interpersonal violence crimes, half to two-thirds (depending on the crime) are being victimized by a male. This suggests that greater outcomes in domestic violence prevention may be realized through greater availability of offender prevention and therapeutic programs that include strategies for addressing aggression in male socialization.

J. Evidence Supporting The Need to Identify Domestic Violence Victims in The Healthcare Setting

Law enforcement reported that an average 42% of adult victims each year from 2010-2014, were physically injured during a domestic violence incident. Similarly, statewide service providers reported that 33% respectively, of adults and children were physically injured by the adult victim's offender during a domestic violence incident. The SVV found that 44% of domestic violence victims were injured and over one-third of them sought medical treatment. This suggests that New Mexico healthcare facilities may

play an important role in both, the identification of domestic violence victims and their referral to appropriate services.

Patients that are seen in the healthcare/emergency room setting with a domestic violence-related injury are typically not reported to law enforcement and represent a substantial gap in reporting. While many healthcare facilities use screening tools to identify patients who are victims of domestic violence, no standardized monitoring system to reliably document the number of these individuals currently exists. Methods to determine healthcare utilization by victims of violence through e-codes or billing databases have been unsuccessful and are unreliable at best, due to definitional problems of the codes, practitioner discretion and inconsistencies in naming injuries, and the insurance-related intentions of billing databases. The need to rectify these problems is underscored by findings from the SVV which revealed substantial co-morbidity with domestic violence victims with regard to serious disabling injury and chronic mental health problems.

The process for collecting standardized domestic violence data from statewide medical facilities is not yet established. Since many times the first, and perhaps only contact a victim may have with the "helping system" is through a hospital emergency department or physicians' office, this creates a significant void in the Central Repository data and represents a major obstacle in accurately defining the scope and nature of domestic violence in our state. Moreover, until better protocols are established for identifying patient visits associated with interpersonal violence, a significant portion of the total cost of interpersonal violence to individuals, their communities, and the state cannot be estimated.

K. Evidence Supporting the Need for Culturally Competent Services for Native Americans

The ASD found that while more Native American survivors completed college (50%) than survivors of other races, it is also true that more Native American survivors were from low income households - eligible to receive Medicaid (48%) and TANF (20%) assistance or both (16%); more lived in shelter before as an adult (22%); more incurred injury (56%) than other races in domestic violence incidents; and, had a mean number of children (2.9) higher than all other races (2.7). All of this points to the need for specifically targeted interventions for efficacious advocacy for Native American survivors and their children.

L. Evidence Supporting the Need for Better Court Data on Domestic Violence

The Central Repository continues to work with the AOC directly to obtain better quality data on interpersonal violence crimes. This effort has led to an expansion of the domestic violence crimes captured, which for the last two years has included false imprisonment, criminal damage to property, deprivation of property, harassment, and violation of a restrictive order, in addition to the more typical battery/aggravated battery, assault/aggravated assault and stalking/aggravated stalking charges.

Still, quality protection order information is needed to determine the efficacy of protection orders, emergency protection orders, their rate of enforcement, and the consequences for violating protection orders for offenders and victims.

It is important to obtain better court data because evidence of currently available data demonstrates that there has been a steady decrease in the rate of domestic violence convictions in statewide district and magistrate courts. From 2010-2014, magistrate courts in New Mexico had an average 17.5% conviction rate each year. In 2014, the conviction rate equaled the low of 14% reported in 2013, but was a 7% decrease since 2012. There was an average conviction rate of 38% of domestic violence cases in New Mexico districts courts, which represents a 2% decrease from the average rate reported from 2005-2009.

Without better data from the courts, vital information such as why the dismissal rate in domestic violence cases has increased and why the rate of conviction for domestic violence cases has decreased, remains unknown. Answers to these questions are requisite to improving the efficacy of legal advocacy for domestic violence victims.

M. Stalking Underreporting, Training, and Victim Referral

New Mexico first enacted its stalking statute in 1997. In 2009, the legislature amended the definition of “pattern of conduct” in the statute to reflect the variety of behaviors stalkers were employing in cases across the state, including the use of technology. *N.M. Stat. Ann. § 30-3A-3(2010): (2) "pattern of conduct " means two or more acts, on more than one occasion, in which the alleged stalker by any action, method, device or means, directly, indirectly or through third parties, follows, monitors, surveils, threatens or communicates to or about a person.* The new statute also included a court ordered program intervention as part of the punishment for a convicted stalker, “*D. In addition to any punishment provided pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court shall order a person convicted of stalking to participate in and complete a program of professional counseling at the person's own expense or a domestic violence offender treatment or intervention program.*” The statute change in aggravated stalking was believed to be the most promising in law enforcement’s efforts to establish a stalking charge as it allowed a charge of aggravated stalking if a perpetrator merely violated an existing order of protection or conditions of release: *N.M. Stat. Ann. § 30-3A-3.1 2010): Aggravated stalking. A. Aggravated stalking consists of stalking perpetrated by a person: (1) who knowingly violates a permanent or temporary order of protection issued by a court, except that mutual violations of such orders may constitute a defense to aggravated stalking; (2) in violation of a court order setting conditions of release and bond.*

Even with new stalking policies, there are still too few cases of stalking recognized and charged as such by law enforcement agencies throughout the state. Findings from the Survey of Violence Victimization (SVV), presented in Appendix B , found that in the 12 months prior to the survey, 2.0% of adult women and 0.4% of adult men were victims of stalking in New Mexico. In 2012, the ASD found that 26% of survivors reported that they were stalked by their abuser. Nationally in 2010, the NISVS found that 4% of adult women and 1.3% of adult men were victims of stalking. In 2014, 379 new stalking and aggravated stalking charges were filed in district and magistrate courts. Yet in 2014, statewide law enforcement agencies identified 78 stalking victims and 1,490 victims of the lesser offense of harassment.

There are numerous administrative and procedural issues that affect accurate reporting of domestic violence and stalking incidents ranging from whether and how police offense incident reports are written to how these reports are entered into law enforcement databases or otherwise counted.

The issues surrounding identification of stalking incidents and victims present obstacles for victims to obtain access to the necessary safety and advocacy services for themselves and their children. This is explained in part by the fact that most stalking cases are labeled other crimes (harassment, vandalism, destruction of property, arson, trespassing, car theft, etc.) and are therefore not captured. The failure to differentiate between stalking victims and victims of isolated crimes means that many stalking victims are not getting referred for appropriate services. This is a significant problem as the SVV found that 87% of stalking victims also reported being a victim of domestic violence, other physical attack, and/or sexual assault. These victims and their children are at greater health and safety risk and need to be referred for appropriate services; and these types of referrals are not likely to happen as a result of a trespass, vandalism, or other similarly labeled isolated crime incident.

It is imperative to provide necessary training to all law enforcement officers, administrative personnel, and executive personnel whose policies guide law enforcement procedure regarding the description, documentation, and data entry of stalking crimes, and referrals of stalking victims to appropriate services.

N. Interpersonal Violence and Needed Changes in Law Enforcement, Prosecution and The Courts to Reduce The Risk of Harm for Male and Female Victims

Findings from the SVV demonstrate that female victims are more likely than male victims to report their offense, two times more likely to file criminal charges against their offenders and more likely to get a restraining order against their offenders, even though interpersonal crimes with male victims involve more alcohol/drugs, weapon use, and more serious disabling injury. Additionally, while half of all restraining orders are violated, male victims of intimate partner violence crimes are more likely to have a restraining order violated, less likely to have their offenders arrested, and significantly more likely that the charges against their offenders will be dropped or the offenders will obtain an acquittal. Further, if their offenders are convicted, offenders of male victims are more likely to serve less time in jail or prison than offenders of female victims.

While all of the system failures that contribute to the high risk of harm for female victims of interpersonal violence are widely known, it is clear from these findings that interpersonal violence is dangerous for males, as well. While both genders do not utilize system protections as they should, male victims are even less likely than female victims to do so; and even when system protections are sought for intimate partner violence, violations of restraining orders are more frequent, and convictions of their offenders less frequent, for male victims. All of this speaks to: 1) the need for early education to correct misconceptions in gender socialization; 2) greater community education to increase awareness of the incidence and risk of interpersonal violence among males; and 3) comprehensive training of law enforcement, prosecutors, and judges regarding the high risk of harm for men and women victims of interpersonal violence, and the development of protocols in their respective disciplines aimed at reducing the likelihood of harm, disability, and death of all interpersonal violence victims.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO, 2010-2014
An Analysis of Data from
The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

Developed by Betty Caponera, Ph.D.

Funded by:

Office of Injury Prevention,
Epidemiology and Response Division,
New Mexico Department of Health
Through the
New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs

August 2015

I. INTRODUCTION

The Central Repository is supported by the State of New Mexico Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention, the Human Services Department, Behavioral Health Services Division, and the New Mexico Crime Victims Reparation Commission Violence Against Women STOP Grant Program (VAWA). It was established in 1998 to house data submitted from a variety of agencies statewide (law enforcement, district and magistrate courts, and domestic violence service providers) that deal with the issue of domestic violence. In 2001, the Central Repository began capturing statewide sexual assault data, as well. To this end, data from rape crisis centers, statewide mental health centers, and sexual assault nurse examiner units (SANEs) that provide services for sexual assault victims are also submitted to the Central Repository.

This report has four sections. *Section One* presents a five-year trends analysis of selected domestic violence data from the New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, 2010-2014. *Section Two* presents an analysis of 2014 domestic violence data from the Central Repository. *Section Three* presents a discussion of the implications of the findings and recommendations for prevention and improved system response to domestic violence. *Section Four* presents an analysis of 16 important domestic violence variables for each individual county, so that the reader can access important domestic violence trends in his/her county at a glance.

The lifetime prevalence of domestic violence, its nature, and impact on victims and their families is provided in supplemental domestic violence information previously analyzed and reported in selected former *Incidence and Nature of Domestic Violence* reports. From 2010 to 2012, the Adult Survivor Database (ASD) was developed in collaboration with the New Mexico Coalition Against Domestic Violence to capture research information on individual domestic violence survivors who seek assistance from statewide domestic violence service providers. The individual data make possible the study of existing relationships between factors that influence risk and outcomes of domestic violence victimization. Findings from the ASD were first published in the 2013 *Incidence and Nature of Domestic Violence XII*, report. To review these findings see Appendix A: *Life Experiences of Adult Survivors of Domestic Violence*.

The Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention obtained funds to conduct a statewide violence victimization survey in 2005. The survey was conducted by Schulman, Ronca and Bucuvalas, Inc. (SRBI) a national research organization. The purpose of the survey was to obtain state estimates of the prevalence and nature of victimization among adults in New Mexico. The Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico (SVV) included a statewide random sample of 4,000 adults aged 18 and older (2000 males and 2000 females). Interviewing for the survey was conducted between December 6, 2005 and January, 22 2006.

Preliminary findings from the SVV were published in *Incidence and Nature of Domestic Violence In New Mexico VI*, July 2006. A summary of the findings from the SVV is found in Appendix B. It offers baseline statewide rates of the incidence and prevalence of domestic violence, intimate partner violence, and stalking, together with a discussion of the findings on selected characteristics of these interpersonal violence crimes. Selected findings from the survey can be found in the *Fact Sheet* of this report, as well.

II. DEFINITIONS

Domestic violence incidence as determined by law enforcement include all incidents of assault, aggravated assault, battery, and aggravated battery as outlined in the “Crimes Against Household Members Act” in statutes 30-3-10 through 3-3-18. Full definitions are found in Appendix C.

Data submitted from law enforcement agencies are used to determine statewide domestic violence reported incidence and the county rates of reported domestic violence.

Domestic violence cases as determined by domestic violence service providers include all adult victims who are accepted as clients by the providers for delivery of services. Data on children victim-witnesses and offenders served by domestic violence service providers are also analyzed and presented herein. None of the cases served by the domestic violence service providers are considered in the county reported incidence rates to avoid possible duplication of reporting.

Domestic violence data from all magistrate and district courts include codes that capture aggravated assault, aggravated battery, aggravated stalking, assault, battery, stalking, assault with intent to commit a violent felony, criminal damage to property, deprivation of property, false imprisonment, violation of a protective order, and harassment - all against a household member. These codes are extracted from the Administrative Office of The Courts Judicial Information System.

Currently, standardized data from each aforementioned discipline are submitted to the Central Repository on a quarterly basis. The data from the Central Repository analyzed for this report covers domestic violence data for the period 1/1/10 – 12/31/14.

SECTION ONE: DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO 2010-2014

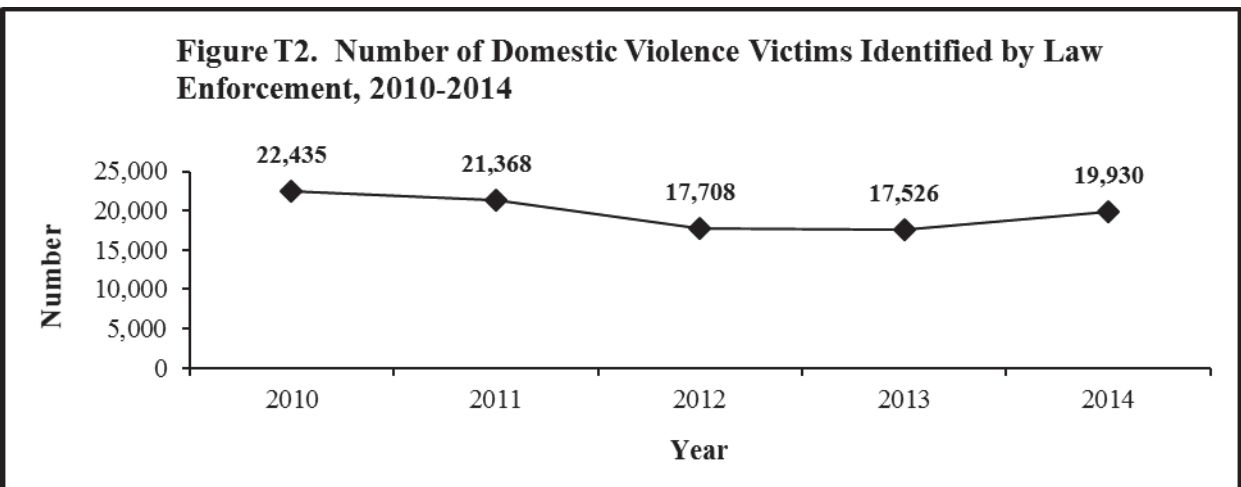
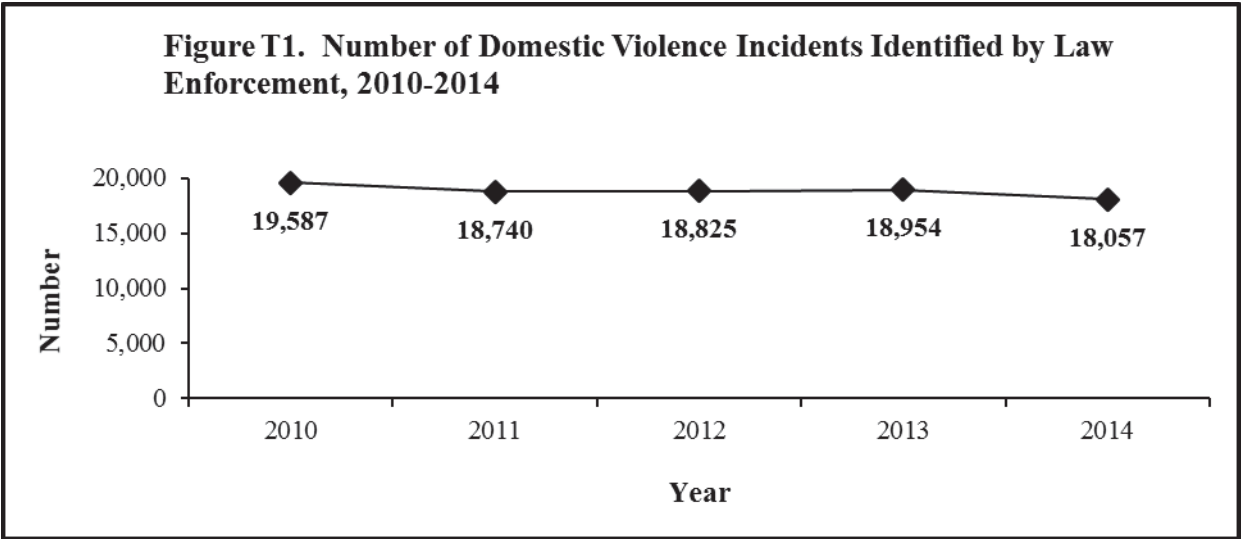
I. FINDINGS

A. Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Incidents

Between 2010 and 2014, an average 101 law enforcement agencies submitted domestic violence data to the Central Repository. In this time period, an average 18,832 cases of domestic violence came to the attention of statewide law enforcement agencies each year. This represents an 18% reduction from the previous five-year average (2005-2009). This 18% decrease is underestimated as data from the Albuquerque Police Department (APD) and the Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office (BCSO) in 2008 were incomplete due to their transition to a new operating system. The greatest number of domestic violence cases was reported to law enforcement in 2010 (19,587). This represents a 31% reduction of the previous five-year high in 2005 (28,256). The 18,057 domestic violence incidents reported to law enforcement in 2014, represents a 5% decrease from that reported in 2013. See **Figure T1**.

B. Number and Gender of Victims

Between 2010 and 2014, law enforcement reported an average of 19,793 victims of domestic violence each year, with the greatest number of victims identified in 2010 (22,435). This five-year average represents a 2% decrease from the previous five-year average number of victims (20,238). However, as with reported incidents discussed earlier, data from APD and BCSO in 2008 were incomplete due to the transition to a new records system. So, the 2% proportion of decrease is an underestimation. The 19,930 victims reported in 2014 represent a 14% increase over the number of domestic violence victims that came to the attention of law enforcement in 2013. See **Figure T2**.

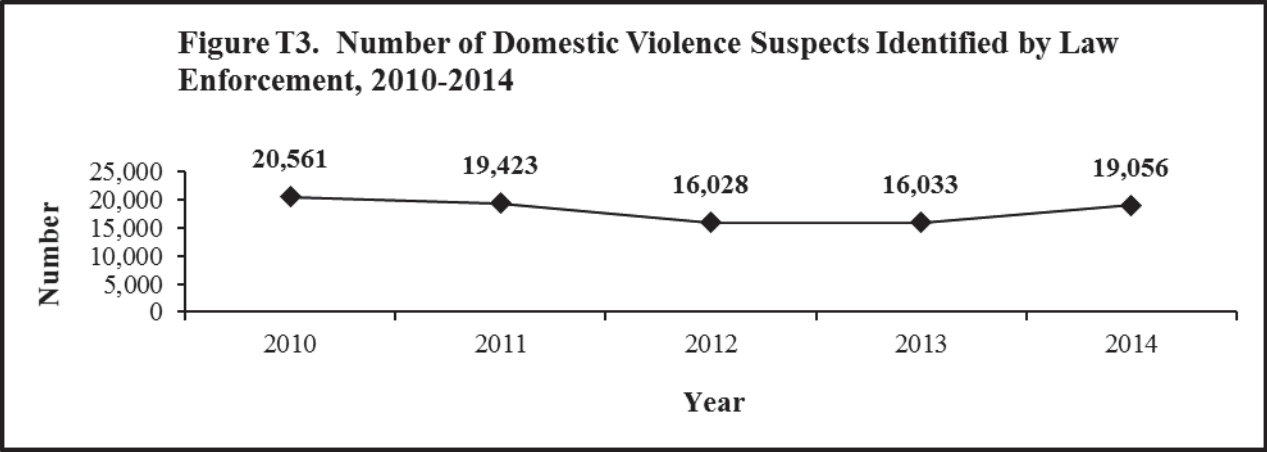


An average 71% of victims each year during this period were female, down 1% from the 72% reported in the previous five-year average.

C. Number and Gender of Suspects

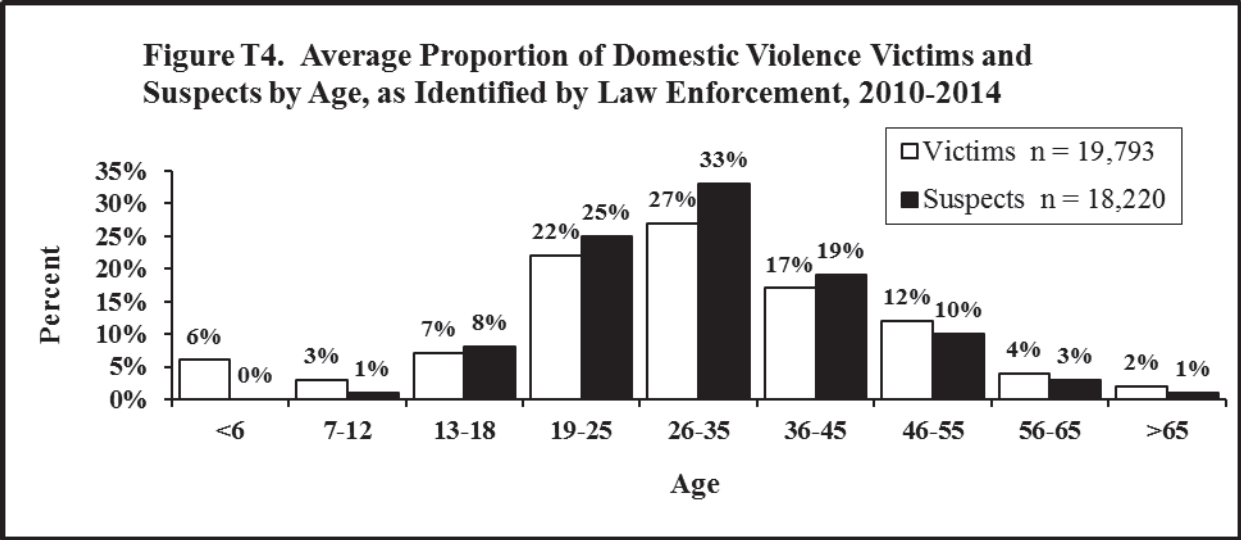
From 2010 to 2014, law enforcement reported an average of 18,220 suspects of domestic violence each year, with the greatest number of suspects identified in 2010 (20,561). This represents an increase of 19% over that reported in 2013, but no difference from the previous five-year average (2005-2009). See **Figure T3**.

An average 74% of suspects each year during this period were male, down 2% from the reported previous five-year average.



D. Victim Ages

The average age of most domestic violence victims identified by law enforcement from 2010-2014 was 26-35 (27%), followed by victims 19-25 (22%) and victims 36-45 (17%). See **Figure T4**. These victim age-group averages represent negligible differences from their respective previous five-year averages.

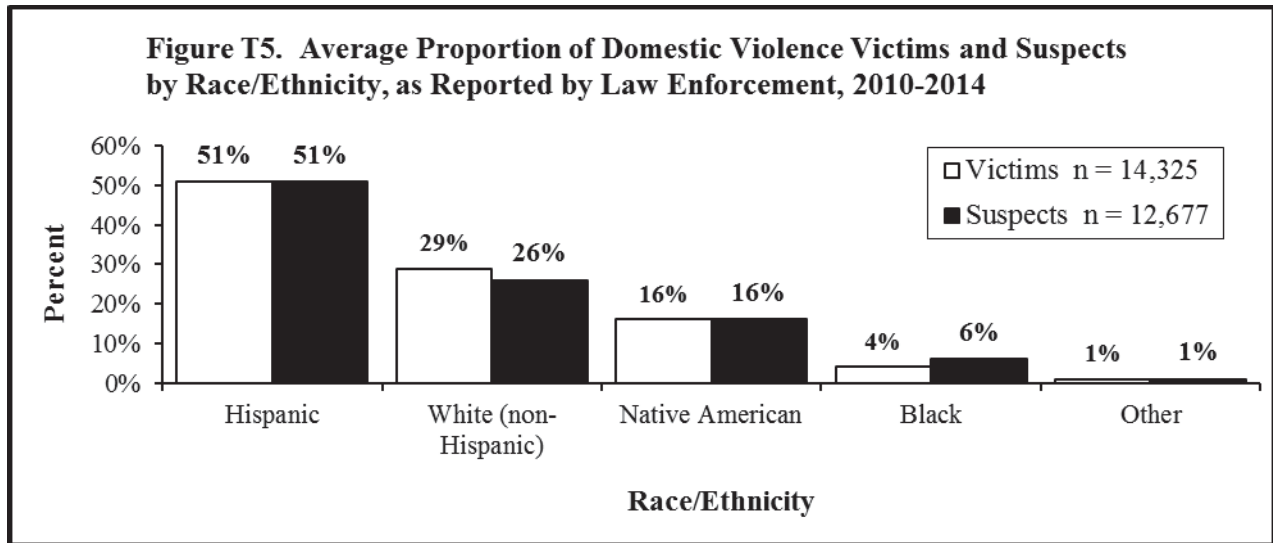


E. Suspect Ages

Similarly, the average age of most domestic violence suspects identified by law enforcement from 2010-2014 was 26-35 (33%), followed by suspects 19-25 (25%) and suspects 36-45 (19%). Refer to **Figure T4**. These suspect age-group averages represent negligible differences from their respective previous five-year averages.

F. Victim Race/Ethnicity

Most domestic violence victims identified by law enforcement are Hispanic, an average 51% each year from 2010-2014, followed by Whites (non-Hispanics) (29%), Native Americans (16%), Blacks (4%) and victims of other races (1%). The average proportion of Hispanic and Black victims represents a 7% and 3% increase, respectively, from their previous five-year averages (44% and 13%, respectively); while the average proportion of White (non-Hispanic) victims represents an 8% decrease from the previous five-year average (37%). See **Figure T5**.



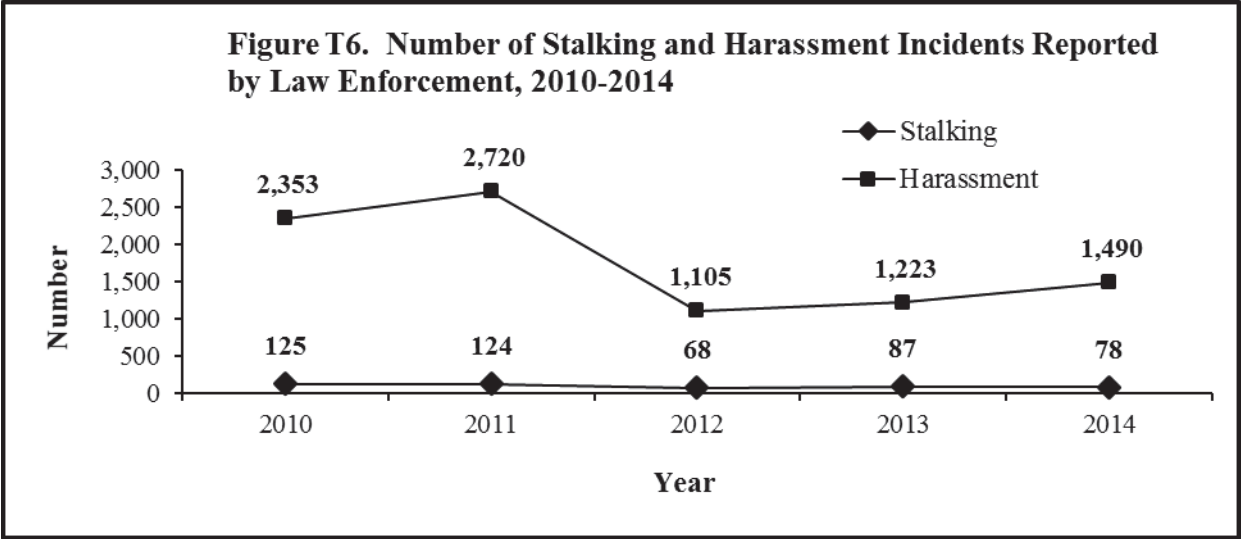
G. Suspect Race/Ethnicity

Similarly, most domestic violence suspects identified by law enforcement are Hispanic, an average 51% each year from 2010-2014, followed by Whites (non-Hispanics) (26%), Native Americans (16%), Blacks (6%) and victims of other races (1%). Refer to Figure T5. The average proportion of Hispanic and Black suspects represents a 8% and 3% increase, respectively, from their previous five-year averages (43% and 13%, respectively); while the average proportion of White (non-Hispanic) suspects represents an 9% decrease from the previous five-year average (35%). Refer to Figure T5.

H. Stalking Incidents

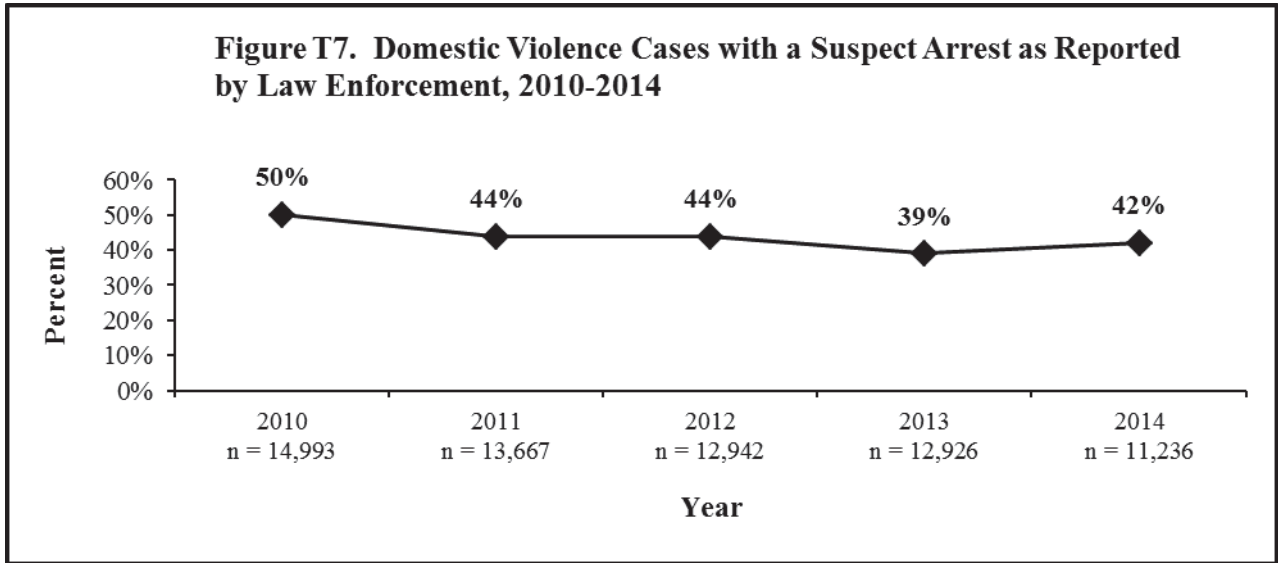
From 2010-2014, there was an average 96 stalking cases reported to law enforcement each year. The most stalking cases were reported in 2010 (125) and the fewest stalking cases reported in 2012 (68). See **Figure T6**. It is worth noting that there is significant and inexplicable disparity between the number of stalking incidents reported to law enforcement and the number that actually occur in New Mexico. While law enforcement reported 78 stalking cases in 2014, 379 new stalking and aggravated stalking cases were filed in district and magistrate courts.

From 2010-2014, there was an average of 1,778 incidents of harassment reported to law enforcement. Most (2,720) harassment incidents were reported in 2011. The 1,490 reported in 2014 represents a 45% reduction from that reported in 2011, but is significantly more than the number of harassment incidents reported for the previous two years. Refer to Figure T6.



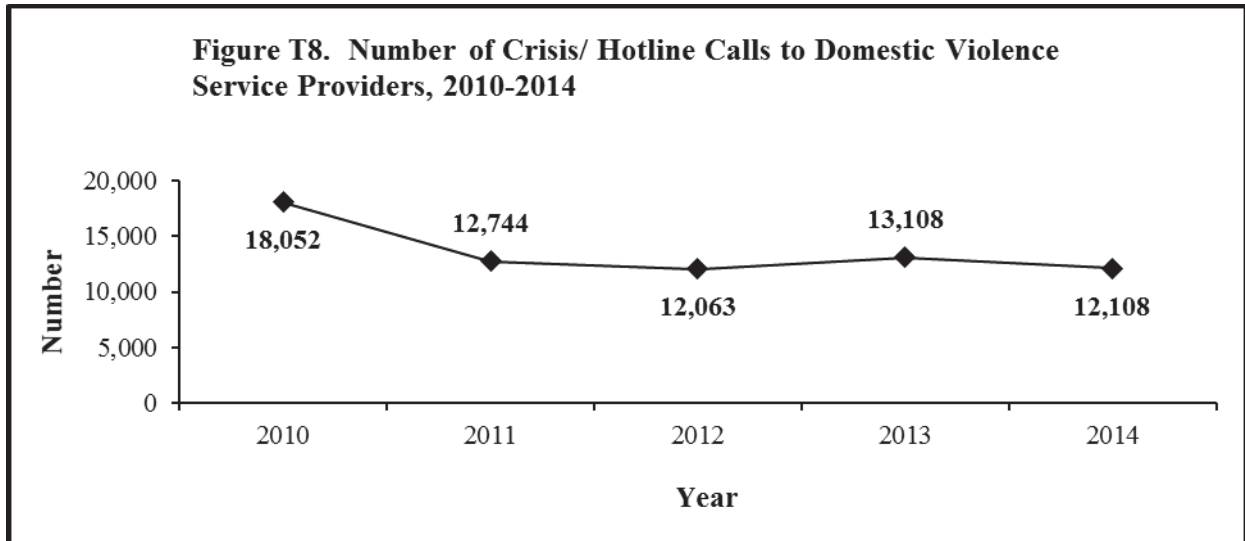
I. Suspect Arrests

Between 2010 and 2014 there was an average 44% of law enforcement-reported domestic violence incidents that resulted in a suspect arrest. This represents a 5% increase from the previous five-year average proportion of incidents with a suspect arrest. However, it is worth noting that the 42% of domestic violence incidents with a suspect arrest in 2014 is an 8% decrease from that reported in 2010. See **Figure T7**.



J. Crisis/Hotline Calls to Domestic Violence Service Providers

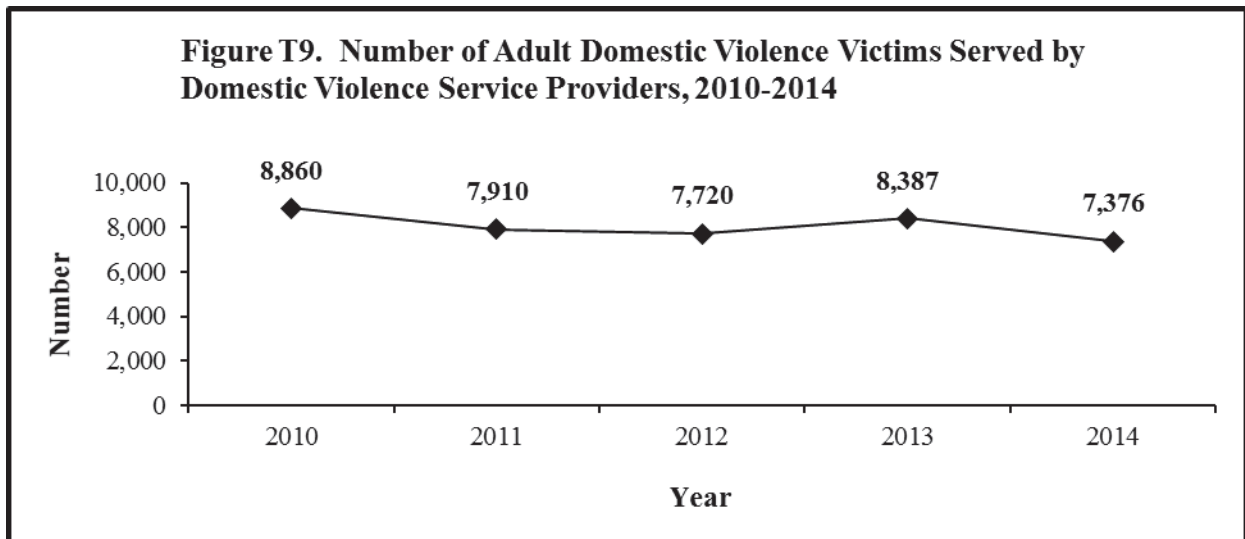
An average 13,615 crisis calls were handled by domestic violence service providers each year from 2010-2014. This represents a 33% reduction in the average number of crisis calls reported from the previous five-years (20,192). The 12,108 crisis calls handled by domestic violence service providers in 2014, is an 8% decrease from the number reported in 2013, and a 33% decrease from that reported in 2010. See **Figure T8**.



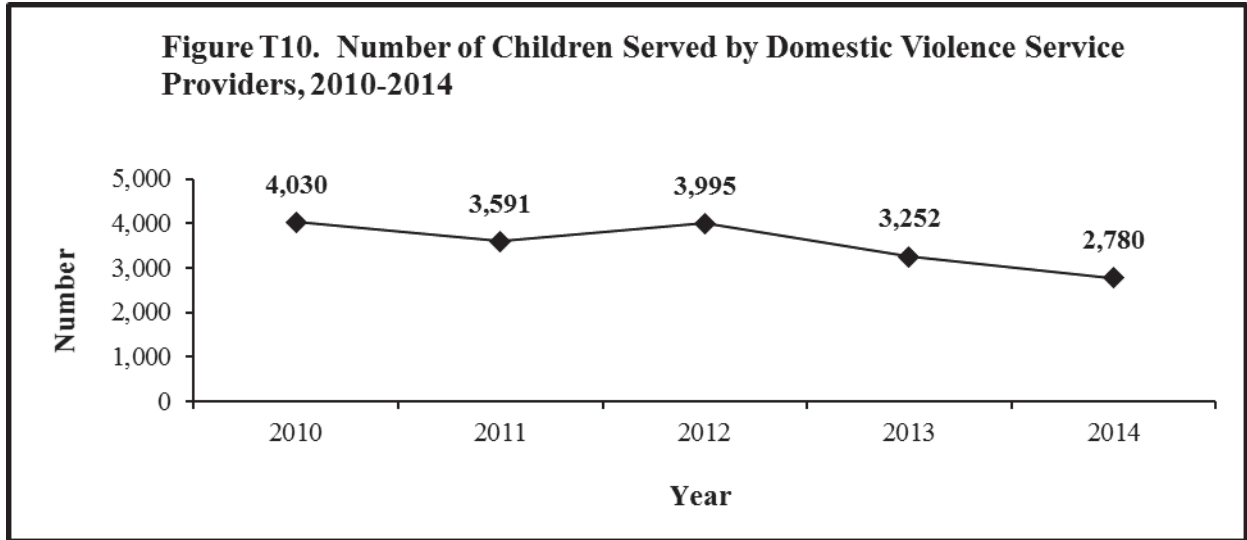
K. Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers

There was an average of 8,051 domestic violence adult victims served each year from 2010-2014 by statewide domestic violence service providers. This represents an 8% reduction in the average number of domestic violence adult victims served in the previous five-years (8,729). The number of victims served in 2014 (7,376) represents a 12% decrease from 2013 (8,387). See **Figure T9**.

An average 94% of adult victims served each year from 2010-2014 were female. This is a 1% increase in the average number of adult victims served in the previous five-year period.



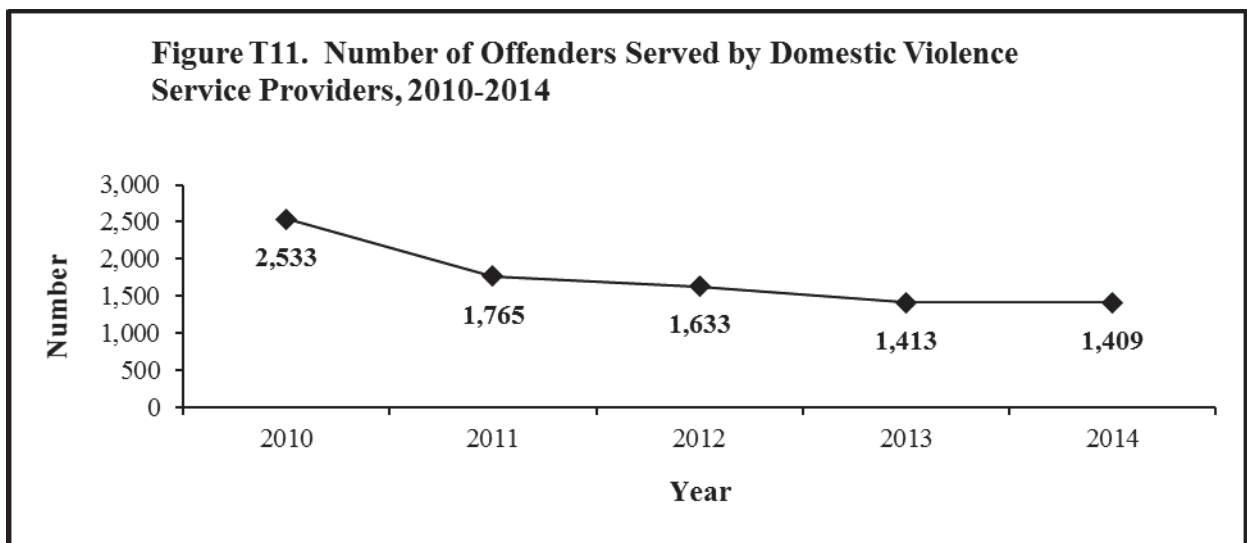
Between 2010 and 2014, an average 3,530 children were served each year by statewide domestic violence service providers. This represents a 40% decrease from the average number of children served in each of the previous five-years (2005-2009). The 2,780 children served in 2014, represents a 14.5% decrease from the number of children served in 2013, and a 31% decrease from the highest number served in 2010 (4,030). See **Figure T10**.



An average 51% of children served each year were female, and 49% male.

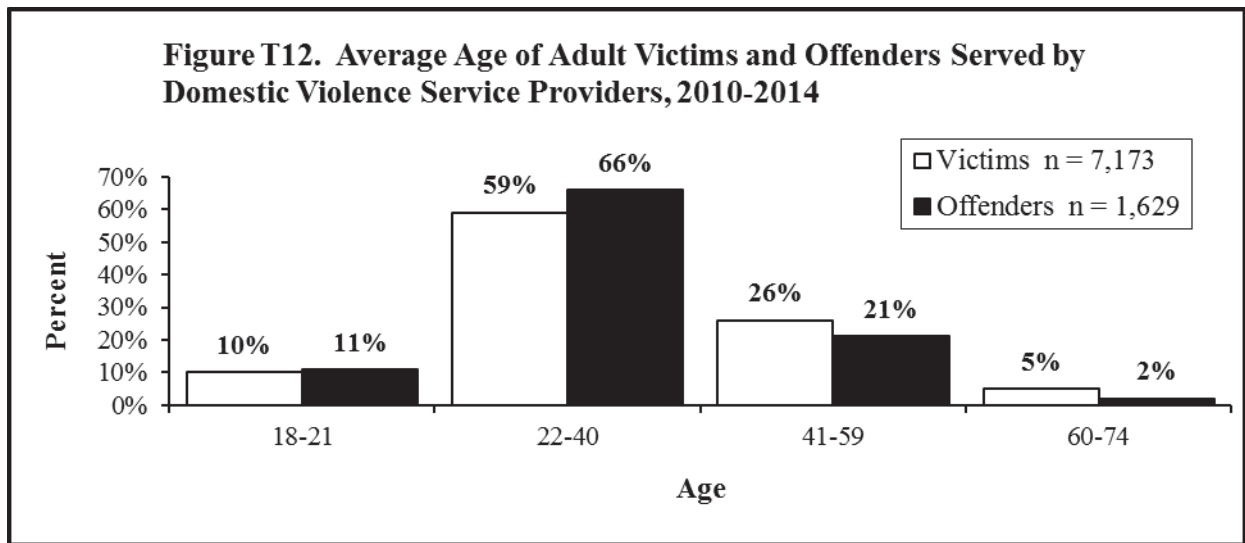
From 2010-2014 there was an average 1,750 offenders served by statewide domestic violence service providers. This represents a 28% decrease from the average number served in the previous five-year period. The 1,409 offenders served in 2014 is the fewest number served over the last five years, and is a 44% decrease from the most served in 2010 (2,533). See **Figure T11**.

An average 80% of offenders served each year from 2010-2014 were male. This is a 5% decrease from the previous five-year average.

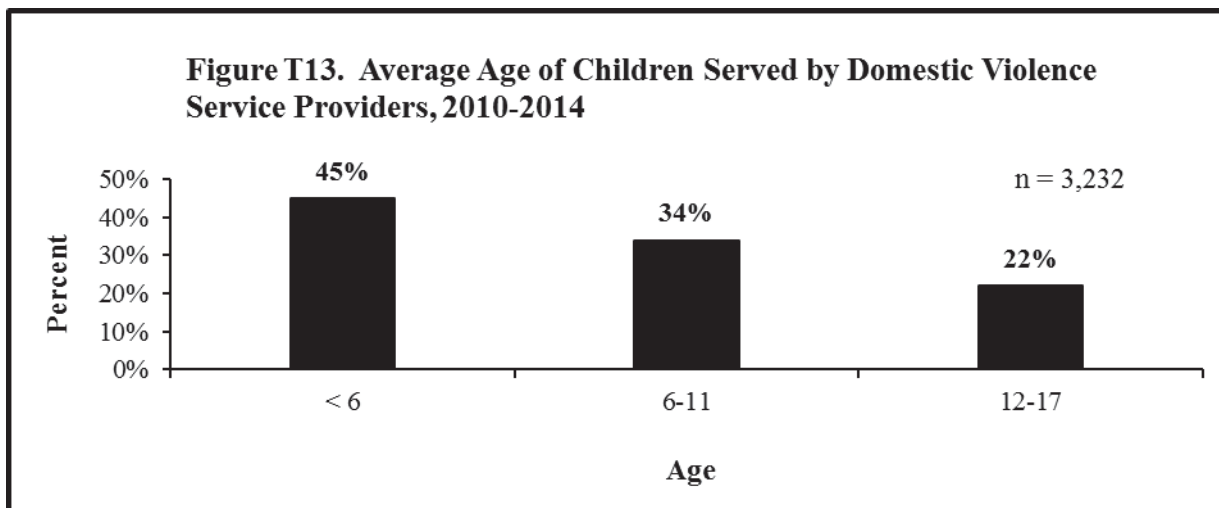


L. Ages of Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers

The average age of most adult victims served by domestic violence service providers from 2010-2014 was 22-40 (59%), followed by victims 41-59 (26%), victims 18-21 (10%), and victims 60 and older (5%). See **Figure T12**. Similarly, the average age of most offenders served by domestic violence service providers from 2010-2014 was 22-40 (66%), followed by offenders 41-59 (21%) and offenders 18-21 (11%). Offenders 60 and older comprised 2% of all offenders served. Refer to Figure T12.

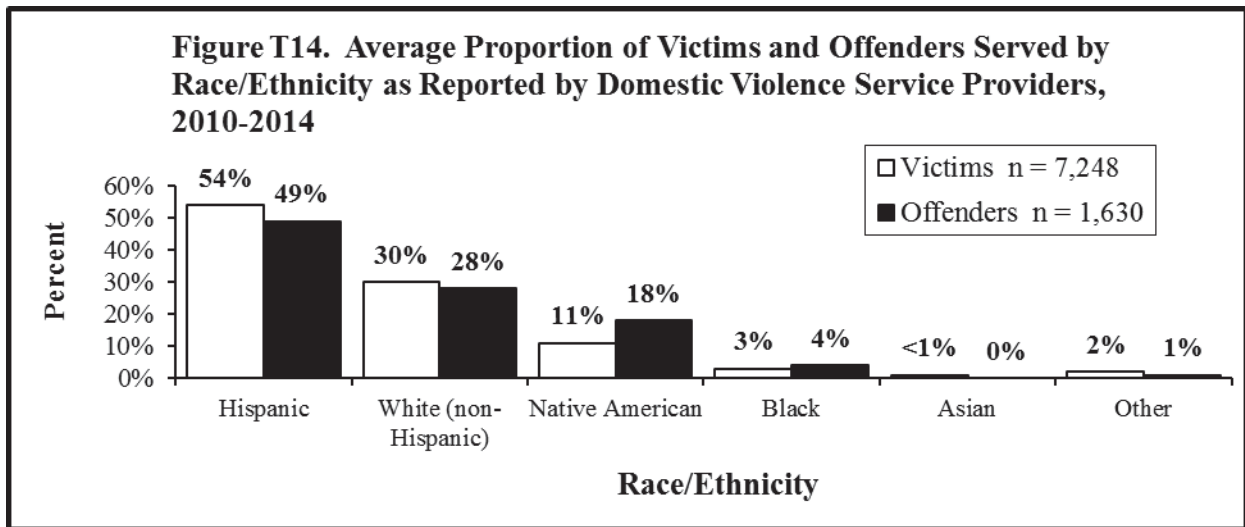


The average age of most children served by domestic violence service providers from 2010-2014 was <6 (45%), followed by children 6-11 (34%) and children 12-17 (22%). See **Figure T13**.



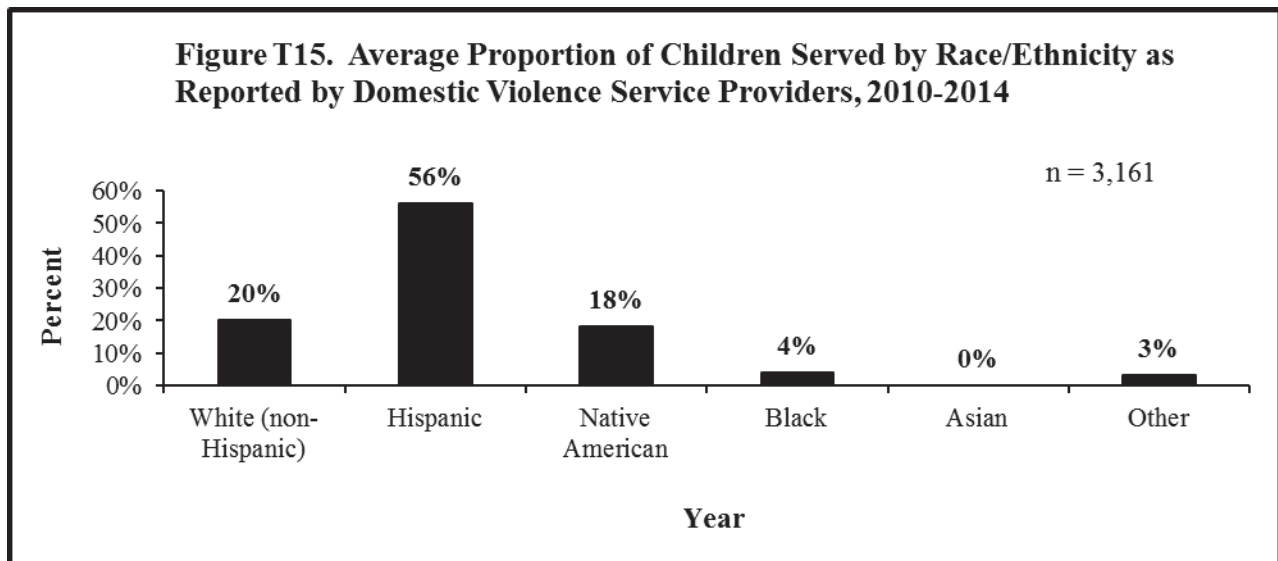
M. Race/Ethnicity of Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers

Most adult victims served by domestic violence service providers are Hispanic, an average 54% each year from 2010-2014, followed by Whites (non-Hispanics) (30%), Native Americans (11%), Blacks (3%), victims of other races (2%), and Asians (<1%). See **Figure T14**. For adult victims, there were negligible differences from year-to-year in their representation among each of the races/ethnicities.



Similarly, most offenders served by domestic violence service providers are Hispanic, an average 49% each year from 2010-2014, followed by Whites (non-Hispanics) (28%), Native Americans (18%), Blacks (4%) and victims of other races (1%). Refer to Figure T14. For offenders, there were negligible differences from year-to-year in their representation among each of the races/ethnicities.

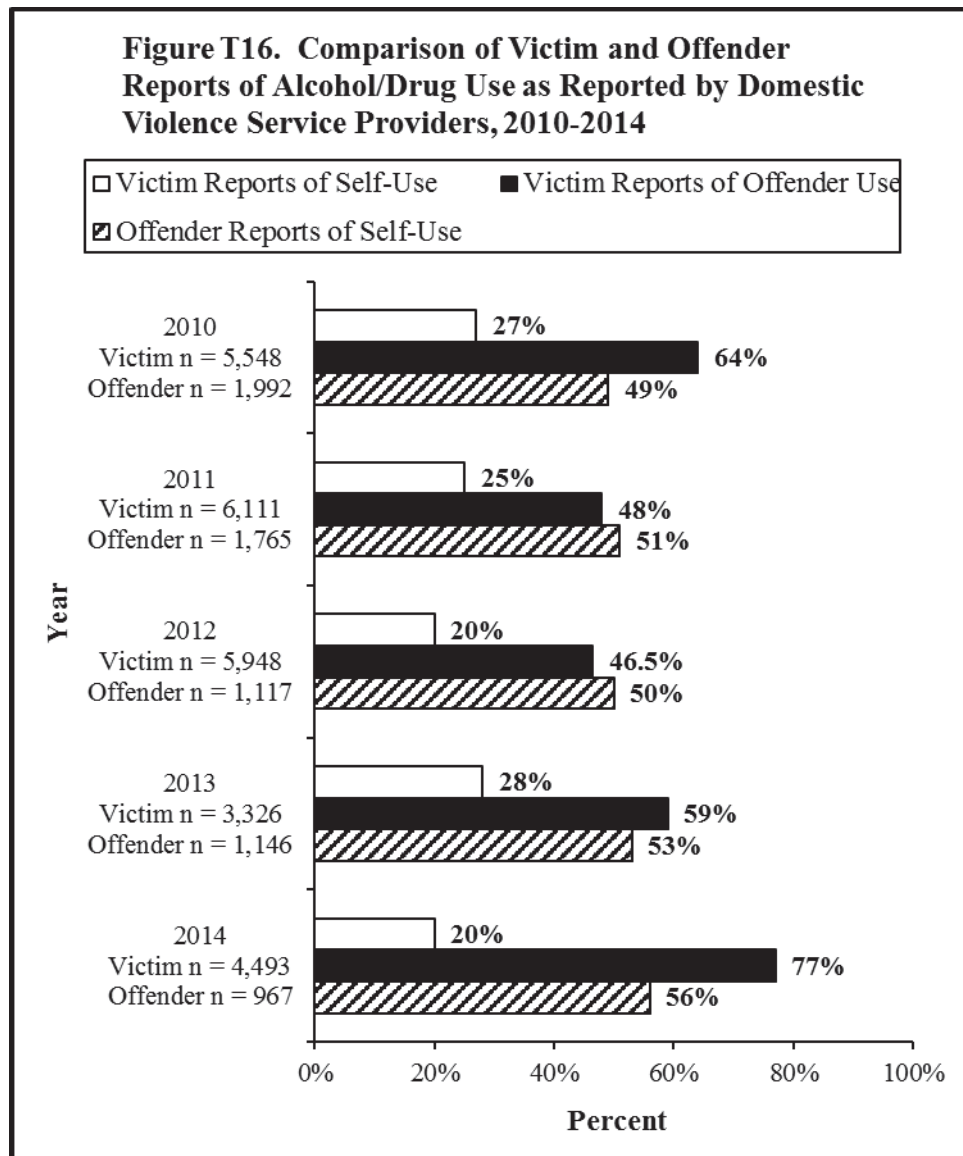
Between 2010 and 2014, most children served by domestic violence service providers were Hispanic (56%), followed by Whites (non-Hispanics) (20%), Native Americans (18%), Blacks (4%) and children of other races (3%). See **Figure T15**.



N. Domestic Violence and Alcohol/Drug Use

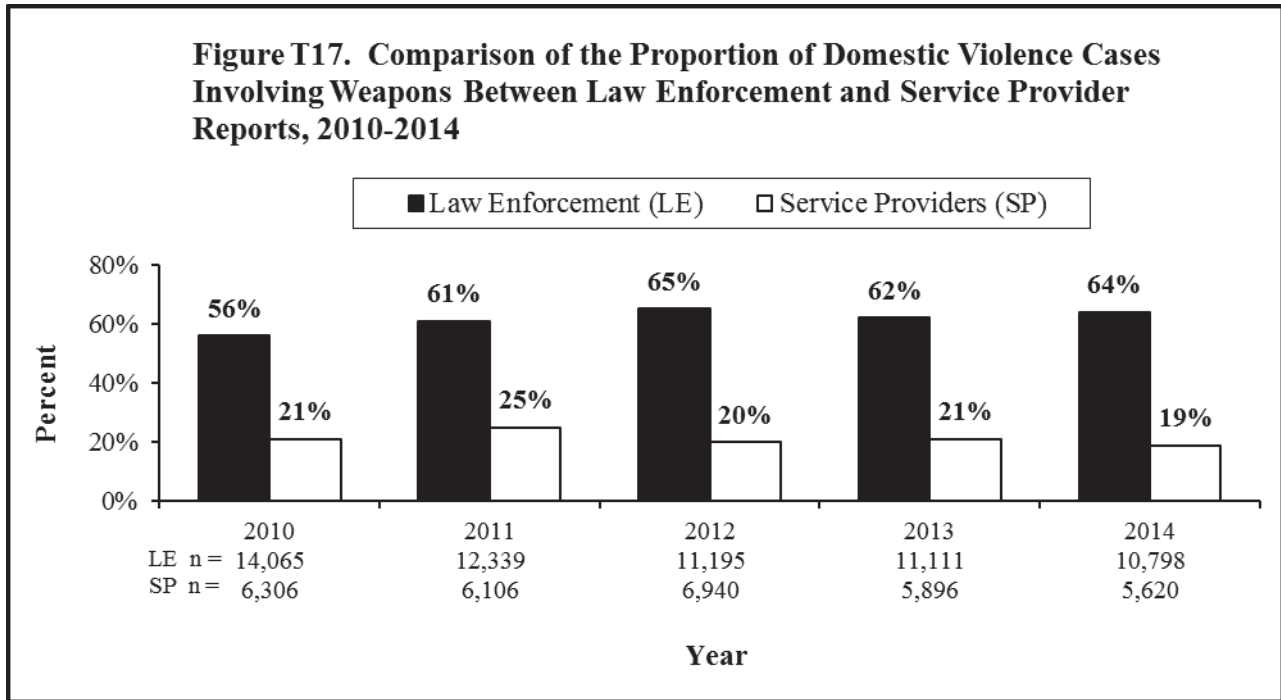
From 2010-2014, an average one-third (35%) of domestic violence incidents reported by law enforcement involved alcohol/drug use. There was a modest 5% change in the proportion of incidents involving alcohol/drug use from its highest reported proportion in 2011 (38%) to its lowest reported proportion in 2014 (33%).

One-quarter (25%) of the adult victims served by domestic violence service providers each year from 2010-2014 reported using alcohol/drugs during their domestic violence incidents. The greatest proportion of adult victims using alcohol/drugs was in 2013 (28%), while the fewest using alcohol/drugs was reported in 2014 (20%). See **Figure T16**. Adult victim and offenders report significant differences in offender alcohol/drug use. Adult victims reported an average 59% of their offenders used alcohol/drugs during their domestic violence incidents between 2010 and 2014, with the highest proportion of victim-reported offender use in 2014 (77%). Conversely, offender reports of self-use found an average 52% of offenders reported using alcohol/drugs each year during their domestic violence incidents. Refer to Figure T16.



O. Domestic Violence and Weapon Use

Law Enforcement reported an average 62% of domestic violence incidents each year from 2010-2014 involved a weapon. This represents a 17% increase from the reported average proportion of incidents involving weapon use in the previous five-years (45%). Law enforcement-reported incidents involving weapon use was the highest in 2012 (65%), and similar in 2014 (64%); and represents a significant increase from 2010 (56%). See **Figure T17**. An average 7% of domestic violence incidents each year involved a *knife*, and 3% each year involved a *gun*. By contrast, adult victims served by domestic violence service providers reported an average 21% of their cases involved a weapon. Refer to Figure T17.

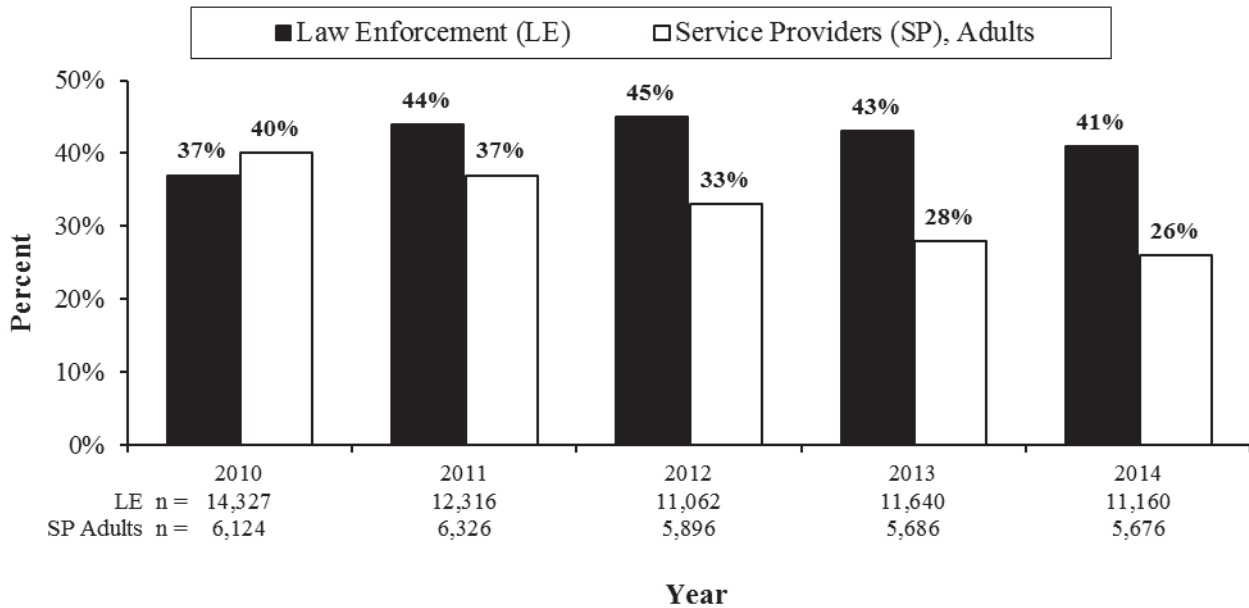


P. Injury from Domestic Violence Incidents

Law Enforcement reported an average 42% of domestic violence incidents from 2010-2014 resulted in victim injury. This represents an 8% increase in domestic violence incidents involving victim injury over the reported previous five-year average (34%). See **Figure T18**. Service providers reported that an average 33% of adult victims served from 2010-2014 were injured during their victimization. This is similar to the reported previous five-year average (34%). Refer to Figure T18. Additionally, an average one-third (33%) of children each year among those receiving services, were injured by the adult victim’s offender. This is similar to the reported previous five-year average (32%). Refer to Figure T18.

Law enforcement agencies documented the type of victim injuries sustained. From 2010-2014, an average 90% of victim injuries each year were *minor injuries*, followed by 4% *severe lacerations*, 3% respectively, of *major injuries*, and *internal injuries*, and 1% respectively, of injuries involving *broken bones*, or *unconsciousness*.

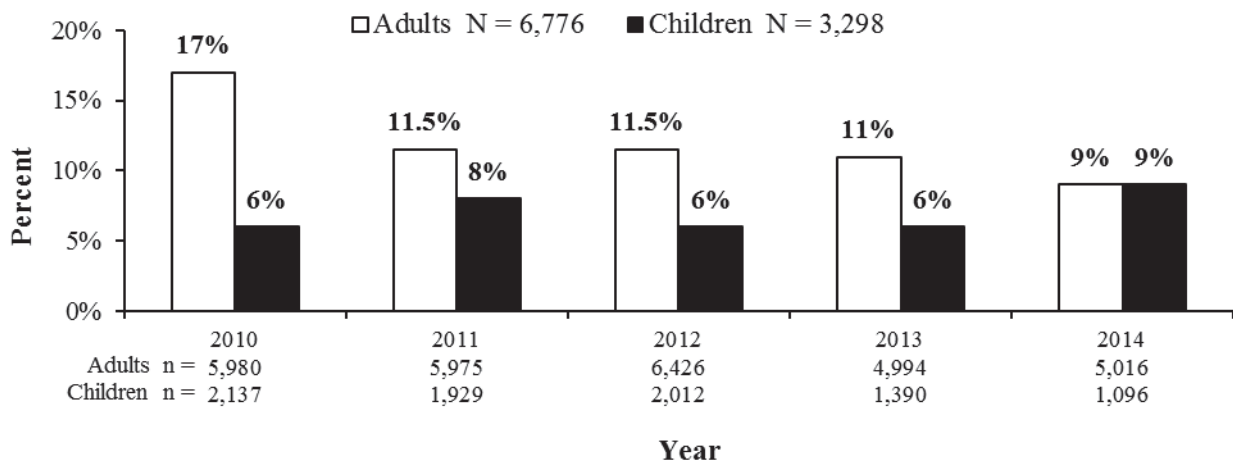
Figure T18. Comparison of the Proportion of Domestic Violence Cases Involving Injury Between Law Enforcement and Service Provider Reports, 2010-2014



Q. Domestic Violence Involving Sexual Assault

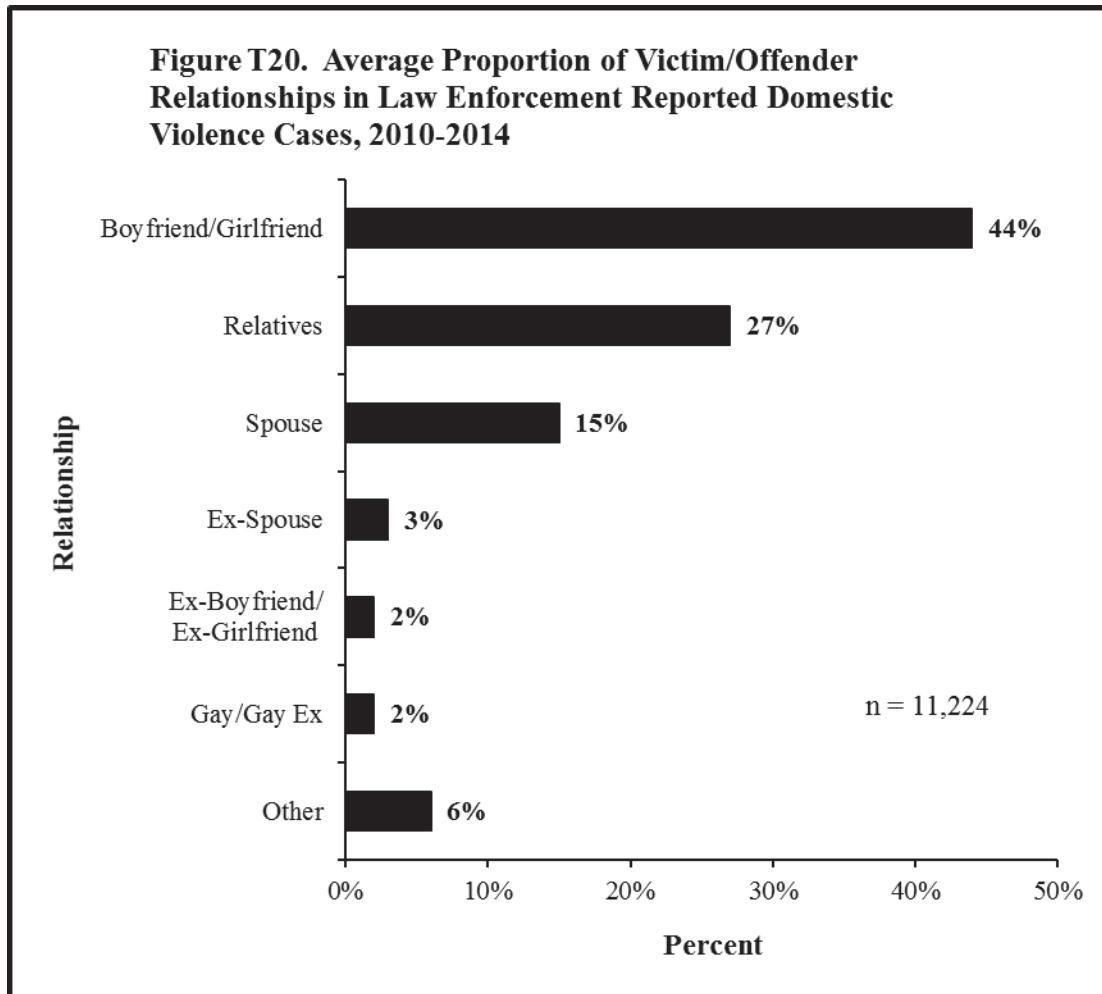
Between 2010 and 2014, an average 12% of adult victims served by statewide service providers each year were *sexually assaulted/coerced* by their offenders. This represents a 3% decrease in the proportion of adult victims sexually assaulted/coerced from the reported previous five-year average (15%). The 9% of adult victims sexually assaulted/coerced in 2014 is a 8% decrease from that reported in 2010 (17%), which is the highest rate of sexual assault among victims served in the five-year period analyzed. In the same time frame, an average 7% of children served each year experienced sexual abuse from the domestic violence offenders of the adult victims. The 9% of children sexually abused in 2014 represents the greatest proportion of reports involving sexually abused children over the five years studied. See **Figure T19**.

Figure T19. Proportion of Adult Victims and Children Served That Were Sexually Assaulted/Coerced as Reported by Service Providers, 2010-2014



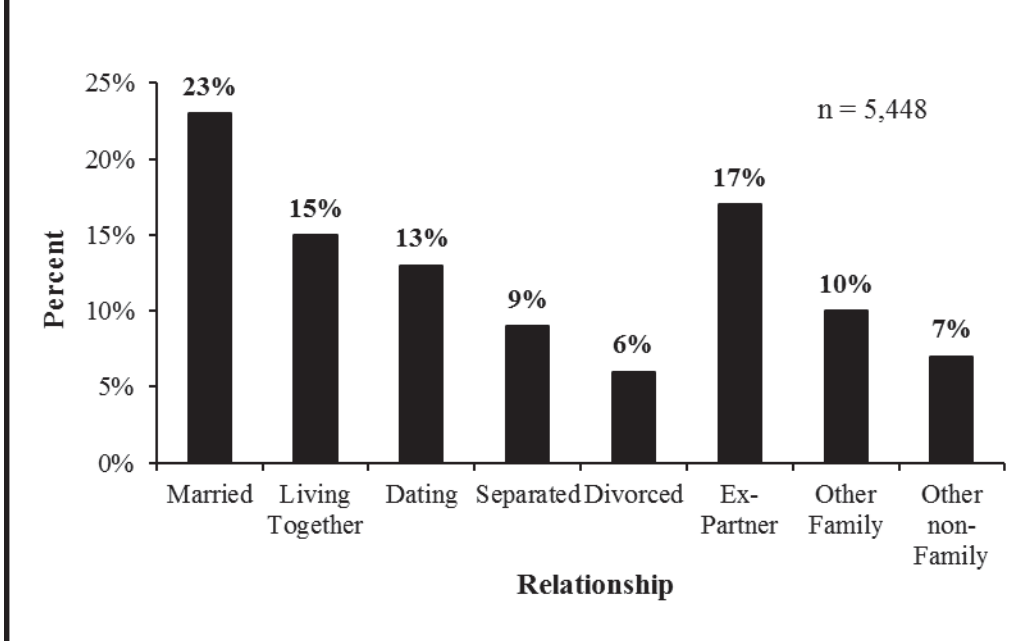
R. Victim/Offender Relationship

From 2010-2014, *boyfriend/girlfriend* was the relationship involved in most law enforcement-reported domestic violence incidents, an average 44% of incidents each year, followed by *family/ relatives* (27%) and *spouses* (15%). *Ex-spouses* and *ex-boyfriends/girlfriends* comprised 3% and 2%, respectively of the relationships in domestic violence incidents each year, and *gay/gay ex-partner* comprised 2%. See **Figure T20**. In this five-year period, there were negligible differences each year in the percent of domestic violence incidents each victim/offender relationship comprised.



Between 2010 and 2014 among service provider reports, those who were *intimate but not married* comprised the relationships with the most domestic violence cases, an average 28%: 15%, *living together* and 13%, *dating*. *Ex-intimate partners* defined the relationship comprising the second most domestic violence cases among those served, an average 27% each year: *separated* (9%), *divorced* (6%) and *ex-partner* (17%). *Married couples* comprised an average 23% of victim/offender relationships, followed by *other family members* (an average 10%) and *other non-family members* (an average 7%). See **Figure T21**.

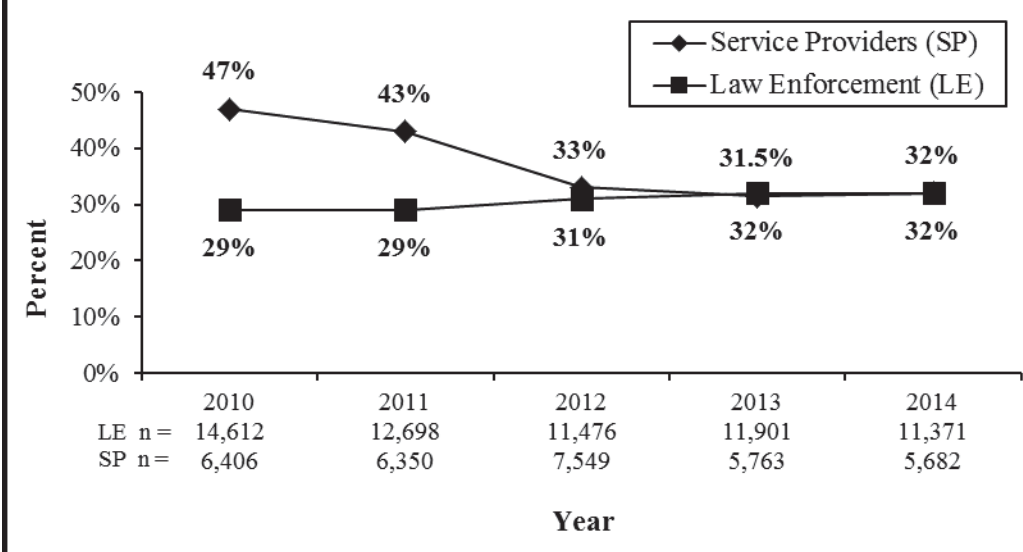
Figure T21. Average Proportion of Each Victim/Offender Relationship Among Adult Victims Served, 2010-2014



S. Children Present In Domestic Violence Situations

From 2010-2014, service providers reported that children were present as the scene of an average 37% of the adult victims' domestic violence incidents each year. This represents a 20% decrease in the average proportion of incidents with children present (57%) reported for the previous five-year span (2005-2009). Children were present at the scene of an average 32% of adult victim cases in 2014, a 15% decrease from the proportion present in 2010 (47%). See **Figure T22**. Similarly, law enforcement reported an average 31% of domestic violence cases each year from 2010-2014 had children present. Refer to Figure T22.

Figure T22. Comparison of the Proportion of Domestic Violence Cases with Children Present Between Law Enforcement and Service Provider Reports, 2010-2014

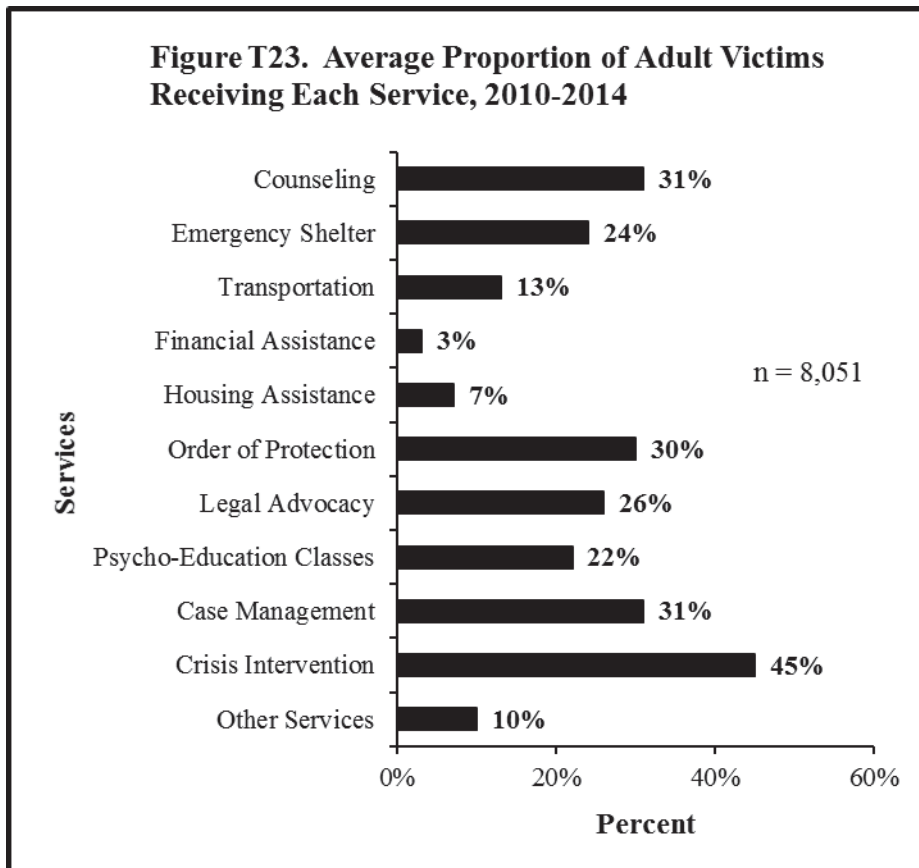


T. Past Abuse Among Offenders and Victims

Between 2010 and 2014, over half (an average 53%) of adult victims receiving services each year reported experiencing or witnessing abuse as a child. Among offenders served, an average 42% each year reported experiencing or witnessing abuse as a child. These average proportions of victim and offender child abuse are similar to the 53% and 43% respectively, reported in the previous five-year span. It is interesting to note that an average 56% of adult victims served in this time period reported that their offender experienced or witnessed abuse as a child. This represents a 6% decrease from the average reported in the previous five-year span. Additionally, between 2010 and 2014 an average 46% of adult victims reported experiencing a prior domestic violence incident as an adult. This represents an 18% decrease from the reported previous five-year average.

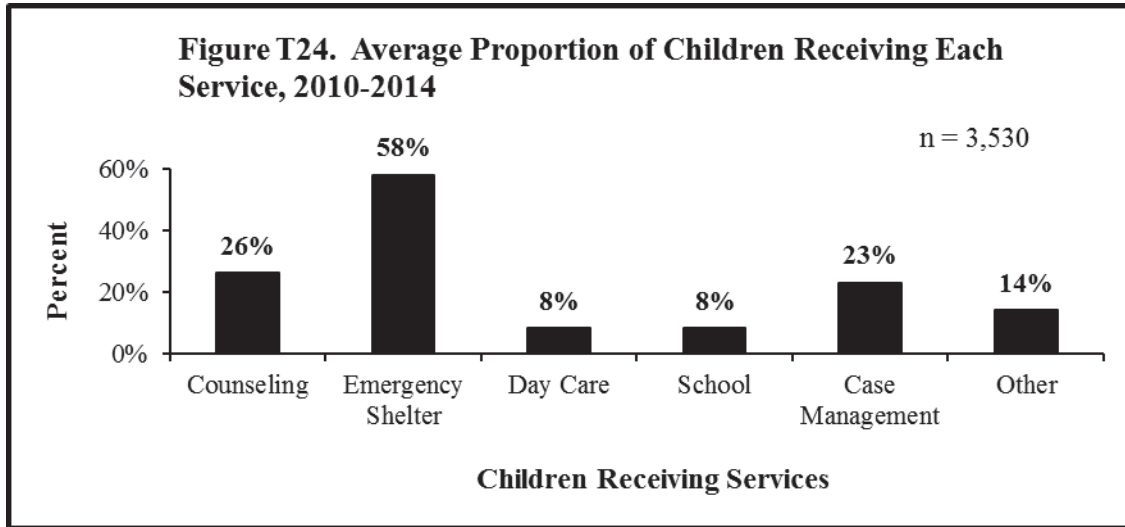
U. Services Received by Adult Victims

From 2010-2014, most adult victims received *crisis intervention* services (an average 45% each year), down from the 49% average proportion for the previous five-year span. An average of 31% of adult victims received *case management* each year, significantly down from an average 44% for the previous five-year span. Similarly, 31% of adult victims received *counseling* services, down from an average 40% reported for the previous five-year span. An average 30% of adult victims received *orders of protection* each year, followed by *legal advocacy* services (26%), *emergency shelter services* (24%), and *psycho-education classes* (22%) all of which had negligible differences from their respective average proportion of adults receiving them in the previous five-year span. From 2010-2014, the fewest adult victims (an average 3%) received *financial support* each year, followed by *housing assistance* (7%), other services (10%) and *transportation* (13%). See **Figure T23**.



V. Services Received by Children

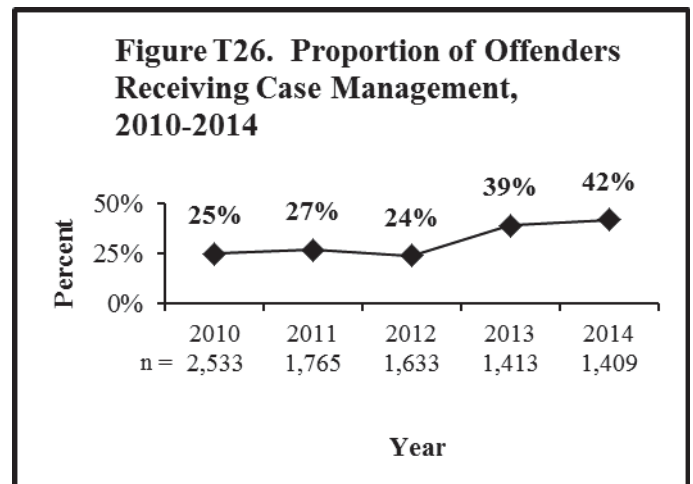
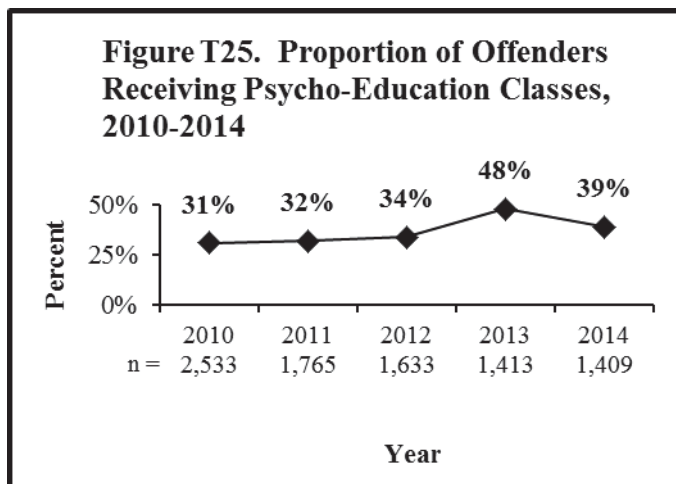
From 2010-2014, most children received *emergency shelter* services (an average 58% each year). This represents a 24% increase from the average percent receiving emergency shelter in the previous five-year analysis. An average 26% of children received counseling, up 4% from the previous five-year average, followed *case management*, 23%, an increase of 9% over the previous five-year average. Very few children each year received *day care* (8%) or *school* services (8%). See **Figure T24**.

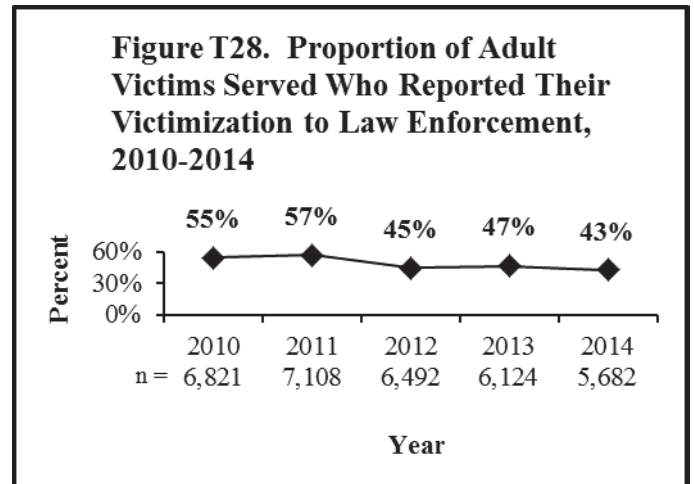
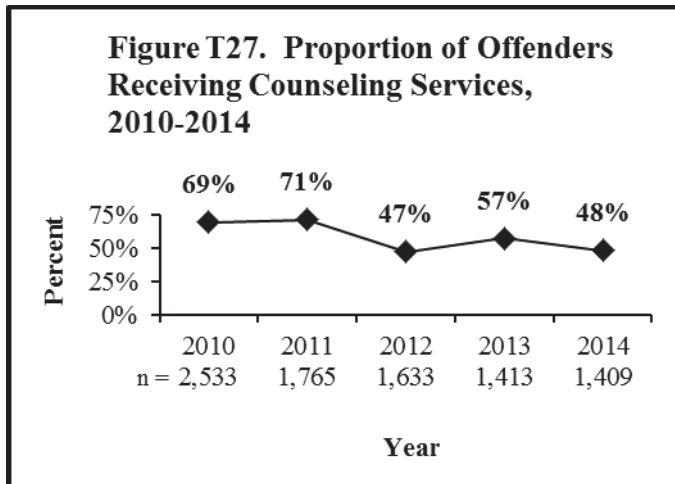


W. Services Received by Offenders

Between 2010 and 2014, an average 58% of offenders each year received *counseling services*, followed by *psycho-education classes* (37%) and *case management* (31%).

An examination of services received shows significant decreases from 2010 to 2014 in the average proportion of offenders receiving *psycho-education classes* (8% decrease) and *case management* (9% decrease) compared to their respective averages reported in the previous five-year span; and a negligible 2% decrease in the average proportion of offenders receiving *counseling services*. For the year-to-year changes in the proportion of psycho-education classes, case management, and counseling services offenders received from 2010-2014, see **Figures T25-T27**, respectively.



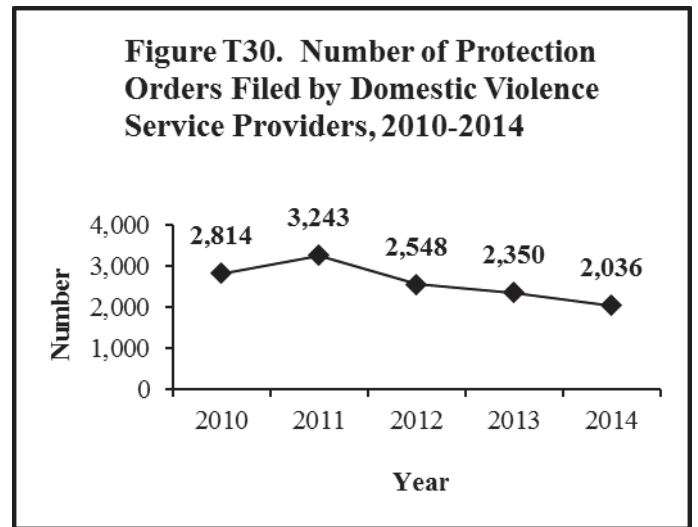
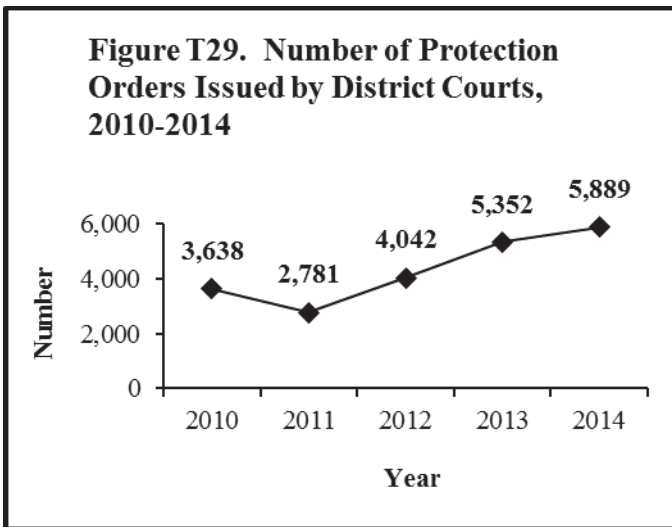


X. Adult Victims Who Reported Their Victimization to Law Enforcement

An average 49% of adult victims each year from 2010-2014 reported their domestic violence victimization to law enforcement. This is similar to the average 48% reported in the previous five-year period. In 2014, 43% of adult victims reported their victimization to law enforcement, the fewest in the last five years. See **Figure T28**.

Y. Protection Orders Filed

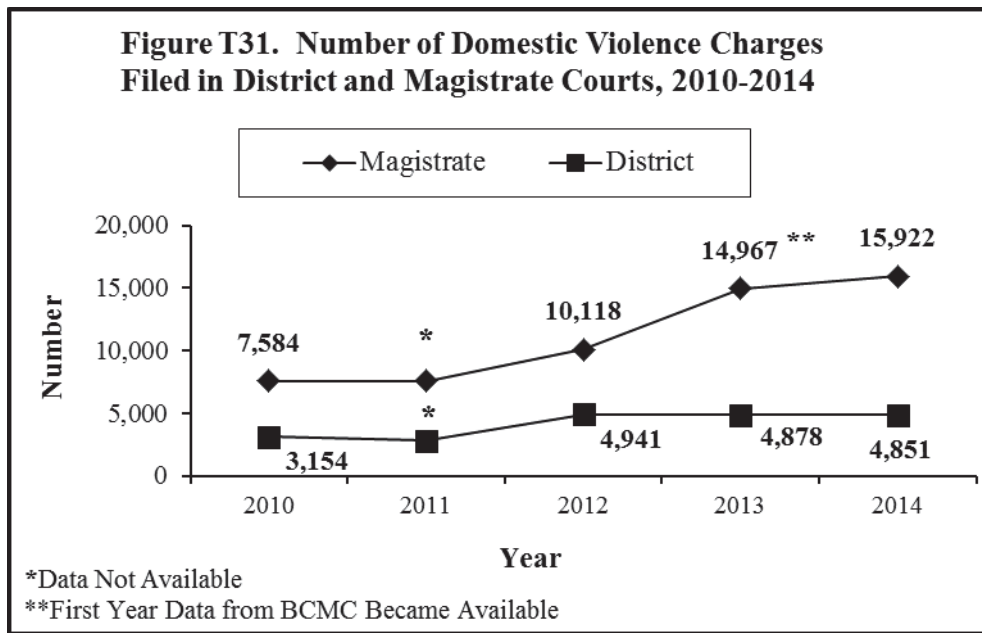
There was an average 4,340 protection orders issued for domestic violence each year between 2010 and 2014 by statewide district courts, a 9% decrease from the average reported for the previous five-years. The 5,889 protection orders issued for domestic violence in 2014 represents a 10% increase from that reported in 2013, but a 46% increase from the number issued since 2012. See **Figure T29**.



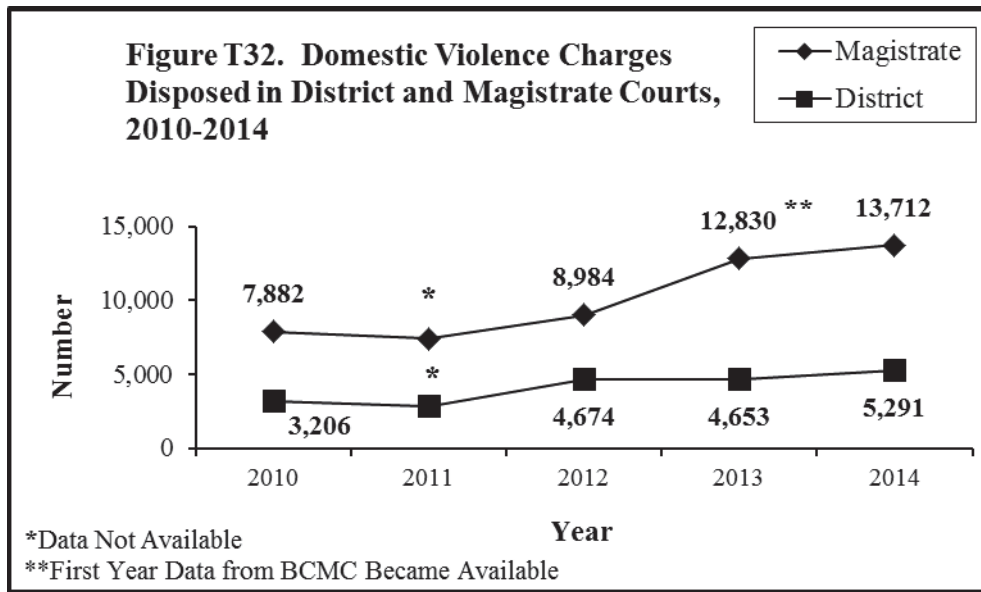
From 2010-2014 service providers assisted victims in filing an average 2,598 protection orders. Most provider-assisted protection orders were filed by victims in 2011 (3,343). The 2,036 protection orders filed by victims being served in 2014 represent a 37% decrease from the number filed in 2011. See **Figure T30**.

Z. Domestic Violence in District and Magistrate Courts

An average 12,148 new domestic violence charges were filed in magistrate courts from 2010-2014. This represents a 52% increase in the average number reported for the previous five years (7,977). This is largely explained by the fact that the Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court (BCMC) did not report to the Central Repository before 2013. The number of charges filed in 2014 (15,922) represent an increase of 6% from that reported in 2013 (14,967). The 2010-2014 averages of magistrate and district court filings do not include 2011, as court data was not available for that year due to a change in the court case management system. See **Figure T31**. There was an average 4,456 charges of domestic violence filed in district courts from 2010-2014. This represents a 43% increase over the average charges filed in the previous five years (3,118). This is a significant change, because unlike magistrate court filings, district court filings always included the Bernalillo County District Court. Refer to Figure T31.



An average 10,852 domestic violence charges were disposed in magistrate courts from 2010-2014. This represents a 41% increase in the average number reported for the previous five years (7,697). As discussed earlier, this is largely explained by the fact that the Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court did not report to the Central Repository before 2013. The number of charges disposed in 2014 (13,712) represent an increase of 7% from that reported in 2013 (12,830). The 2010-2014 averages of magistrate and district court disposed domestic violence charges do not include 2011, as court data was not available for that year due to a change in the court case management system. See **Figure T32**. There was an average 4,456 charges of domestic violence disposed in district courts from 2010-2014. This represents a 46% increase over the average charges disposed in the previous five years (3,054). This is a significant change, because unlike magistrate court dispositions, district court dispositions always included the Bernalillo County District Court. Refer to Figure T32.



The type of domestic violence charge most disposed in the magistrate courts was *battery*, an average 56% of domestic violence charges disposed each year from 2010-2014. This represents a 12% decrease in the average proportion of battery charges disposed in magistrate courts from the previous five-year period. Disposed magistrate court charges with negligible differences in the average proportion of disposed charges in the previous five-years include: *aggravated battery* (3% decrease); *assault* (2% decrease) and *aggravated assault* and *assault with intent to commit a violent felony* (1%, respectively). See **Figure T33**. Similarly, the type of charge most disposed in the district courts was *battery*, an average 43%, (down 8% from an average 51% in the previous five-year period), followed by *aggravated battery*, 20%, (down 5% from 25% in the previous five-year period), and *aggravated assault*, 10% (down 4% from an average 14% in the previous five-year period). Refer to **Figure T33**.

There was an average 17.5% conviction rate of domestic violence charges disposed in magistrate courts each year from 2010-2014. This represents a 10.5% decrease in the average conviction rate in magistrate courts in the previous five-year span. The conviction rates in 2013 and 2014 (14%, respectively) represent a 7% decrease from that obtained in 2012 (21%). See **Figure T34**.

Figure T33. Average Proportion of Each Type of Domestic Violence Charge Disposed in District and Magistrate Courts, 2010-2014

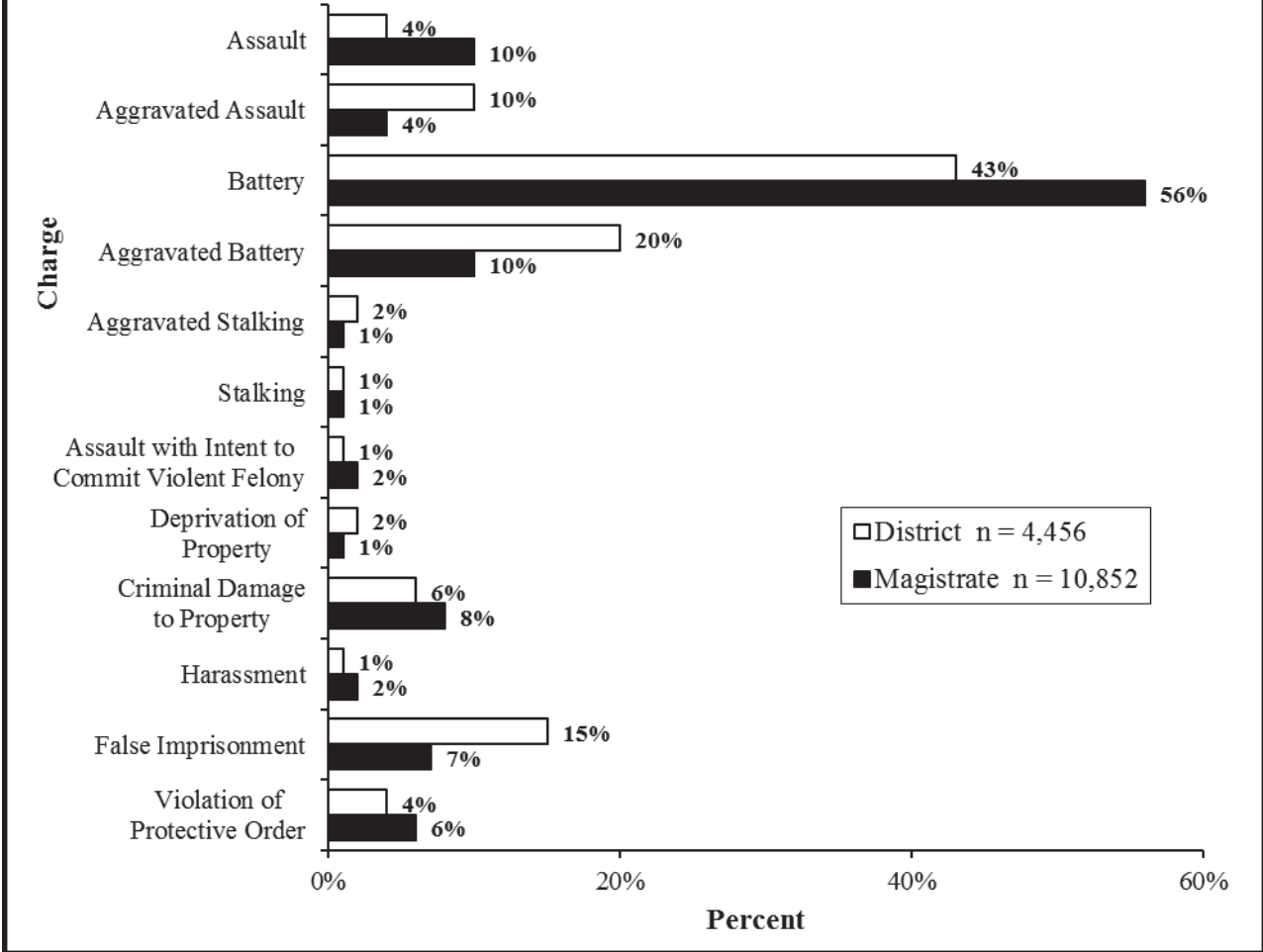
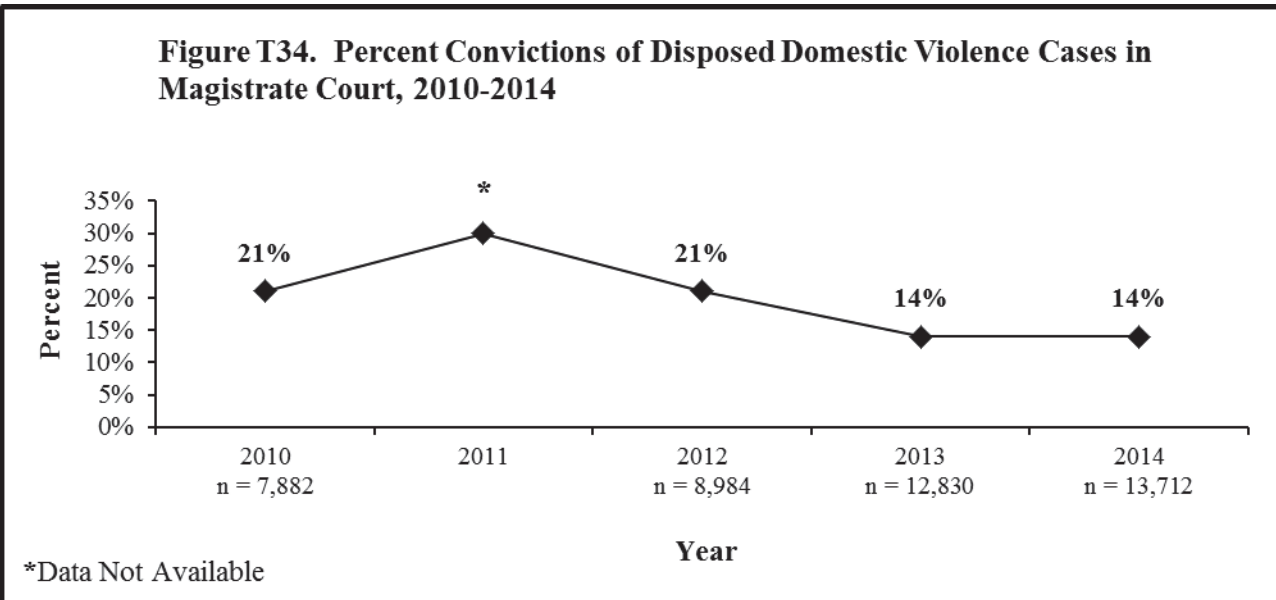
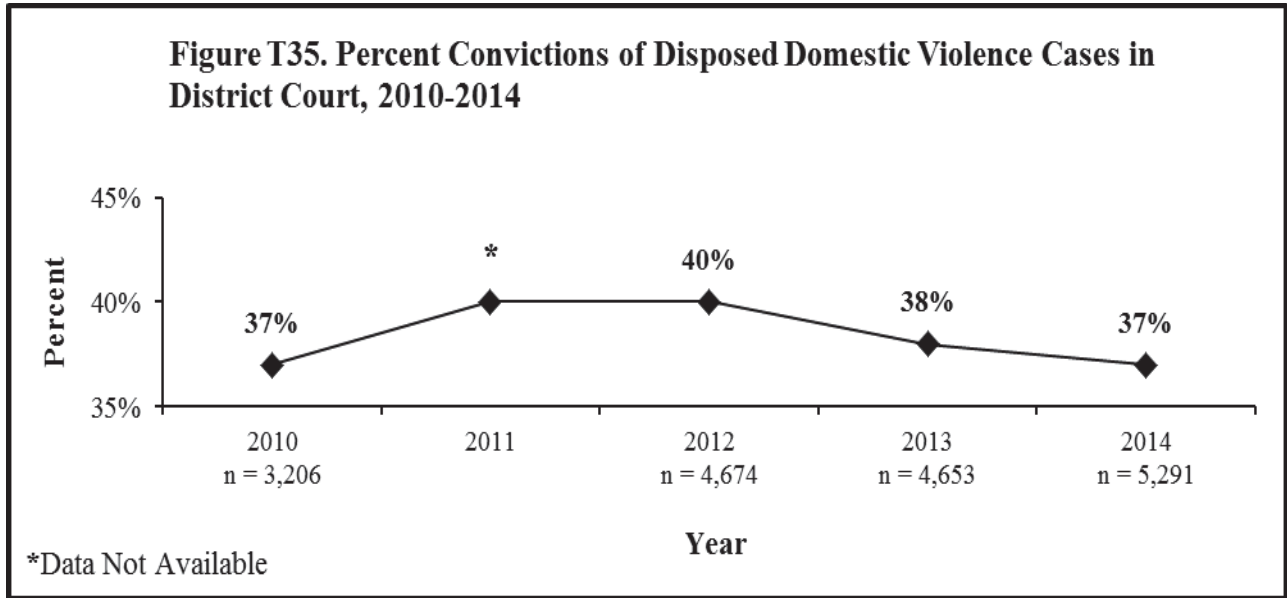


Figure T34. Percent Convictions of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Magistrate Court, 2010-2014



Similarly, there was an average 38% conviction rate of domestic violence charges disposed in district courts each year from 2010-2014. This represents a 2% decrease in the average conviction rate in district courts from 2005-2009. See **Figure T35**.



SECTION TWO: ANALYSIS OF 2014 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE LAW ENFORCEMENT, SERVICE PROVIDER, AND COURT DATA FROM THE CENTRAL REPOSITORY

I. LAW ENFORCEMENT AND SERVICE PROVIDER DATA FINDINGS

A. Domestic Violence Incidents in 2014 That Were Identified by Law Enforcement

There were 101 law enforcement agencies that submitted domestic violence data to the Central Repository during 2014 (see Appendix D). Data from each participating agency was extracted from police offense incident reports and submitted in aggregate form on the standardized *Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Data Collection Form* (see Appendix E).

The total number of reports for each variable analyzed from law enforcement vary as all questions may not be answered on each report submitted. The number of reports considered for each question analyzed is stated throughout the report as the findings on each variable are discussed.

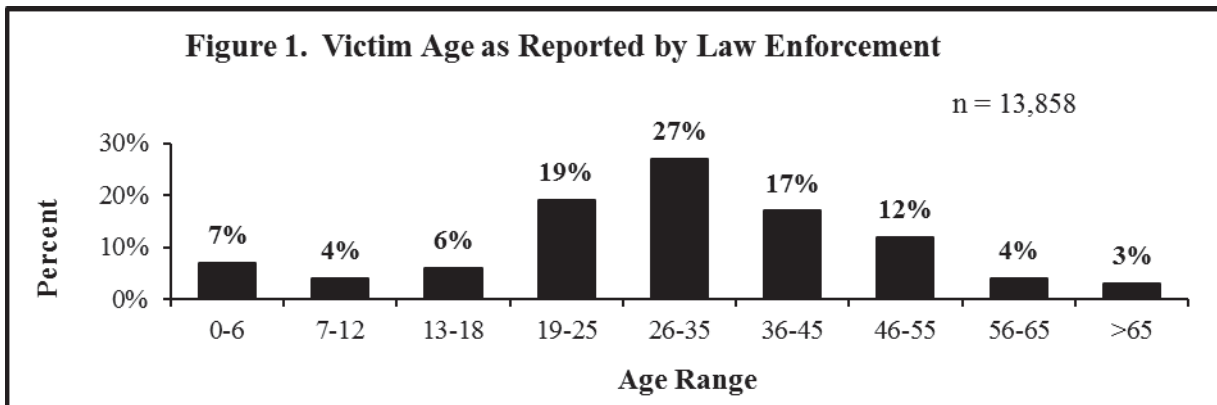
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Incidents, 2014:	18,057
▶ Reported Incidents by County, Alphabetically	Appendix F
▶ County Rates and Ranks, by Rank	Appendix G
▶ County Rates and Ranks, Alphabetically	Appendix H
▶ Reported Rate Trends For Each County, 2010 - 2014	Section 4A
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Incidents by Agency	Table 1
▶ Law Enforcement-Reported Incidents by Agency and County	Table 2

B. Domestic Violence Victims Identified by Law Enforcement: Number, Gender, and Age

Of 18,057 incidents reported by these agencies, 19,930 victims were identified. Victim Gender was reported for 13,954 victims.

▶ Number of Adult Victims Identified by Law Enforcement	19,930
▶ Number Gender Known	13,954
▶ Number Male Victims	4,111 (29%)
▶ Number Female Victims	9,843 (71%)
▶ Number and Gender of Victims by Law Enforcement Agency	Table 3

Of the 13,858 reports that identified *victim age*, the greatest proportion of all victims was in the age group 26-35 (27%), followed by 19-25 (19%). The age group 36-45 comprised 17% of all victims. See **Figure 1**.

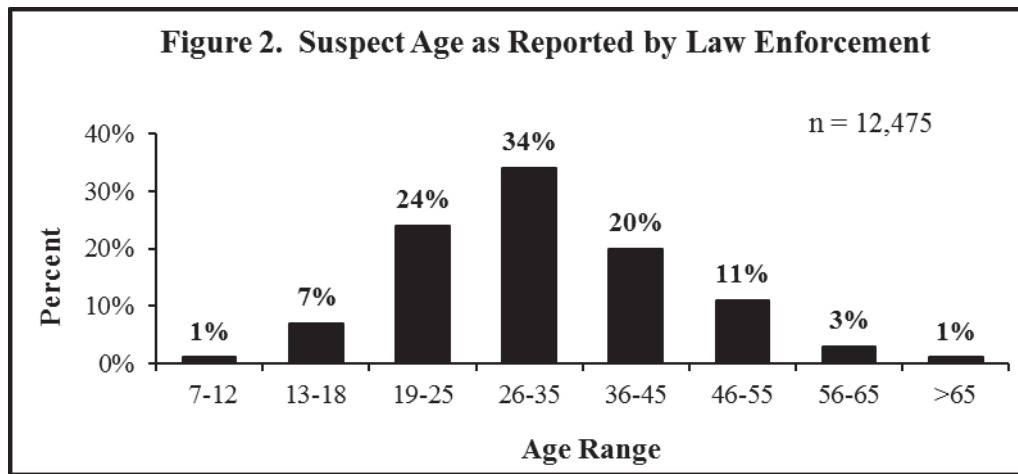


C. Domestic Violence Suspects Identified by Law Enforcement: Number, Gender, and Age

Of 18,057 domestic violence incidents reported by law enforcement, 19,056 suspects were identified. Suspect gender was reported for 12,383 suspects.

▶ Number of Suspects Identified by Law Enforcement	19,056
▶ Number of Suspects Gender Known	12,383
▶ Number Male Suspects	9,123 (74%)
▶ Number Female Suspects	3,260 (26%)
▶ Number and Gender of Suspects by Law Enforcement Agency	Table 4

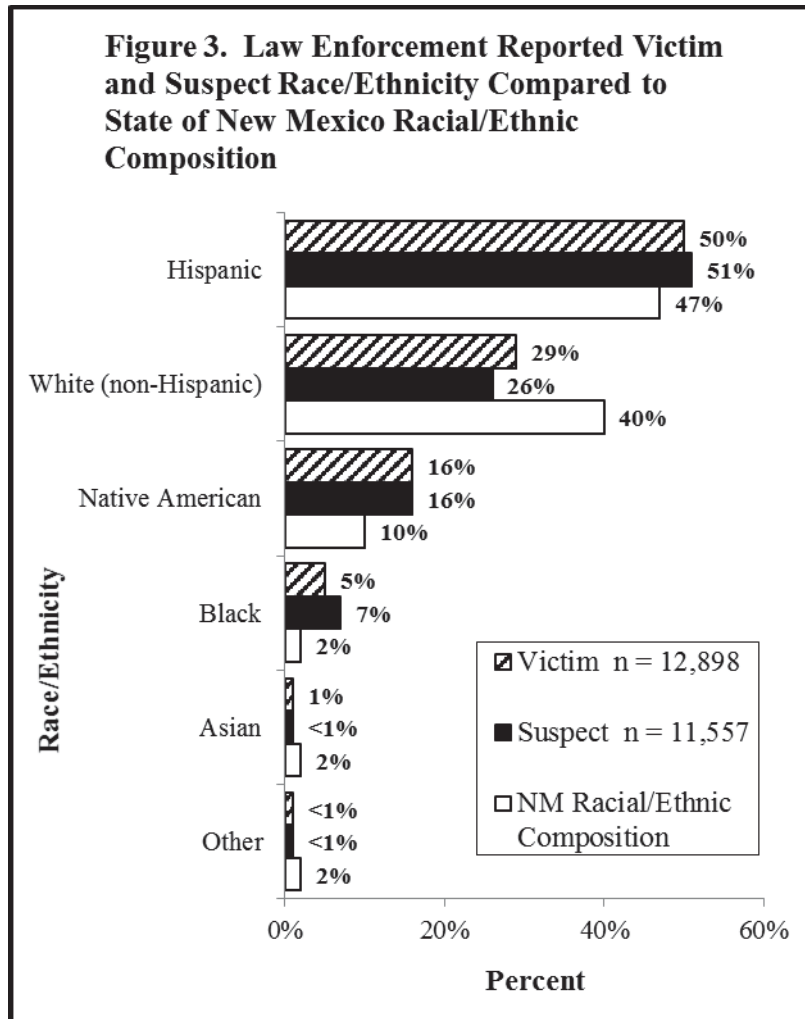
Of 12,475 reports that identified *suspect age*, the age group with the greatest proportion of reported suspects was 26-35 (34%), followed by 19-25 (24%) and 36-45 (20%). See **Figure 2**.



D. Race/Ethnicity of Victims and Suspects Identified by Law Enforcement

▶ Number of Law Enforcement Victims Race/Ethnicity Identified	12,898
▶ Number of Law Enforcement Suspects Race/Ethnicity Identified	11,557

Of 12,898 domestic violence victims, 50% were Hispanic, 29% White (non-Hispanic), 16% Native American, and 5% Black. Asian victims comprised 1% of all victims, and victims of “other” races comprised <1% of all victims. Likewise, of the 11,557 reports that identified suspect race/ethnicity, 51% were Hispanic, 26% White (non-Hispanic), 16% Native American, and 7% Black. Suspects of “other” races and Asian suspects comprised <1% respectively, of all suspects. For a comparison of victim and suspect race/ethnicity to racial/ethnic compositions in New Mexico, see **Figure 3**.



E. Stalking and Harassment Incidents Identified by Law Enforcement

There were 3,064 law enforcement reports that documented the number of stalking cases that came to the attention of law enforcement in 2014. Of these, 78 (2.5%) stalking cases were identified. Similarly, there were 4,474 reports that documented the number of harassment cases that came to the attention of law enforcement. Of these, 1,490 (33%) harassment cases were identified.

▶ Number of Law Enforcement-Identified Domestic Violence Incidents	18,057
▶ Number of Law Enforcement Reports Documenting Stalking Status	3,064
▶ Number of Stalking Incidents Identified by Law Enforcement	78 (2.5%)
▶ Number of Stalking Cases Reported by Law Enforcement Agency	Table 5
▶ Number of Law Enforcement Reports Documenting Harassment Status	4,474
▶ Number of Harassment Incidents Identified by Law Enforcement	1,490 (33%)
▶ Number of Stalking and Harassment Cases Reported by County	Table 6

F. Domestic Violence Victims Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers

There were 28 domestic violence service providers that submitted data to the Central Repository for 2014 (see Appendix I). Aggregate data from each participating agency was extracted from client intake information and submitted on the standardized *Domestic Violence Service Agencies Data Collection Form* (see Appendix J).

The total number of reports for each variable analyzed from service providers vary as all questions may not be answered on each report submitted. The number of reports considered for each question analyzed is stated throughout the report as the findings on each variable are discussed.

1. Number Seeking Services

There were 11,575 new clients served during 2014, which is a significant decrease (11%) in the number of clients served in 2013 (13,052).

▶ Number of Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served for All Counties	Table 7
▶ Number of Adult Victims Served by Agency	Table 8
▶ Five-Year Trends of All Served for Each County	Section 4B
▶ Total Number of Adult Victims Served by Service Providers	7,376
▶ Total Number of Children Victim/Witnesses Served by Service Providers	2,780
▶ Total Number of Offenders Treated by Service Providers	1,409
▶ Number of Offenders Treated by Agency	Table 9

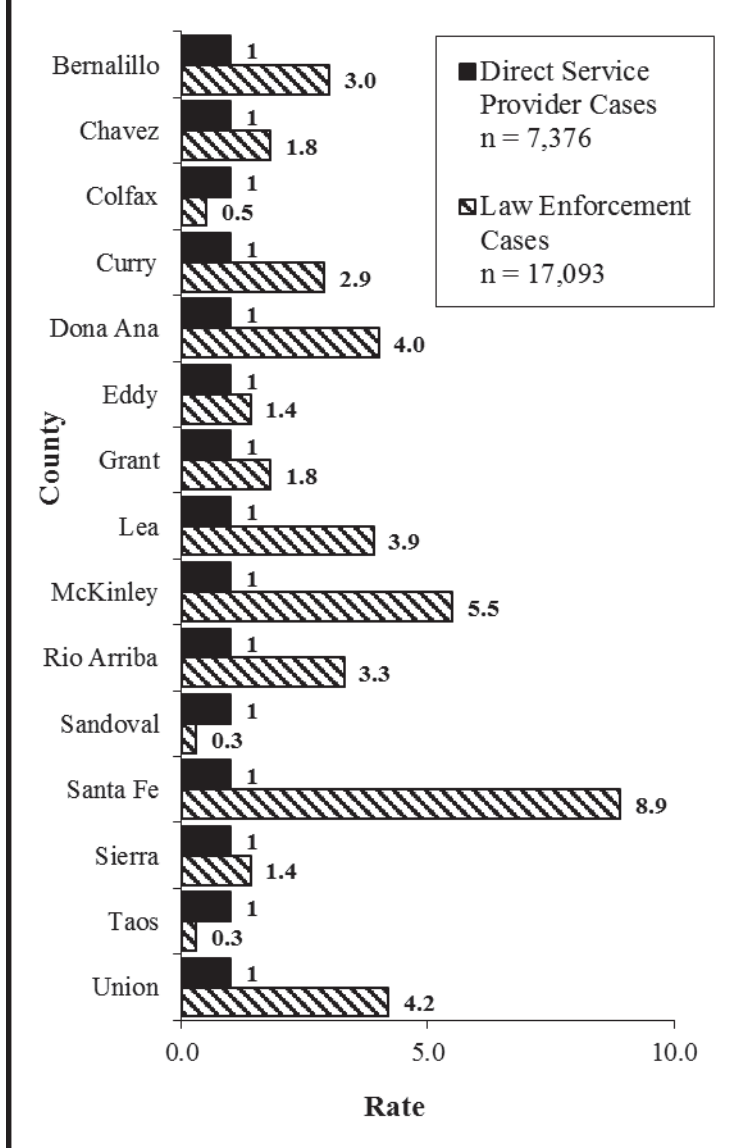
An analysis was conducted comparing the number of adult victims served to the number of domestic violence incidents reported by law enforcement (in counties with the law enforcement agency from the largest city reporting, *and* where the direct service provider reported in all four quarters of 2014). This analysis revealed that *Santa Fe County* had the fewest number of victims receiving services relative to the number of incidents reported to police (1 out of 8.9), followed by *McKinley County* (1 out of 5.5), Union County (1 out of 4.2), Dona Ana County (1 out of 4.0), and *Lea County* (1 out of 3.9). See **Figure 4**.

Adult victims who went for help in 2014 (7,376) represent 48% of domestic violence *incidents* identified by law enforcement (18,057) and 37% of *victims* identified by law enforcement (19,930). This is less than the 41% of law enforcement victims represented by adult victims served in 2013.

▶ Five-Year Trends in The Percent of Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by The Number of Adult Victims Served for Individual Counties	Section 4C
--	------------

Offenders who went for treatment (1,409) represent 7% of the domestic violence suspects identified by law enforcement (19,056). This is a 2% decrease from those represented in 2013.

Figure 4. Rate of Adult Victims Served to Law Enforcement Reports of Domestic Violence for Selected Counties

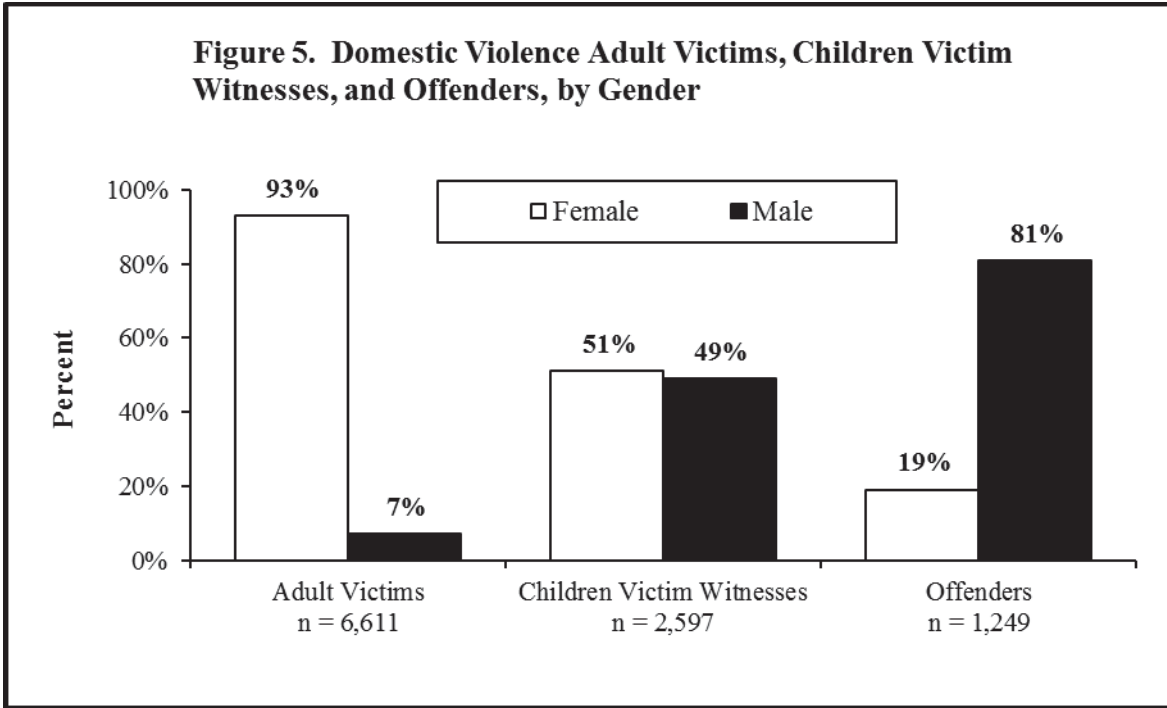


- ▶ Gender of Adult Victims Served for All Agencies
- ▶ Gender of Offenders Served for All Agencies

Table 10
Table 11

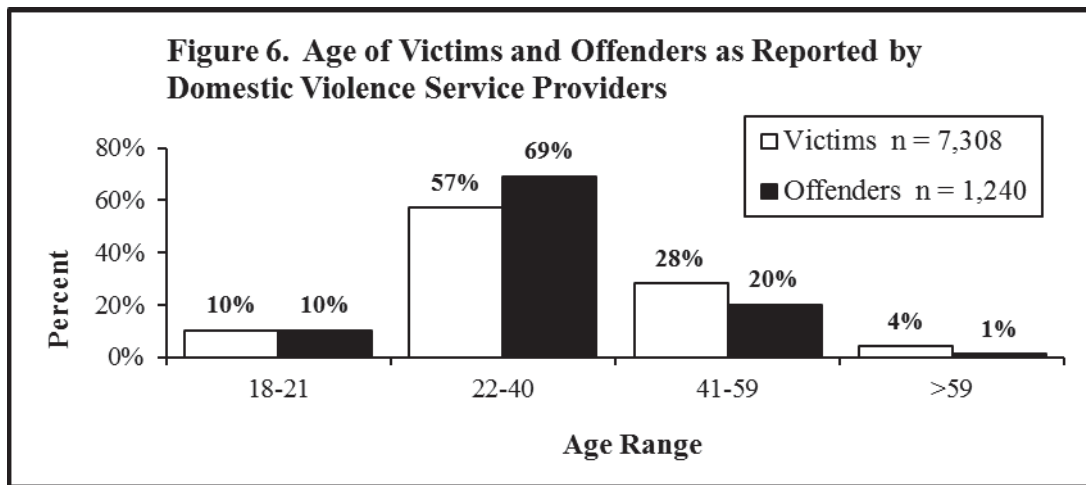
2. Gender of Those Served

Survivor gender was documented in 6,611 of 7,376 adult victims served. Ninety-three percent (6,122) of the adult victims served were female. Conversely, 81% (1,006) of the 1,249 reports that documented offender gender, reported the offender was male. Gender was documented 2,597 of the 2,780 children victim-witnesses served. Slightly more female children (51%) than male children, (49%) witnessed the abuse of an adult victim. See **Figure 5**.



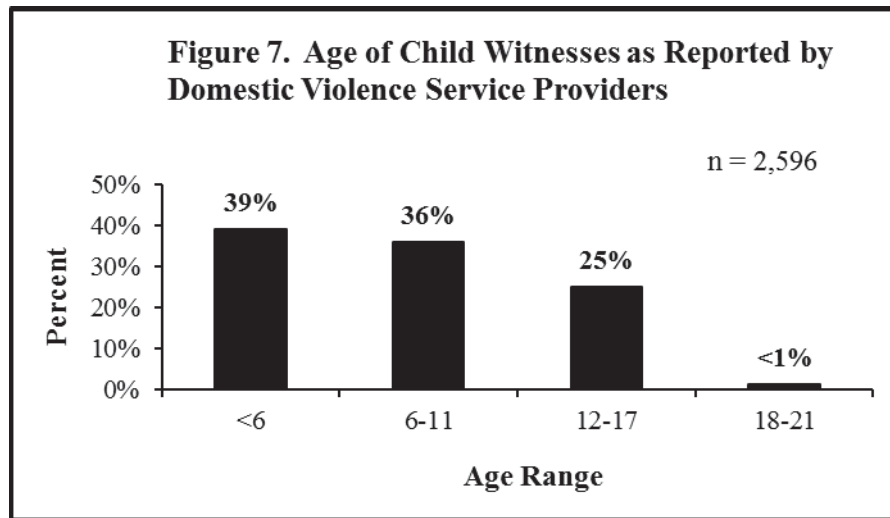
3. Ages of Those Served

The age of the adult victim was documented in 7,308 provider reports. Among adult victims, 57% were predominately 22-40 years of age, 28% were 41-59 years of age, and 10% were 18-21 years of age. Victims ages 60 and older comprised 4% of all adult victims served. See **Figure 6**.



Of the 1,240 reports that documented offender age, 69% were 22-40 years old, 20% were 41-59 years old, and 10% were 18-21 years old. Offenders ages 60 and older comprised 1% of all offenders served. Refer to Figure 6.

The age of children victim-witnesses was documented in 2,596 of the children served. Thirty-nine percent of the children victim-witnesses were <6 years old, 36% were 6-11 years old, 25% were 12-17 years old, and <1% were 18-21 years old. See **Figure 7**.



4. Race/Ethnicity of Those Served

The race/ethnicity of the adult victim was identified in 7,272 reports. Of these, 57% were Hispanic, 30% White (non-Hispanics), 9% Native American, 3% Black, 1% respectively, Asian and “other” races. For a comparison of adult victim racial/ethnic distribution to the racial/ethnic composition of New Mexico, see **Figure 8**.

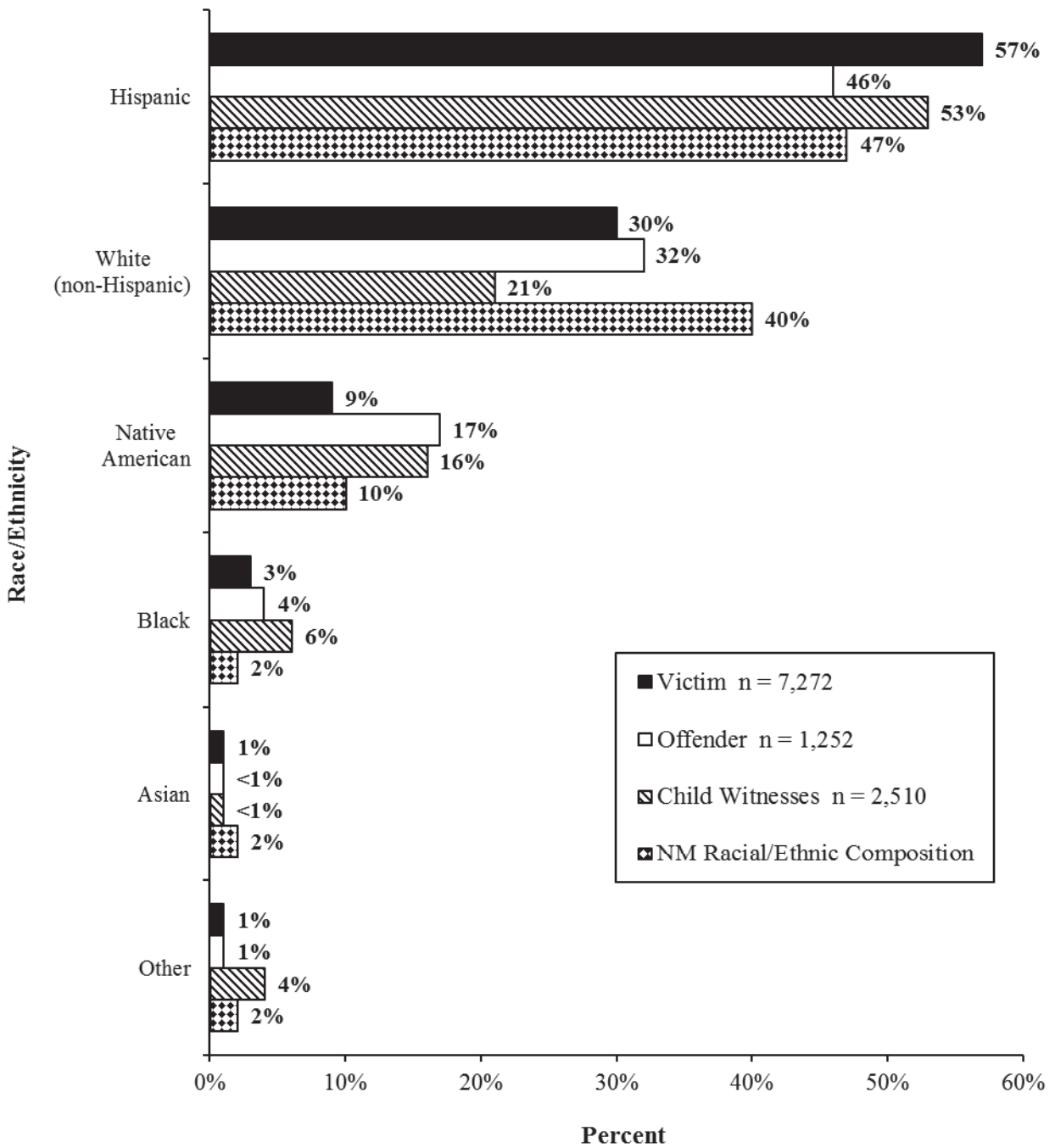
Hispanics comprised 53% of the 2,510 children victim-witnesses where race/ethnicity was documented, followed by 21% Whites (non-Hispanics), 16% Native Americans, 6% Blacks, 4% “other” and <1% Asians. Refer to Figure 8.

Of the 1,252 offender reports that documented offender race/ethnicity, the racial/ethnic group with the greatest number of offenders represented were Hispanics (46%), followed by Whites (non-Hispanics) (32%), Native Americans (17%), Blacks (4%), “other” race/ethnicity (1%), and Asians (<1%). Refer to Figure 8.

G. Domestic Violence Incidents That Involve Alcohol and/or Drug Use

- ▶ Law Enforcement Reports Documenting Alcohol/Drug Use Status 11,132
- ▶ Number Law Enforcement Incidents Involving Alcohol/Drug Use 3,679 (33%)
- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Alcohol/Drug Use for All Counties Table 12
- ▶ Five-Year Trends in Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use for Each County Section 4D

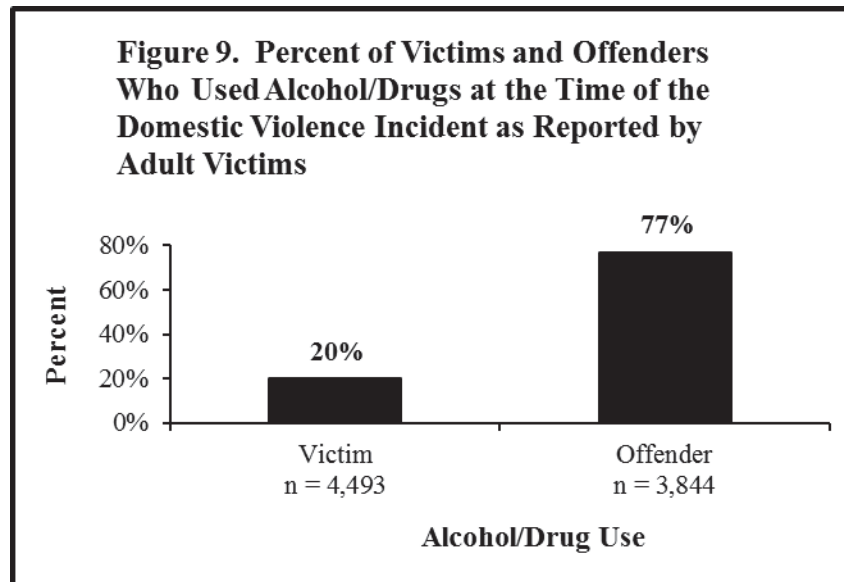
Figure 8. Ethnicity/Race of Victim, Offender, and Child Witnesses (as Reported by Domestic Violence Service Providers) Compared to State of New Mexico Ethnic/Racial Composition



H. Alcohol and/or Drug Use Among Victims Who Sought Help

- ▶ Number of Service-Provider Victim Reports Documenting Alcohol/Drug Status 4,493
- ▶ Number of Adult Victims Served Who Reported Using Alcohol/Drugs At The Time of The Domestic Violence Incident 910 (20%)

One-fifth (20%) of service provider cases reported victim use of alcohol/drugs at the time of their domestic violence incident. Three-quarters (77%) of adult-victims reported their offenders were using alcohol/drugs at the time of the domestic violence incident. See **Figure 9**.



- ▶ Number of Adult Victims Served Who Reported Whether Their Offender Was Using Alcohol/Drugs At The Time of The Domestic Violence Incident 3,844
- ▶ Number of These Reporting Offender Use of Alcohol/Drugs 2,944 (77%)
- ▶ Number of Service-Provider Offender Reports Documenting Alcohol/Drug Status 967
- ▶ Number of Offenders Served Who Reported Using Alcohol/Drugs At The Time of The Domestic Violence Incident 544 (56%)

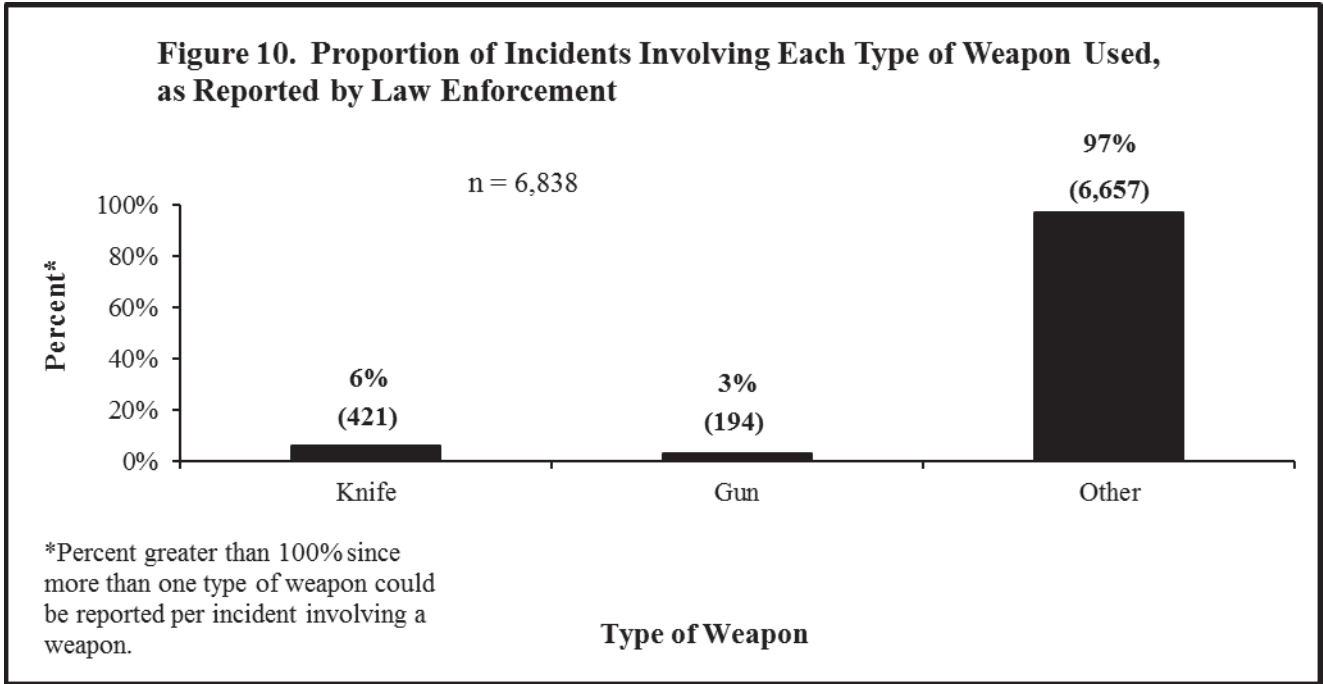
I. Domestic Violence Incidents That Involve A Weapon

- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement Reports Documenting Weapon-Use Status 10,798
- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement-Reported Incidents Involving A Weapon 6,954 (64%)
- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement-Reported Incidents Involving A Weapon by Agency Table 13
- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Incidents Involving A Weapon for All Counties Table 14

► Five-Year Trends in Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapon Use for Each County

Section 4E

The type of weapon used was identified in 6,838 incidents where a weapon was used. Of these, 421 (6%) were knives, 194 (3%) guns, and 6,657 (97%) “other” weapons including “personal” weapons (fist, feet, etc.) and “non-personal” weapons (boards, lamps, etc.). See **Figure 10**.



J. Weapon Use Among Those Who Sought Help

- Number of Service Provider Cases Documenting Weapon Use Status 5,620
- Number of Service Provider Cases Involving A Weapon 1,065 (19%)
- Number of Service Provider Cases Involving A Weapon by Agency Table 15

K. Domestic Violence Incidents That Involve Injury to Adult Victims

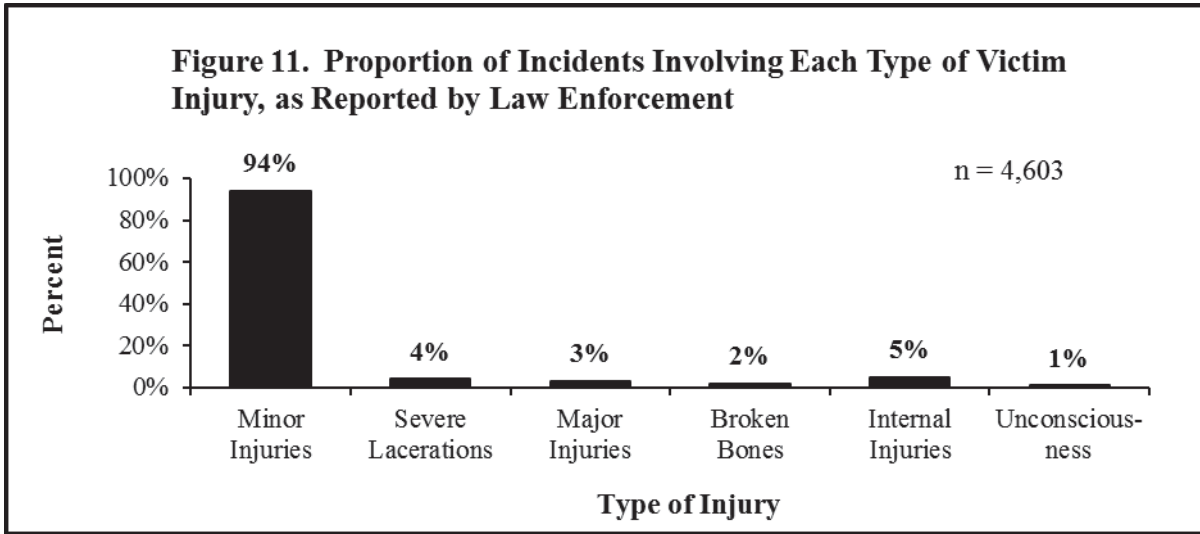
- Number of Law Enforcement Incidents Documenting Injury Status 11,160
- Number of Law Enforcement Incidents Involving Injury 4,603 (41%)
- Percent Law Enforcement-Reported Incidents Involving Injury by County Table 16

► Five-Year Trends in Domestic Violence Cases Involving Victim Injury for Each County

Section 4F

There were 4,957 injuries documented in the 4,603 cases involving injury. Of the incidents that involve injury, 94% (4,306) involved minor injuries, 3% (117) involved major injuries, 4% (169) involved

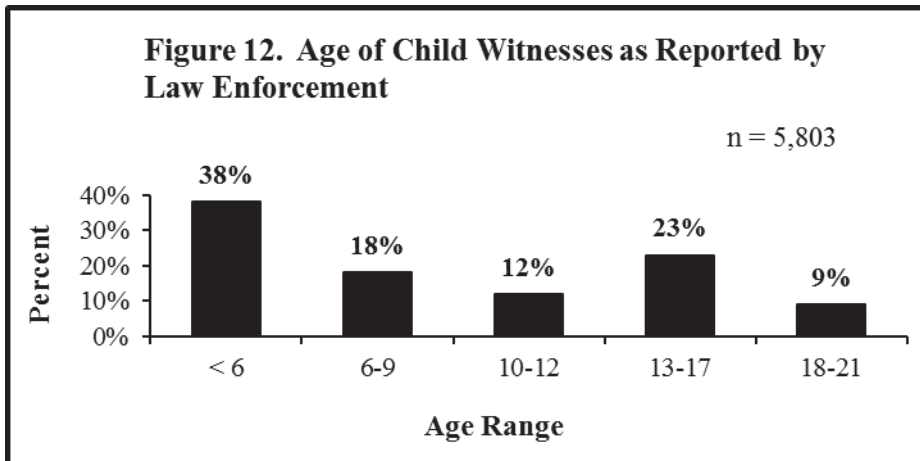
severe lacerations, 5% (237) involved internal major injuries, 2% (79) involved broken bones, and 1% (35) involved an unconscious victim. See **Figure 11**.



L. Domestic Violence Incidents That Have Children Present At The Scene

- ▶ Number of Service Provider Reports That Documented Whether Children Were Present 5,682
- ▶ Number of Service Provider Domestic Violence Cases with Children Present 1,809 (32%)
- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Reports Documenting Status Of Children Present 11,371
- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents with Children Present 3,686 (32%)
- ▶ Total Number of Children Present at the Scene of Domestic Violence Incidents 6,044

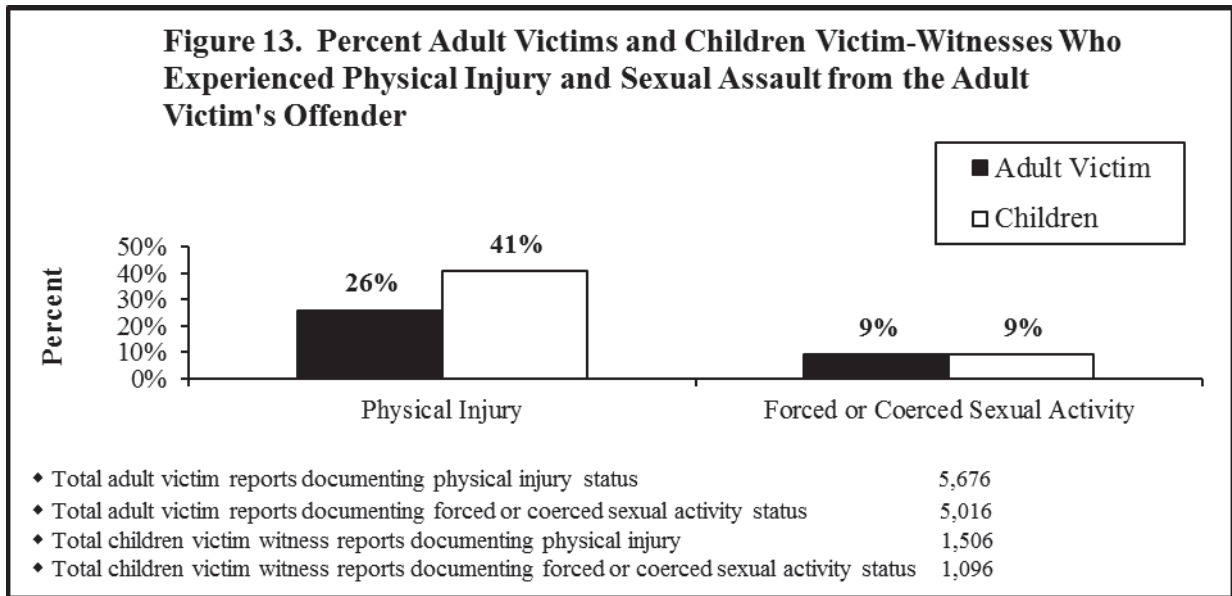
As reported by law enforcement, the ages of the children witnesses were documented in 5,803 cases. Over one-third (38%) of these children were under 6 years of age, 18% were 6-9 years of age, and 12% were ages 10 - 12. Therefore, over two-thirds (68%) of the children who witnessed domestic violence incidents were not yet adolescents. Adolescents between the ages of 13 and 17 comprised 23% of the children at the domestic violence scenes, while young adults, ages 18-21, comprised 9% of those who witnessed domestic abuse. See **Figure 12**.



There were 11,382 law enforcement-reported domestic violence incidents that documented both the number of incidents with children present and the number of children present. Of these incidents, 3,673 had children present and the total number of children present was 6,030 or 1.6 children per incident.

M. Injury and Sexual Assault Among Adult Victims and Children Who Sought Help

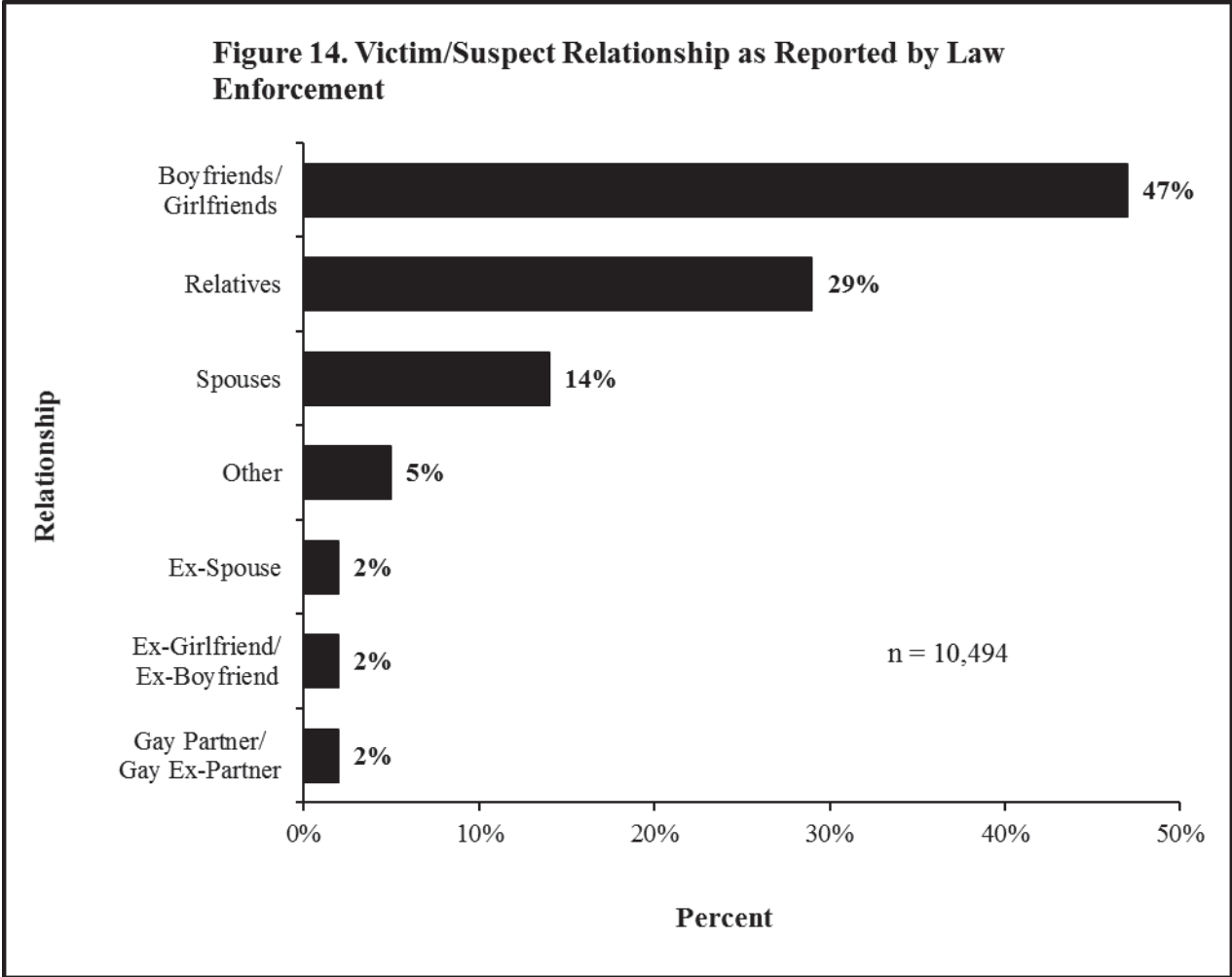
Of 5,676 service provider reports, 1,497 (26%) adult victims reported being physically injured from the domestic assault. Similarly, there were 5,016 provider reports that identified 460 (9%) adult victims who experienced forced or coerced sexual activity from the current offender. See **Figure 13**.



There were 1,506 service provider reports that identified 612 (41%) children victim-witnesses that experienced physical abuse from the current offender of the adult victim. Similarly, there were 1,096 provider reports that identified 95 (9%) children victim-witnesses who experienced sexual abuse from the current offender of the adult victim. Refer to Figure 13.

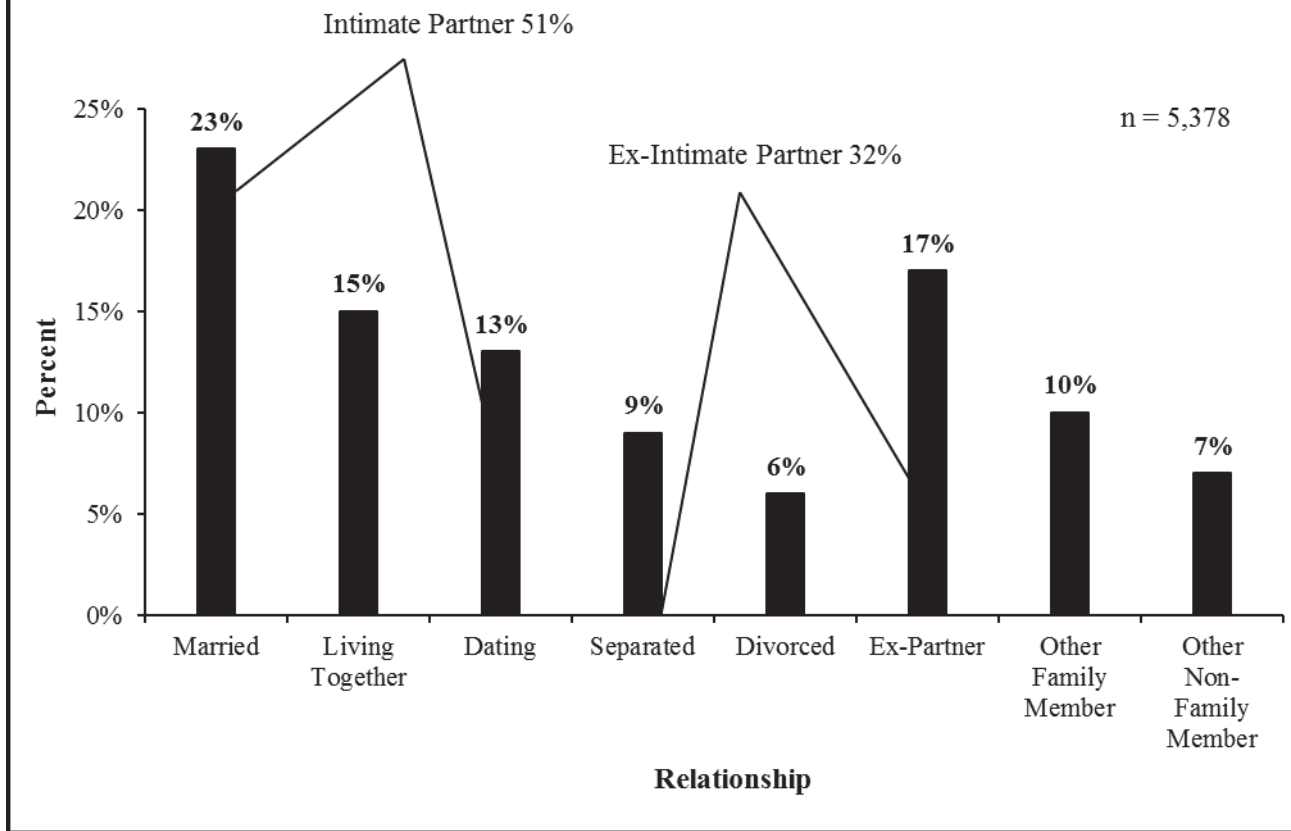
N. Victim/Offender Relationship

Of 19,056 suspects reported by law enforcement, their relationship to the victim was documented among 10,494. Of these, a total of 47% were *boyfriend/girlfriend* and 2%, *ex-boyfriend/ex-girlfriend*. The victim/suspect relationships in 16% were *spouse* (14%) and *ex-spouse* (2%). *Relatives* accounted for 29% of identified victim/suspect relationships, and *current or former gay partners* accounted for 2% of the victim/offender relationships. See **Figure 14**.



The victim/offender relationship was documented in 5,378 service provider reports. Half (51%) of the offenders were intimate partners of their victims with the following relationship descriptions: married (23%), living together (15%), or dating (13%). One-third (32%) of offenders were ex-intimate partners of their victims, with the following relationship descriptions: separated (9%), divorced (6%), or ex-partner (17%). Another 10% of offenders were a family member of the victim, and 7% other non-family members of the victim. See **Figure 15**.

Figure 15. Type of Survivor/Offender Relationship, as Reported by Service Providers



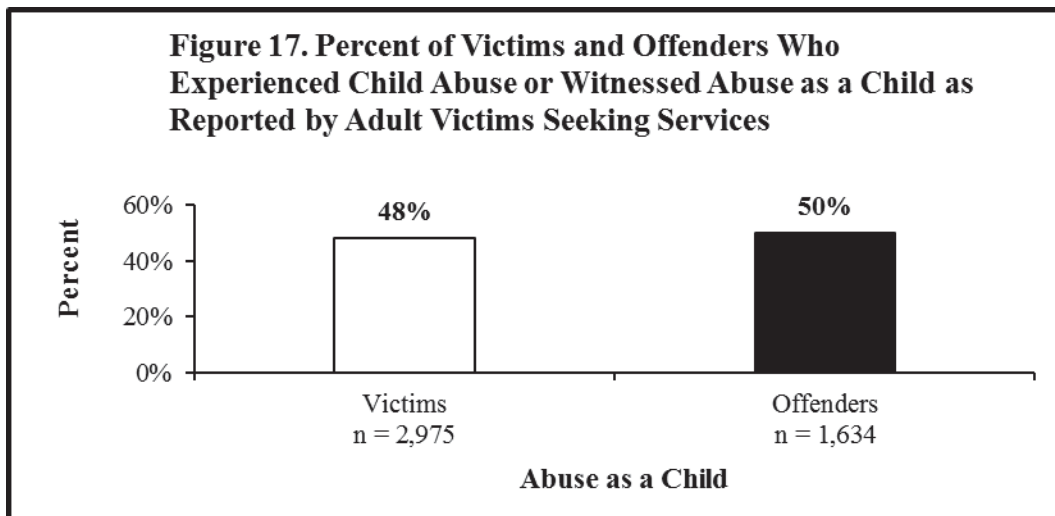
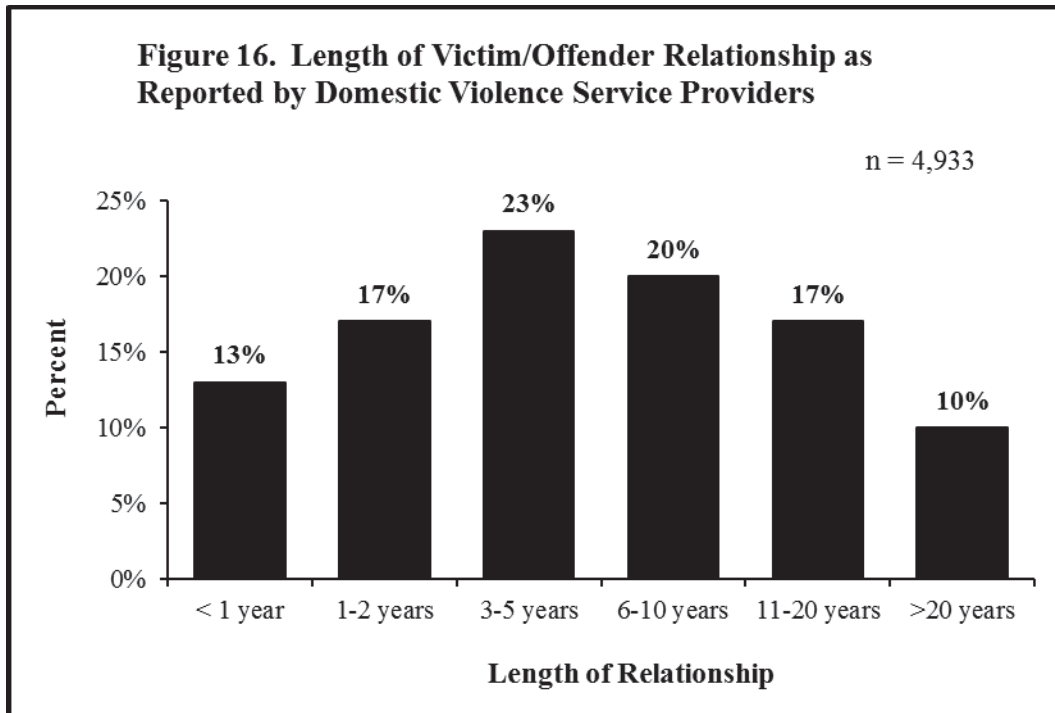
O. Length of Victim/Offender Relationships

There were 4,933 reports that documented the length of relationship between the victim and offender. Most victims reported a relationship duration of 3-5 years (23%), followed by those in a relationship for 6-10 years (20%), 11-20 years and 1-2 years (17%, respectively), less than one year (13%), and over 20 years (10%). See **Figure 16**.

P. Victims and Offenders Abused As Children

In 2014, there were 986 offender reports that documented past abuse. Of these, 39% (385) of offenders reported experiencing abuse as a child. However, when victims were asked if their offender was abused as a child, 50% (824 of 1,634) reported that their offender experienced abuse as a child. See **Figure 17**.

Past victim abuse and/or the witnessing of abuse as a child was documented in 2,975 provider reports. Almost half (48%) of the adult victims reported experiencing abuse as a child. Refer to Figure 17. Additionally, 47% of adult victims reported experiencing at least one prior domestic violence incident as an adult.

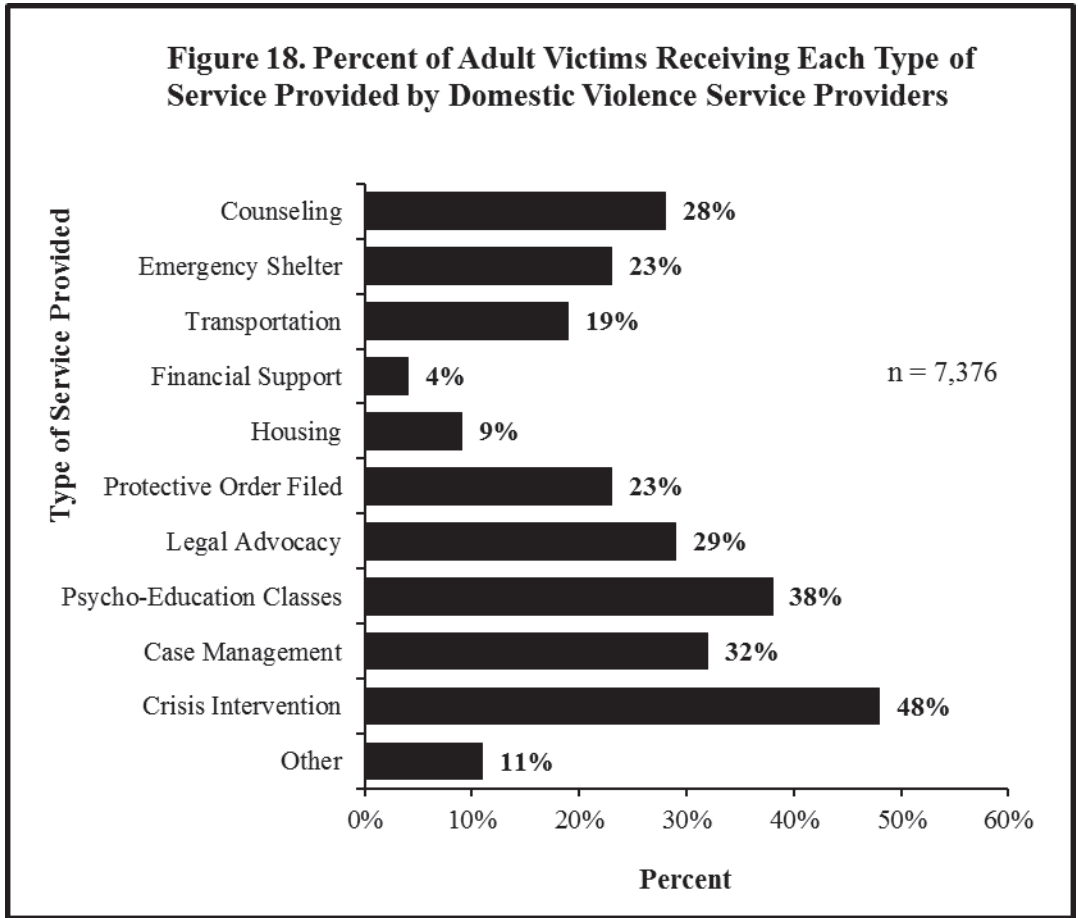


Q. Sources of Adult Victims' Referrals for Help and The Services They Receive

Most adult victim referrals to service providers were self-referrals (35%) and referred by law enforcement (24%). Six percent of victims were referred by adult court; and 5% respectively, were referred by family or client referred. Additionally, service providers throughout the state responded to 12,108 crisis/hotline calls. The *Domestic Violence Resource Center* (Albuquerque) responded to the most crisis calls, 57% (6,886) followed by *SAFE House* (Albuquerque), 9% (1,108), and *Haven House*, 6% (762).

- ▶ Sources of Adult Victim Referrals and The Number Referred from Each Table 17
- ▶ Crisis/Hotline Calls By Agency Table 18
- ▶ Crisis/Hotline Calls by County Table 19

The service that most adult victims received was crisis intervention (48%), followed by psycho-education classes (38%), case management (32%), legal advocacy (29%), counseling (28%), filing of a protective order and emergency shelter (23%, respectively), transportation (19%), housing assistance (9%) and financial support (4%). See **Figure 18**.



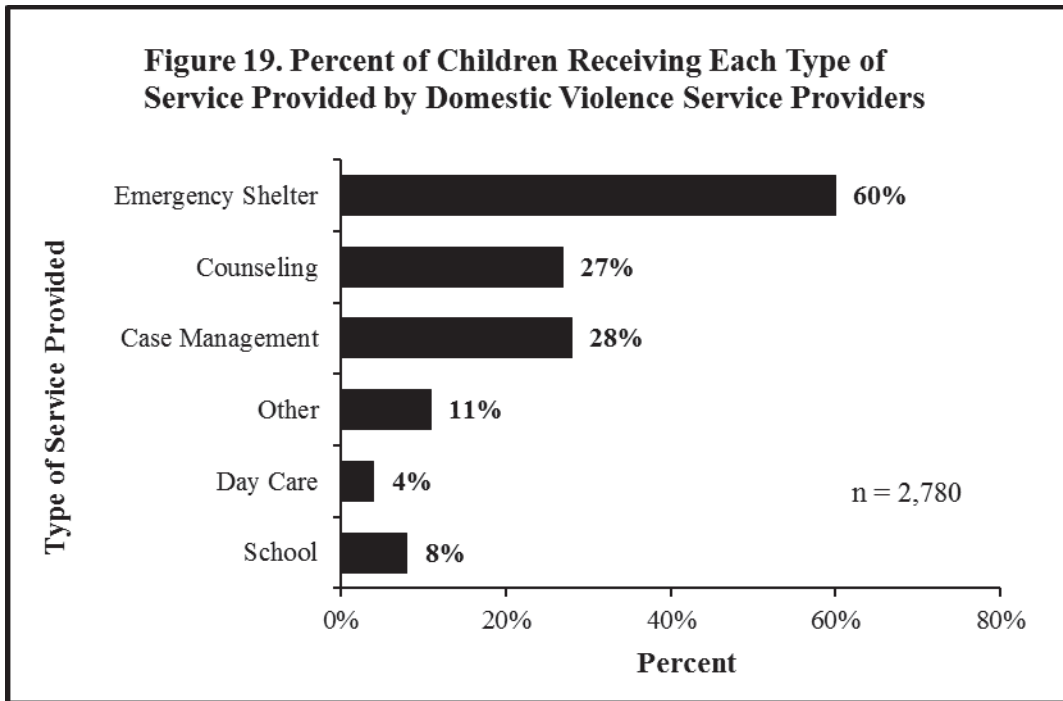
- ▶ Five-Year Trends in the Number of Adult Victims Served And The Number Receiving Each Service for Each County Section 4G
- ▶ Five-Year Trends in Number of Crises/Hotline Calls for Each County Section 4H

R. Sources of Child Referrals for Help and Services They Receive

Of 1,551 children referrals, most (68%) were referred by a family member/relative, followed by CYFD Child Protective Services (8%), law enforcement and victims who self-referred (7%, respectively).

- ▶ Sources of Children Referrals and The Number Referred from Each. Table 20

The specified service that most children received was emergency shelter (60%), followed by case-management (28%), and counseling (27%). See **Figure 19**.



► Five-Year Trends in the Number of Children Served And The Number Receiving Each Service for Each County

Section 4I

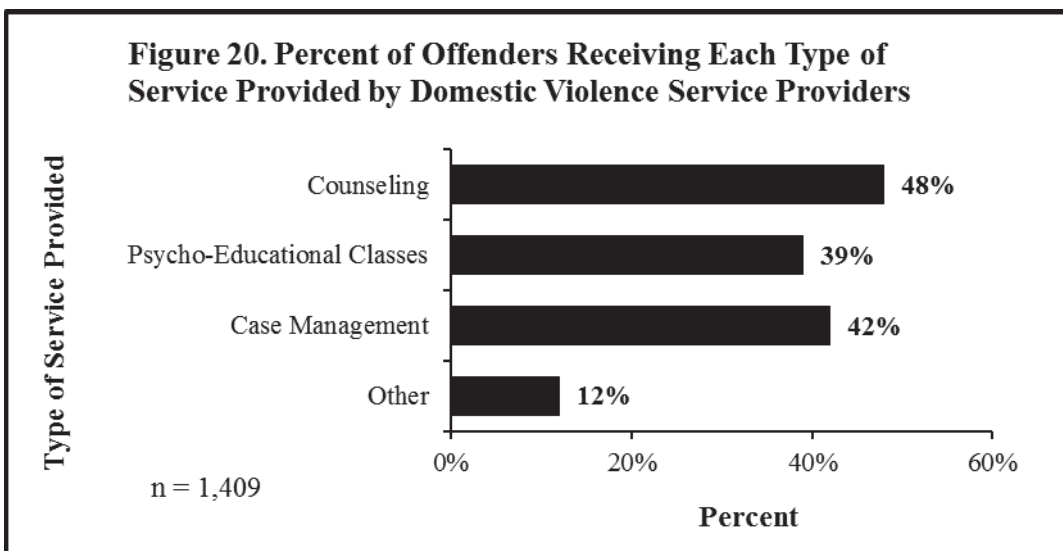
S. Sources of Offenders’ Referrals for Help and Services They Receive

Of 1,040 offender referrals, most (87%) were referred for services by adult court. Four percent of offenders respectively, were referred by CYFD Child Protective Services or self-referred, and 2% were referred by law enforcement.

► Sources of Offender Referrals and The Number Referred from Each

Table 21

Almost half (48%) of offenders received counseling, 42% received case management, over one-third (39%) received psycho-educational classes, and 12% received “other” services. See **Figure 20**.



- ▶ Five-Year Trends in the Number of Offenders Served And The Number Receiving Each Service for Each County Section 4J

T. Adult Victims Who Sought Help and Reported Their Domestic Violence Incident to Police

There were 5,682 reports that identified victim-reporting to law enforcement. Of these 2,467 (43%) reported their domestic violence incident to law enforcement.

- ▶ Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Reported to Law Enforcement by Service Provider Agency Table 22

U. Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents That Resulted in A Suspect Arrest

- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Incidents Documenting Arrest Status 11, 236
- ▶ Number of These With a Suspect Arrest 4,757 (42%)
- ▶ Number of Domestic Violence Incidents With No Arrest 6,479 (58%)
- ▶ Arrest Rates of All Law Enforcement Agencies Table 23
- ▶ Arrest Rates for All Counties Table 24

- ▶ Five-Year Trends in the Number of Suspect Arrests for Each County Section 4K

V. Adult Victims of Domestic Violence Who Filed A Protection Order

- ▶ Number of Law Enforcement-Reported Domestic Violence Cases 18,057
- ▶ Number of Protection Orders Issued in District Courts 5,889 (33%)
- ▶ Number of Protection Orders Issued by District Court Table 25

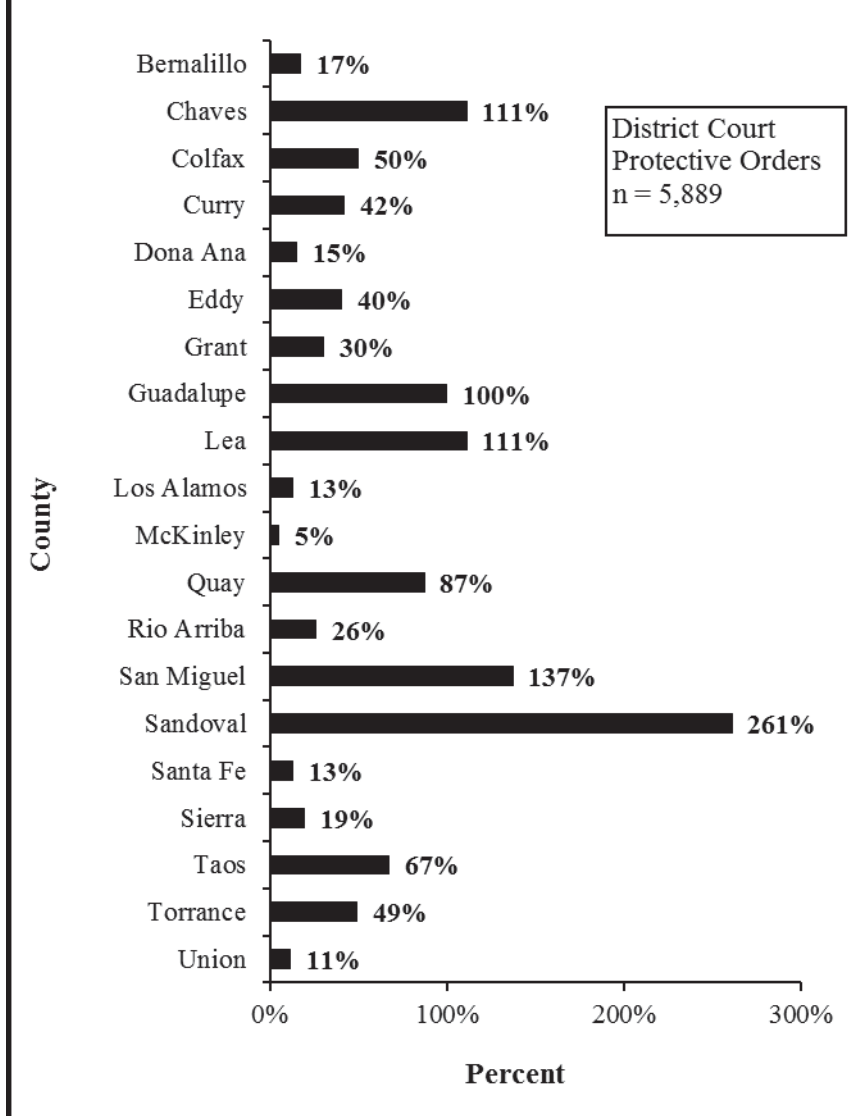
In counties with the most complete reporting (those with the law enforcement agency from the largest city in the county reporting) and with a minimum of 20 cases, a comparison was made between the number of protection orders filed in each county and the number of domestic violence cases reported to law enforcement in each county. Sandoval County had the highest number of protection orders filed in district court relative to the number of domestic violence incidents reported by law enforcement (261%), followed by San Miguel County (137%), Lea County and Chaves Counties (111%, respectively), and Guadalupe County (100%). McKinley County had the fewest number of protection orders filed in district court (5%) relative to the number of domestic violence incidents reported by law enforcement, followed by Union County (11%) and Santa Fe and Los Alamos Counties (13%, respectively). See **Figure 21**.

- ▶ Percent Law Enforcement Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued for All Counties Table 26
- ▶ Five-Year Trends on The Percent of Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued for Each County Section 4L

Service Providers helped domestic violence victims file 35% (2,036) of the total 5,889 protection orders issued by district courts in 2014.

- ▶ Number of Service Provider Cases Documenting Protection Orders Filed 5,889
- ▶ Number of Protection Orders Filed by Service Providers 2,036

Figure 21. Percent of Protection Orders Filed in District Courts Relative to The Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement, Per Selected Counties



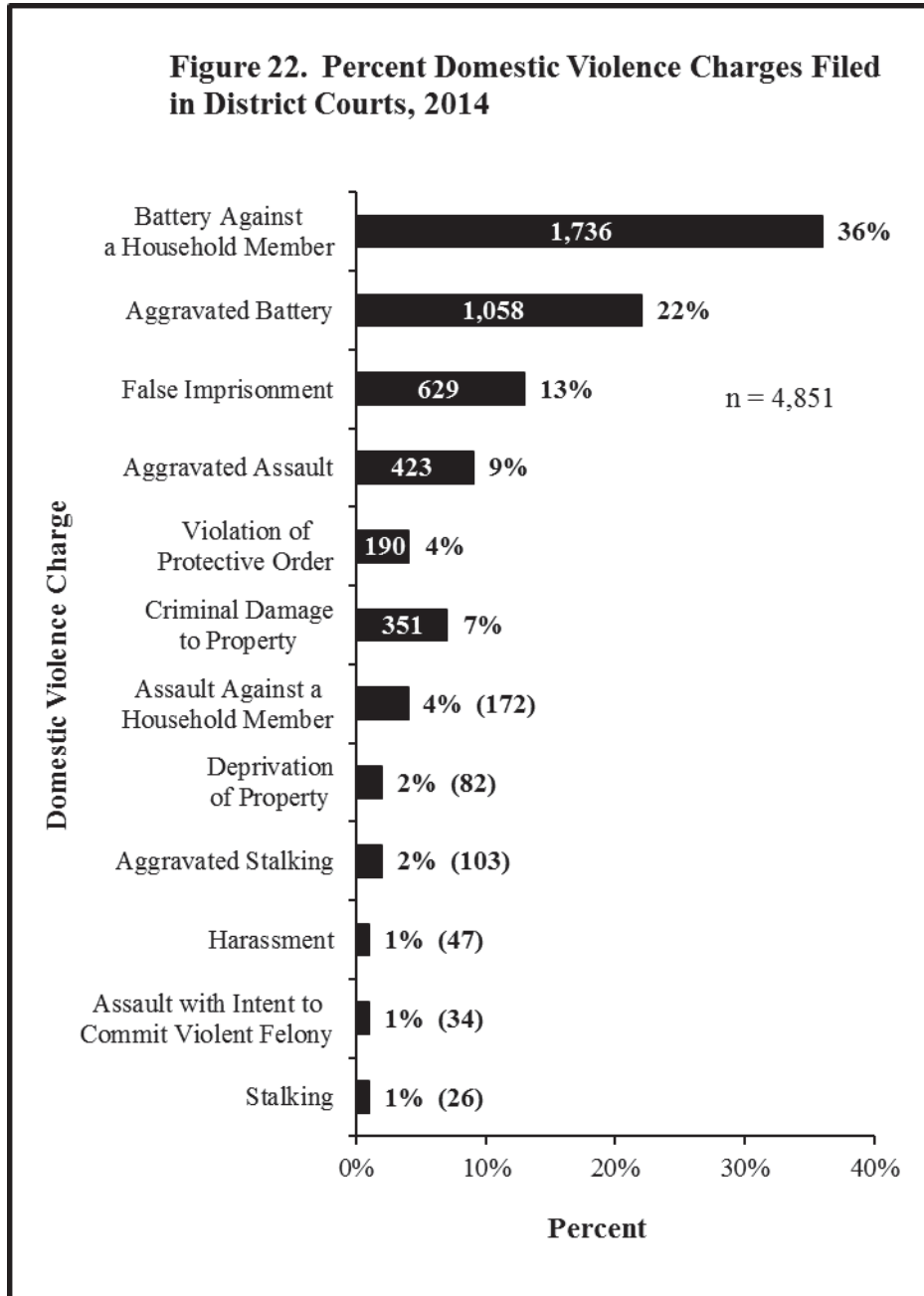
II. DISTRICT AND MAGISTRATE COURT FINDINGS

The Central Repository, in collaboration with the AOC, was able to identify and extract valuable district and magistrate court data regarding new domestic violence charges and cases filed in 2014, charges and cases disposed in 2014, the type of disposition outcomes for domestic violence *charges* and *cases*, and sentencing information. Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court data was recently (2013) added to the AOC case management system and is included in the analysis for this report. County totals on domestic violence charges filed, and conviction rates on domestic violence cases disposed in district and magistrate courts for 2014, are found in *Section Four, Tables M – P*.

A. District Courts

1. New Domestic Violence Charges and Cases Filed in District Courts, 2014

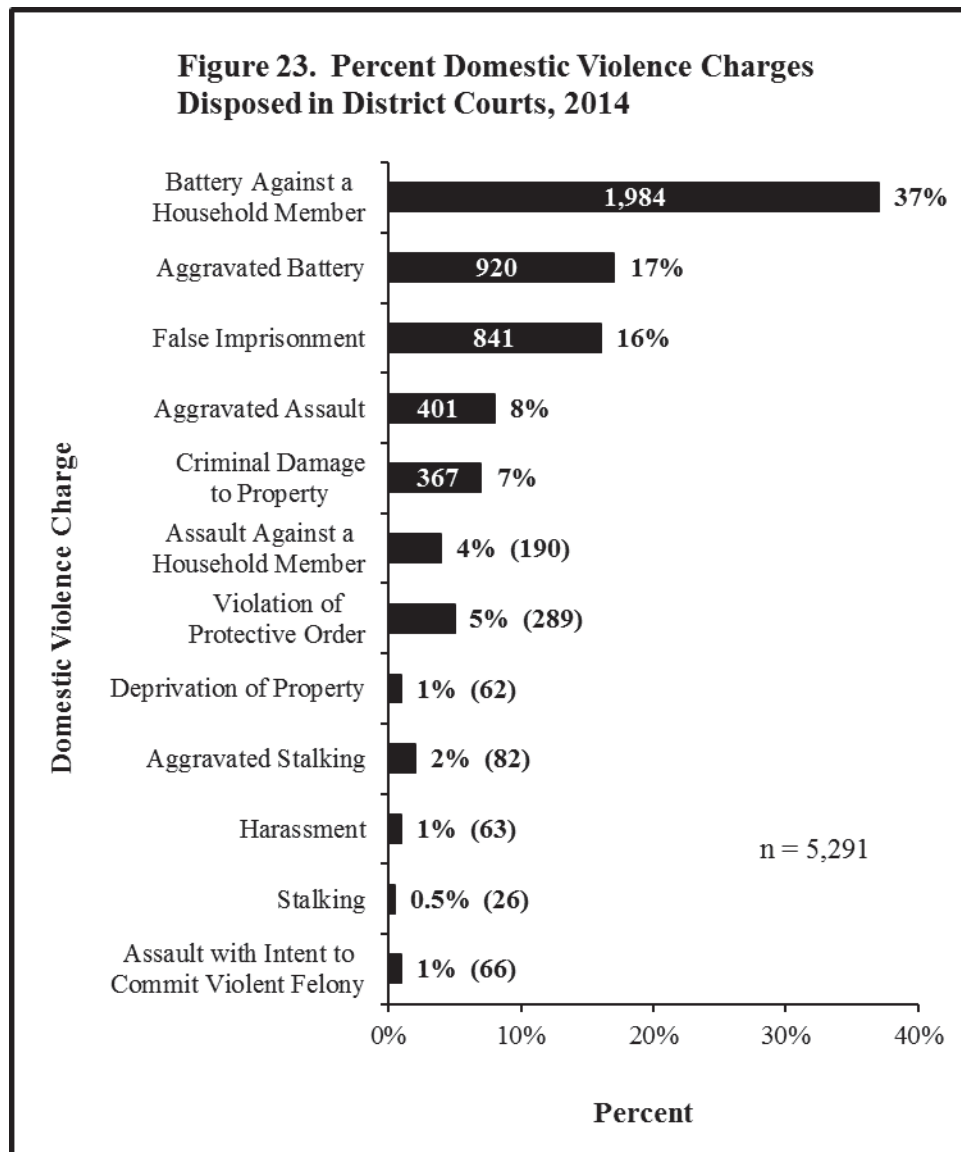
There were a total of 4,851 domestic violence charges filed in 2,235 new cases of domestic violence in New Mexico District Courts in 2014. See Appendix K for a list of participating statewide district courts. All cases/charges are against a household member. *Battery* comprised most (36% or 1,736) of the charges, followed by *aggravated battery*, 22% (1,058), *false imprisonment*, 13% (629), *aggravated assault*, 9% (423), and *criminal damage to property*, 7% (351). See **Figure 22**.



Over one-half (56%) of all domestic violence charges were filed in Bernalillo County. Dona Ana County comprised 7% of domestic violence charges filed, followed by San Juan County (5%). Curry, Otero, Sandoval, Santa Fe, and Valencia Counties comprised 3% respectively, of all domestic violence charges filed in 2014, see Table 27.

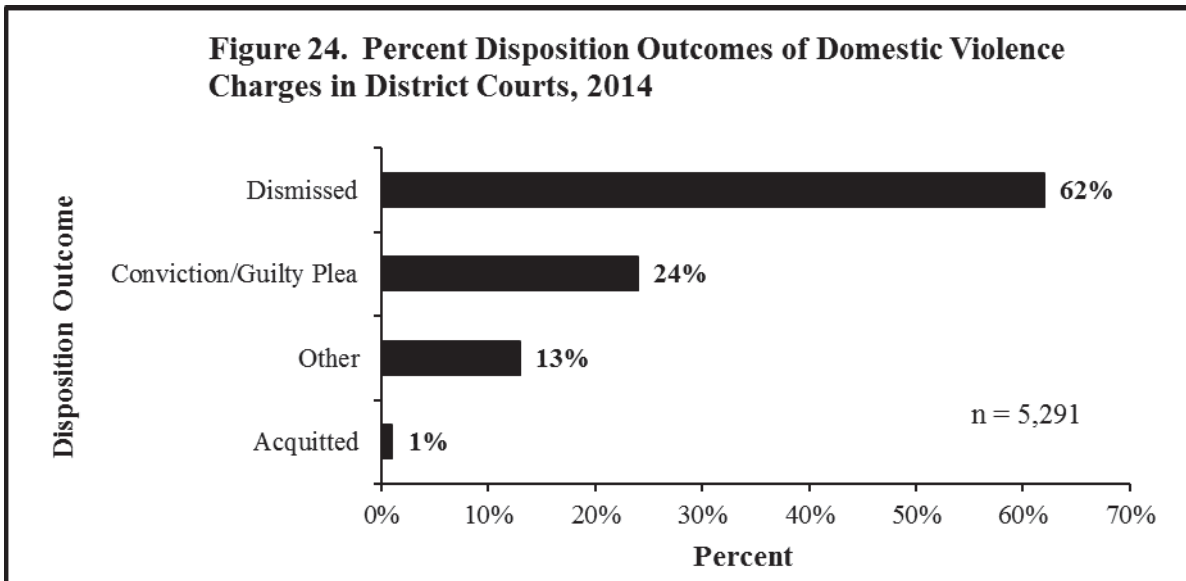
2. Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in District Courts, 2014

There were 5,291 domestic violence charges disposed in 2,432 cases of domestic violence in New Mexico District Courts in 2014. Of the disposed domestic violence charges, most (37%, or 1,984) were *battery*, followed by *aggravated battery*, 17% (920), and *false imprisonment*, 16% (841). See **Figure 23** for the proportion of each type of domestic violence crime disposed in 2014.



Slightly over half (57%) of all domestic violence charges were disposed in Bernalillo County. Dona Ana County comprised 8% of disposed domestic violence charges, followed by San Juan County (5%), Otero County (4%), Sandoval, Santa Fe, and Curry Counties (3%, respectively), and Chaves and Valencia Counties (2%, respectively). See Table 28.

Of the 5,291 domestic violence charges disposed, 62% (3,283) were dismissed, 1% (45) were acquitted, and 24% (1,296) obtained a guilty plea or conviction. See **Figure 24**. The remaining 13% of charges were “other” dispositions such as conditional discharges (296), remands (61), consent decrees (108), deferred charges (200), transfers (1), or consolidated charges (1) which demonstrated prosecution proceedings that did not result in a dismissal, conviction, or acquittal.



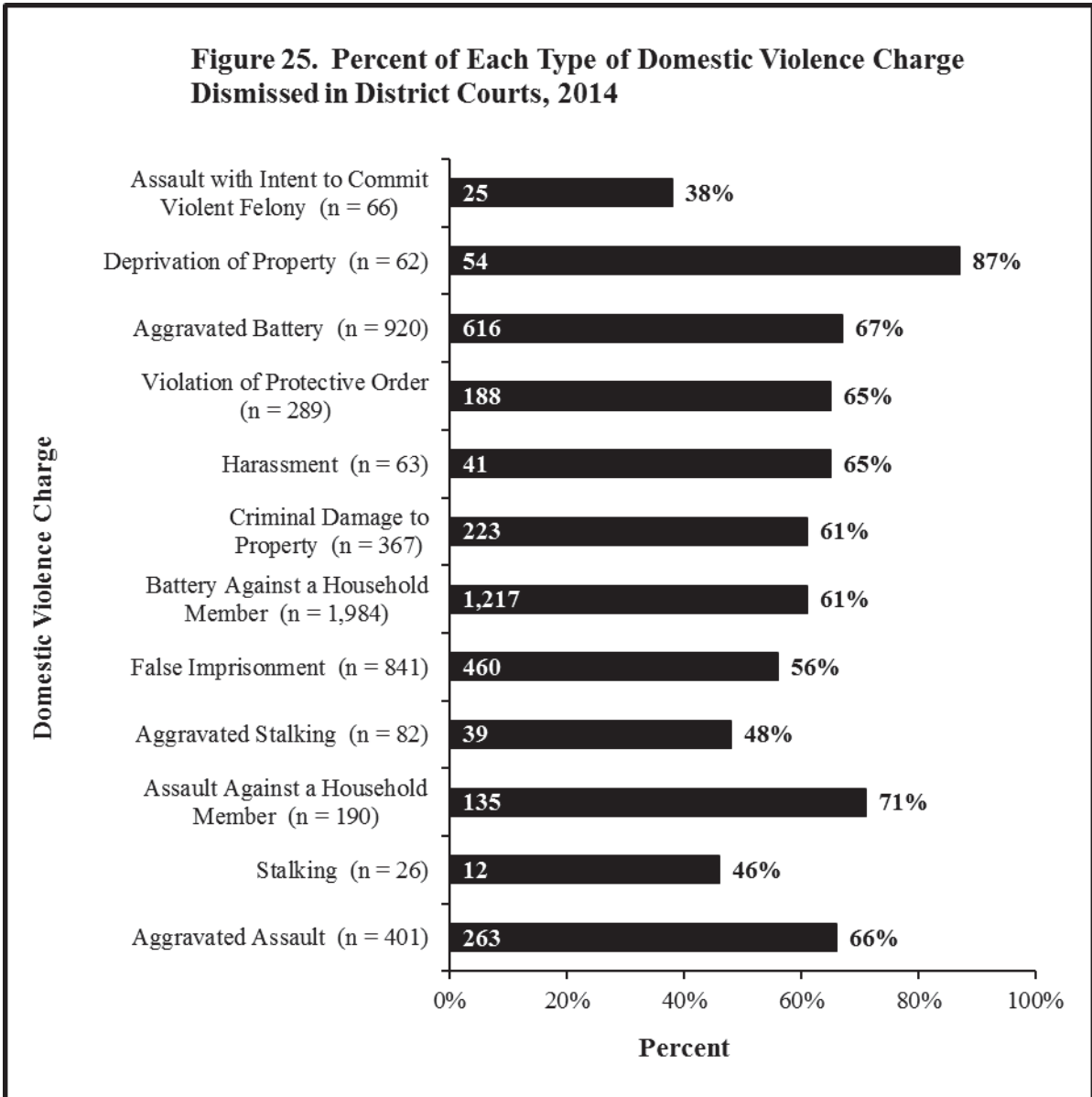
There were 39 unique charges comprising 12 unique categories of domestic violence crimes among the 5,291 disposed district court domestic violence charges in 2014. Dispositions (dismissals, acquittals, convictions) were examined by type of domestic violence charge. *Deprivation of property* was the charge with the greatest proportion of dismissals (87%), followed by *assault* (71%), *aggravated battery* (67%), *aggravated assault* (66%), *violation of a protective order* and *harassment* (65%, respectively), and *battery* and *criminal damage to property* (61%, respectively). **Figure 25** illustrates the proportion of each charge that was dismissed.

Similarly, when guilty pleas/convictions were examined by type of domestic violence charge, *assault* was the charge with the greatest proportion of convictions (71%), followed by *aggravated stalking* (43%), *stalking* (42%), *assault with intent to commit violent felony* (35%), and *false imprisonment* and *violation of a protective order* (27%, respectively). **Figure 26** illustrates the proportion of each charge that obtained a guilty plea or conviction.

There were 45 domestic violence charges that were acquitted. When acquittals were examined by type of domestic violence charge, 2% respectively, of *aggravated assault* and *false imprisonment* charges were acquitted, followed by 1% respectively, of *aggravated battery*, *battery*, and *criminal damage to property*. Less than one percent (0.35%) of *violation of a protective order* charges were acquitted.

Dispositions of domestic violence charges were examined by district court. When dismissals were examined by district court (among courts with 10 or more domestic violence charges), Raton District Court had the greatest proportion of dismissals (89%), followed by Socorro District Court (80%), Los Lunas District Court (78%), and Albuquerque and Tierra Amarilla District Courts (69%, respectively). Conversely, Deming District Court had the fewest domestic violence charges dismissed (17%), followed by Carlsbad District Court

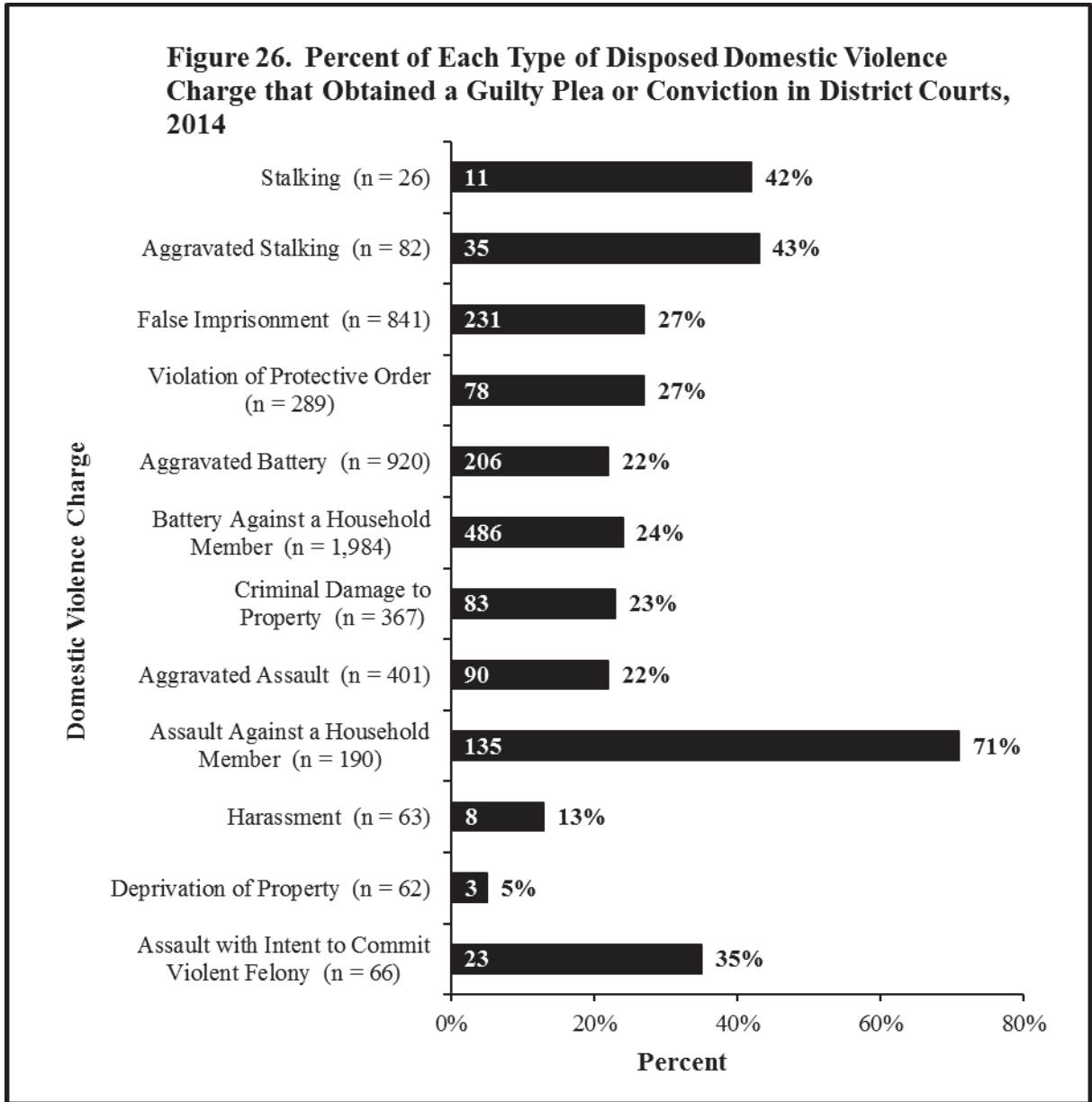
Figure 25. Percent of Each Type of Domestic Violence Charge Dismissed in District Courts, 2014



(23%), Carrizozo District Court (36%) and Alamogordo District Court (38%). See Table 29 for the proportion of domestic violence charges dismissed for all district courts.

When guilty pleas/convictions were examined by district court (among courts with 10 or more domestic violence charges), Deming District Court had the greatest proportion of convictions (63%), followed by Carlsbad District Courts (61%), Grants District Court (57%) and Alamogordo District Court (50%). Conversely, Raton District Court had the fewest convictions of domestic violence charges (4%), followed by Socorro District Court (7%), Lordsburg District Court (13%), Bernalillo District Court (14%), Los Lunas District Court (16%), Albuquerque District Court (18%) and Silver City District Court (19%). See Table 30 for the proportion of domestic violence charges that obtained a guilty plea/conviction for all district courts.

For the disposition outcomes on specific domestic violence charges for each district court, see Tables D1-D32.



3. Domestic Violence Cases Disposed in District Courts in 2014

Of the 2,432 cases of domestic violence disposed in district courts in 2014, 37% (902) obtained a guilty plea/conviction, 1% (32) obtained an acquittal, 52% (1,259) were dismissed, and 10% (239) had prosecution proceedings that resulted in “other” dispositions (conditional discharges, remands, and consent decrees).

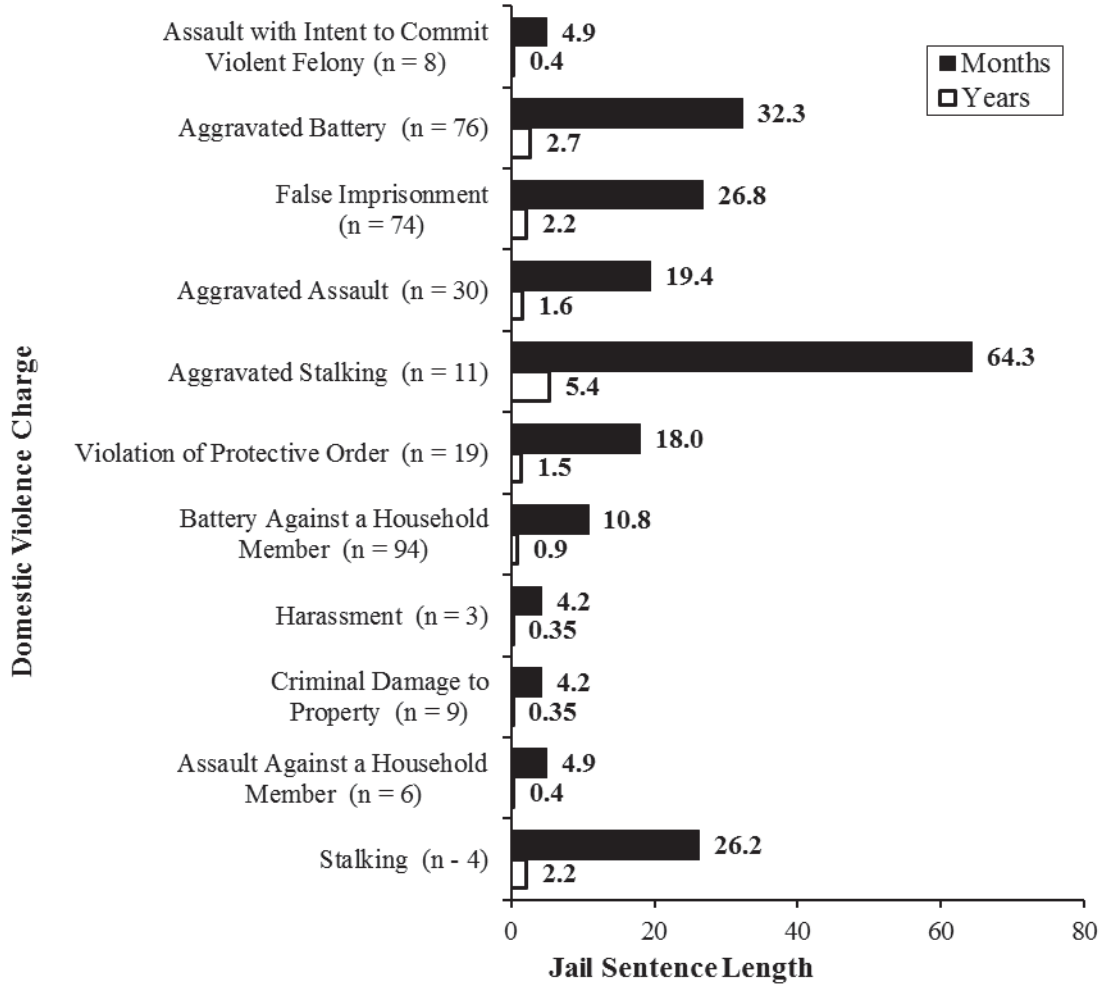
Table 31 illustrates the number of cases dismissed, convicted, and acquitted for each district court.

An examination of dismissed cases by district court (among courts with 10 or more domestic violence cases) shows that Raton District Court had the highest dismissal rate of their disposed domestic violence cases (94%), followed by Socorro District Court (83%), Los Lunas District Court (73%), and Bernalillo District Court (70%). See Table 32.

Similarly, an examination of cases that obtained a guilty plea/conviction by district court (among courts with 10 or more domestic violence cases) shows that Grants District Court had the highest conviction rate of their disposed domestic violence cases (72%), followed by Deming and Carlsbad District Courts (61%, respectively), Las Cruces District Court (58%), and Alamogordo District Court (52%). Conversely, Raton District Court had the fewest domestic violence cases with a conviction (6%), followed by Socorro District Court (8%), and Bernalillo District Court (14%). See Table 33.

Of the 902 domestic violence cases that resulted in a guilty plea or conviction, 720 reported jail and/or probation sentencing: 17% (120) received a jail sentence, 23% (165) received probation with no jail, and 60% (435) received a jail and probation sentence. *Aggravated stalking* was the charge that received the longest average jail sentence (5.4 years or 64 months). *Aggravated battery* was the charge with the next longest average jail sentence (2.7 years or 32 months), followed by *false imprisonment* and *stalking* (2.2 years or 26 months, respectively), *aggravated assault* (1.6 years or 19.4 months), and *violation of a protective order* (1.5 years or 18 months). All other domestic violence charges had an average jail sentence of less than one year: *battery* (10.8 months), *assault* and *assault with intent to commit a violent felony* (4.9 months, respectively), and *harassment* and *criminal damage to property* (4.2 months, respectively). See **Figure 27** for the average length of jail sentence for each type of domestic violence charge disposed in 2014.

Figure 27. Average Length of Jail Sentence for Each Type of Domestic Violence Charge Disposed in District Courts, 2014



4. District Court Protection Orders Issued

In 2014, there were 5,889 protection orders issued by statewide district courts for one or more parties involved in 4,235 new protection order cases. Of the 5,889 protection orders issued, 4% (266) were emergency protection orders, 38% (2,232) were domestic violence temporary orders of protection, and 58% (3,391) were judgments for permanent protection orders. Of the 3,391 judgments, 92% were for the initial petitioner against the respondent, 5% were for the respondent against the initial petitioner, and 2% were mutual orders of protection issued.

Of the 266 emergency protection orders issued in 2014, 67% (177) were issued in Bernalillo County, followed by 20% (52) in Dona Ana County, and 5% (13) in Luna County. See Table 34 for a list of emergency protection orders issued by county.

Of the 2,232 domestic violence temporary orders of protection issued in 2014, most (33% or 732) were issued by Chaves County, followed by Otero County, 19% (424), Sandoval County, 16% (353), Lea County, 12% (257), and San Miguel County, 9% (212). See Table 35 for a list of domestic violence temporary orders of protection issued by county.

Of the 3,391 judgments for permanent protection orders issued in 2014, most (36% or 1,205) were issued by Bernalillo County. Dona Ana County issued 7% (232) of all permanent protection orders, followed by Santa Fe (211) and Valencia (194) counties (6%, respectively). See Table 36 for a list of permanent protection orders issued by county.

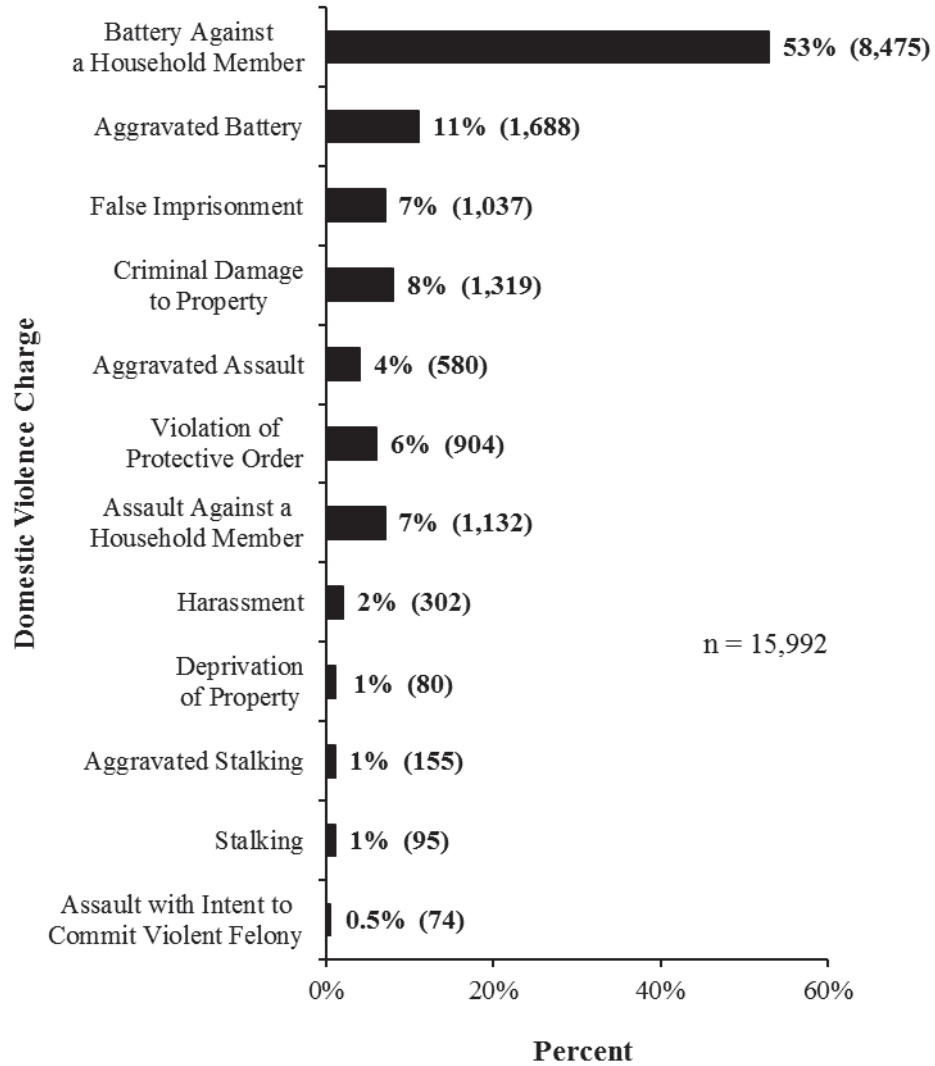
B. Magistrate Courts

1. New Domestic Violence Charges and Cases Filed in Magistrate Courts, 2014

There were a total of 15,922 domestic violence charges filed in 12,643 new cases of domestic violence in New Mexico Magistrate Courts in 2014. See Appendix L for a list of participating magistrate courts. All cases/charges are against a household member. *Battery* comprised most (53% or 8,475) of the charges, followed by *aggravated battery*, 11% (1,688), *criminal damage to property*, 8% (1,319), *assault* (1,132) and *false imprisonment* (1,037) with 7% respectively, *violation of a protection order*, 6% (904), and *aggravated assault*, 4% (580). See **Figure 28**.

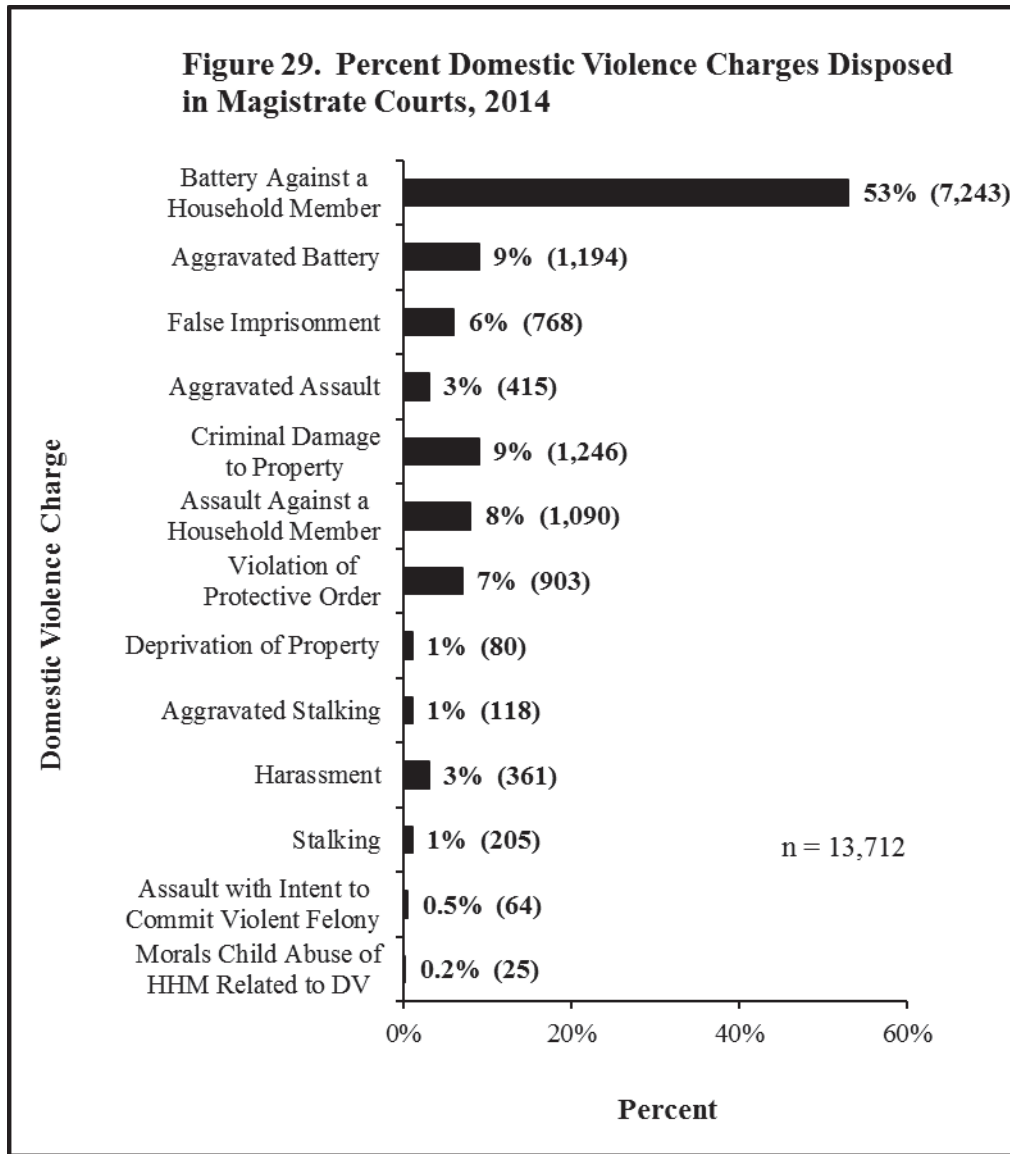
Bernalillo County comprised most (38% or 6,046) of all the magistrate-metropolitan court domestic violence charges, followed closely by Dona Ana County, 8% (1,314), Santa Fe County, 6% (899), Sandoval County, 5% (798), and McKinley County (640) and Valencia County (587) with 4%, respectively. See Table 37 for the proportion of new charges filed by each county.

Figure 28. Percent Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Magistrate Courts, 2014



2. Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in Magistrate Courts, 2014

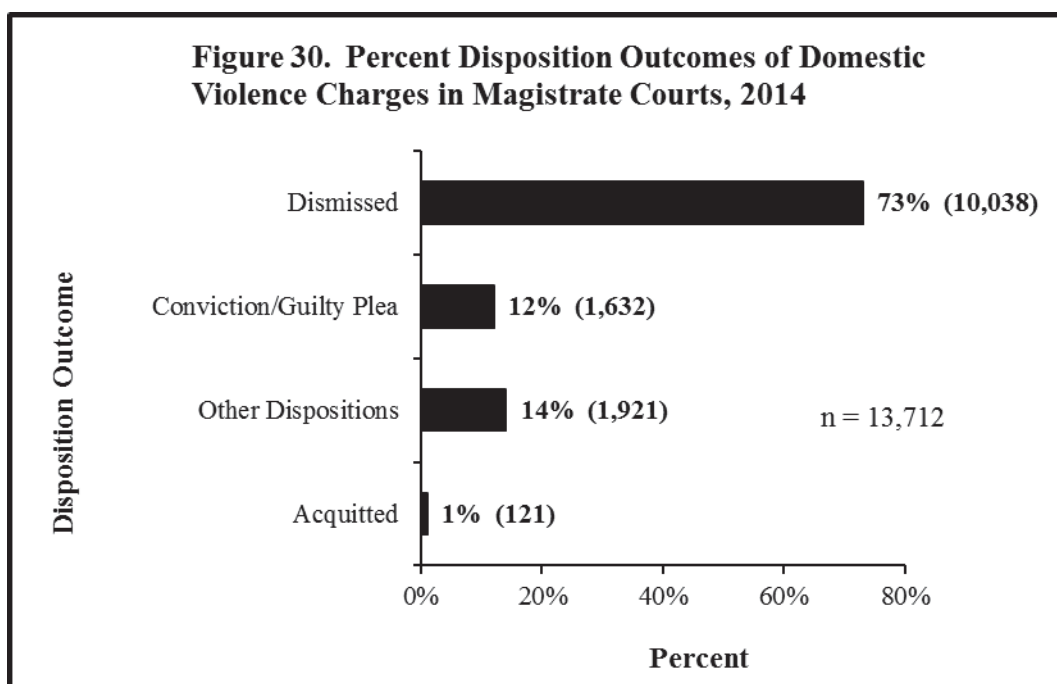
There were 13,712 domestic violence charges disposed in 10,765 cases of domestic violence in magistrate courts in 2014. Of the disposed domestic violence charges, most (53%, or 7,243) were *battery*, followed by *criminal damage to property* (1,246), and *aggravated battery* (1,194) with 9% respectively, *assault*, 8% (1,090), *violation of a protective order*, 7% (903), and *false imprisonment*, 6% (768). See **Figure 29** for the proportion of each type of domestic violence crime disposed in 2014.



Bernalillo County comprised most (35%, or 4,809) of all the magistrate court domestic violence charges disposed, followed by Dona Ana County, 9% (1,256), San Juan County, 7% (1,002), and Sandoval County, 6% (776). See Table 38 for the proportion of charges disposed by each county.

Of the 13,712 domestic violence charges disposed, 73% (10,038) were dismissed, 1% (121) were acquitted, and 12% (1,632) obtained a guilty plea or conviction. The remaining 14% were charges with “other” dispositions such as bind over charges, 51% (971), transferred charges, 33% (632), deferred charges, 13% (242), or conditional discharges, 3% (52) which demonstrated prosecution proceedings that did not result in a dismissal, conviction, or acquittal. See **Figure 30**.

See Table 39 for the proportion of domestic violence charges dismissed for all magistrate courts.



There were 55 unique charges comprising 13 unique categories of domestic violence crimes among the 13,712 disposed domestic violence charges in magistrate courts in 2014. Dispositions (dismissals, acquittals, convictions) were examined by type of domestic violence charge. *Morals child abuse of a household member related to domestic violence* was the charge with the greatest proportion of dismissals, 92% (23), followed by *stalking*, 88% (180), *harassment* (293) and *deprivation of property* (65) with 81% respectively, *assault*, 78% (850), *battery against a household member*, 77% (5,552), *violation of a protective order*, 76% (687), and *criminal damage to property*, 73% (910). **Figure 31** illustrates the proportion of each domestic violence charge that was dismissed.

Similarly, when guilty pleas/convictions were examined by type of domestic violence charge, *violation of a protective order* was the charge with the greatest proportion of convictions, 16% (144), followed by *battery* (1,019) and *criminal damage to property* (180), with 14% respectively, *assault*, 13% (138), and *harassment*, 12% (43). **Figure 32** illustrates the proportion of each domestic violence charge that obtained a guilty plea or conviction.

There were 121 domestic violence charges that were acquitted. When acquittals were examined by type of domestic violence charge, *Morals child abuse of a household member related to domestic violence* obtained the greatest proportion of acquittals, 4% (1), followed by *stalking*, 3% (6). One percent respectively, of *battery* (77), *assault* (11), *aggravated assault* (9), *harassment* (3) and *violation of a protective order* charges (8) were acquitted; and *aggravated assault*, *aggravated stalking*, *assault with intent to commit a violent felony*, *deprivation of property* and *false imprisonment* had no acquittals.

Dispositions of domestic violence charges were examined by magistrate court. When dismissals were examined by magistrate court (among courts with 10 or more domestic violence charges), Albuquerque Metro Court had the greatest proportion of dismissals (93%), followed by Chama, Espanola, and Springer Magistrate Courts (88%, respectively), Anthony Magistrate Court (85%), Gallup Magistrate Court (84%), and Cuba Magistrate Court (81%). Conversely, Fort Sumner Magistrate Court had the fewest domestic violence charges dismissed (14%), followed by Carrizozo Magistrate Court (23%), Ruidoso Magistrate Court (26%), Alamogordo Magistrate Court (27%), and Deming Magistrate Court (28%).

Figure 31. Percent of Each Type of Domestic Violence Charge Dismissed in Magistrate Courts, 2014

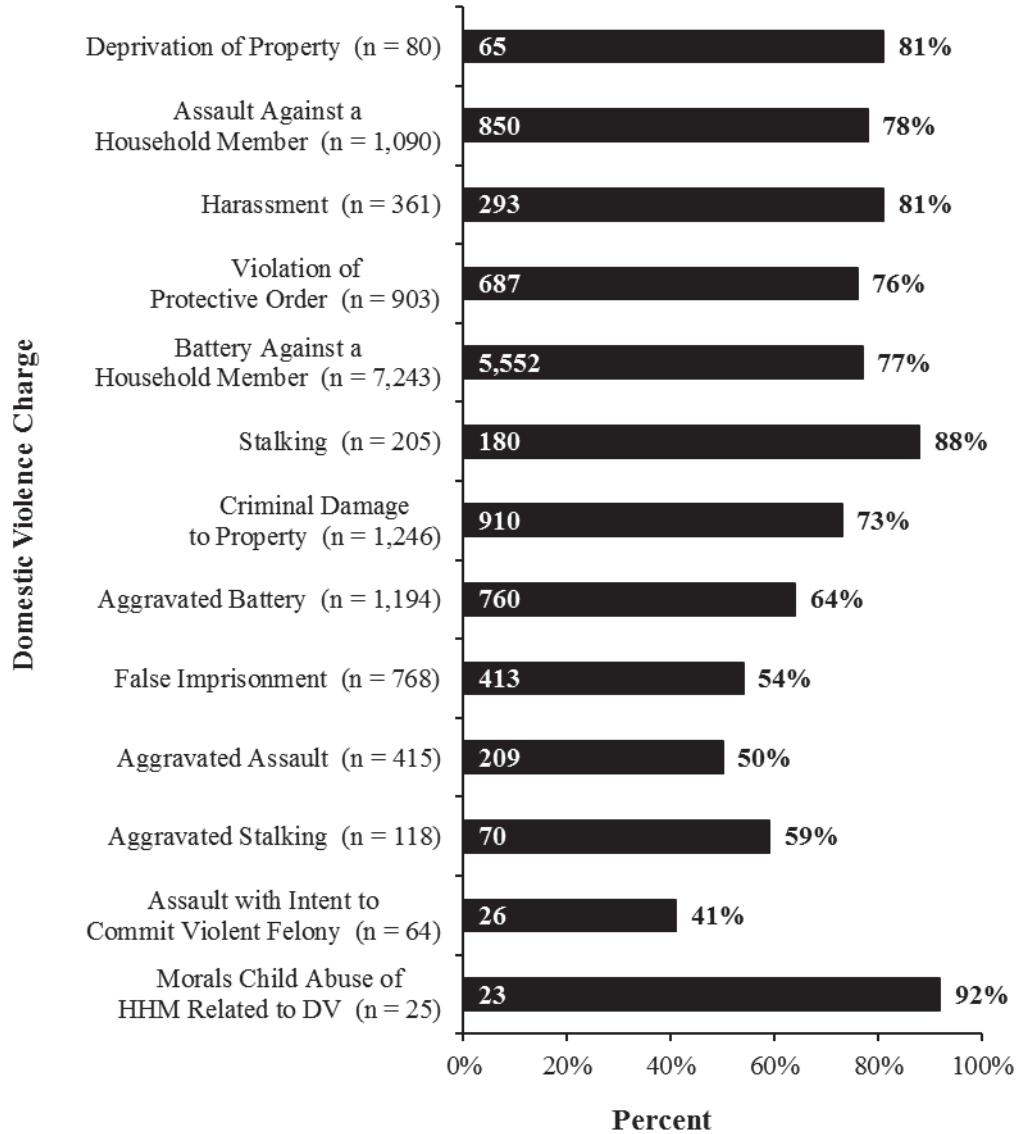
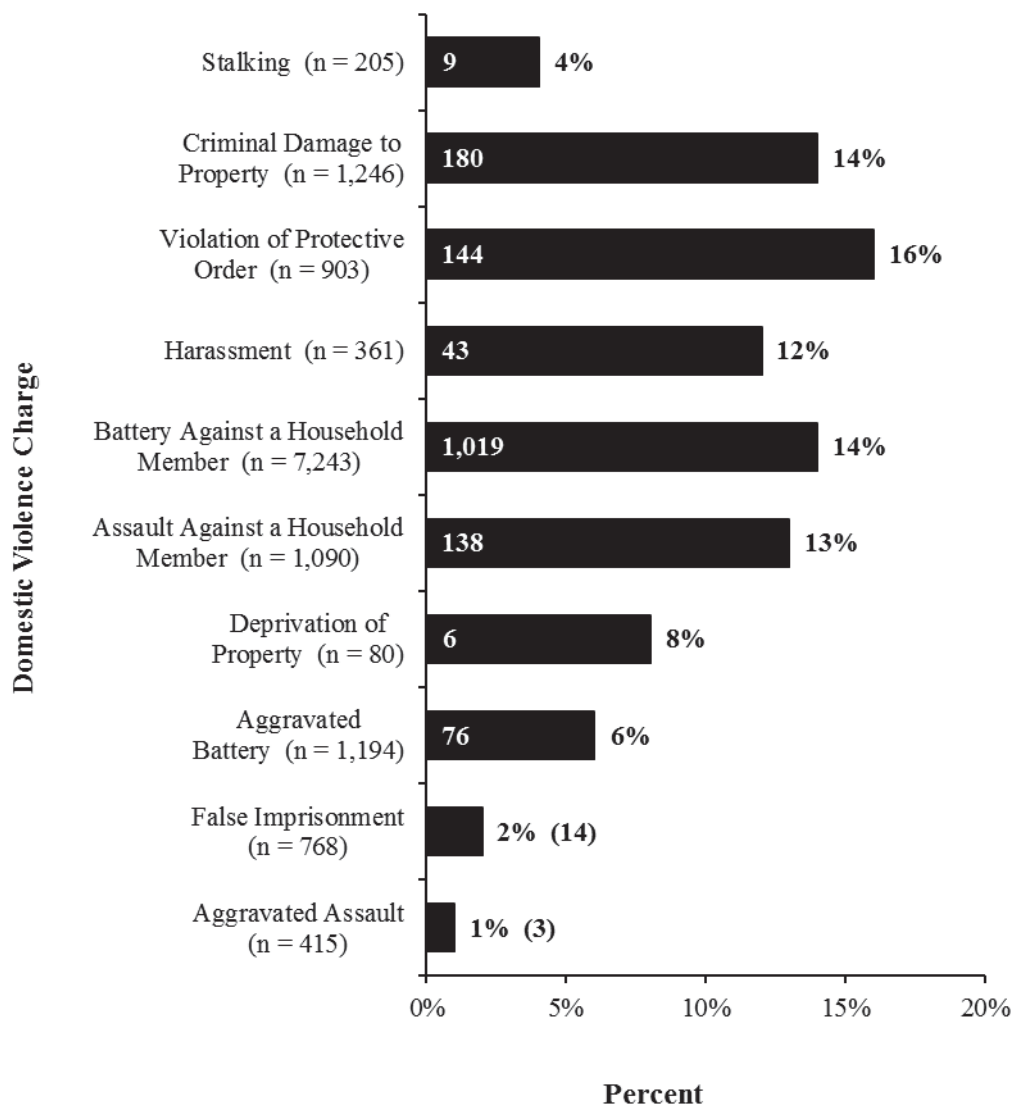


Figure 32. Percent of Each Type of Disposed Domestic Violence Charge that Obtained a Guilty Plea or Conviction in Magistrate Courts, 2014



When guilty pleas/convictions were examined by magistrate court (among courts with 10 or more domestic violence charges), Carlsbad Magistrate Court had the greatest proportion of convictions (47%), followed by Carrizozo Magistrate Court (45%), Artesia and Alamogordo Magistrate Courts (38%, respectively), Ruidoso Magistrate Court (34%), and Deming Magistrate Court (33%). Conversely, Albuquerque Metro Court had the fewest convictions of domestic violence charges (3%), followed by Belen Bernalillo, Chama, Espanola, and Springer Magistrate Courts (4%, respectively), and Santa Fe Magistrate

Court (5%). See Table 40 for the proportion of domestic violence charges that obtained a guilty plea/conviction for all magistrate courts.

For the disposition outcomes on specific domestic violence charges for each magistrate court, see Tables M1 – M46.

3. Domestic Violence Cases Disposed in Magistrate Courts, 2014

Of the 10,765 cases of domestic violence disposed in magistrate courts in 2014, 14% (1,507) obtained a guilty plea/conviction, 1% (105) obtained an acquittal, 74% (8,004) were dismissed, and 11% (1,149) had prosecution proceedings that resulted in “*other dispositions*”.

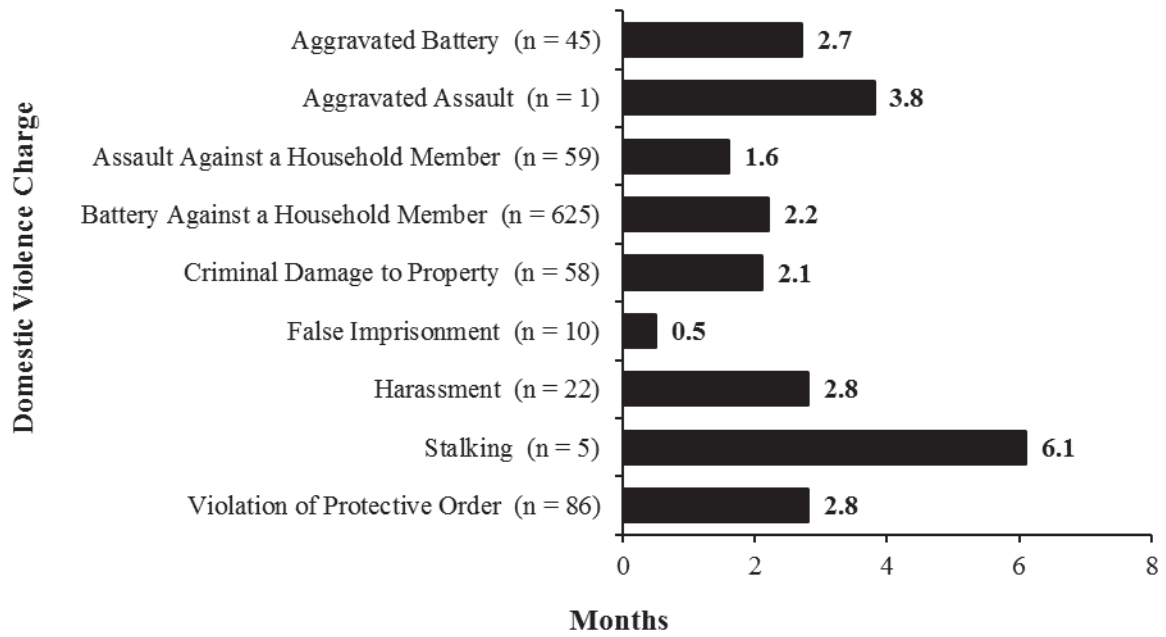
Table 41 illustrates the number of cases dismissed, convicted, acquitted and that obtained other dispositions outcomes for each magistrate court.

An examination of dismissed cases by magistrate courts (among courts with 10 or more domestic violence cases) shows that Albuquerque Metro Court had the highest dismissal rate of their disposed domestic violence cases (93%), followed by Espanola Magistrate Court (89%), Springer Magistrate Court (88%), Chama Magistrate Court (87%) and Gallup Magistrate Court (85%). Conversely, Carrizozo Magistrate Court had the fewest dismissals (16%), followed Deming and Alamogordo Magistrate Courts (26%, respectively), and Ruidoso Magistrate Court (29%). See Table 42.

Similarly, an examination of cases that obtained a guilty plea/conviction by magistrate court (among courts with 10 or more domestic violence cases) shows that Carrizozo Magistrate Court had the highest conviction rate of their disposed domestic violence cases (53%), followed by Carlsbad Magistrate Court (49%), Alamogordo Magistrate Court (45%), Ruidoso Magistrate Court (43%), and Artesia and Deming Magistrate Courts (39%, respectively). Conversely, Albuquerque Metro Court had the fewest domestic violence cases with a conviction (4%), followed by Espanola and Belen Magistrate Courts (5%, respectively), and Bernalillo, Santa Fe, and Springer Magistrate Courts (6%, respectively). See Table 43.

Of the 1,507 domestic violence cases that resulted in a guilty plea or conviction, 1,244 reported jail and/or probation sentencing: 9% (112) received a jail sentence, 28% (351) received probation with no jail, and 63% (781) received a jail and probation sentence. *Stalking* was the charge that received the longest average jail sentence in magistrate courts (6.1 months), followed by *aggravated assault* (3.8 months), *harassment* and *violation of a protective order* (2.8 months, respectively), and *aggravated battery* (2.7 months). See **Figure 33** for the average length of sentence for each type of domestic violence charge disposed in magistrate courts in 2014.

Figure 33. Average Length of Jail Sentence for Each Type of Domestic Violence Charge Disposed in Magistrate Courts, 2014



SECTION THREE: IMPLICATIONS OF THE FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PREVENTION AND IMPROVED SYSTEM RESPONSE

A. Identifying Children At Risk

Service providers reported that children were present at one out of every 3.1 domestic violence incidents in 2014, and 68% of them were under the age of twelve. From 2010-2014, service providers reported that children were present at an average 37% of domestic violence cases. While this represents a 20% decrease in the average proportion of domestic violence cases with children present than was reported in the previous five-year span (2005-2009), too many children witness and/or experience violence, the consequences of which, can be devastating. The Adult Survivor Data (ASD) findings presented in Appendix A, revealed that children who witness abuse are four times more likely to experience child abuse, than children who do not witness abuse. It further found that most (62%) of abused children experienced multiple types of abuse, most typically at the hands of a family member (84%); and those abused as children have poorer health outcomes. Survivors abused as children compared to those not abused were six times more likely to be abused as an adult, four times more likely respectively, to be told they have a mental illness and attempt suicide, three times more likely respectively, to think about suicide and be told they have a substance abuse problem. The children served by statewide service providers in 2014 (2,780) represent 46% of the number present at the scene of domestic violence incidents as reported by law enforcement (6,044). These numbers represent only children in domestic violence cases that are reported. With so much at stake, it is imperative that greater effort be made (protocols for coordinated community response and systems in place) to better identify children that witness child abuse and ensure participation in appropriate counseling services for assessment and treatment.

B. Poverty and Violence

Most of the battered women who go to a domestic violence service provider for shelter and/or other services are poor. Since there is no way to capture the number of survivors with financial means who access private services and/or who travel out of state for services, it is not possible to determine the true proportion of survivors among all battered women who are poor. However, the ASD found that most unmarried survivors with children and those without children who went for domestic violence services in New Mexico meet federal poverty level requirements for 150% and 133% of income, as well as the more restrictive federal poverty income level.

Almost two-thirds (60%, 656) of survivors reported that they left a violent relationship at some time. Of these, one-third (32%, 212) reported that they returned. Reasons for returning to their abuser in the order of most mentions include, returned: *to try to work it out*, *for the children*, and *because I was scared*. A central core of the consideration for returning “for the children” is finances. Among the descriptions for scared is “no support/lack of resources”. Indeed, the ASD revealed that survivors who left a violent relationship and did not return had a median annual income \$2,080 greater (\$12,000) than those who left and returned (\$9,920). It further found that only 42% of the survivors who are eligible for/receive Medicaid/TANF assistance, live in their own apartment or home. Most live in shelter (23%), with a friend (29%), transitional housing (1%), or on the street (3%).

Of survivors who were involved in a prior domestic violence experience, 43% reported that they live with an offender with whom they had a prior domestic violence incident. When examined by income, survivors who live with an offender with whom they have had a prior domestic violence experience had a median annual income of \$2,400 less (\$9,600) than survivors that do not live with an offender with whom they have had a prior domestic violence experience (\$12,000).

All of this points to the reality of the role that poverty plays in an individual's vulnerability to living in violence. Greater emphasis must be pointed toward providing basic housing, food, clothing, transportation, and access to employment and health care, (including recovery services) for victims and their families to allow them to leave and stay away from a violent environment.

C. Mental Illness and Health and Safety Risk

Survivors with a parent with mental illness were twelve times more likely than other survivors to be told they have mental illness. Survivors with mental illness were five times more likely than survivors without to be told they have a substance abuse problem. They were two times more likely respectively, to have used alcohol/drugs during a domestic violence incident and to be injured during a violent incident. These data have implications for investigating the plausibility of developing a system for at-scene referral to mental health agencies to evaluate survivors for mental illness, both for their own sake, and the sake of their children's future health and safety.

D. Injury Risk Factors

Law enforcement agencies reported that an average 42% of the domestic violence incidents from 2010-2014 involved injury to the victim. This represents an 8% increase in the proportion of domestic violence incidents involving victim injury from 2005-2009. Law enforcement do not document or report injury to children. Service providers however, reported that an average 33% respectively, of survivors and children from 2010-2014 were injured in domestic violence cases that came to their attention.

From the ASD, among the types of abuse reported by the 89% of survivors who reported abuse by an intimate partner, are *physical attack* (60%), *physical restraint* (29%), *threatened to be harmed or killed* (34%), *strangulation* (12%), *sexual assault* (11%) and *involvement of a lethal weapon* (12%). Twenty percent of children present during these abusive incidents suffered the same types of abuse.

The ASD revealed that survivor risk of injury increased among survivors: a) with a substance abuse problem; b) with a mental illness; c) involved in a prior domestic violence incident; d) ever abused while pregnant; e) who are female; or f) who are Native American. This information has implications for law enforcement for assessing risk of harm to the survivor and children at the scene, and for service providers when developing safety plans with survivors.

E. Substance Abuse and Risk

As with mental illness, the ASD revealed that survivors who were told they have a substance abuse problem compared to those without, were two times more likely respectively, to have used alcohol/drugs during a domestic violence incident, to be involved in an incident where the abuser used alcohol/drugs, and to be injured during a domestic violence incident. Additionally, survivors with a substance abuse problem were two times more likely than those without a substance abuse problem to think about suicide, and four times more likely to attempt suicide. This information has implications for identifying domestic violence survivors with chemical dependency problems and providing access to substance abuse treatment.

F. Evidence Supporting the Focus on Early Intervention to Prevent Domestic Violence

From 2010-2014, an average two-thirds (66%) of the law enforcement incidents documenting the victim/offender relationship, were perpetrated by a current or former intimate partner, an average 49% of these by current or former boyfriends/girlfriends who are or were dating or living together. Similarly, an average 83% of adult victims who sought services from a domestic violence service provider were assaulted by a current or former intimate partner, 28% of these were dating or living together. The SSV found that two-thirds

(66.5%) of domestic violence incidents were perpetrated by current or former intimate partners, and one-third of these were dating or living together. Further, stalking behaviors begin in adolescence and the reported incidence of adolescent stalking is almost twice that of adolescent intimate partner violence. The high proportion of interpersonal violence cases perpetrated by adolescent offenders, demonstrates that true prevention requires early education initiatives on building healthy relationships during adolescence.

G. Sexual Assault Prevention and Treatment for Domestic Violence Child and Adult Victims

In 2012, the ASD found that 8% of children experienced sexual abuse from the adult-victim's offender. Similarly, service-provider data from 2010-2014, found that an average 9% of children and 12% of adult domestic violence victims experienced sexual abuse each year at the hands of the adult victim's offender.

The rates of sexual abuse of adults and children are grossly underreported. Findings from the SVV reveal that almost half of the adults in New Mexico who were ever a victim of domestic violence, intimate partner violence or stalking were also sexually assaulted. Of those that were sexually assaulted, 45% were victimized by the age of 12. Further, the NISVS reported that 8.7% of women that were ever victims of intimate partner physical violence, were also raped by their intimate partner. This suggests that effective prevention and treatment programs for domestic violence victims must include components of sexual assault prevention and treatment or must provide referrals to appropriate sexual assault services.

H. Interpersonal Violence Prevention and Advocacy for Males

An average 29% of domestic violence victims identified by law enforcement each year from 2010-2014, were males. Findings from the SVV demonstrated that 1 in 7 males in New Mexico has been the victim of domestic violence in his lifetime, 1 in 10 a victim of intimate partner violence, and 1 in 14 a victim of stalking. More outreach must be done to identify male victims of interpersonal violence to offer prevention and treatment programs specific to males.

I. Providing Offender Treatment Programs

In New Mexico, an average 74% of suspects identified by law enforcement and 80% of offenders identified by domestic violence service providers from 2010-2014, were male. Findings from the SVV revealed that 83% of stalking offenders and 80% of domestic violence and intimate partner violence offenders respectively, are male. Even when males are the victims in interpersonal violence crimes, half to two-thirds (depending on the crime) are being victimized by a male. This suggests that greater outcomes in domestic violence prevention may be realized through greater availability of offender prevention and therapeutic programs that include strategies for addressing aggression in male socialization.

J. Evidence Supporting The Need to Identify Domestic Violence Victims in The Healthcare Setting

Law enforcement reported that an average 42% of adult victims each year from 2010-2014, were physically injured during a domestic violence incident. Similarly, statewide service providers reported that 33% respectively, of adults and children were physically injured by the adult victim's offender during a domestic violence incident. The SVV found that 44% of domestic violence victims were injured and over one-third of them sought medical treatment. This suggests that New Mexico healthcare facilities may play an important role in both, the identification of domestic violence victims and their referral to appropriate services.

Patients that are seen in the healthcare/emergency room setting with a domestic violence-related injury are typically not reported to law enforcement and represent a substantial gap in reporting. While many healthcare facilities use screening tools to identify patients who are victims of domestic violence, no standardized monitoring system to reliably document the number of these individuals currently exists.

Methods to determine healthcare utilization by victims of violence through e-codes or billing databases have been unsuccessful and are unreliable at best, due to definitional problems of the codes, practitioner discretion and inconsistencies in naming injuries, and the insurance-related intentions of billing databases. The need to rectify these problems is underscored by findings from the SVV which revealed substantial co-morbidity with domestic violence victims with regard to serious disabling injury and chronic mental health problems.

The process for collecting standardized domestic violence data from statewide medical facilities is not yet established. Since many times the first, and perhaps only contact a victim may have with the "helping system" is through a hospital emergency department or physicians' office, this creates a significant void in the Central Repository data and represents a major obstacle in accurately defining the scope and nature of domestic violence in our state. Moreover, until better protocols are established for identifying patient visits associated with interpersonal violence, a significant portion of the total cost of interpersonal violence to individuals, their communities, and the state cannot be estimated.

K. Evidence Supporting the Need for Culturally Competent Services for Native Americans

The ASD found that while more Native American survivors completed college (50%) than survivors of other races, it is also true that more Native American survivors were from low income households - eligible to receive Medicaid (48%) and TANF (20%) assistance or both (16%); more lived in shelter before as an adult (22%); more incurred injury (56%) than other races in domestic violence incidents; and, had a mean number of children (2.9) higher than all other races (2.7). All of this points to the need for specifically targeted interventions for efficacious advocacy for Native American survivors and their children.

L. Evidence Supporting the Need for Better Court Data on Domestic Violence

The Central Repository continues to work with the AOC directly to obtain better quality data on interpersonal violence crimes. This effort has led to an expansion of the domestic violence crimes captured, which for the last two years has included false imprisonment, criminal damage to property, deprivation of property, harassment, and violation of a restrictive order, in addition to the more typical battery/aggravated battery, assault/aggravated assault and stalking/aggravated stalking charges.

Still, quality protection order information is needed to determine the efficacy of protection orders, emergency protection orders, their rate of enforcement, and the consequences for violating protection orders for offenders and victims.

It is important to obtain better court data because evidence of currently available data demonstrates that there has been a steady decrease in the rate of domestic violence convictions in statewide district and magistrate courts. From 2010-2014, magistrate courts in New Mexico had an average 17.5% conviction rate each year. In 2014, the conviction rate equaled the low of 14% reported in 2013, but was a 7% decrease since 2012. There was an average conviction rate of 38% of domestic violence cases in New Mexico districts courts, which represents a 2% decrease from the average rate reported from 2005-2009.

Without better data from the courts, vital information such as why the dismissal rate in domestic violence cases has increased and why the rate of conviction for domestic violence cases has decreased, remains unknown. Answers to these questions are requisite to improving the efficacy of legal advocacy for domestic violence victims.

M. Stalking Underreporting, Training, and Victim Referral

New Mexico first enacted its stalking statute in 1997. In 2009, the legislature amended the definition of "pattern of conduct" in the statute to reflect the variety of behaviors stalkers were employing in cases across

the state, including the use of technology. *N.M. Stat. Ann. § 30-3A-3(2010): (2) "pattern of conduct " means two or more acts, on more than one occasion, in which the alleged stalker by any action, method, device or means, directly, indirectly or through third parties, follows, monitors, surveils, threatens or communicates to or about a person.* The new statute also included a court ordered program intervention as part of the punishment for a convicted stalker, “*D. In addition to any punishment provided pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court shall order a person convicted of stalking to participate in and complete a program of professional counseling at the person's own expense or a domestic violence offender treatment or intervention program.*” The statute change in aggravated stalking was believed to be the most promising in law enforcement’s efforts to establish a stalking charge as it allowed a charge of aggravated stalking if a perpetrator merely violated an existing order of protection or conditions of release: *N.M. Stat. Ann. § 30-3A-3.1 2010): Aggravated stalking. A. Aggravated stalking consists of stalking perpetrated by a person: (1) who knowingly violates a permanent or temporary order of protection issued by a court, except that mutual violations of such orders may constitute a defense to aggravated stalking; (2) in violation of a court order setting conditions of release and bond.*

Even with new stalking policies, there are still too few cases of stalking recognized and charged as such by law enforcement agencies throughout the state. Findings from the Survey of Violence Victimization (SVV), presented in Appendix B , found that in the 12 months prior to the survey, 2.0% of adult women and 0.4% of adult men were victims of stalking in New Mexico. In 2012, the ASD found that 26% of survivors reported that they were stalked by their abuser. Nationally in 2010, the NISVS found that 4% of adult women and 1.3% of adult men were victims of stalking. In 2014, 379 new stalking and aggravated stalking charges were filed in district and magistrate courts. Yet in 2014, statewide law enforcement agencies identified 78 stalking victims and 1,490 victims of the lesser offense of harassment.

There are numerous administrative and procedural issues that affect accurate reporting of domestic violence and stalking incidents ranging from whether and how police offense incident reports are written to how these reports are entered into law enforcement databases or otherwise counted.

The issues surrounding identification of stalking incidents and victims present obstacles for victims to obtain access to the necessary safety and advocacy services for themselves and their children. This is explained in part by the fact that most stalking cases are labeled other crimes (harassment, vandalism, destruction of property, arson, trespassing, car theft, etc.) and are therefore not captured. The failure to differentiate between stalking victims and victims of isolated crimes means that many stalking victims are not getting referred for appropriate services. This is a significant problem as the SVV found that 87% of stalking victims also reported being a victim of domestic violence, other physical attack, and/or sexual assault. These victims and their children are at greater health and safety risk and need to be referred for appropriate services; and these types of referrals are not likely to happen as a result of a trespass, vandalism, or other similarly labeled isolated crime incident.

It is imperative to provide necessary training to all law enforcement officers, administrative personnel, and executive personnel whose policies guide law enforcement procedure regarding the description, documentation, and data entry of stalking crimes, and referrals of stalking victims to appropriate services.

N. Interpersonal Violence and Needed Changes in Law Enforcement, Prosecution and The Courts to Reduce The Risk of Harm for Male and Female Victims

Findings from the SVV demonstrate that female victims are more likely than male victims to report their offense, two times more likely to file criminal charges against their offenders and more likely to get a restraining order against their offenders, even though interpersonal crimes with male victims involve more alcohol/drugs, weapon use, and more serious disabling injury. Additionally, while half of all restraining orders are violated, male victims of intimate partner violence crimes are more likely to have a restraining order

violated, less likely to have their offenders arrested, and significantly more likely that the charges against their offenders will be dropped or the offenders will obtain an acquittal. Further, if their offenders are convicted, offenders of male victims are more likely to serve less time in jail or prison than offenders of female victims.

While all of the system failures that contribute to the high risk of harm for female victims of interpersonal violence are widely known, it is clear from these findings that interpersonal violence is dangerous for males, as well. While both genders do not utilize system protections as they should, male victims are even less likely than female victims to do so; and even when system protections are sought for intimate partner violence, violations of restraining orders are more frequent, and convictions of their offenders less frequent, for male victims. All of this speaks to: 1) the need for early education to correct misconceptions in gender socialization; 2) greater community education to increase awareness of the incidence and risk of interpersonal violence among males; and 3) comprehensive training of law enforcement, prosecutors, and judges regarding the high risk of harm for men and women victims of interpersonal violence, and the development of protocols in their respective disciplines aimed at reducing the likelihood of harm, disability, and death of all interpersonal violence victims.

REFERENCES

- Black, M.C., Basile, K.I.C., Brieding, M.J, et al (2011). National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey (NISVS): 2010 Summary Report, Atlanta, GA: National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, Division of Violence Prevention and Control, Center for Disease Control and Prevention
- Caponera, Betty (2006). Incidence and Nature of Domestic Violence in New Mexico: An Analysis of 2005 Data from the New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository and the Survey of Violence Victimization. State of New Mexico, Department of Health, Injury and Behavioral Epidemiology Bureau Office of Injury Prevention
- Criminal Victimization, 2010. U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, September 2011, NCJ 23508
- United States Census 2014, U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau
- 2013 Poverty Guidelines for the 48 Contiguous States and the District of Columbia*, Federal Register, January 24, 2013, <https://federalregister.gov/a/2013-01422>, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO, 2010-2014
An Analysis of Data from
The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

APPENDICES

Appendix A: Life Experiences of Adult Survivors of Domestic Violence

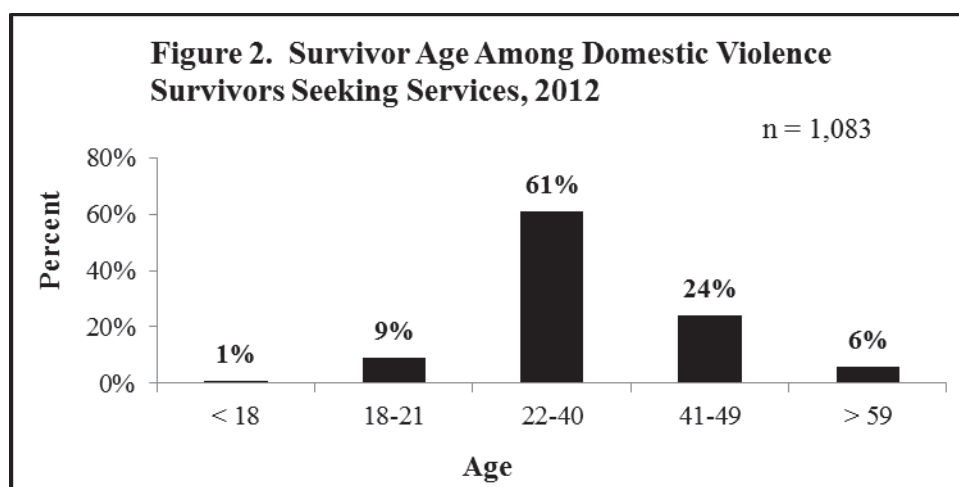
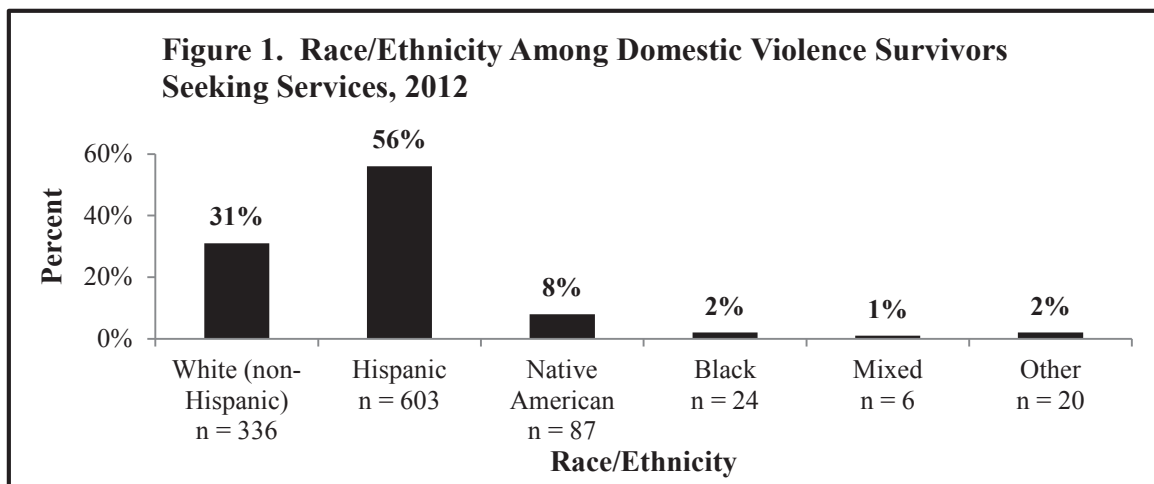
The Adult Survivor Database (ASD) was developed to capture research information on individual domestic violence survivors who seek assistance from statewide domestic violence service providers. In 2012, eleven statewide service provider agencies began using the ASD. For calendar year 2012, there were 1,101 records available for analysis.

I. FINDINGS

A. Demographics

1. Survivor Gender, Race, Age, Sexual Orientation, Marital Status, and Language

Most domestic violence survivors were female (93%), Hispanic (56%) (see **Figure 1**), with a median age of 33 (see **Figure 2**). Sexual orientation was reported on only one-third (38%) of survivors, of which 95% were self-identified as heterosexual, 3% bisexual, and 2% lesbian. Marital status was not directly captured. However, when the survivor's relationship with the current abuser was documented, 27% were married and 6% were divorced.



One-quarter (24%) of domestic violence survivors speak a first language other than English. See Table A. A greater proportion of Spanish speaking survivors than survivors speaking other languages reported having difficulty with English: two-thirds (66%) of Spanish speaking survivors reported having difficulty with English, compared to 37.5% of Native speaking survivors, 7% of survivors of "other" languages, and 1% of English speaking survivors.

Table A. Survivor First/Preferred Language

First/Preferred Language	Number of Survivors	Percent Survivors
English	571	76%
Native American	8	1%
Other	15	2%
Portuguese	1	0.1%
Sign Language	3	0.4%
Spanish	149	20%
Total	747	100%

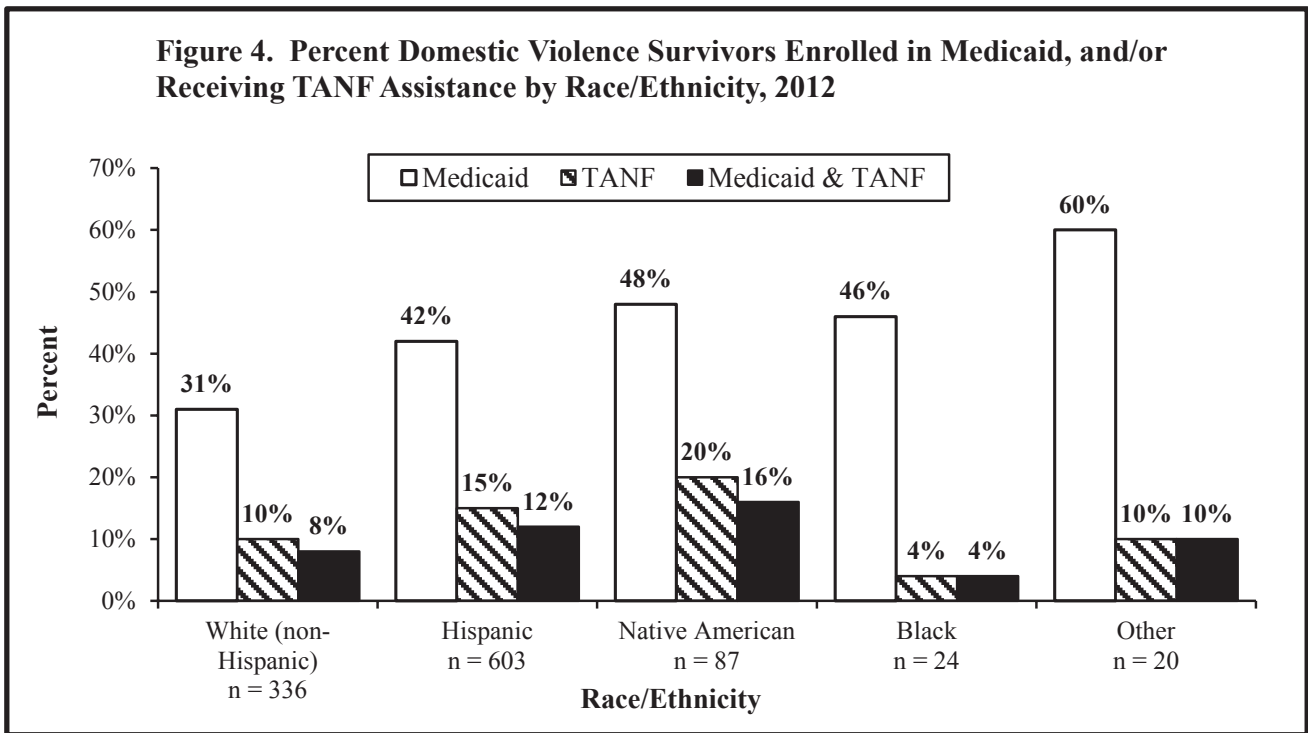
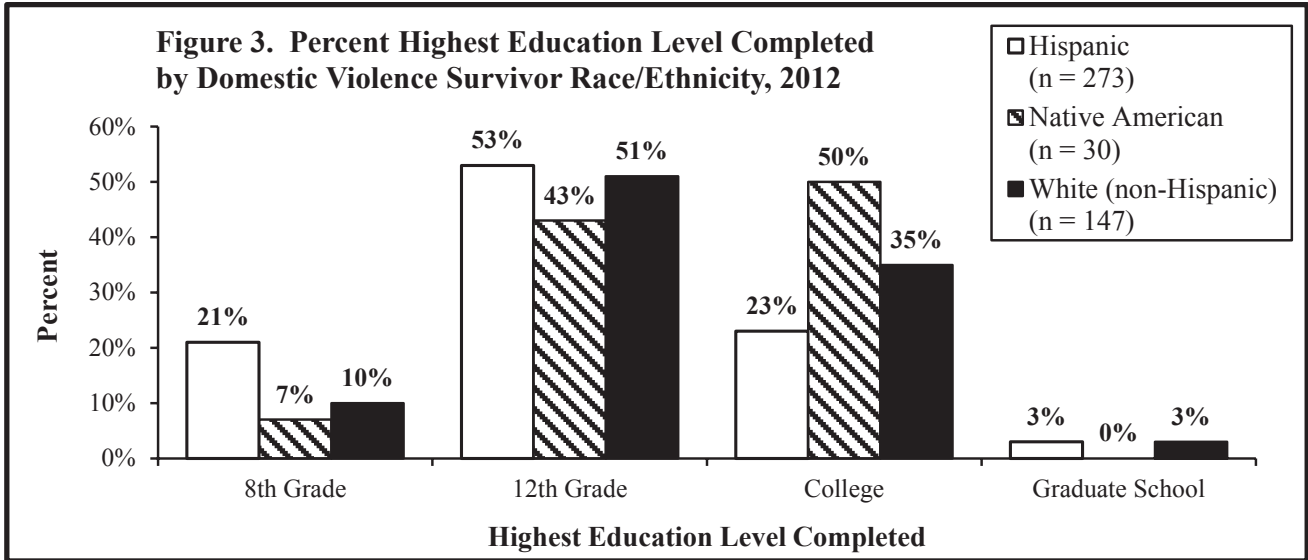
2. Survivor Education Level

Education level was reported for 478 survivors. Of these, 84% achieved a high school equivalent or higher education level. One-third (32% or 154) went to college or graduate school. Of 154 who went to college or graduate school, 79 (51%) completed their degree.

Education level was documented on too few Asian survivors (0), Black survivors (9), Pacific Islander survivors (1), survivors of mixed race (3) and survivors of "other" races (9) to validly examine. Among races/ethnicities that can be compared, 93% of Native Americans, 89% of Whites (non-Hispanic), and 79% of Hispanics completed high school or a higher level of education. Half (50%) of Native American survivors completed college or graduate school, compared to 38% of White (non-Hispanic) survivors and 26% of Hispanic survivors. See **Figure 3**.

3. Survivor Income

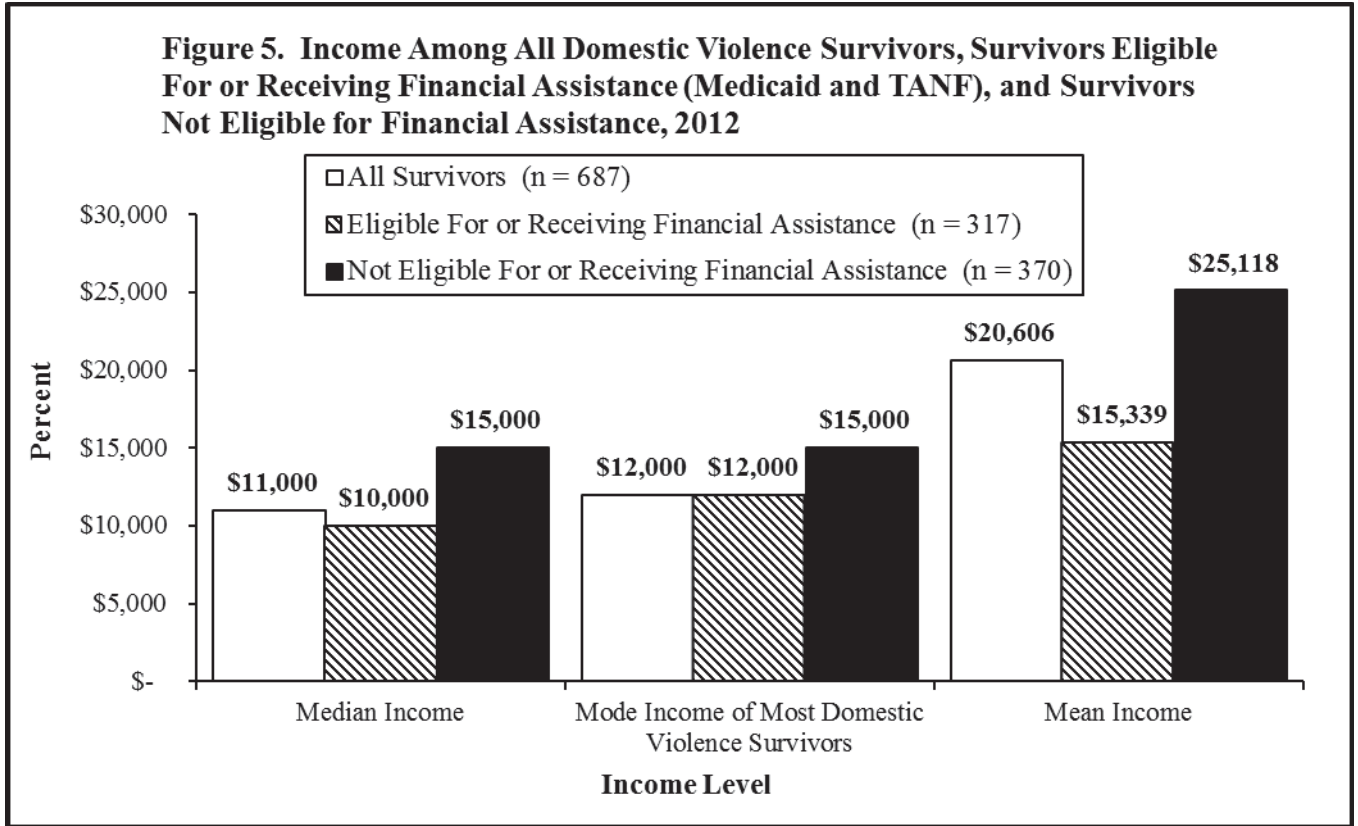
Slightly over one-third (39%) of survivors were enrolled in Medicaid (430), 13% (148) received TANF Assistance, and 11% (119) were involved in both programs. An examination of income by survivor race/ethnicity among those with a minimum of 20 survivors, reveals that "other" race was the one with the greatest proportion of survivors enrolled in Medicaid (60%), followed by Native Americans (48%), Blacks (46%), Hispanics (42%), and Whites (non-Hispanic) (31%). Native American survivors comprised the race with the greatest proportion receiving TANF assistance (20%) and involved in both Medicaid and TANF programs (16%). See **Figure 4**.



Of 687 survivors whose income was reported, the median income was \$11,000. Most (mode) survivors reported a yearly income of \$12,000. The average income was \$20,606.

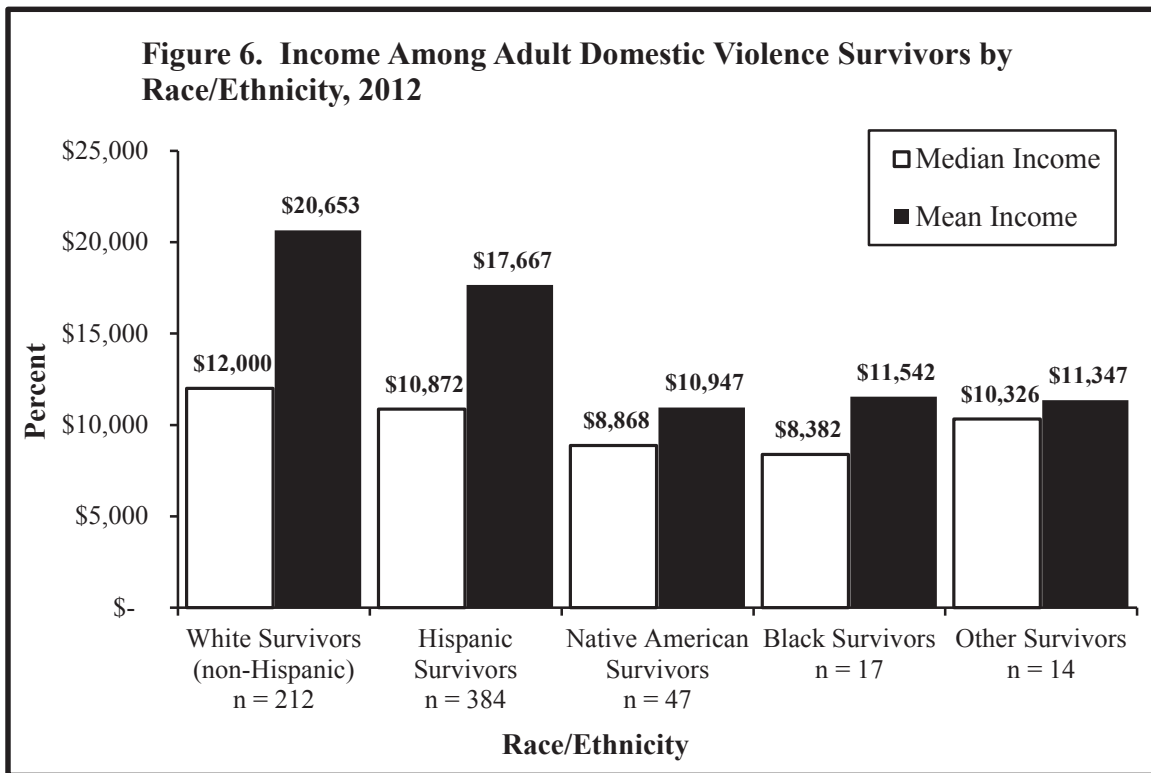
There were 642 survivors *not* eligible or receiving financial assistance (TANF and Medicaid). Of these, income was reported for 370 survivors. The median income was \$15,500. Most (mode) survivors not eligible or receiving financial assistance reported an income of \$15,000. Their average income was \$25,118.

There were 459 survivors who were eligible or receiving financial assistance. Of these, income was reported for 317 survivors. The median income was \$10,000. Most (mode) survivors eligible or receiving financial assistance reported an income of \$12,000. Their average income was \$15,339. See **Figure 5**.



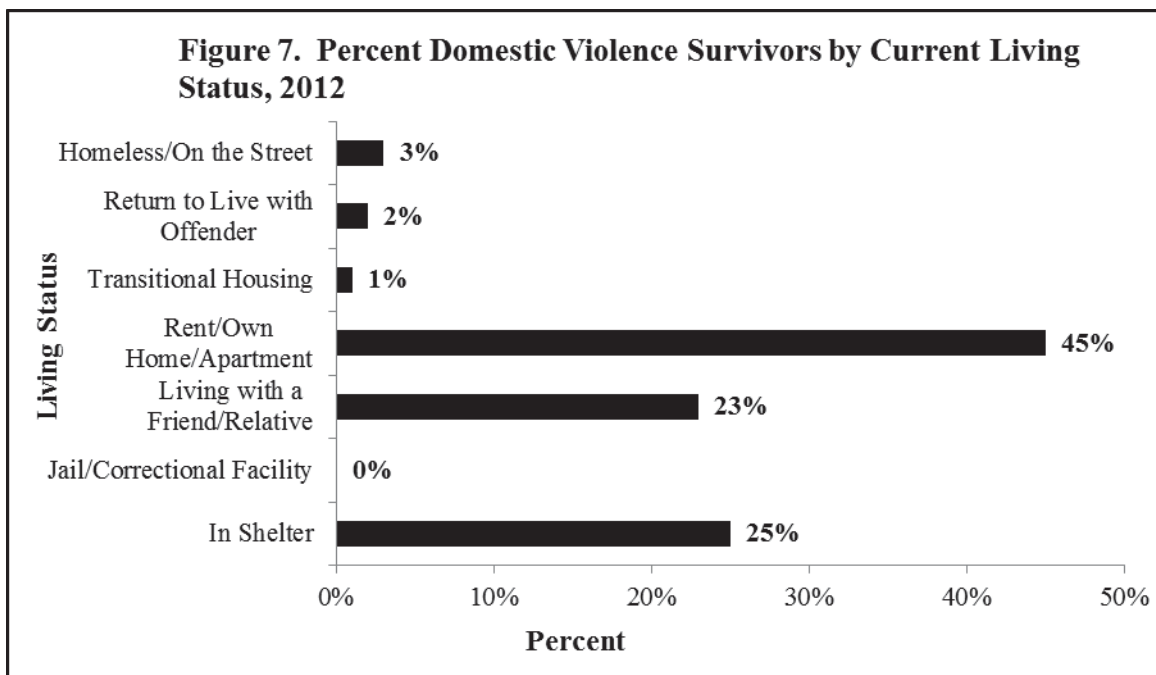
Those survivors *not eligible/not receiving* financial assistance had a median income 50% higher, and an average income 64% higher, than those eligible/receiving assistance. However, the mean income of all survivors eligible/receiving or not, is \$11,000 - 4% below the federal poverty guideline’s level of poverty for an individual (\$11,490); and well below the 133% (\$15,282) to 150% (\$17,235) of their income to qualify for federal assistance programs. In fact, 71% (490) of the 687 survivors with income reported had an actual income that would qualify them for federal assistance programs at the higher threshold of 150% of income, and 66% (456) would qualify for federal assistance programs at 133% of income.

An examination of income by race/ethnicity reveals that White (non-Hispanic) survivors reported the highest income (mean = \$20,653; median = \$12,000), followed by Hispanic survivors (mean = \$17,667; median \$12,000), survivors of “other” races (mean = \$11,347; median = \$10,326), Native American survivors (mean = \$10,947; median = \$8,868) and Black survivors (mean = \$11,542; median = \$8,382). See **Figure 6**.

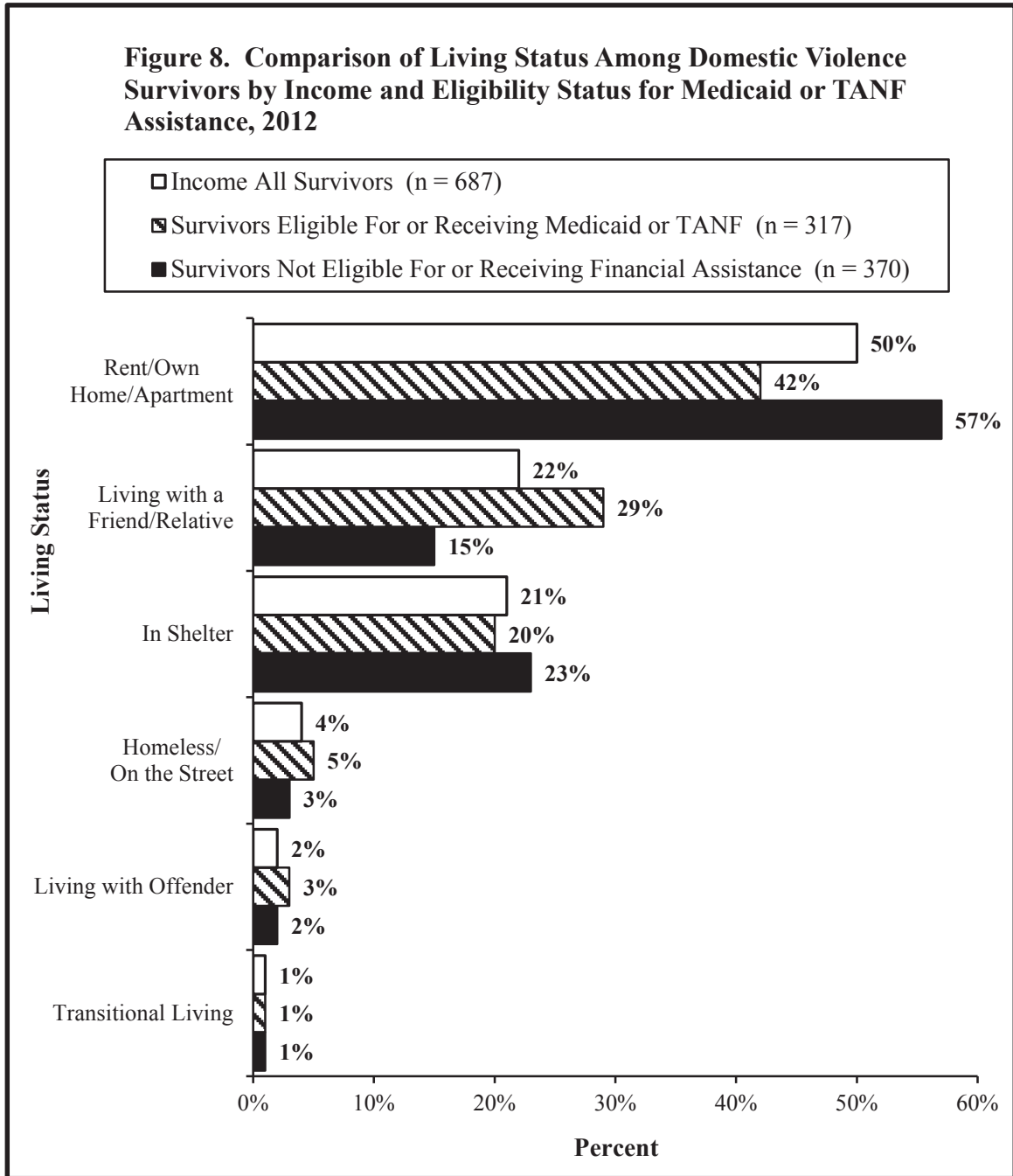


s

Over half (55%) of survivors did *not* live in their own rented apartment or own a home: 25% lived in shelter, 23% lived with a friend or relative, 3% were homeless/ living on the street, 2% lived with the offender, and 1% lived in transitional housing. See **Figure 7**.



When living status was examined by survivor income, significantly fewer survivors who need financial assistance live in an apartment or their own home: over half (57%) of survivors not eligible/not receiving financial assistance (TANF or Medicaid) live in a rented apartment or own home, compared to 42% of survivors who are eligible/receive assistance. Similarly, a significantly greater proportion (29%) of those eligible/receiving assistance, than those not eligible/not receiving assistance (15%), live with a friend or relative. See **Figure 8**.



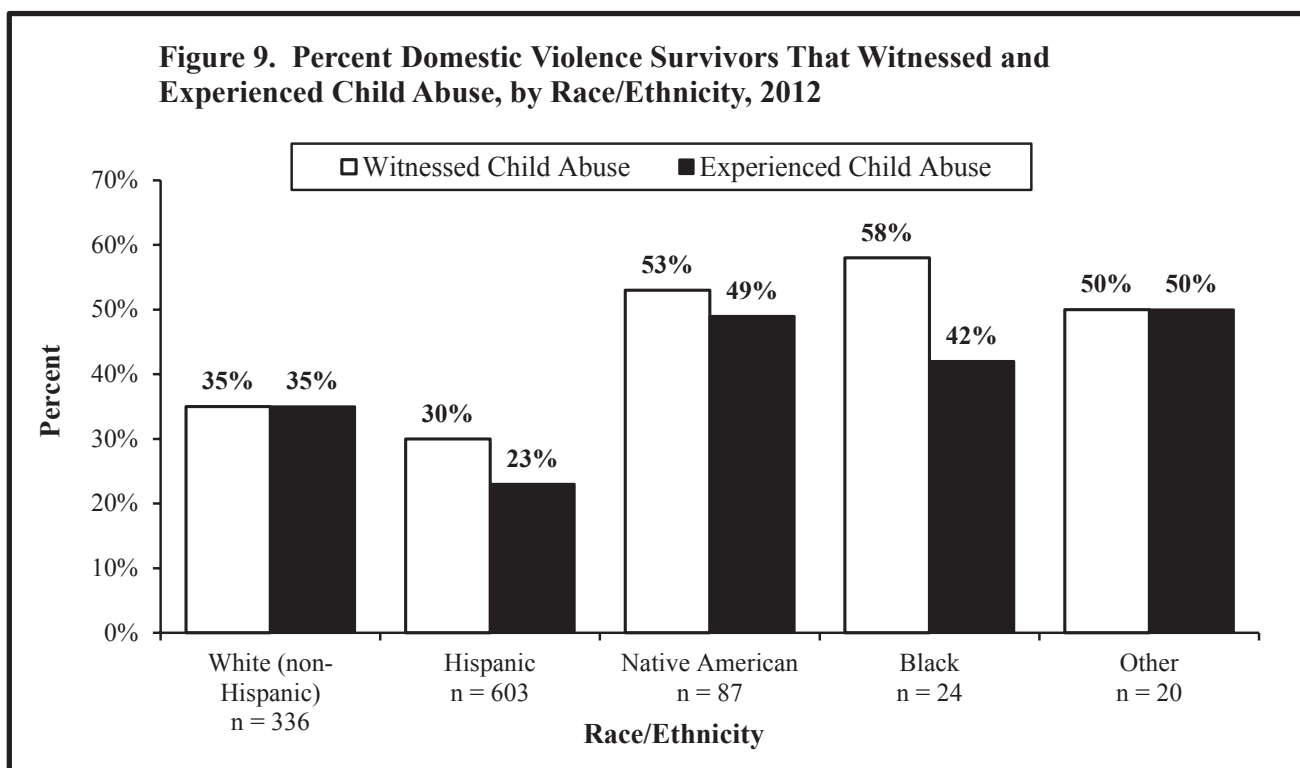
B. Survivor Family of Origin and Childhood Experiences

1. Witnessing Family Violence As A Child and Child Abuse

One-third of domestic violence survivors reported that they witnessed family violence as a child. Children who witnessed family violence were four times more likely (59%) to experience child abuse than children who did not witness family violence (14%).

Over one-quarter (29%) of survivors reported actually being abused as a child. More female survivors reported witnessing (35%) and experiencing (30%) family violence, than male survivors (24% and 17%, respectively). However, this rate difference between genders should be viewed with caution as the number of male domestic violence survivors is relatively few (75).

When witnessing abuse and experiencing child abuse were examined by race/ethnicity, more Black survivors (58%) reported witnessing abuse, and more survivors of “other” races (50%) reported experiencing actual abuse. Fewer Hispanic survivors than survivors of all other races, reported witnessing (30%) or experiencing (23%) child abuse. See **Figure 9**.



Of 322 victims abused as a child, 304 specified the type of abuse experienced. Of these, 68% (208) experienced physical abuse, 68% (206) emotional abuse, and 50% (153) sexual abuse as a child. One-quarter (26% or 80) of victims experienced all three types of abuse. One-third (31% or 95) experienced physical and sexual abuse; one-half (52% or 158) experienced physical and emotional abuse; and one-third (30% or 90) experienced sexual and emotional abuse.

2. Parental substance abuse and mental illness

Nine percent (103) of domestic violence survivors reported growing up with a parent with a substance abuse problem. Five percent (55) of domestic violence survivors reported growing up with a parent with a mental illness.

Domestic violence survivors with a parent with mental illness, than survivors with a parent without mental illness, were 8 times more likely to also have a parent with a substance abuse problem: over half (58%) of survivors with a parent with mental illness compared to 7% of survivors with a parent without mental illness, reported having a parent with a substance abuse problem.

3. Child/Abuser relationship

Of 322 victims abused as children, 232 reported the relationship to their abuser. Of these, 84% (195) were abused by a family member, 25% (58) by a non-family member, and 3% (8) by a stranger. One survivor (.04%) was abused by a family member, non-family member, and a stranger; 24 (10%) were abused by both a family member and non-family member. Three survivors (1%) were abused by a family member and a stranger; and 3 (1%) were abused by a non-family member and a stranger.

Among survivors who experienced child abuse, there was a slight difference in the victim/abuser relationship and the likelihood to have suicide thoughts and attempt suicide. One-third (30%) of survivors abused as children by a family member thought about suicide and 21% attempted suicide. Similarly 28% of survivors abused as children by a non-family member thought about suicide and 17% attempted suicide.

4. In Shelter as A Child

One percent (16) of domestic violence survivors reported being in a domestic violence shelter as a child. As this number is so few, it cannot validly be examined by other factors.

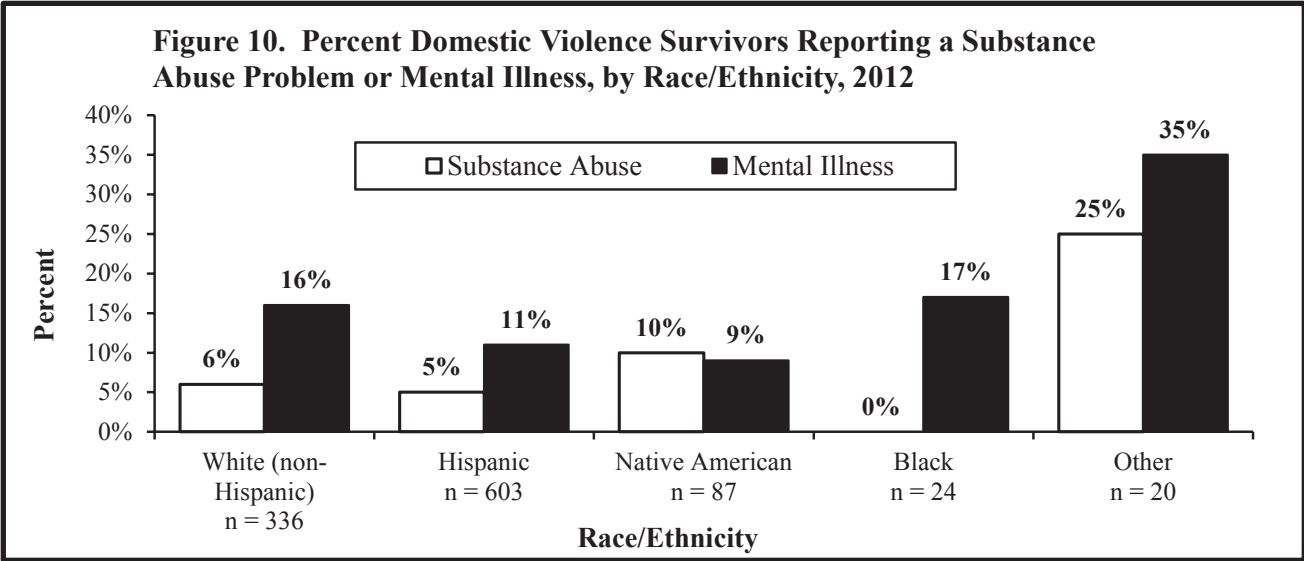
C. Survivor Risk Factors

1. Survivor Substance Abuse and Mental Illness

Overall, six percent (69) of domestic violence survivors were told they have a substance abuse problem. Six percent (63) of female survivors and eight percent (6) of male survivors reported being told they have a substance abuse problem.

Thirteen percent of survivors were told they have a mental illness. In this analysis with few (75) male survivors, slightly more males (15%) than females (13%) were told they had a mental illness.

When survivor substance abuse and mental illness were examined by race/ethnicity, more survivors of “other” races, reported mental illness (35%) and having a substance abuse problem (25%) than survivors of all other races/ethnicities. See **Figure 10**. As there are relatively few survivors of “other” races (20) and Black survivors (24), these findings should be viewed with caution.



Survivors abused as a child (12%) were three times more likely than survivors who did not experience child abuse (4%), to be told they have a substance abuse problem.

Survivors abused as a child (26%) were four times (3.7) more likely than survivors who did not experience child abuse (7%), to be told they have a mental illness.

Survivors told they have a mental illness were five times more likely than survivors without mental illness to have a substance abuse problem: Of 142 survivors told they have a mental illness, 28 (20%) were also told they have a substance abuse problem. Of 959 survivors not told they have a mental illness, 41 (4%) have been told they have a substance abuse problem.

Five percent of survivors reported having a parent with a mental illness. However, survivors who were told they have a mental illness were 12.5 times more likely (25%) to have a parent with mental illness, than survivors without mental illness (2%).

2. Suicide Ideology and Attempts

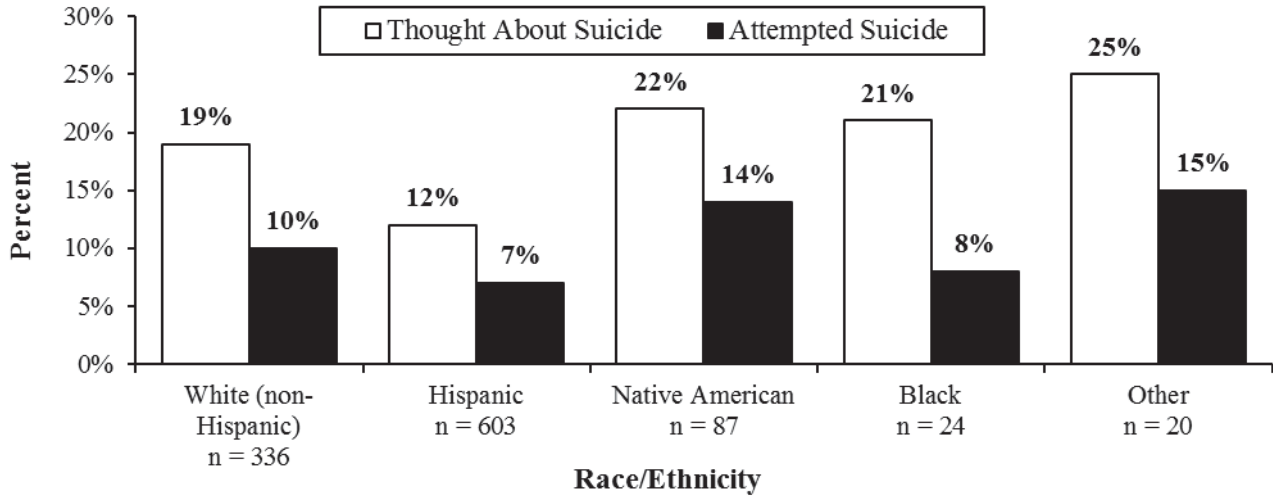
Overall, 15% (168) of domestic violence survivors thought about suicide, and 9% (98) reported at least one suicide attempt. When examined by gender, more female survivors, 16% (162), than male survivors, 7% (5) reported thinking about suicide; and more female survivors, 9% (96), than male survivors, 3% (2) reported at least one suicide attempt.

When suicide ideology and attempts were examined by race/ethnicity, slightly more survivors (25%) of “other” races thought about and attempted (15%) suicide than all other races/ethnicities. See **Figure 11**. As there are relatively few survivors of “other” races (20) and Black survivors (24), these findings should be viewed with caution.

Those abused as a child were three times more likely than those not abused to report thinking about suicide: of 322 victims abused as children, 30% (96) reported that they thought about suicide. Of 779 not abused as children, 9% (72) thought about suicide.

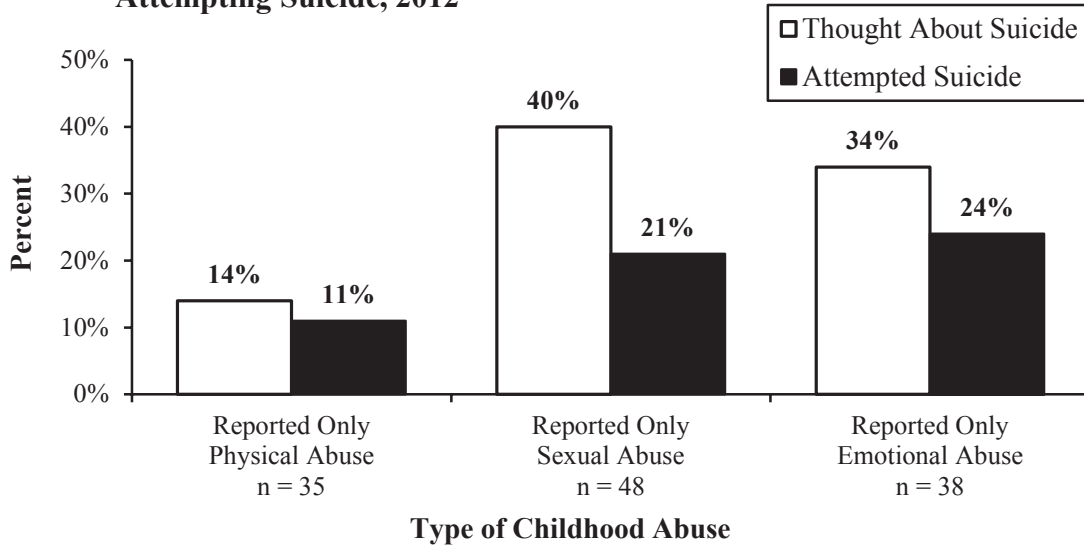
Those abused as children were four times more likely (19%) than those not abused (5%) to attempt suicide.

Figure 11. Percent Domestic Violence Survivors That Thought About and/or Attempted Suicide, by Race/Ethnicity, 2012

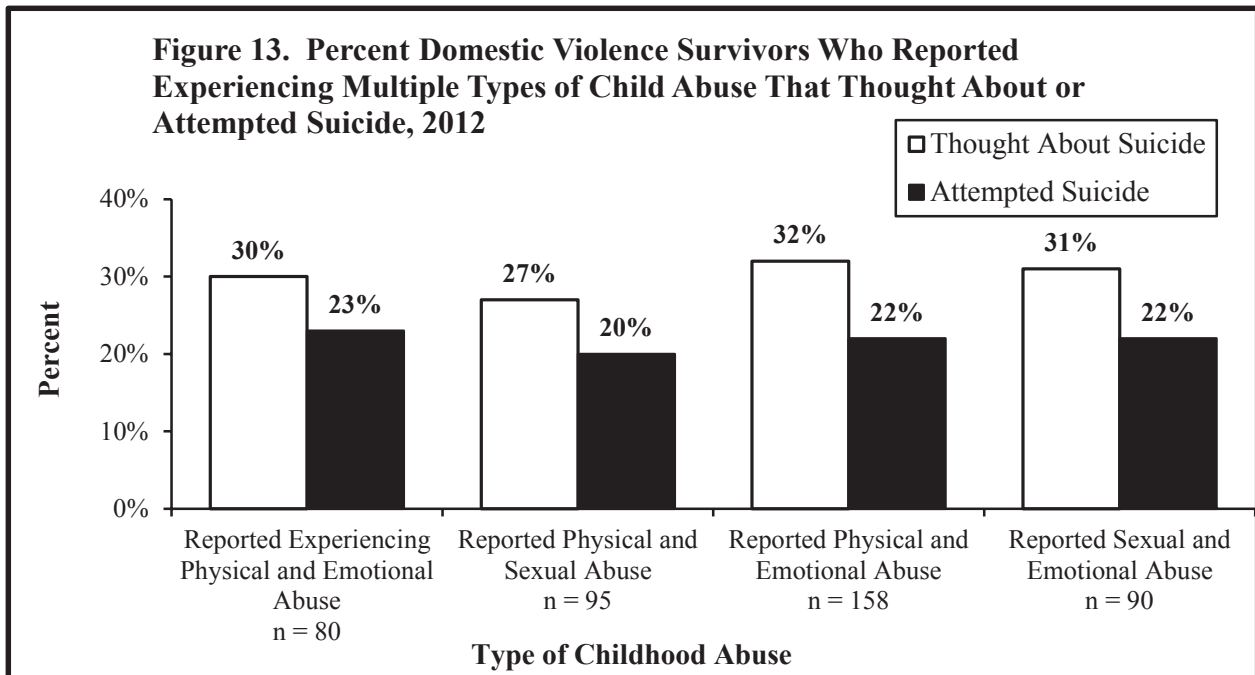


Survivors who experienced emotional abuse, alone or in combination with physical and/or sexual abuse were more likely to attempt suicide than those who did not experience emotional abuse. While more survivors who suffered sexual abuse thought about suicide (among survivors who reported only one type of abuse), slightly more survivors who reported experiencing emotional abuse (24%) attempted suicide, than those who reported sexual abuse (21%), or physical abuse (11%). See Figure 12.

Figure 12. Percent Domestic Violence Survivors Who Reported Experiencing One Type of Child Abuse and Thinking About or Attempting Suicide, 2012



Similarly, more survivors who suffered a combination of abuses which included emotional abuse, thought about and attempted suicide than survivors of physical and sexual abuse. See **Figure 13**.



Domestic violence survivors with a parent with mental illness were six times (42%) more likely to have attempted suicide, than survivors with a parent without mental illness (7%).

D. Adult Domestic Violence Experiences

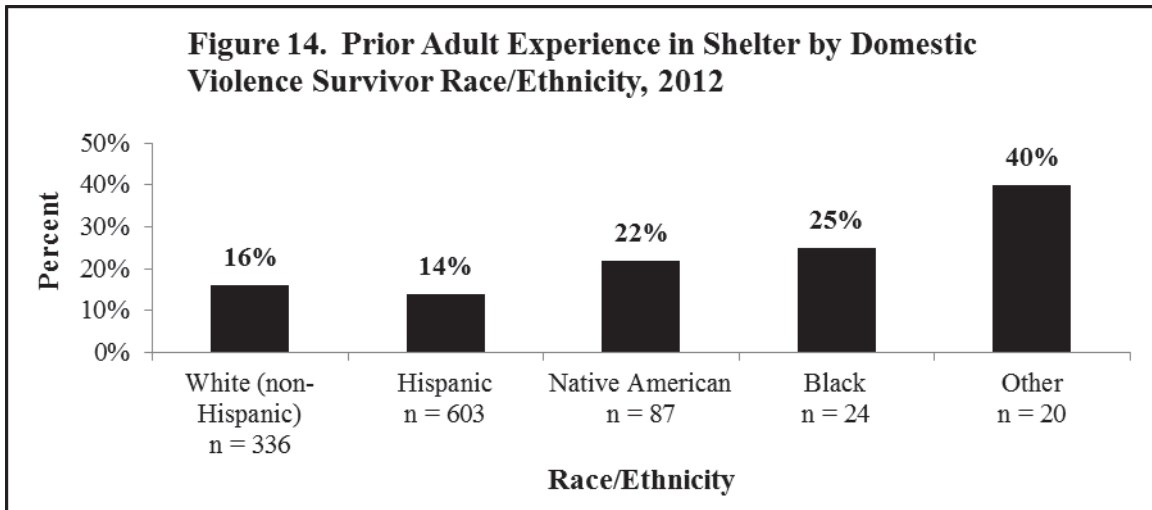
1. Prior Adult Domestic Violence Experience

Over half (57%, 628) of survivors reported having a prior domestic violence experience as an adult. Of these, three-quarters (72% or 455) were involved in a prior domestic violence experience with the same offender, 21% with a different offender, and 11% (68) with both the same offender and a different offender.

2. Prior In-Shelter Experience

Sixteen percent of survivors reported being in shelter before as an adult. Of these 179 victims in shelter before as an adult, 163 reported the number of times. Over one-third (39%) were in shelter two or more times.

Among race/ethnicities with a minimum of 20 survivors, “other” races comprised the race/ethnicity with the greatest proportion of survivors (40%) who reported being in shelter before as an adult, followed by Black survivors (25%), Native American survivors (22%), White (non-Hispanic) survivors (16%), and Hispanic survivors (14%). See **Figure 14**.



It requires further study with a greater number of survivors, but being in domestic violence shelter as a child may be a good predictor of being in domestic violence shelter as an adult. Those in this analysis who were in a domestic violence shelter as a child were four (3.9) times more likely than those not sheltered as a child, to be in a domestic violence shelter as an adult: of 16 victims in shelter as a child, 62.5% (10) were in shelter also as an adult; of 1085 victims not in shelter as a child, 16% (169) were in shelter as an adult. As stated, these findings on the relationship between being in shelter as a child and being in shelter as an adult should be viewed with caution as they are based on only 16 survivors in this analysis.

3. Survivor/Abuser Relationship

Current or former intimate partners were the abuser in 84% of the survivor domestic violence cases. *Current or former boyfriends* comprised the relationship with the greatest proportion of abusers (45%), followed by *current and former spouses* (33%). *Ex-girlfriends* and *girlfriends* comprised 6% of abusers, and *family members* comprised 9%.

Females (86%) were more likely to be abused by an intimate partner than males (70%). Males (20%) were significantly more likely to be abused by a family member than females (9%).

While an equal proportion of survivors lived with their abuser as did not live with their abuser (50%), significantly more female survivors (52%) than male survivors (37%) lived with their abuser.

When examined by income, those survivors who live with their abuser reported an annual median income of \$2400 less (\$9,600) than those who do not live with their abuser (\$12,000).

4. Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Survivor Substance Abuse

Twelve percent (137) of domestic violence survivors reported using alcohol/drugs during the domestic violence incident.

Survivors reported that abusers used alcohol/drugs in four times (53%) as many domestic violence incidents as incidents where survivors used alcohol/drugs (12%). Survivors who used alcohol/drugs during the domestic violence incident were two (1.8) times more likely (84%) than survivors who did not use alcohol/drugs (48%) to be involved in an incident where their abuser used alcohol/drugs.

Survivors reported that the abuser used alcohol/drugs significantly more in domestic violence incidents with female victims (54%), than male victims (45%).

Domestic violence survivors who were told they have a substance abuse problem, were five times (4.8) more likely to have used alcohol/drugs during the domestic violence incident (48%) than survivors without a substance abuse problem (10%).

Domestic violence survivors told they have a mental illness, were twice as likely to have used alcohol/drugs during the domestic violence incident (22%), than survivors without a mental illness (11%).

5. Type of Abuse/Violence Experienced from The Abuser

Survivors abused as children are six times more likely to experience abuse in an adult domestic violence incident, than survivors who were not abused as children: of 978 survivors who reported abuse in a recent or past domestic violence incident, 32% (316) reported experiencing child abuse; of 123 survivors who reported no abuse in a past or recent incident, 5% (6) reported experiencing child abuse.

In all, there were 978 (89%) survivors who reported recent or past abuse as an adult by an intimate partner.

There were 935 survivors (85%) who reported abuse from their offender in the most recent domestic violence incident. Of these, most (87%) reported verbal abuse, followed by physical attack (60%), being threatened to be harmed or killed (34%), and physical restraint (29%). One-quarter (27%) were either held hostage (14%) or prevented from calling for help (13%). A lethal weapon was used in 12% of cases, and strangulation was involved in 11% of cases. Similarly, 11% of survivors reported being sexually abused/coerced, as well.

There were 820 survivors who reported being abused by an intimate partner in the past. Similar to the proportion of victims who reported abuse in the most recent incident, most victims who experienced past abuse from an intimate partner were verbally assaulted/degraded (83%), physically attacked (62%), or threatened (33%). Seventeen percent of those abused by an intimate partner in the past were sexually coerced, 15% respectively, were held hostage and threatened with a lethal weapon, and 14% respectively, were strangled and prevented from calling for help.

Of the 820 survivors who reported abuse by an intimate partner in the past, 807 (98%) reported abuse in the most recent domestic violence incident. Overall, there were 978 victims who reported abuse in a past or recent incident. Of these, 136 (14%) reported they or a partner were pregnant during the abuse.

6. Injury

One-quarter (27%) of survivors reported being injured in a recent or past domestic violence incident. Females were almost three (2.6) times more likely (29%) than males (11%) to report being injured during a domestic violence incident.

Among races/ethnicities represented by at least 20 domestic violence survivors, Native Americans (56%) reported the most survivors who incurred injury from a domestic violence incident, followed by Black survivors (42%), survivors of "other" races (40%), White (non-Hispanic) survivors (26%), and Hispanic survivors (23%).

Survivors who ever experienced abuse from an intimate partner while they or their partner were pregnant, were two times (2.2) more likely to report having been injured in a domestic violence incident (52%), than survivors who reported they or their partner did not experience abuse while pregnant (24%).

Involvement in a domestic violence incident as an adult increases one's likelihood of injury in a subsequent domestic violence incident: three-quarters (77%) of those survivors who reported being injured in a domestic violence incident, reported being involved in a prior adult domestic violence experience.

Survivors who have been told they have a substance abuse problem, were almost two times (1.8) more likely to report being injured in a domestic violence incident (46%) than those who do not have a substance abuse problem (26%).

Survivors who have been told they have a mental illness, were almost two times (1.7) more likely to report being injured in a domestic violence incident (42%) than those who do not have a mental illness (25%).

7. Medical Treatment

Of the 302 survivors who were injured, 44% (132) required medical treatment.

Over all, the rate of seeking medical treatment among injured survivors who required it, was quite high. Of the 132 injured survivors who required medical treatment, 83% (110) sought treatment.

Slightly more (87%) survivors with a substance abuse problem who needed treatment, sought treatment. Similarly, slightly more (84%) survivors with a mental illness who required treatment, sought treatment.

As mentioned earlier, female survivors were three times (29%) more likely to report being injured during a domestic violence incident than male survivors (11%). Of 294 female victims who were injured in a domestic violence incident, 129 (44%) required medical treatment. Of the 129 female survivors who required medical treatment, 85% (109) sought medical treatment.

A valid analysis on the proportion of males who required treatment and sought it was not possible in this dataset: of 75 male survivors, eight reported being injured during a domestic violence incident and only one required treatment, but did not get it.

Among races/ethnicities represented by at least 20 domestic violence survivors, Black survivors and "other" races (50%, respectively) reported the most survivors who required medical treatment, followed by Native American and White (non-Hispanic) survivors (45%, respectively), and Hispanic survivors (41%).

Among races/ethnicities represented by at least 20 domestic violence survivors, all (100%, respectively) Black survivors and "other" race survivors who required medical treatment, sought medical treatment. However, the number of survivors from these racial groups is very few so these findings should be viewed with caution. Ninety percent of White (non-Hispanic) survivors who required medical treatment sought it, followed by 82% of Native American survivors, and 81% of Hispanic survivors.

8. Children present

Three-quarters (77% or 836) of survivors reported having children. When examined by gender, three-quarters (77%) of female survivors and 69% of male survivors have children.

Most survivors (29%) have two children. The mean number of children per survivor is 2.7. Male survivors had a slightly higher mean number of children (2.9) compared to females (2.7). Among races/ethnicities represented by 20 or more survivors, Native American survivors had the highest mean number of children (2.9), followed by Hispanic survivors (2.8), and White (non-Hispanic) survivors (2.5).

Of 841 survivors with children, 47% (398) reported that their children were present during the most recent domestic violence incident; and 40.5% (341) during a past domestic violence incident.

Survivors reported children present in a greater proportion of domestic violence incidents where the survivor lived with their abuser (53%), than incidents where survivors did not live with their abuser (41%).

There was a negligible difference in annual median income between survivors with children present during a domestic violence incident (\$12,000) and survivors where children were not present (\$10,872).

9. Children Abused

Of 841 children present at domestic violence incidents, 20% (167) were abused by the survivor's abuser. Most children were verbally abused/degraded (69%), physically attacked (32%), threatened that they or loved ones would be harmed or killed (20%), or physically restrained (17%). Seventeen percent of children were either held hostage (10%) or prevented from calling for help (7%). Eight percent of children were sexually abused, 6% threatened with a lethal weapon, 5% strangled, and 4% threatened that their pets would be harmed or killed.

10. Children Injured

Of 167 children present and abused in a domestic violence incident, 7% (12) were injured. Of 12 children injured, 3 (25%) required medical treatment. Of three children who required medical treatment, one obtained medical treatment.

11. Law Enforcement and Prosecution Involvement

Sixty percent of survivors reported a domestic violence incident to law enforcement. Slightly more (64%) male survivors reported a domestic violence incident to law enforcement than female survivors (60%).

Slightly more survivors with children (61%) than survivors without children (56%) reported their domestic violence incident to law enforcement. There was negligible difference in a survivor's likelihood of reporting to law enforcement by their number of children, as those survivors who reported to law enforcement had an average 2.7 children and those who did not report had an average 2.8 children.

When examined by race/ethnicity, among races/ethnicities with 20 or more survivors, there were negligible differences in the proportion who reported a domestic violence incident to law enforcement. Slightly more Black and Native American survivors (67%, respectively) reported their incident to law

enforcement, followed closely by survivors of “other” races (65%), White (non-Hispanic) survivors (61%) and Hispanic survivors (60%).

Of the 40% of survivors who never reported a domestic violence incident to law enforcement, only 38 reported the reason they never reported. The greatest number of survivors stated that they did not report because they were *scared* (19), followed by those who did not report because they *believed that nothing would get done* (6), and because they *wanted to work out the relationship* (5). See Table B.

Table B. Why Survivors Never Reported a Domestic Violence Incident to Law Enforcement

Reason	Total
Scared	19
It would get worse/he would get mad/scared of what husband will do	5
Scared for my life	2
He threatened to kill me, my family and take my child	1
Scared because I’m not a citizen	1
Scared	10
Family reasons	2
Wanted it to work out	5
Thought he would change	1
Thought I could handle it	1
Wanted it to work out	3
Didn’t think anything would get done	6
They would just tell me to get an order of protection	1
Didn’t think law enforcement would understand emotional abuse	1
Didn’t think it was bad enough for the cops to do anything	1
Never got physical before	1
Just verbal/mental abuse	1
Non-violent	1
Just wanted to get away	2
Didn’t want anyone else involved	1
Hiding own and perpetrators drug use from CYFD	1
Offender took my phone so I couldn’t call anyone	1
Mental illness (need professional help – not jail)	1

One-quarter (26%) of survivors reported that they had been stalked by the abuser in a recent or past domestic violence incident. Of these 285 stalking survivors, 21% (60) reported the stalking to law enforcement.

When stalking was examined by race/ethnicity, a greater proportion of Black survivors (58%) were stalked by their abuser, followed by survivors of “other” races (40%), Native American survivors (39%), Hispanic survivors (24%) and White (non-Hispanic) survivors (23%).

Half (49%) of domestic violence survivors obtained a protection order for the most recent domestic violence incident. Males (81%) were almost two times (1.8) more likely than females (46%) to obtain a protection order for the most recent domestic violence incident.

Of the 628 survivors involved in a prior domestic violence incident as an adult, 20% (125) obtained an order of protection. With regard to prior domestic violence events, more females (20%) than males (12%) reported obtaining a protection order.

Of the 628 survivors who had a prior domestic violence incident, 12% (77) pressed charges. More female survivors (13%) pressed charges for a prior domestic violence incident than male survivors (3%). The number of survivors who pressed charges was too few to do a valid analysis by gender, race, or income.

12. Case Dispositions and Sentencing

Of 77 survivors who pressed charges, the case dispositions were reported for 43. Of these cases, 58% obtained a conviction (51% prosecuted and found guilty, and 7% pled to a lesser charge), 30% of cases were dismissed, 5% of cases were acquitted, and in 7% of cases the offender was given a diversion program.

Of the 25 survivors who pressed charges and obtained a conviction, 23 (92%) received a sentence that included jail time. The case sentencing was reported in 14 of these cases. Over half (56%, 8) were sentenced to 3 months or less, 14% (2) were sentenced to 6 months, 21% (3) were sentenced 15-18 months, and 7% (1) to two years. The mean jail sentence was 7.2 months.

13. Leave/Stay History

Almost two-thirds (60% or 656) of survivors reported that they left a violent relationship at some time. Of these, one-third (32% or 212) reported that they returned.

Of 212 survivors who returned to their abuser, 101 reported why they returned. Most mentions for returning to their abuser include: *returned to try to work it out* (63), *returned for the children* (27), and returned *because they were scared* (15). See Table C.

Table C. Why Survivors Returned to a Violent Relationship They Left

Reason	Total
Tried to Work it Out	63
I thought he loved me	1
Hope he/she would change/said he would change/said he would get help	28
Felt sorry for him	3
He was going to counseling	4
Wanted it to work out	12
Love/I loved him	12
Thought things would get better	3
Returned for the Children	27
She was pregnant	1
Financially dependent on him	1
Children miss him	1
Returned for the children	24
Scared	15
Fear on my own/no support/lack of resources	7
Intimidated to return	1

Reason	Total
Said he would kill me/feared for my life	2
He found me/he took me forcefully	2
Scared	3
Family influence/pressure	1
He has complete control over me (financially, physically and mentally)	1
I was dumb/stupid	1
Don't know why I returned	2

When examined by survivor income, there was negligible difference in the annual median income of survivors who left a violent relationship at some time (\$11,000) and those who did not leave (\$10,872). Conversely, there was a greater difference in the median income of those who left and stayed away and those who left and returned: survivors who left a violent relationship and did not return had a median annual income \$2,080 greater (\$12,000) than those who left and returned (\$9,920).

Of the 628 survivors who were involved in a prior domestic violence experience, 43% (268) reported that they live with an offender with whom they have a prior domestic violence incident.

When examined by income, survivors who live with an offender with whom they have a prior domestic violence experience had a median annual income \$2400 less (\$9,600) than survivors who do not live with an offender with whom they have a prior domestic violence experience (\$12,000).

14. How Domestic Violence Survivors Hear About Service Providers

Of 969 survivors who reported how they heard about the domestic violence service provider agency, most (23%) were referred by law enforcement or were self/voluntary referred (20%). Twelve percent of survivors had used a service provider before, 9% were referred by a friend, 6% by a relative, and 5% by the adult court system. See Table D.

Table D. How Survivors Hear About Domestic Violence Service Providers

Source	Number of Survivors	Percent Survivors
A Lawyer	6	1%
Adult Court System	52	5%
CYFD Juvenile Justice Division	1	0%
CYFD Protective Services	30	3%
Doctor/family practitioner	9	1%
Employer	4	0%
Family member/Relative	57	6%
Friend	92	9%
Juvenile Court System	2	0%
Law Enforcement Agency	221	23%
Other	130	13%
Probation or Parole	4	0%
Public service announcement on TV	37	4%
School	2	0%
Self or voluntary referral	194	20%
Through an Order of Protection	3	0%
Tribal Government/Agency	12	1%
Used it before	113	12%
Total	969	100%

Appendix B. Survey of Violence Victimization: Summary of Findings

I. INTRODUCTION

Nationally, victimization surveys such as the National Crime Victims Survey and the National Violence Against Women Survey capture more comprehensive estimates of crimes, and in particular, interpersonal violence crimes than that which is captured by law enforcement. While New Mexico law enforcement agencies have reported their incidents of domestic violence, intimate partner violence, stalking, and sexual assault to the Central Repository, determining the rates of these crimes that were *never* reported to law enforcement was not possible. The long term goal to rectify this problem and make possible more accurate estimates on the prevalence and incidence of interpersonal violence in New Mexico was to conduct our own statewide victimization survey. To this end, in 2005 the *Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico* (SVV) was conducted, asking 2000 adult men and 2000 adult women about their experiences of violence. The preliminary findings of this survey found the following:

1. The rates of domestic violence, intimate partner violence, and stalking in New Mexico are high; and higher than national comparable rates found in the National Violence Against Women Survey (NVAWS), the most comprehensive victimization survey at the time of this analysis;
2. These interpersonal violence crimes are significantly under-reported to law enforcement;
3. There are significantly more victims of interpersonal violence than ever identified by law enforcement or service providers statewide, especially in the case of stalking;
4. There are significant co-morbidity and healthcare utilization associated with interpersonal violence; and
5. There are significant differences between males and females in the experience and adjudication of interpersonal violence crimes.

II. FINDINGS

A. Prevalence and Incidence of Interpersonal Violence

Fifteen percent or 1 in 7 adult males in New Mexico has been the victim of domestic violence in his lifetime, and 32% or 1 in 3 adult females.

Ten percent or 1 in 10 adult males has been the victim of intimate partner violence in his lifetime compared to 7% nationally (NVAWS). One-quarter (25%) or 1 in 4 adult females has been the victim of intimate partner violence in her lifetime compared to 22% nationally (NVAWS).

Seven percent or 1 in 14 adult males has been the victim of stalking in his lifetime compared to 4% nationally (NVAWS). One-quarter (25%) or 1 in 4 females has been the victim of stalking in her lifetime compared to 12% nationally (NVAWS).

In 2005 in New Mexico, 28,256 cases of domestic violence were reported to law enforcement, and 18,778 victims identified, which is half (51%) of the victims identified (36,594) in the SVV in the same time period. Domestic violence victims reported an average of

5.5 victimizations each by their offender in the last year, resulting in an estimated 201,267 incidents of domestic violence in New Mexico in 2005.

In 2005, law enforcement identified 206 stalking victims. The SVV identified 17,177 stalking victims in the same time period (83 times as many). Stalking victims reported experiencing an average of 14.3 stalking incidents each in the last year, resulting in an estimated 245,631 incidents of stalking in New Mexico in 2005.

B. Interpersonal Violence and Injury

Each year, law enforcement and service providers report the number of domestic violence victims who are injured as a result of their assault. In 2005, over one-quarter (28%) of law enforcement reported domestic violence incidents resulted in victim injury; and service providers reported that one-third (34%) of the adult victims they served were injured. Findings from the SVV reported that a significant proportion of those who were ever victims of domestic violence (44%), intimate partner violence (47%) and stalking (44%) were injured in their assaults. However, until now, we have never known how many victims of interpersonal violence sought medical care as a result of their injuries. In New Mexico, no standardized or centralized reporting process exists for capturing information on how many victims of interpersonal violence seek medical care.

C. Interpersonal Violence and Healthcare Utilization

Findings from the SVV reveal that slightly over one-third of those in New Mexico who were ever victims of domestic violence (35%), intimate partner violence (37%), and stalking (38%) went for medical treatment as a result of their injuries.

What we do not know is how much healthcare utilization occurs as a result of co-morbidity among interpersonal violence victims. For instance, the SVV revealed that adults who were ever victims of domestic violence (16.5%), intimate partner violence (17%), and stalking (16%), experienced serious, disabling injury at twice the rate of the non-victimized population (8%). Additionally, adults who were ever victims of domestic violence (12%), intimate partner violence (11%), and stalking (12%) were nearly four times more likely to suffer from one or more chronic mental health conditions than non-violence victims (3%).

D. Men as Victims and Offenders in Interpersonal Violence

It is widely reported nationally and locally that most victims of interpersonal violence are females and most offenders are males. What was not known, and is most interesting, is that most male victims of interpersonal violence are victimized by a male, as well. A significant proportion of males who were ever victims of stalking (51%), domestic violence (62%), and intimate partner violence (49%) were victimized by a male.

E. Relationship Between Victims and Offenders of Interpersonal Violence

Two-thirds (66%) of victims of intimate partner violence were assaulted by an ex-romantic partner. Most (33%) stalking victims were stalked by someone they knew but not a relative or ever a romantic interest. Stalking victims were equally likely to be stalked by a stranger (28%) as an ex-romantic partner (27.5%).

F. Interpersonal Violence Involving Sexual Assault

The proportion of New Mexico adults who were ever stalked and also sexually assaulted in their lifetimes (48%) was greater than those who were ever domestic violence victims and sexually assaulted (45%), and intimate partner violence victims and sexually assaulted (44%). However, in the course of one's lifetime, one could be stalked by one person and sexually assaulted by another. A better measure of the rate of sexual assault by the same individual who commits physical assault is obtained by examining intimate partner violence in the last 12 months. Among intimate partner violence victims last year, 11.5% reported being sexually assaulted by their intimate partner. More female intimate partner violence victims were sexually assaulted (13%) than male intimate partner violence victims (9%).

G. Gender Differences in Interpersonal Violence

1. Interpersonal Violence and Weapons

In 2005, over one-third (38%) of domestic violence incidents reported by law enforcement involved a weapon. However, with aggregate reporting instead of individual records, it was not possible to determine if there was a difference in the rate of weapon use among the interpersonal violence crimes or if there was a difference in weapon use based on the gender of the victim. The SVV revealed that 32% of domestic violence, 33% intimate partner violence, and 31% stalking incidents involved a weapon; and each of these crimes was significantly more likely to involve a weapon if the victim was male, than female: domestic violence (36% males, 30% female); intimate partner violence (41% male, 30% female); and stalking (39% male, 29% female).

2. Interpersonal Violence and Restraining Orders

Over the last five years, the Central Repository has reported that the average number of protection or restraining orders issued by the District Courts was equal to roughly one-quarter (23%) of the number of domestic violence incidents reported to law enforcement. The SVV revealed similar results, as roughly one-quarter of domestic violence (21%), intimate partner violence (23%), and stalking (26%) victims obtained a restraining order. However, results from the SVV showed that female domestic violence and intimate partner violence victims were 2.5 times more likely to obtain a restraining order than their male counterparts. Similarly, female stalking victims were almost two times more likely than males to obtain a restraining order.

As a result of the SVV, we have our first measure of how many restraining orders are violated by the offender. Over half of all restraining orders in interpersonal violence crimes were violated: domestic violence (53.5%); intimate partner violence (56%); and stalking (51%). Moreover, restraining orders obtained by male intimate partner violence victims had the highest rate of violation (58%).

3. Interpersonal Violence Reported to Law Enforcement and Rate of Arrests

Over the last five years, the Central Repository reported that an average of 49% of domestic violence victims who went for help reported their victimization incident to law enforcement. The SVV revealed significant differences in the rate of reporting to law

enforcement by the victims of the three types of interpersonal violence crimes: domestic violence (38%), intimate partner violence (41%), and stalking (34%). While one-third of stalking victims reported their victimization to law enforcement, there were fewer arrests for stalking (5.5%), than for domestic violence and intimate partner violence (17%, respectively). Moreover, in cases of domestic violence and intimate partner violence, more offender arrests were made when there was a female victim. With stalking crimes, the arrest rate was almost equal for crimes perpetrated against female (6%) and male (5) victims.

4. Interpersonal Violence and Criminal Charges

Domestic violence and intimate partner violence victims were more likely to file criminal charges (1 in 7, respectively) than stalking victims (1 in 17). Again, domestic violence and intimate partner violence female victims were two times more likely to file charges than male victims. Conversely, female and male victims of stalking were equally likely to file criminal charges.

H. Dispositions in Interpersonal Violence Crimes

Stalking offenders had the fewest outcomes with charges dropped (13%) compared to offenders of domestic violence (25%) and intimate partner violence (28%). Additionally, stalking offenders had the highest rate of guilty pleas or convictions (51%) over domestic violence offenders (38%) and intimate partner violence offenders (39%). Offenders of each interpersonal violence crime involving a female victim were significantly more likely to plead guilty than offenders of each with a male victim. The rate of acquittals for offenders of male domestic violence and intimate partner violence were 4 and 5 times respectively, the rate of offender acquittals for these crimes with a female victim. Conversely, offenders of stalking with a male victim were much less likely to obtain an acquittal (<1%) than stalking offenders with a female victim (5%).

Roughly two-thirds of all those sentenced for interpersonal violence crimes were sentenced to jail or prison. The average sentence length for convicted domestic violence offenders (3.04 years) was longer than that of intimate partner violence offenders (2.7 years) and stalking offenders (1.97 years). Domestic violence and intimate partner violence offenders received a longer average sentence when the victim was a female, while stalking offenders received a slightly longer average sentence when the victim was a male. Offenders sentenced for stalking a male victim actually served a longer average sentence (2.0 years) than offenders sentenced for intimate partner violence with a male victim (1.5 years).

APPENDIX C. DEFINITIONS

Domestic violence incidence as determined by law enforcement include all incidents of assault, aggravated assault, battery, and aggravated battery as outlined in the “Crimes Against Household Members Act” as follows:

30-3-10. Short Title.

This act (30-3-10 to 30-3-18 NMSA 1978) may be cited as the “Crimes Against Household Members Act”.

30-3-11. Definitions

- A. As used in the Crimes Against Household Members Act (30-3-10 to 30-3-18 NMSA 1978), “household member” means spouse, former spouse, parent, present or former step-parent, present or former parent in-law, grandparent, grandparent-in-law, a co-parent of a child or a person with whom a person has had a continuing personal relationship. Cohabitation is not necessary to be deemed a household member for the purposes of the Crimes Against Household Members Act;
- B. “continuing personal relationship” means a dating or intimate relationship.

30-3-12. Assault against a household member.

- A. Assault against a household member consists of:
 - (1) an attempt to commit a battery against a household member; or
 - (2) any unlawful act, threat or menacing conduct that causes a household member to reasonably believe that he is in danger of receiving an immediate battery.
- B. Whoever commits assault against a household member is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.

30-3-13. Aggravated assault against a household member.

- A. Aggravated assault against a household member consists of:
 - (1) unlawfully assaulting or striking at a household member with a deadly weapon; or
 - (2) willfully and intentionally assaulting a household member with intent to commit any felony.
- B. Whoever commits aggravated assault against a household member is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

30-3-14. Assault against a household member with intent to commit a violent felony.

- A. Assault against a household member with intent to commit a violent felony consists of any person assaulting a household member with intent to kill or commit any murder, mayhem, criminal sexual penetration in the first, second or third degree, robbery, kidnapping, false imprisonment or burglary.
- B. Whoever commits assault against a household member with intent to commit a violent felony is guilty of a third degree felony.

30-3-15. Battery against a household member.

- A. Battery against a household member consists of the unlawful, intentional touching or application of force to the person of a household member, when done in a rude, insolent or angry manner.
- B. Whoever commits battery against a household member is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.
- C. Upon conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete a domestic violence offender treatment or intervention program approved by the children, youth and families department pursuant to rules promulgated by the department that define the criteria for such programs.
- D. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, if a sentence imposed pursuant to this section is suspended or deferred in whole or in part, the period of probation may extend beyond three hundred sixty-four days but may not exceed two years. If an offender violates a condition of probation, the court may impose any sentence that the court could originally have imposed and credit shall not be given for time served by the offender on probation; provided that the total period of incarceration shall not exceed three hundred sixty-four days and the combined period of incarceration and probation shall not exceed two years.

30-3-16. Aggravated battery against a household member.

- A. Aggravated battery against a household member consists of the unlawful touching or application of force to the person of a household member with intent to injure that person or another.
- B. Whoever commits aggravated battery against a household member by inflicting an injury to that person that is not likely to cause death or great bodily harm, but that does cause painful temporary disfigurement or temporary loss or impairment of the functions of any member or organ of the body, is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- C. Whoever commits aggravated battery against a household member by inflicting great bodily harm or doing so with a deadly weapon or doing so in any manner whereby great bodily harm or death can be inflicted, is guilty of a third degree felony.
- D. Upon conviction pursuant to Subsection B of this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete a domestic violence offender treatment or intervention program approved by the children, youth and families department pursuant to rules promulgated by the department that define the criteria for such programs.
- E. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, if a sentence imposed pursuant to the provisions of Subsection B of this section is suspended or deferred in whole or in part, the period of probation may extend beyond three hundred sixty-four days but may not exceed two years. If an offender violates a condition of probation, the court may impose any sentence that the court could originally

have imposed and credit shall not be given for time served by the offender on probation; provided that the total period of incarceration shall not exceed three hundred sixty-four days and the combined period of incarceration and probation shall not exceed two years.

30-7-17. Multiple convictions of battery or aggravated battery.

- A. Whoever commits three offenses of battery against a household member as provided in Section 30-3-15 MNSA 1978 or aggravated battery against a household member as provided in Subsection B of Section 30-13-16 NMSA 1978, or any combination thereof, when the household member is a spouse, a former spouse, a co-parent of a child or a person with whom the offender has had a continuing personal relationship is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- B. Whoever commits four or more offenses of battery against a household member as provided in Section 30-3-15 NMSA 1978 or aggravated battery against a household member as provided in Subsection B of Section 30-3-16 NMSA 1978, or any combination thereof, when the household member is a spouse, a former spouse, a co-parent of a child or a person with whom the offender has had a continuing personal relationship is guilty of a third degree felony.
- C. For the purpose of determining the number of offenses committed, each offense must have been committed after conviction for the preceding offense.

30-3-18. Criminal damage to property of household member; deprivation of property of household member.

- A. Criminal damage to the property of a household member consists of intentionally damaging real, personal, community or jointly owned property of a household member with the intent to intimidate, threaten, or harass that household member.
- B. Whoever commits criminal damage to the property of a household member is guilty of a misdemeanor, except that when the damage to the household member's interest in the property amounts to more than one thousand dollars (\$1000), the offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- C. Deprivation of the property of a household member consists of intentionally depriving a household member of the use of separate, community or jointly owned personal property of the household member with the intent to intimidate or threaten that household member.
- D. Whoever commits deprivation of the property of a household member is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Appendix D. Participating Law Enforcement Agencies 2014

Police Department Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip Code
Alamogordo Dept. of Public Safety	700 Virginia Avenue	Alamogordo	NM	88310
Albuquerque Police Department	400 Roma NW	Albuquerque	NM	87102
Angel Fire Police Department	P.O. Box 610	Angel Fire	NM	87710
Anthony Police Department	P.O. Box 2663	Anthony	NM	88021
Artesia Police Department	702 W. Chisum	Artesia	NM	88210
Bayard Police Department	P.O. Box 788	Bayard	NM	88023
Belen Police Department	607 Becker Avenue	Belen	NM	87002
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	400 Roma NW	Albuquerque	NM	87102
Bernalillo Police Department	P.O. Box 638	Bernalillo	NM	87004
Bloomfield Police Department	915 North First St.	Bloomfield	NM	87413
Bosque Farms Police Department	P.O. Box 660	Peralta	NM	87042
Carlsbad Police Department	405 S. Halagueno	Carlsbad	NM	88220
Carrizozo Police Department	P.O. Box 828	Carrizozo	NM	88301
Catron County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 467	Reserve	NM	87830
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 1396	Roswell	NM	88201
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	115 W. High St.	Grants	NM	87020
Cimarron Police Department	P.O. Box 654	Cimarron	NM	87714
Clayton Police Department	112 North Front Street	Clayton	NM	88415
Clovis Police Department	P.O. Box 862	Clovis	NM	88102
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 39	Raton	NM	87740
Corrales Police Department	P.O. Box 707	Corrales	NM	87048
Cuba Police Department	P.O. Box 426	Cuba	NM	87013
Curry County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 1043	Clovis	NM	88102
Department of Public Safety	P.O. Box 1628	Santa Fe	NM	87504
De Baca County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 927	Ft. Sumner	NM	87119
Dexter Police Department	P.O. Box 610	Dexter	NM	88230
Dona Ana County Sheriffs Office	1725 Marquess St.	Las Cruces	NM	88005
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 1240	Carlsbad	NM	88220
Espanola Police Department	411 North Paseo de Onate	Espanola	NM	87532
Estancia Police Department	P.O. Box 166	Estancia	NM	87016
Eunice Police Department	P.O. Box 147	Eunice	NM	88231
Farmington Police Department	800 Municipal Drive	Farmington	NM	87401

Police Department Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip Code
Gallup Police Department	451 State Road 564	Gallup	NM	87301
Grant County Sheriff's Department	201 N. Cooper St.	Silver City	NM	88061
Grants Police Department	105 E. Roosevelt	Grants	NM	87020
Guadalupe County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 36	Santa Rosa	NM	88435
Hatch Police Department	P.O. Box 220	Hatch	NM	87917
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	305 South Pyramid	Lordsburg	NM	88045
Hobbs Police Department	300 North Turner	Hobbs	NM	88240
Hurley Police Department	P.O. Box 65	Hurley	NM	88043
Isleta Tribal Police Department	P.O. Box 699	Isleta	NM	87022
Jal Police Department	P.O. Drawer W	Jal	NM	88252
Laguna Police Department	P.O. Box 194	Old Laguna	NM	87026
Las Cruces Police Department	P.O. Box 20000	Las Cruces	NM	88001
Las Vegas Police Department	318 Moreno Street	Las Vegas	NM	87701
Lea County Sheriff's Office	215 East Central	Lovington	NM	88260
Logan Police Department	P.O. Box 7	Logan	NM	88426
Lordsburg Police Department	409 W. Wabash St.	Lordsburg	NM	88045
Los Alamos Police Department	P.O. Box 30	Los Alamos	NM	87544
Lovington Police Department	213 S. Love	Lovington	NM	88260
Luna County Sheriff's Office	116 E. Poplar Street	Deming	NM	88030
McKinley County Sheriff's Office	2105 East Aztec	Gallup	NM	87301
Mora County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 659	Mora	NM	87732
Moriarty Police Department	P.O. Drawer 130	Moriarty	NM	87035
Village of Peralta	P.O. Box 13	Los Lunas	NM	87031
Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	58 Cities of Gold Road, Suite 6	Santa Fe	NM	87506
Portales Police Department	1700 North Boston	Portales	NM	88130
Quay County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 942	Tucumcari	NM	88401
Questa Police Department	P.O. Box 260	Questa	NM	87556
Raton Police Department	P.O. Box 397	Raton	NM	87740
Red River Marshal's Office	P.O. Box 410	Red River	NM	87558
Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 1256	Espanola	NM	87532
Rio Rancho DPS	500 Quantum Road	Rio Rancho	NM	87124
Roswell Police Department	P.O. Box 1994	Roswell	NM	88201

Police Department Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip Code
Ruidoso Downs Police Department	1085 Mechem Dr.	Ruidoso	NM	88345
Ruidoso Police Department	1085 Mechem Dr.	Ruidoso	NM	88345
San Juan County Sheriff's Department	211 South Oliver	Aztec	NM	87410
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 5219	Bernalillo	NM	87004
Santa Clara Police Department	P.O. Box 316	Santa Clara	NM	88026
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Drawer Q	Santa Fe	NM	87504
Santa Fe Police Department	2515 Camino Entrada	Santa Fe	NM	87505
Santa Rosa Police Department	141 South 5th Street	Santa Rosa	NM	88435
Sierra County Sheriff's Office	311 Date Street	T or C	NM	87901
Silver City Police Department	P.O. Box 997	Silver City	NM	88062
Socorro Police Department	P.O. Box 992	Socorro	NM	87801
Taos Police Department	107 civic Plaza Dr.	Taos	NM	87571
Taos Pueblo Police Department	P.O. Box 1846	Taos	NM	87571
Tatum Police Department	P.O. Box 691	Tatum	NM	88267
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 498	Estancia	NM	87016
T or C Police Department	401 McAdoo St.	T or C	NM	88352
Tucumcari Police Department	P.O. Box 1336	Tucumcari	NM	88401
Tularosa Police Department	703 St. Francis Drive	Tularosa	NM	88352
Valencia County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 1585	Los Lunas	NM	87031
Zuni Tribal Police Department	P.O. Box 339	Zuni	NM	87327

Appendix E. Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Data Collection Form
Y14

1. Agency Name _____
2. Quarter Reporting 1st 2nd 3rd 4th Year: 2014
3. _____ Number of **Harassment** Incidents (30-3A-3.2)
- 3a. _____ Number of **Stalking** Incidents 3b. _____ Number of Stalking Incidents resulting in a homicide
4. _____ Number of **Domestic Violence** (DV) Incidents for the quarter (Based on offense incident reports)
- 4a. _____ Number of Domestic Violence Incidents resulting in a homicide
- 4b. _____ Total number of DV homicide victims (_____ #female homicide victims _____ # male homicide victims)
5. _____ Number of male DV victims _____ Number of female DV victims _____ Number DV victims gender unknown
6. Number of DV victims per age group Number of DV suspects per age group

_____ 0-6	_____ 0-6
_____ 7-12	_____ 7-12
_____ 13-18	_____ 13-18
_____ 19-25	_____ 19-25
_____ 26-35	_____ 26-35
_____ 36-45	_____ 36-45
_____ 46-55	_____ 46-55
_____ 56-65	_____ 56-65
_____ 66+ _____ # victims age unknown	_____ 66+ _____ # suspects age unknown
7. Number of DV victims per each race/ethnicity Number of DV suspects per each race/ethnicity

_____ Caucasian	_____ Caucasian
_____ Hispanic	_____ Hispanic
_____ Native American	_____ Native American
_____ Asian/Pacific Islander	_____ Asian/Pacific Islander
_____ Black	_____ Black
_____ Other _____ # victim race/ethnicity unknown	_____ Other _____ # suspect race/ethnicity unknown
8. _____ Number of DV male suspects _____ Number of DV female suspects _____ Number DV gender unknown
- 9a. _____ Number of domestic violence incidents involving injury
- 9b. Of **9a** incidents, how many involved: victim injury _____ suspect injury _____ police officer injury _____
10. Number of DV incidents with each type of injury: _____ B (apparent broken bone) _____ I (possible internal injury)
 _____ L (severe laceration) _____ M (apparent minor injury) _____ O (other major injury)
 _____ T (loss of teeth) _____ U (unconscious) _____ Unknown
11. _____ Number of DV incidents a weapon was used
12. Number of DV incidents in which each type of weapon was used: _____ gun _____ knife _____ other
13. Number of each type of relationship of suspect/offender to victim. Suspect/Offender was a...
 _____ spouse _____ boyfriend _____ ex-boyfriend _____ relative _____ gay partner
 _____ ex-spouse _____ girlfriend _____ ex-girlfriend _____ other _____ gay ex-partner _____ unknown
- 14a. _____ Number of DV incidents where alcohol/drugs were used.
- 14b. Number of DV incidents alcohol/drugs used by: _____ victim only _____ suspect only _____ both
15. _____ Number of DV *incidents* where children were at the scene
- 16a. _____ Total number of *children* at the scene of domestic violence incidents
- 16b. Number of children per each age group: _____ 0-5 _____ 6-9 _____ 10-12 _____ 13-17 _____ 18-21 _____ unknown
17. Number of DV incidents where: _____ total incidents with **no arrests** made;
 _____ only *suspect* arrested; _____ only *victim* arrested; _____ both arrested;
 _____ total incidents where suspect left the scene. _____ total incidents for which a summons was issued.

Please send reports to: NMIPVDCR, 3909 Juan Tabo, Suite 6, Albuquerque, NM 87111 or fax to (505) 883-7530
 Reports due on **April 15th, July 15th, October 15th, and January 15th, 2015.** Call **Betty Caponera, 883-8020** for questions.

Appendix F: Domestic Violence Incidents for All Counties with Complete and Incomplete* Reporting, 2014

County	Number of Domestic Violence Reports	Population	Complete Reporting
Bernalillo	7,981	675,551	Yes
Catron	8	3,556	No ¹
Chaves	805	65,878	Yes
Cibola	201	27,349	No ²
Colfax	52	12,680	Yes
Curry	320	50,969	Yes
De Baca	5	1,825	No ³
Dona Ana	1,913	213,676	Yes
Eddy	408	56,395	Yes
Grant	223	29,096	Yes
Guadalupe	32	4,468	Yes
Harding		683	No ⁴
Hidalgo	14	4,560	Yes
Lea	354	69,999	Yes
Lincoln	136	19,706	No ⁵
Los Alamos	30	17,682	Yes
Luna	52	24,673	No ⁶
McKinley	954	74,098	Yes
Mora	4	4,592	Yes
Otero	212	65,082	No ⁷
Quay	54	8,501	Yes
Rio Arriba	332	39,777	Yes
Roosevelt	64	19,536	No ⁸
San Juan	804	123,785	No ⁹
San Miguel	203	28,239	Yes
Sandoval	541	137,608	Yes
Santa Fe	1,583	148,164	Yes
Sierra	116	11,325	Yes
Socorro	127	17,310	No ¹⁰
Taos	97	33,084	Yes
Torrance	84	15,611	Yes
Union	100	4,297	Yes
Valencia	248	75,817	No ¹¹
Total	18,057	2,085,572	

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting

¹ Reserve, NM, the largest city in Catron County, has no municipal police department.

² Grant County Sheriff's Department did not report

³ Fort Sumner Police Department did not report

⁴ No Law Enforcement

⁵ Lincoln County Sheriff's Office did not report

⁶ Deming Police Department did not report

⁷ Otero County Sheriff's Office did not report

⁸ Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office did not report

⁹ Aztec Police Department did not report

¹⁰ Socorro County Sheriff's Department did not report

¹¹ Los Lunas Police Department did not report

Appendix G: Rate and Rank of Domestic Violence Incidents for All Counties with Complete* Reporting, by Rank

County	Number of Domestic Violence Reports	Population	Rate/1000	Rank
Union	100	4,297	23.3	1
McKinley	954	74,098	12.9	2
Chaves	805	65,878	12.2	3
Bernalillo	7,981	675,551	11.8	4
Santa Fe	1,583	148,164	10.7	5
Sierra	116	11,325	10.2	6
Dona Ana	1,913	213,676	9.0	7
Rio Arriba	332	39,777	8.3	8
Grant	223	29,096	7.7	9
Eddy	408	56,395	7.2	10
Guadalupe	32	4,468	7.2	10
San Miguel	203	28,239	7.2	10
Quay	54	8,501	6.4	11
Curry	320	50,969	6.3	12
Torrance	84	15,611	5.4	13
Lea	354	69,999	5.1	14
Colfax	52	12,680	4.1	15
Sandoval	541	137,608	3.9	16
Hidalgo	14	4,560	3.1	17
Taos	97	33,084	2.9	18
Los Alamos	30	17,682	1.7	19
Mora	4	4,592	0.9	20
Total	16,200	1,706,250	9.5	

* Complete reporting means that the law enforcement agency(s) from the largest city in the county reported a full year of domestic violence data for 2014.

Appendix H: Rate and Rank of Domestic Violence Incidents for All Counties with Complete* Reporting, Alphabetical by County

County	Number of Domestic Violence Reports	Population	Rate/1000	Rank
Bernalillo	7,981	675,551	11.8	4
Chaves	805	65,878	12.2	3
Colfax	52	12,680	4.1	15
Curry	320	50,969	6.3	12
Dona Ana	1,913	213,676	9.0	7
Eddy	408	56,395	7.2	10
Grant	223	29,096	7.7	9
Guadalupe	32	4,468	7.2	10
Hidalgo	14	4,560	3.1	17
Lea	354	69,999	5.1	14
Los Alamos	30	17,682	1.7	19
McKinley	954	74,098	12.9	2
Mora	4	4,592	0.9	20
Quay	54	8,501	6.4	11
Rio Arriba	332	39,777	8.3	8
San Miguel	203	28,239	7.2	10
Sandoval	541	137,608	3.9	16
Santa Fe	1,583	148,164	10.7	5
Sierra	116	11,325	10.2	6
Taos	97	33,084	2.9	18
Torrance	84	15,611	5.4	13
Union	100	4,297	23.3	1
Total	16,200	1,706,250	9.5	

* Complete reporting means that the law enforcement agency(s) from the largest city in the county reported a full year of domestic violence data for 2014.

Appendix I. Participating Domestic Violence Service Providers 2014

Agency Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip Code
Alternatives To Violence - Colfax	P.O. Box 1632	Raton	NM	87740
Alternatives To Violence - Union	113 Walnut St.	Clayton	NM	88415
Battered Families Services	1500 S. 2 nd St., Suite B	Gallup	NM	87301
Carlsbad Battered Family Services	P.O. Box 2396	Carlsbad	NM	88220
Community Against Violence	P.O. Box 169	Taos	NM	87571
COPE, Inc. - Otero	909 S. Florida	Alamogordo	NM	88310
COPE, Inc. - Lincoln	415 Sudderth Dr.	Ruidoso	NM	88345
Crisis Center of Northern NM	P.O. Box 1224	Espanola	NM	87532
Domestic Abuse Intervention Center	P.O. Box 1711	T or C	NM	87901
El Refugio	1809 N. Alabama	Silver City	NM	88061
El Refugio	P.O. Box 161	Lordsburg	NM	88045
ENLACE	510 Third SW	Albuquerque	NM	87102
Esperanza, Inc.	P.O. Box 5701	Santa Fe	NM	87502
Family Crisis Center	208 E. Apache	Farmington	NM	87401
Grandma's House	P.O. Box 654	Artesia	NM	88211
Haven House	P.O. Box 15511	Rio Rancho	NM	87174
HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)	512 E. Highway 70	Ruidoso Downs	NM	88346
La Casa	P.O. Box 2483	Las Cruces	NM	88004
New Beginning Program	1203 NM 53	Pueblo of Zuni	NM	87327
Option, Inc.	P.O. Box 2213	Hobbs	NM	88240
Peacekeepers Program	P.O. Box 969	San Juan Pueblo	NM	87566
Domestic Violence Resource Center	P.O. Box 27519	Albuquerque	NM	87125
Roberta's Place	P.O. Box 7304	Grants	NM	87020
Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults	P.O. Box 184	Roswell	NM	88201
S.A.F.E. House	P.O. Box 25363	Albuquerque	NM	87125
The Hartley House	P.O. Box 1732	Clovis	NM	88101
The Healing House	P.O. Box 1223	Deming	NM	88031
Valencia Shelter For Victims of DV	P.O. Box 1095	Belen	NM	87002

Domestic Violence Service Agencies

Quarterly Report To The **NM Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository**

Agency Name: _____

Year: 2014 Quarter Reporting (check one): 1st 2nd 3rd 4th

Please report aggregate numbers for the reporting quarter for each of the following questions. Only data on new clients served (during the reporting quarter) are to be reported.

1a. *Number of new clients served:* Victims/Survivors _____ Children As Victim Witnesses _____ Offenders _____
(does not include number of crises/hotline phone calls)

b. Number of crises/hotline phone calls handled for the quarter _____

2. Number of each Gender served: Victims/Survivors _____ Children As Victim Witnesses _____ Offenders _____

Males	_____	_____	_____
Females	_____	_____	_____

3. Number served in each Age Group: Victims/ Survivors _____ Children/Victim Witnesses _____ Offenders _____

0-5	_____	_____	_____
6-11	_____	_____	_____
12	_____	_____	_____
13	_____	_____	_____
14	_____	_____	_____
15	_____	_____	_____
16	_____	_____	_____
17	_____	_____	_____
18-21	_____	_____	_____
22-40	_____	_____	_____
41-59	_____	_____	_____
60-74	_____	_____	_____
75 and older	_____	_____	_____
Unknown	_____	_____	_____

4. Number served in each Ethnic Group: Victims/Survivors _____ Children/Victim Witnesses _____ Offenders _____

White-Non-Hispanic	_____	_____	_____
Hispanic	_____	_____	_____
American Indian	_____	_____	_____
Black	_____	_____	_____
Asian	_____	_____	_____
Other	_____	_____	_____
Unknown	_____	_____	_____

5. Number from each Referral Source Survivors _____ Children/Victim Witnesses _____ Offenders _____

CYFD Protective Services	_____	_____	_____
CYFD Juvenile Justice Division	_____	_____	_____
Tribal Government/Agency	_____	_____	_____
Family/Relative	_____	_____	_____
Self	_____	_____	_____
School	_____	_____	_____
Juvenile Court System	_____	_____	_____
Adult Court System	_____	_____	_____
Law Enforcement Agency	_____	_____	_____
Friend	_____	_____	_____
Client or Former Client	_____	_____	_____
Employer	_____	_____	_____
Other	_____	_____	_____
Unknown	_____	_____	_____

6. Number of new clients receiving each service:

<u>Adults/Victims</u>	<u>Children</u>	<u>Offenders</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Counseling (individual/group)	<input type="checkbox"/> Counseling (individual/group)	<input type="checkbox"/> Counseling (individual/group)
<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Shelter	<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Shelter	<input type="checkbox"/> Psychoeducation Classes
<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation	<input type="checkbox"/> Daycare	<input type="checkbox"/> Case Management
<input type="checkbox"/> Financial Support	<input type="checkbox"/> School Arrangements	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
<input type="checkbox"/> Housing Assistance	<input type="checkbox"/> Case Management	
<input type="checkbox"/> Order of Protection	<input type="checkbox"/> Other	
<input type="checkbox"/> Legal Advocacy Other Than Order of Protection		
<input type="checkbox"/> Psychoeducation Classes (parenting, anger management, communication, dv education, etc)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Case Management		
<input type="checkbox"/> Crises Intervention		
<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____		

7. Number for each Survivor/Offender Relationship category as reported by adult victims:

<input type="checkbox"/> Dating	<input type="checkbox"/> Living Together	<input type="checkbox"/> Married	<input type="checkbox"/> Family Member
<input type="checkbox"/> Separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Divorced	<input type="checkbox"/> Ex-partner	<input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown

8. Number for each Length of Relationship category as reported by adult victims:

<input type="checkbox"/> 0 months - 11 mos.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 year - 2 yrs.	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 - 5 yrs.
<input type="checkbox"/> 6 - 10 yrs.	<input type="checkbox"/> 11 - 20 yrs.	<input type="checkbox"/> 21+ years <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown

9. Number of New Clients Who Were Abused or Witnessed Abuse as a Child:

<u>Adult Victims (as reported by adult victims):</u>	<u>Offenders (as reported by adult victims):</u>
Number Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Number No <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>	Number Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Number No <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>

<u>Offenders (as reported by offenders in treatment):</u>
Number Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Number No <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>

10. Use of Alcohol/Drugs At The Time of the Domestic Violence Incident:

<u>Adult Victims (as reported by adult victims):</u>	<u>Offenders (as reported by adult victims):</u>
Number Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Number No <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>	Number Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Number No <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>

<u>Offenders (as reported by offenders in treatment):</u>
Number Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Number No <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown <input type="checkbox"/>

11. Number of adult victims/survivors who reported their incident to law enforcement _____.
12. Number of adult victims/survivors who reported that children were present at the time of the presenting incident _____.
13. Number of adult victims/survivors who reported that a weapon was involved in the presenting incident _____.
14. Number of incidents resulting in a criminal complaint as reported by adult victims _____.
15. Number of incidents resulting in the filing of a protective order as reported by adult victims _____.
16. Number of adult victims/survivors who experienced domestic violence in the past _____.
17. Number of adult victims/survivors who experienced a physical injury as a result of the presenting incident _____.
18. Number of adult victims/survivors who experienced forced or coerced sexual activity from current offender _____.
19. Number of children/victim witnesses who ever experienced physical abuse from current offender _____.
20. Number of children/victim witnesses who ever experienced sexual abuse from current offender _____.
21. Number of immigrant victims/survivors: _____ adults _____ children
22. Number of adult/survivors with a mental or physical disability _____

Submit completed forms for each quarter as follows:

- 1st quarter (January through March) by April 15th
- 2nd quarter (April through June) by July 15th
- 3rd quarter (July through September) by October 15th
- 4th quarter (October through December) by January 15th

Mail To: NMCSAP
 3909 Juan Tabo, Suite 6
 Albuquerque, NM 87111
or FAX To: (505) 883-7530
 Call Betty Caponera (505) 883-8020 for questions.

Appendix K. Participating District Courts

District Court	Address	City	Zip
First Judicial District	P.O. Box 2041	Santa Fe	87504
First Judicial District	P.O. Box 30	Los Alamos	87544
First Judicial District	P.O. Box 1209	Espanola	87532
Second Judicial District	505 Marquette NW	Albuquerque	87102
Third Judicial District	201 W. Picacho	Las Cruces	88005
Fourth Judicial District	P.O. Box 2025	Las Vegas	87701
Fourth Judicial District	P.O. Box 554	Mora	87732
Fourth Judicial District	420 Parker Avenue, Ste.5	Santa Rosa	88435
Fifth Judicial District	P.O. Box 1776	Roswell	88202
Fifth Judicial District	P.O. Box 1838	Carlsbad	88220
Fifth Judicial District	Box 6-C	Lovington	88260
Sixth Judicial District	700 S. Silver, Rm. 40	Deming	88030
Sixth Judicial District	P.O. Box 608	Lordsburg	88045
Sixth Judicial District	P.O. Box 2339	Silver City	88061
Seventh Judicial District	P.O. Box 3009	T or C	87901
Seventh Judicial District	P.O. Box 78	Estancia	87016
Seventh Judicial District	P.O. Drawer 1129	Socorro	87801
Seventh Judicial District	P.O. Drawer 1129	Reserve	87830
Eighth Judicial District	P.O. Box 160	Raton	87740
Eighth Judicial District	P.O. Box 310	Clayton	88415
Eighth Judicial District	P.O. Box Drawer E	Taos	87571
Eleventh Judicial District	201 West Hill St., Rm. 201	Gallup	87301
Eleventh Judicial District	103 South Oliver	Aztec	87410
Ninth Judicial District	109 West First St., Ste. 207	Portales	88130
Ninth Judicial District	700 North Main	Clovis	88101
Tenth Judicial District	P.O. Box 910	Fort Sumner	88119
Tenth Judicial District	P.O. Box 1141	Tucumcari	88401
Twelfth Judicial District	1000 New York Avenue	Alamogordo	88310
Twelfth Judicial District	P.O. Box 725	Carrizozo	88310
Thirteenth Judicial District	P.O. Box 1089	Los Lunas	87301
Thirteenth Judicial District	P.O. Box 758	Grants	87020
Thirteenth Judicial District	P.O. Box 130	Bernalillo	87004

Appendix L. Participating Magistrate Courts

Magistrate Court	City	Phone	Fax
Catron County Magistrate Court	Reserve	(505) 533-6474	(505) 533-6623
Catron County Magistrate Circuit Court	Quemado	(505) 773-4604	(505) 773-4688
Chaves County Magistrate Court	Roswell	(505) 624-6088	(505) 624-6092
Cibola County Magistrate Court	Grants	(505) 285-4605	(505) 285-6485
Colfax County Magistrate Court	Raton	(505) 445-2220	(505) 445-8966
Colfax County Magistrate Court	Springer	(505) 483-2417	(505) 483-0127
Colfax County Magistrate Circuit Court	Cimarron	(505) 376-2634	(505) 376-9108
Curry County Magistrate Court	Clovis	(505) 762-3766	(505) 769-1437
De Baca County Magistrate Court	Fort Sumner	(505) 355-7371	(505) 355-7149
Doña Ana County Magistrate Court	Las Cruces	(505) 524-2814	(505) 525-2951
Dona Ana County Magistrate Circuit Court	Anthony	(505) 233-3147	(505) 882-0113
Dona Ana County Magistrate Circuit Court	Hatch	(505) 267-3021	
Eddy County Magistrate Court	Artesia	(505) 746-2481	(505) 746-6763
Eddy County Magistrate Court	Carlsbad	(505) 885-3218	(505) 887-3460
Grant County Magistrate Court	Bayard	(505) 537-3042	(505) 537-3042
Grant County Magistrate Court	Silver City	(505) 538-3811	(505) 538-9078
Guadalupe County Magistrate Court	Santa Rosa	(505) 472-3237	(505) 472-3592
Guadalupe County Magistrate Circuit Court	Vaughn	(505) 584-2345	(505) 584-2234
Harding County Magistrate Court	Roy	(505) 485-2549	(505) 485-2407
Hidalgo County Magistrate Court	Lordsburg	(505) 542-3582	(505) 542-3596
Lea County Magistrate Court	Eunice	(505) 394-3368	(505) 394-3335
Lea County Magistrate Court	Hobbs	(505) 397-3621	(505) 393-9121
Lea County Magistrate Circuit Court	Jal	(505) 395-2740	
Lea County Magistrate Court	Lovington	(505) 396-6677	(505) 396-6163
Lea County Magistrate Court	Tatum	(505) 398-5300	(505) 398-5310
Lincoln County Magistrate Court	Carrizozo	(505) 648-2380	(505) 648-2695
Lincoln County Magistrate Court	Ruidoso	(505) 378-7022	(505) 378-8508
Los Alamos County Magistrate Court	Los Alamos	(505) 662-2727	(505) 661-6258

Magistrate Court	City	Phone	Fax
Luna County Magistrate Court,	Deming	(505) 546-9321	(505) 546-4896
McKinley County Magistrate Court	Gallup	(505) 722-6636	(505) 863-3510
McKinley County Magistrate Court	Thoreau	(505) 862-7871	(505) 862-8606
Mora County Magistrate Court	Mora	(505) 387-2937	(505) 387-9081
Otero County Magistrate Court	Alamogordo	(505) 437-9000	(505) 439-1365
Quay County Magistrate Court	Tucumcari	(505) 461-1700	(505) 461-4522
Quay County Magistrate Court	San Jon	(505) 576-2591	(505) 576-2773
Rio Arriba County Magistrate Circuit Court	Chama	(505) 756-2278	(505) 756-2477
Rio Arriba County Magistrate Court	Espanola	(505) 753-2532	(505) 753-4802
Roosevelt County Magistrate Court	Portales	(505) 356-8569	(505) 359-6883
San Juan County Magistrate Court	Aztec	(505) 334-9479	(505) 334-2178
San Juan County Magistrate Court	Farmington	(505) 326-4338	(505) 325-2618
San Miguel County Magistrate Court	Las Vegas	(505) 425-5204	(505) 425-0422
Sandoval County Magistrate Court	Bernalillo	(505) 867-5202	(505) 867-0970
Sandoval County Magistrate Court	Cuba	(505) 3519	(505) 289-3013
Santa Fe County Magistrate Court	Santa Fe	(505) 984-9914	(505) 986-5866
Santa Fe County Magistrate Circuit Court	Pojoaque	(505) 455-7938	(505) 455-3053
Sierra County Magistrate Court	T or C	(505) 894-3051	(505) 894-0476
Socorro County Magistrate Court	Socorro	(505) 835-2500	(505) 838-0428
Taos County Magistrate Court	Taos	(505) 758-4030	(505) 751-0983
Taos County Magistrate Circuit Court	Questa	(505) 586-0761	(505) 586-0428
Torrance County Magistrate Court	Moriarty	(505) 832-4476	(505) 832-1563
Torrance County Magistrate Circuit Court	Estancia	(505) 384-2926	(505) 384-3157
Union County Magistrate Court	Clayton	(505) 374-9472	(505) 374-9368
Valencia County Magistrate Court	Belen	(505) 864-7509	(505) 864-9532
Valencia County Magistrate Court	Los Lunas	(505) 865-4637	(505) 865-4637

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO, 2010-2014
An Analysis of Data from
The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

TABLES

Table 1. Number of Domestic Violence Reports by Law Enforcement Agency, 2014

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	177
Albuquerque Police Department	7,055
Angel Fire Police Department	2
Anthony Police Department	11
Artesia Police Department	85
Bayard Police Department	15
Belen Police Department	56
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	825
Bernalillo Police Department	73
Bloomfield Police Department	75
Bosque Farms Police Department	13
Carlsbad Police Department	234
Carrizozo Police Department	5
Catron County Sheriff's Department	8
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	42
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	22
Cimarron Police Department	6
Clayton Police Department	100
Clovis Police Department	296
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	7
Corrales Police Department	15
Cuba Police Department	9
Curry County Sheriff's Office	18
DeBaca County Sheriff's Office	5
Dexter Police Department	0
Dona Ana County Sheriff's Department	1,331
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	89
Espanola Police Department	71
Estancia Police Department	6
Eunice Police Department	13
Farmington Police Department	435
Gallup Police Department	583
Grant County Sheriff's Department	119
Grants Police Department	57
Guadalupe County Sheriff's Department	5
Hatch Police Department	14
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	3
Hobbs Police Department	286
Hurley Police Department	7
Isleta Tribal Police	60
Jal Police Department	10

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents
Laguna Police Department	81
Las Cruces Police Department	547
Las Vegas Police Department	88
Lea County Sheriff's Department	37
Logan Police Department	7
Lordsburg Police Department	11
Los Alamos Police Department	30
Lovington Police Department	2
Luna County Sheriff's Office	31
McKinley County Sheriff's Office	259
Mora County Sheriff's Department	4
Moriarty Police Department	15
Peralta, Village of	13
Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	43
Portales Police Department	64
Quay County Sheriff's Office	3
Questa Police Department	15
Raton Police Department	30
Red River Marshal's Office	0
Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Department	123
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	369
Roswell Police Department	757
Ruidoso Downs Police Department	6
Ruidoso Police Department	125
San Juan County Sheriff's Office	285
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	75
Santa Clara Police Department	8
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	756
Santa Fe Police Department	734
Santa Rosa Police Department	23
Sierra County Sheriff's Office	28
Silver City Police Department	74
Socorro Police Department	111
State Police Alamogordo	10
State Police Albuquerque	41
State Police Clovis	6
State Police Deming	21
State Police Espanola	138
State Police Farmington	9
State Police Gallup	11
State Police Grants	41
State Police Hobbs	1
State Police Las Cruces	10
State Police Las Vegas	115

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidence
State Police Moriarty	0
State Police Raton	7
State Police Roswell	6
State Police Santa Fe	50
State Police Santa Rosa	4
State Police Socorro	16
State Police Taos	20
State Police Tucumcari	10
Taos Police Department	62
Tatum Police Department	5
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	63
Truth or Consequences Police Department	88
Tucumcari Police Department	34
Tularosa Police Department	25
Valencia County Sheriff's Department	166
Zuni Police Department	101
Total	18,057

Table 2. Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Reports by Agency and County, 2014

County	Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents	County Totals
Bernalillo	Albuquerque Police Department	7,055	7,981
Bernalillo	Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	825	
Bernalillo	Isleta Tribal Police	60	
Bernalillo	State Police Albuquerque	41	
Catron	Catron County Sheriff's Department	8	8
Chaves	Chaves County Sheriff's Department	42	805
Chaves	Dexter Police Department	0	
Chaves	Roswell Police Department	757	
Chaves	State Police Roswell	6	
Cibola	Cibola County Sheriff's Department	22	201
Cibola	Grants Police Department	57	
Cibola	Laguna Police Department	81	
Cibola	State Police Grants	41	
Colfax	Angel Fire Police Department	2	52
Colfax	Cimarron Police Department	6	
Colfax	Colfax County Sheriff's Department	7	
Colfax	Raton Police Department	30	
Colfax	State Police Raton	7	
Curry	Clovis Police Department	296	320
Curry	Curry County Sheriff's Office	18	
Curry	State Police Clovis	6	
De Baca	DeBaca County Sheriff's Office	5	5
Dona Ana	Anthony Police Department	11	1913
Dona Ana	Dona Ana County Sheriff's Department	1,331	
Dona Ana	Hatch Police Department	14	
Dona Ana	Las Cruces Police Department	547	
Dona Ana	State Police Las Cruces	10	
Eddy	Artesia Police Department	85	408
Eddy	Carlsbad Police Department	234	
Eddy	Eddy County Sheriff's Office	89	
Grant	Bayard Police Department	15	223
Grant	Grant County Sheriff's Department	119	
Grant	Hurley Police Department	7	
Grant	Santa Clara Police Department	8	
Grant	Silver City Police Department	74	
Guadalupe	Guadalupe County Sheriff's Department	5	32
Guadalupe	Santa Rosa Police Department	23	
Guadalupe	State Police Santa Rosa	4	
Hidalgo	Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	3	14
Hidalgo	Lordsburg Police Department	11	
Lea	Eunice Police Department	13	354
Lea	Hobbs Police Department	286	

County	Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents	County Totals
Lea	Jal Police Department	10	
Lea	Lea County Sheriff's Department	37	
Lea	Lovington Police Department	2	
Lea	State Police Hobbs	1	
Lea	Tatum Police Department	5	
Lincoln	Carrizozo Police Department	5	136
Lincoln	Ruidoso Downs Police Department	6	
Lincoln	Ruidoso Police Department	125	
Los Alamos	Los Alamos Police Department	30	30
Luna	Luna County Sheriff's Office	31	52
Luna	State Police Deming	21	
McKinley	Gallup Police Department	583	954
McKinley	McKinley County Sheriff's Office	259	
McKinley	State Police Gallup	11	
McKinley	Zuni Police Department	101	
Mora	Mora County Sheriff's Department	4	4
Otero	Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	177	212
Otero	State Police Alamogordo	10	
Otero	Tularosa Police Department	25	
Quay	Logan Police Department	7	54
Quay	Quay County Sheriff's Office	3	
Quay	State Police Tucumcari	10	
Quay	Tucumcari Police Department	34	
Rio Arriba	Espanola Police Department	71	332
Rio Arriba	Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Department	123	
Rio Arriba	State Police Espanola	138	
Roosevelt	Portales Police Department	64	64
San Juan	Bloomfield Police Department	75	804
San Juan	Farmington Police Department	435	
San Juan	San Juan County Sheriff's Office	285	
San Juan	State Police Farmington	9	
San Miguel	Las Vegas Police Department	88	
San Miguel	State Police Las Vegas	115	203
Sandoval	Bernalillo Police Department	73	541
Sandoval	Corrales Police Department	15	
Sandoval	Cuba Police Department	9	
Sandoval	Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	369	
Sandoval	Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	75	
Santa Fe	Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	43	1,583
Santa Fe	Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	756	
Santa Fe	Santa Fe Police Department	734	
Santa Fe	State Police Santa Fe	50	
Sierra	Sierra County Sheriff's Office	28	116
Sierra	Truth or Consequences Police Department	88	

County	Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents	County Totals
Socorro	Socorro Police Department	111	127
Socorro	State Police Socorro	16	
Taos	Questa Police Department	15	97
Taos	Red River Marshal's Office	0	
Taos	State Police Taos	20	
Taos	Taos Police Department	62	
Torrance	Estancia Police Department	6	84
Torrance	Moriarty Police Department	15	
Torrance	State Police Moriarty	0	
Torrance	Torrance County Sheriff's Department	63	
Union	Clayton Police Department	100	100
Valencia	Belen Police Department	56	248
Valencia	Bosque Farms Police Department	13	
Valencia	Peralta, Village of	13	
Valencia	Valencia County Sheriff's Department	166	
Total		18,057	18,057

Table 3. Percent Male Victims of Domestic Violence as Reported by Law Enforcement Agencies, 2014

Law Enforcement Agency	Male Victims	Female Victims	Total Victims Gender Identified	Percent Male Victims
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	62	122	184	34%
Albuquerque Police Department	2,712	5,992	8,704	31%
Anthony Police Department	1	10	11	9%
Artesia Police Department	23	62	85	27%
Bayard Police Department	3	12	15	20%
Belen Police Department	13	47	60	22%
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	338	682	1,020	33%
Bernalillo Police Department	23	58	81	28%
Bosque Farms Police Department	6	9	15	40%
Carrizozo Police Department	2	4	6	33%
Catron County Sheriff's Department	3	5	8	38%
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	3	20	23	13%
Cimarron Police Department	1	6	7	14%
Clovis Police Department	18	34	52	35%
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	2		2	100%
Corrales Police Department	4	2	6	67%
Cuba Police Department		3	3	0%
Curry County Sheriff's Office	5	15	20	25%
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	20	69	89	22%
Espanola Police Department	22	60	82	27%
Estancia Police Department	2	4	6	33%
Eunice Police Department	8	9	17	47%
Farmington Police Department	98	337	435	23%
Gallup Police Department	141	473	614	23%
Hatch Police Department	2	12	14	14%
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	1	1	2	50%
Hobbs Police Department	51	235	286	18%
Hurley Police Department		5	5	0%
Isleta Tribal Police	9	19	28	32%
Jal Police Department	2	8	10	20%
Las Cruces Police Department	125	296	421	30%
Las Vegas Police Department	25	74	99	25%
Lea County Sheriff's Department	15	27	42	36%
Logan Police Department		2	2	0%
Lordsburg Police Department	1	10	11	9%
Lovington Police Department	1	1	2	50%
Luna County Sheriff's Office	9	22	31	29%
Moriarty Police Department	6	11	17	35%
Peralta, Village of	2	11	13	15%
Portales Police Department	11	51	62	18%

Law Enforcement Agency	Male Victims	Female Victims	Total Victims Gender Identified	Percent Male Victims
Quay County Sheriff's Office	1	2	3	33%
Questa Police Department		15	15	0%
Raton Police Department	3	25	28	11%
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	4	14	18	22%
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	26	54	80	33%
Santa Clara Police Department	2	7	9	22%
Santa Rosa Police Department	5	15	20	25%
Silver City Police Department	16	60	76	21%
State Police Alamogordo	9	18	27	33%
State Police Albuquerque	27	45	72	38%
State Police Clovis	2	4	6	33%
State Police Deming	14	29	43	33%
State Police Espanola	68	227	295	23%
State Police Farmington	3	10	13	23%
State Police Gallup	2	18	20	10%
State Police Grants	13	37	50	26%
State Police Las Cruces	15	9	24	63%
State Police Las Vegas	33	70	103	32%
State Police Raton	5	20	25	20%
State Police Roswell		2	2	0%
State Police Santa Fe	20	77	97	21%
State Police Santa Rosa		4	4	0%
State Police Socorro	16	15	31	52%
State Police Taos	1	14	15	7%
State Police Tucumcari	10	6	16	63%
Taos Police Department	22	40	62	35%
Tatum Police Department	2	3	5	40%
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	13	50	63	21%
Tucumcari Police Department	6	34	40	15%
Tularosa Police Department	3	5	8	38%
Zuni Police Department		94	94	0%
Total	4,111	9,843	13,954	29%

Table 4. Percent Female Suspects of Domestic Violence as Reported by Law Enforcement

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Male Suspects	Number of Female Suspects	Total	Percent Female Suspects
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	108	76	184	41%
Albuquerque Police Department	5,570	2,024	7,594	27%
Anthony Police Department	8	3	11	27%
Artesia Police Department	61	22	83	27%
Bayard Police Department	11	4	15	27%
Belen Police Department	43	14	57	25%
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	649	242	891	27%
Bernalillo Police Department	53	18	71	25%
Bosque Farms Police Department	6	7	13	54%
Carrizozo Police Department	5	1	6	17%
Catron County Sheriff's Department	4	4	8	50%
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	20	2	22	9%
Cimarron Police Department	5	2	7	29%
Clovis Police Department	32	18	50	36%
Corrales Police Department	9	6	15	40%
Cuba Police Department	5	2	7	29%
Curry County Sheriff's Office	16	3	19	16%
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	68	20	88	23%
Espanola Police Department	71	10	81	12%
Estancia Police Department	4	2	6	33%
Eunice Police Department	9	5	14	36%
Farmington Police Department	315	120	435	28%
Gallup Police Department	441	147	588	25%
Hatch Police Department	9	5	14	36%
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	1	1	2	50%
Hobbs Police Department	227	59	286	21%
Isleta Tribal Police	17	14	31	45%
Jal Police Department	8	1	9	11%
Las Cruces Police Department	536	213	749	28%
Las Vegas Police Department	74	16	90	18%
Lea County Sheriff's Department	30	8	38	21%
Logan Police Department	6	1	7	14%
Luna County Sheriff's Office	27	4	31	13%
Moriarty Police Department	11	5	16	31%
Peralta, Village of	11	2	13	15%
Portales Police Department	51	11	62	18%
Raton Police Department	28	4	32	13%
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	14	2	16	13%
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	54	21	75	28%
Santa Rosa Police Department	21	8	29	28%
Silver City Police Department	59	19	78	24%

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Male Suspects	Number of Female Suspects	Total	Percent Female Suspects
State Police Albuquerque	34	3	37	8%
State Police Clovis	3	1	4	25%
State Police Deming	10	3	13	23%
State Police Espanola	113	42	155	27%
State Police Farmington	2	1	3	33%
State Police Las Cruces	4	1	5	20%
State Police Las Vegas	54	13	67	19%
State Police Roswell	3	1	4	25%
State Police Santa Fe	41	4	45	9%
State Police Socorro	5	2	7	29%
State Police Taos	18	4	22	18%
State Police Tucumcari	1	4	5	80%
Taos Police Department	53	15	68	22%
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	47	14	61	23%
Tucumcari Police Department	31	5	36	14%
Tularosa Police Department	7	1	8	13%
Total	9,123	3,260	12,383	26%

Table 5. Number of Stalking Cases by Reporting Law Enforcement Agencies*, 2014

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents	Number of Stalking Incidents Included	Percent Stalking Incidents
Belen Police Department	23	3	13%
Bernalillo Police Department	73	5	7%
Clayton Police Department	100	2	2%
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	5	1	20%
Espanola Police Department	34	2	6%
Eunice Police Department	6	1	17%
Farmington Police Department	435	4	1%
Gallup Police Department	583	7	1%
Hobbs Police Department	86	1	1%
Las Cruces Police Department	547	15	3%
Las Vegas Police Department	17	1	6%
Luna County Sheriff's Office	8	1	13%
Portales Police Department	17	1	6%
Raton Police Department	23	4	17%
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	16	14	88%
Ruidoso Police Department	125	1	1%
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	40	2	5%
Santa Fe Police Department	734	8	1%
Santa Rosa Police Department	8	1	13%
Taos Police Department	18	2	11%
Valencia County Sheriff's Department	166	2	1%
Total	3,064	78	2.5%

*Law enforcement agencies not listed did not report stalking data

Table 6. Law Enforcement Reported Domestic Violence, Harassment, and Stalking Incidents by County*, 2014

County	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents	Number of Harassment Incidents	Number of Stalking Incidents
Colfax	52	6	5
Curry	320	9	0
Dona Ana	1,913	566	15
Eddy	408	5	0
Grant	223	21	0
Guadalupe	32	1	1
Hidalgo	14	8	0
Lea	354	49	2
Lincoln	136	25	1
Luna	52		1
McKinley	954	22	7
Otero	212	2	0
Quay	54	1	0
Rio Arriba	332	36	2
Roosevelt	64	37	1
San Juan	804	59	4
San Miguel	203	4	1
Sandoval	188	223	21
Santa Fe	1,583	242	8
Taos	97	65	2
Torrance	84	5	0
Union	100	4	2
Valencia	248	100	5
Total	8,427	1,490	78

*Counties not listed did not have law enforcement that reported stalking data

Table 7. Number of Adult Victims, Children, and Offenders Served by County, 2014

County	Number Victims-Survivors	Number Children Victim/Witnesses	Number Offenders Served
Bernalillo	2,620	851	0
Chaves	439	68	71
Cibola	40	78	39
Colfax	95	14	28
Curry	109	95	37
Dona Ana	475	267	135
Eddy	283	146	56
Grant	124	112	33
Hidalgo	3	0	4
Lea	91	22	123
Lincoln	232	76	71
Luna	301	0	15
McKinley	175	136	84
Otero	396	143	253
Rio Arriba	101	41	50
San Juan	318	192	187
Sandoval	623	134	41
Santa Fe	177	114	99
Sierra	83	89	20
Taos	287	91	21
Union	24	0	10
Valencia	380	111	32
Total	7,376	2,780	1,409

Table 8. Number of Adult Victims Served by Service Provider Agency, 2014

County	Service Agency	Number Victims-Survivors	Percent of Total Adult Victims Served
Colfax	Alternatives To Violence	95	1%
Union	Alternatives to Violence - Union County	24	0%
McKinley	Battered Families Services, Inc.	100	1%
Eddy	Carlsbad Battered Families Shelter	121	2%
Taos	Community Against Violence	287	4%
Lincoln	COPE, Inc. (Lincoln County)	89	1%
Otero	COPE, Inc. (Otero County)	396	5%
Rio Arriba	Crisis Center of Northern New Mexico	73	1%
Sierra	Domestic Abuse Intervention Center	83	1%
Bernalillo	Domestic Violence Resource Center	1,723	23%
Grant	El Refugio, Inc./Silver City	124	2%
Hidalgo	El Refugio/Lordsburg	3	0%
Bernalillo	Enlace Comunitario	616	8%
Santa Fe	Esperanza Shelter for Battered Families, Inc.	177	2%
San Juan	Family Crisis Center	318	4%
Eddy	Grammy's House	162	2%
Sandoval	Haven House	623	8%
Lincoln	HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)	143	2%
Dona Ana	La Casa, Inc.	475	6%
McKinley	New Beginning Program - Pueblo of Zuni	75	1%
Lea	Option, Inc.	91	1%
Rio Arriba	PeaceKeepers Domestic Violence Program	28	0%
Cibola	Roberta's Place	40	1%
Chaves	Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults	439	6%
Bernalillo	S.A.F.E. House	281	4%
Curry	The Hartley House	109	1%
Luna	The Healing House, Inc.	301	4%
Valencia	Valencia Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence	380	5%
Total		7,376	100%

Table 9. Number of Offenders Served by Service Provider Agency, 2014

County	Service Agency	Number Offenders Served	Percent of Total Offenders Served
Colfax	Alternatives To Violence	28	2%
Union	Alternatives to Violence - Union County	10	1%
McKinley	Battered Families Services, Inc.	46	3%
Eddy	Carlsbad Battered Families Shelter	6	0%
Taos	Community Against Violence	21	1%
Lincoln	COPE, Inc. (Lincoln County)	71	5%
Otero	COPE, Inc. (Otero County)	253	18%
Rio Arriba	Crisis Center of Northern New Mexico	16	1%
Sierra	Domestic Abuse Intervention Center	20	1%
Bernalillo	Domestic Violence Resource Center	0	0%
Grant	El Refugio, Inc./Silver City	33	2%
Hidalgo	El Refugio/Lordsburg	4	0%
Bernalillo	Enlace Comunitario	0	0%
Santa Fe	Esperanza Shelter for Battered Families, Inc.	99	7%
San Juan	Family Crisis Center	187	13%
Eddy	Grammy's House	50	4%
Sandoval	Haven House	41	3%
Lincoln	HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)	0	0%
Dona Ana	La Casa, Inc.	135	10%
McKinley	New Beginning Program - Pueblo of Zuni	38	3%
Lea	Option, Inc.	123	9%
Rio Arriba	PeaceKeepers Domestic Violence Program	34	2%
Cibola	Roberta's Place	39	3%
Chaves	Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults	71	5%
Bernalillo	S.A.F.E. House	0	0%
Curry	The Hartley House	37	3%
Luna	The Healing House, Inc.	15	1%
Valencia	Valencia Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence	32	2%
Total		1,409	100%

Table 10. Percent of Male Domestic Violence Victims Reported by Service Providers, 2014

Service Agency	Number Adult Male Victims Served	Number Adult Female Victims Served	Total Victims Gender Documented	Percent Adult Male Victims Served
Alternatives To Violence	18	77	95	19%
Alternatives to Violence - Union County	4	20	24	17%
Battered Families Services, Inc.	0	95	95	0%
Carlsbad Battered Families Shelter	1	120	121	1%
Community Against Violence	11	276	287	4%
COPE, Inc. (Lincoln County)	3	86	89	3%
COPE, Inc. (Otero County)	19	377	396	5%
Crisis Center of Northern New Mexico	0	73	73	0%
Domestic Abuse Intervention Center	22	60	82	27%
Domestic Violence Resource Center	179	1,544	1,723	10%
El Refugio, Inc./Silver City	4	120	124	3%
El Refugio/Lordsburg	1	2	3	33%
Enlace Comunitario	27	396	423	6%
Esperanza Shelter for Battered Families, Inc.	1	52	53	2%
Family Crisis Center	41	277	318	13%
Grammy's House	14	148	162	9%
Haven House	10	613	623	2%
HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)	0	143	143	0%
La Casa, Inc.	52	423	475	11%
New Beginning Program - Pueblo of Zuni	0	75	75	0%
Option, Inc.	16	75	91	18%
PeaceKeepers Domestic Violence Program	2	26	28	7%
Roberta's Place	NR	NR	NR	NR
Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults	57	382	439	13%
S.A.F.E. House	3	202	205	1%
The Hartley House	2	82	84	2%
The Healing House, Inc.	NR	NR	NR	NR
Valencia Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence	2	378	380	1%
Total	489	6,122	6,611	7%

NR = Agency not reporting victim gender

Table 11. Percent Female Offenders as Reported by Service Provider Agencies, 2014

Service Agency	Number of Male Offenders	Number of Female Offenders	Number Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders
Alternatives To Violence	19	9	28	32%
Alternatives to Violence - Union County	7	3	10	30%
Battered Families Services, Inc.	46	0	46	0%
Carlsbad Battered Families Shelter	6	0	6	0%
Community Against Violence	21	0	21	0%
COPE, Inc. (Lincoln County)	69	2	71	3%
COPE, Inc. (Otero County)	191	62	253	25%
Crisis Center of Northern New Mexico	16	0	16	0%
Domestic Abuse Intervention Center	18	2	20	10%
Domestic Violence Resource Center	0	0	0	0
El Refugio, Inc./Silver City	25	8	33	24%
El Refugio/Lordsburg	4	0	4	0%
Enlace Comunitario	0	0	0	0
Esperanza Shelter for Battered Families, Inc.	0	0	0	0
Family Crisis Center	120	67	187	36%
Grammy's House	39	11	50	22%
Haven House	41	0	41	0%
HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)	0	0	0	0
La Casa, Inc.	125	10	135	7%
New Beginning Program - Pueblo of Zuni	31	7	38	18%
Option, Inc.	98	25	123	20%
PeaceKeepers Domestic Violence Program	0	0	0	0
Roberta's Place	36	3	39	8%
Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults	49	22	71	31%
S.A.F.E. House	0	0	0	0
The Hartley House	17	8	25	32%
The Healing House, Inc.	0	0	0	0
Valencia Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence	28	4	32	13%
Total	1,006	243	1,249	19%

Table 12. Law-Enforcement Reported Alcohol/Drug Use in Domestic Violence Incidents by County, 2014

County	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Reporting Alcohol/Drug Use Status	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Alcohol/Drug Use	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Alcohol/Drug Use
Bernalillo	7,953	2,389	30%
Catron	3	2	67%
Cibola	63	26	41%
Colfax	16	8	50%
Curry	62	17	27%
Dona Ana	28	8	29%
Eddy	163	44	27%
Grant	92	31	34%
Guadalupe	25	6	24%
Lea	344	84	24%
Lincoln	3	1	33%
Luna	52	11	21%
McKinley	693	372	54%
Otero	194	53	27%
Quay	48	14	29%
Rio Arriba	191	72	38%
Roosevelt	64	21	33%
San Juan	442	293	66%
San Miguel	203	41	20%
Sandoval	181	64	35%
Santa Fe	50	16	32%
Socorro	6	2	33%
Taos	97	49	51%
Torrance	82	26	32%
Valencia	77	29	38%
Total	11,132	3,679	33%

Table 13. Weapon Use in Domestic Violence Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency, 2014

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Documenting Weapon Use	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Weapon	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Weapon
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	177	23	13%
Albuquerque Police Department	7,055	5,876	83%
Anthony Police Department	11	2	18%
Artesia Police Department	40	1	3%
Bayard Police Department	5	1	20%
Belen Police Department	56	9	16%
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	825	673	82%
Bernalillo Police Department	73	7	10%
Bosque Farms Police Department	5	1	20%
Catron County Sheriff's Department	8	6	75%
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	22	3	14%
Cimarron Police Department	2	1	50%
Clovis Police Department	47	5	11%
Corrales Police Department	9	4	44%
Curry County Sheriff's Office	11	3	27%
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	89	7	8%
Espanola Police Department	71	30	42%
Estancia Police Department	3	2	67%
Eunice Police Department	11	2	18%
Farmington Police Department	435	35	8%
Gallup Police Department	583	47	8%
Hobbs Police Department	286	36	13%
Hurley Police Department	1	1	100%
Las Vegas Police Department	88	18	20%
Lea County Sheriff's Department	13	2	15%
Lordsburg Police Department	11	1	9%
Luna County Sheriff's Office	23	3	13%
Portales Police Department	49	5	10%
Raton Police Department	17	2	12%
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	63	7	11%
Santa Rosa Police Department	23	19	83%
Silver City Police Department	56	10	18%
State Police Alamogordo	4	2	50%
State Police Albuquerque	41	10	24%
State Police Clovis	4	1	25%
State Police Deming	13	2	15%
State Police Espanola	138	17	12%

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Documenting Weapon Use	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Weapon	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Weapon
State Police Farmington	3	1	33%
State Police Gallup	9	4	44%
State Police Grants	41	6	15%
State Police Las Cruces	4	1	25%
State Police Las Vegas	115	19	17%
State Police Raton	1	1	100%
State Police Roswell	4	2	50%
State Police Santa Fe	50	10	20%
State Police Socorro	13	4	31%
State Police Taos	20	6	30%
State Police Tucumcari	8	3	38%
Taos Police Department	52	6	12%
Tatum Police Department	5	3	60%
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	63	8	13%
Tucumcari Police Department	34	5	15%
Tularosa Police Department	8	1	13%
Total	10,798	6,954	64%

Table 14. Weapon Use in Domestic Violence Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement, by County 2014

County	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Documenting Weapon Use	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Weapon	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Weapon
Bernalillo	7,921	6,559	83%
Catron	8	6	75%
Chaves	4	2	50%
Cibola	63	9	14%
Colfax	20	4	20%
Curry	62	9	15%
Dona Ana	15	3	20%
Eddy	129	8	6%
Grant	62	12	19%
Guadalupe	23	19	83%
Hidalgo	11	1	9%
Lea	315	43	14%
Luna	36	5	14%
McKinley	592	51	9%
Otero	189	26	14%
Quay	42	8	19%
Rio Arriba	209	47	22%
Roosevelt	49	5	10%
San Juan	438	36	8%
San Miguel	203	37	18%
Sandoval	145	18	12%
Santa Fe	50	10	20%
Socorro	13	4	31%
Taos	72	12	17%
Torrance	66	10	15%
Valencia	61	10	16%
Total	10,798	6,954	64%

Table 15. Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Weapon Use as Reported by Service Providers, 2014

Service Agency	Number of Adult Victim Reports Documenting Weapon Use	Number of Reports Involving a Weapon	Percent Adult Victim Reports Involving a Weapon
Alternatives To Violence	95	10	11%
Alternatives to Violence - Union County	14	5	36%
Battered Families Services, Inc.	100	17	17%
Carlsbad Battered Families Shelter	121	13	11%
Community Against Violence	287	34	12%
COPE, Inc. (Lincoln County)	89	42	47%
COPE, Inc. (Otero County)	396	156	39%
Domestic Abuse Intervention Center	83	11	13%
Domestic Violence Resource Center	1,723	387	22%
El Refugio, Inc./Silver City	108	10	9%
El Refugio/Lordsburg	2	1	50%
Family Crisis Center	318	83	26%
Grammy's House	162	7	4%
Haven House	445	60	13%
HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)	108	8	7%
La Casa, Inc.	475	66	14%
New Beginning Program - Pueblo of Zuni	75	10	13%
Option, Inc.	91	15	16%
Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults	439	61	14%
The Hartley House	109	8	7%
Valencia Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence	380	61	16%
Total	5,620	1,065	19%

Table 16. Percent of Law-Enforcement Reported Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Victim Injury by County, 2014

County	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Reporting Victim-Injury Status	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Victim Injury	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Involving Victim Injury
Bernalillo	7,953	2,750	35%
Catron	6	3	50%
Chaves	2	1	50%
Cibola	63	16	25%
Colfax	41	24	59%
Curry	69	39	57%
Dona Ana	25	10	40%
Eddy	174	78	45%
Grant	100	75	75%
Guadalupe	12	4	33%
Hidalgo	12	2	17%
Lea	338	240	71%
Lincoln	1	1	100%
Luna	49	30	61%
McKinley	695	368	53%
Otero	194	138	71%
Quay	48	25	52%
Rio Arriba	209	86	41%
Roosevelt	64	30	47%
San Juan	439	318	72%
San Miguel	203	113	56%
Sandoval	159	66	42%
Santa Fe	50	23	46%
Socorro	9	3	33%
Taos	82	47	57%
Torrance	84	51	61%
Valencia	79	62	78%
Total	11,160	4,603	41%

Table 17. Source of Adult Victim Referrals To Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2014

Source of Referral	Number of Adult Victim Referrals	Percent of All Adult Victim Referrals
CYFD CPS	204	4
CYFD JJD	3	0
Tribal Government Agency	21	0
Family/Relative	281	5
Self	1,876	35
School	13	0
Juvenile Court	0	0
Adult Court	326	6
Law Enforcement	1,257	24
Victim's Friend	215	4
Client	289	5
Employer	19	0
Other	819	15
Total	5,323	100%

Table 18. Crises/Hotline Calls Received by Service Provider Agency, 2014

Service Agency	Number of Crises-Hotline Calls	Percent of Total Crises Calls
Alternatives To Violence	81	1%
Alternatives to Violence - Union County	9	0%
Battered Families Services, Inc.	242	2%
Carlsbad Battered Families Shelter	62	1%
Community Against Violence	287	2%
COPE, Inc. (Lincoln County)	5	0%
COPE, Inc. (Otero County)	303	3%
Crisis Center of Northern New Mexico	0	0%
Domestic Abuse Intervention Center	0	0%
Domestic Violence Resource Center	6,886	57%
El Refugio, Inc./Silver City	230	2%
El Refugio/Lordsburg	5	0%
Enlace Comunitario	264	2%
Esperanza Shelter for Battered Families, Inc.	0	0%
Family Crisis Center	381	3%
Grammy's House	236	2%
Haven House	762	6%
HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)	267	2%
La Casa, Inc.	261	2%
New Beginning Program - Pueblo of Zuni	142	1%
Option, Inc.	28	0%
PeaceKeepers Domestic Violence Program	0	0%
Roberta's Place	124	1%
Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults	0	0%
S.A.F.E. House	1,108	9%
The Hartley House	115	1%
The Healing House, Inc.	0	0%
Valencia Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence	310	3%
Total	12,108	100%

Table 19. Crises/Hotline Calls Received by County, 2014

County	Number of Crises-Hotline Calls	Percent of Total Crises-Hotline Calls
Bernalillo	8,258	68%
Chaves	0	0%
Cibola	124	1%
Colfax	81	1%
Curry	115	1%
Dona Ana	261	2%
Eddy	298	2%
Grant	230	2%
Hidalgo	5	0%
Lea	28	0%
Lincoln	272	2%
Luna	0	0%
McKinley	384	3%
Otero	303	3%
Rio Arriba	0	0%
San Juan	381	3%
Sandoval	762	6%
Santa Fe	0	0%
Sierra	0	0%
Taos	287	2%
Union	9	0%
Valencia	310	3%
Total	12,108	100%

Table 20. Source of Children Referrals to Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2014

Source of Referral	Number of Children Referrals	Percent of All Children Referrals
CYFD CPS	125	8%
CYFD JJD	3	0%
Tribal Government Agency	5	0%
Family/Relative	1,061	68%
Self	115	7%
School	26	2%
Juvenile Court	1	0%
Adult Court	39	3%
Law Enforcement	107	7%
Victim's Friend	8	1%
Client	32	2%
Employer	0	0%
Other	29	2%
Total	1,551	100%

Table 21. Source of Offender Referrals to Domestic Violence Service Providers, 2014

Source of Referral	Number of Offender Referrals	Percent of All Offender Referrals
CYFD CPS	43	4%
CYFD JJD	0	0%
Tribal Government Agency	3	0%
Family/Relative	4	0%
Self	43	4%
School	0	0%
Juvenile Court	3	0%
Adult Court	907	87%
Law Enforcement	21	2%
Offender's Friend	1	0%
Client	0	0%
Employer	0	0%
Other	15	1%
Total	1,040	100%

Table 22. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Reported to Law Enforcement as Reported by Service Provider Agencies, 2014

Service	Number Adult Victims Reports Documenting Reports to Law Enforcement	Number of Adult Victim Cases Reported to Law Enforcement	Percent Adult Victim Cases Reported to Law Enforcement
Alternatives To Violence	95	60	63%
Alternatives to Violence - Union County	24	16	67%
Battered Families Services, Inc.	100	40	40%
Carlsbad Battered Families Shelter	121	30	25%
Community Against Violence	287	124	43%
COPE, Inc. (Lincoln County)	89	59	66%
COPE, Inc. (Otero County)	396	259	65%
Domestic Abuse Intervention Center	83	48	58%
Domestic Violence Resource Center	1,723	683	40%
El Refugio, Inc./Silver City	124	82	66%
El Refugio/Lordsburg	3	3	100%
Family Crisis Center	318	178	56%
Grammy's House	162	73	45%
Haven House	445	41	9%
HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)	143	23	16%
La Casa, Inc.	475	210	44%
New Beginning Program - Pueblo of Zuni	75	46	61%
Option, Inc.	91	60	66%
Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults	439	272	62%
The Hartley House	109	34	31%
Valencia Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence	380	126	33%
Total	5,682	2,467	43%

Table 23. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest by Agency, 2014

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Reporting Arrest Status	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Suspect Arrest	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Suspect Arrest
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	177	153	86%
Albuquerque Police Department	7,055	2,685	38%
Angel Fire Police Department	1	0	0%
Anthony Police Department	11	1	9%
Artesia Police Department	85	36	42%
Bayard Police Department	15	10	67%
Belen Police Department	56	29	52%
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	825	333	40%
Bernalillo Police Department	73	31	42%
Bosque Farms Police Department	13	10	77%
Carrizozo Police Department	3	1	33%
Catron County Sheriff's Department	5	4	80%
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	22	19	86%
Cimarron Police Department	3	3	100%
Clovis Police Department	47	25	53%
Corrales Police Department	15	9	60%
Cuba Police Department	5	2	40%
Curry County Sheriff's Office	18	11	61%
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	89	41	46%
Espanola Police Department	71	33	46%
Estancia Police Department	6	2	33%
Eunice Police Department	11	5	45%
Farmington Police Department	435	312	72%
Gallup Police Department	583	221	38%
Hatch Police Department	14	5	36%
Hobbs Police Department	286	160	56%
Hurley Police Department	7	6	86%
Isleta Tribal Police	32	7	22%
Jal Police Department	10	7	70%
Las Vegas Police Department	88	60	68%
Lea County Sheriff's Department	37	12	32%
Logan Police Department	7	4	57%
Lordsburg Police Department	11	11	100%
Lovington Police Department	2	1	50%
Luna County Sheriff's Office	31	30	97%
Moriarty Police Department	15	9	60%
Peralta, Village of	9	7	78%
Portales Police Department	64	32	50%
Quay County Sheriff's Office	3	3	100%

Law Enforcement Agency	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Reporting Arrest Status	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Suspect Arrest	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Suspect Arrest
Questa Police Department	15	7	47%
Raton Police Department	23	9	39%
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	7	1	14%
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	75	31	41%
Santa Clara Police Department	4	3	75%
Santa Rosa Police Department	19	12	63%
Silver City Police Department	74	29	39%
State Police Alamogordo	10	4	40%
State Police Albuquerque	41	11	27%
State Police Clovis	6	4	67%
State Police Deming	21	9	43%
State Police Espanola	138	54	39%
State Police Farmington	9	6	67%
State Police Gallup	9	3	33%
State Police Grants	41	11	27%
State Police Hobbs	1	1	100%
State Police Las Cruces	7	3	43%
State Police Las Vegas	115	39	34%
State Police Raton	4	2	50%
State Police Roswell	6	2	33%
State Police Santa Fe	50	19	38%
State Police Santa Rosa	2	1	50%
State Police Socorro	16	6	38%
State Police Taos	20	1	5%
State Police Tucumcari	10	7	70%
Taos Police Department	62	16	26%
Tatum Police Department	5	3	60%
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	63	25	40%
Tucumcari Police Department	34	20	59%
Tularosa Police Department	8	2	25%
Zuni Police Department	101	86	85%
Total	11,236	4,757	42%

Table 24. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest by County, 2014

County	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Reporting Arrest Status	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Suspect Arrest	Percent Domestic Violence Incidents Involving a Suspect Arrest
Bernalillo	7,953	3,036	38%
Catron	5	4	80%
Chaves	6	2	33%
Cibola	63	30	48%
Colfax	31	14	45%
Curry	71	40	56%
Dona Ana	32	9	28%
Eddy	174	77	44%
Grant	100	48	48%
Guadalupe	21	13	62%
Hidalgo	11	11	100%
Lea	352	189	54%
Lincoln	3	1	33%
Luna	52	39	75%
McKinley	693	310	45%
Otero	195	159	82%
Quay	54	34	63%
Rio Arriba	209	87	42%
Roosevelt	64	32	50%
San Juan	444	318	72%
San Miguel	203	99	49%
Sandoval	175	74	42%
Santa Fe	50	19	38%
Socorro	16	6	38%
Taos	97	24	25%
Torrance	84	36	43%
Valencia	78	46	59%
Total	11,236	4,757	42%

Table 25. Number of Protection Orders Issued by District Courts, 2014

District Court	Protection Orders Issued	Percent of All Protection Orders Issued
Bernalillo	1,382	23%
Catron	1	0%
Chaves	896	15%
Colfax	26	0%
Curry	135	2%
De Baca	11	0%
Dona Ana	284	5%
Eddy	164	3%
Grant	66	1%
Guadalupe	32	1%
Harding	5	0%
Hidalgo	1	0%
Lea	394	7%
Lincoln	106	2%
Los Alamos	4	0%
Luna	177	3%
McKinley	50	1%
Mora	31	1%
Otero	488	8%
Quay	47	1%
Rio Arriba	87	1%
Roosevelt	43	1%
San Juan	134	2%
San Miguel	278	5%
Sandoval	491	8%
Santa Fe	212	4%
Sierra	22	0%
Socorro	11	0%
Taos	65	1%
Torrance	41	1%
Union	11	0%
Valencia	194	3%
Total	5,889	100%

Table 26. Protection Orders Issued in District Courts and Filed with Assistance from Domestic Violence Service Providers in 2014, by County

County	Number of Domestic Violence Incidents Reported to Law Enforcement	Protection Orders Issued by District Courts	Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued
Bernalillo	7,981	1,382	17%
Catron	8	1	13%
Chaves	805	896	111%
Cibola	201	0	0%
Colfax	52	26	50%
Curry	320	135	42%
De Baca	5	11	220%
Dona Ana	1,913	284	15%
Eddy	408	164	40%
Grant	223	66	30%
Guadalupe	32	32	100%
Harding	NR	5	NR
Hidalgo	14	1	7%
Lea	354	394	111%
Lincoln	136	106	78%
Los Alamos	30	4	13%
Luna	52	177	340%
McKinley	954	50	5%
Mora	4	31	775%
Otero	212	488	230%
Quay	54	47	87%
Rio Arriba	332	87	26%
Roosevelt	64	43	67%
San Juan	804	134	17%
San Miguel	203	278	137%
Sandoval	541	491	91%
Santa Fe	1,583	212	13%
Sierra	116	22	19%
Socorro	127	11	9%
Taos	97	65	67%
Torrance	84	41	49%
Union	100	11	11%
Valencia	248	194	78%
Total	18,057	5,889	33%

Table 27. Percent of Domestic Violence Charges Filed in 2014 in District Courts, by County

County	Total Domestic Violence Charges Filed	Percent of Total Domestic Violence Charges Filed
Bernalillo	2,693	56%
Catron	7	0%
Chaves	87	2%
Cibola	52	1%
Colfax	22	0%
Curry	148	3%
De Baca	9	0%
Dona Ana	331	7%
Eddy	63	1%
Grants	46	1%
Guadalupe	5	0%
Harding	1	0%
Hidalgo	5	0%
Lea	75	2%
Lincoln	53	1%
Los Alamos	3	0%
Luna	80	2%
McKinley	51	1%
Mora	8	0%
Otero	122	3%
Quay	42	1%
Rio Arriba	72	1%
Roosevelt	25	1%
San Juan	245	5%
San Miguel	52	1%
Sandoval	159	3%
Santa Fe	163	3%
Sierra	22	0%
Socorro	15	0%
Taos	26	1%
Torrance	17	0%
Union	2	0%
Valencia	150	3%
Total	4,851	100%

Table 28. Percent Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in 2014 in District Courts, by County

County	Total Domestic Violence Charges Disposed	Percent of Total Domestic Violence Charges Disposed
Bernalillo	3,018	57%
Catron	8	0%
Chaves	88	2%
Cibola	46	1%
Colfax	27	1%
Curry	133	3%
De Baca	8	0%
Dona Ana	403	8%
Eddy	77	1%
Grants	47	1%
Guadalupe	5	0%
Harding	1	0%
Hidalgo	8	0%
Lea	79	1%
Lincoln	39	1%
Los Alamos	4	0%
Luna	59	1%
McKinley	71	1%
Mora	4	0%
Otero	188	4%
Quay	43	1%
Rio Arriba	65	1%
Roosevelt	26	0%
San Juan	248	5%
San Miguel	54	1%
Sandoval	144	3%
Santa Fe	174	3%
Sierra	25	0%
Socorro	15	0%
Taos	24	0%
Torrance	21	0%
Union	8	0%
Valencia	131	2%
Total	5,291	100%

Table 29. Percent Domestic Violence Charges Dismissed in 2014, by District Court

District Court	Total Charges	Total Dismissed	Percent Dismissed
Mosquero District Court	1	1	100%
Raton District Court	27	24	89%
Socorro District Court	15	12	80%
Los Lunas District Court	131	102	78%
Mora District Court	4	3	75%
Clayton District Court	8	6	75%
Albuquerque District Court	3,018	2,082	69%
Tierra Amarilla District Court	65	45	69%
Bernalillo District Court	144	94	65%
Taos District Court	24	15	63%
Gallup District Court	71	43	61%
Santa Rosa District Court	5	3	60%
Aztec/Farmington District Court	248	149	60%
T Or C District Court	25	15	60%
Santa Fe District Court	174	102	59%
Clovis District Court	133	73	55%
Portales District Court	26	14	54%
Las Vegas District Court	54	29	54%
Las Cruces District Court	403	211	52%
Estancia District Court	21	10	48%
Lovington District Court	79	36	46%
Tucumcari District Court	43	19	44%
Grants District Court	46	20	43%
Roswell District Court	88	36	41%
Silver City District Court	47	19	40%
Fort Sumner District Court	8	3	38%
Alamogordo District Court	188	72	38%
Carrizozo District Court	39	14	36%
Reserve District Court	8	2	25%
Los Alamos District Court	4	1	25%
Carlsbad District Court	77	18	23%
Deming District Court	59	10	17%
Lordsburg District Court	8		0%
Total	5,291	3,283	62%

Table 30. Percent Guilty Pleas/Convictions of Domestic Violence Charges in District Courts, 2014

District Court	Total Charges	Total Guilty Pleas/Convictions	Percent Guilty Pleas/Convictions
Deming District Court	59	37	63%
Carlsbad District Court	77	47	61%
Grants District Court	46	26	57%
Alamogordo District Court	188	94	50%
Las Cruces District Court	403	172	43%
Portales District Court	26	11	42%
Roswell District Court	88	35	40%
Fort Sumner District Court	8	3	38%
Carrizozo District Court	39	15	38%
Lovington District Court	79	29	37%
Taos District Court	24	8	33%
Estancia District Court	21	7	33%
Clovis District Court	133	43	32%
T Or C District Court	25	8	32%
Santa Fe District Court	174	54	31%
Gallup District Court	71	19	27%
Los Alamos District Court	4	1	25%
Tierra Amarilla District Court	65	16	25%
Aztec/Farmington District Court	248	61	25%
Clayton District Court	8	2	25%
Las Vegas District Court	54	13	24%
Tucumcari District Court	43	9	21%
Silver City District Court	47	9	19%
Albuquerque District Court	3,018	532	18%
Los Lunas District Court	131	21	16%
Bernalillo District Court	144	20	14%
Reserve District Court	8	1	13%
Lordsburg District Court	8	1	13%
Socorro District Court	15	1	7%
Raton District Court	27	1	4%
Santa Rosa District Court	5		0%
Mosquero District Court	1		0%
Mora District Court	4		0%
Total	5,291	1,296	24%

Table 31. Number of Cases Dismissed, Convicted, Acquitted, and Other Dispositions For Each District Court, 2014

District Court	Total Cases	Convictions	Dismissals	Acquittals	Other
Alamogordo District Court	102	53	32	4	13
Albuquerque District Court	1,034	333	622	6	73
Aztec/Farmington District Court	154	55	80	2	17
Bernalillo District Court	92	13	64	2	13
Carlsbad District Court	54	33	14	1	6
Carrizozo District Court	27	12	7	3	5
Clayton District Court	6	2	4	0	0
Clovis District Court	87	37	37	0	13
Deming District Court	38	23	6	1	8
Estancia District Court	13	5	4	0	4
Fort Sumner District Court	4	2	1	0	1
Gallup District Court	44	17	20	5	2
Grants District Court	29	21	8	0	0
Las Cruces District Court	215	124	83	0	8
Las Vegas District Court	34	13	15	0	6
Lordsburg District Court	5	1	0	0	4
Los Alamos District Court	2	1	1	0	0
Los Lunas District Court	78	16	57	0	5
Lovington District Court	62	26	24	1	11
Mora District Court	3	0	2	0	1
Mosquero District Court	1	0	1	0	0
Portales District Court	17	8	8	0	1
Raton District Court	17	1	16	0	0
Reserve District Court	4	1	0	0	3
Roswell District Court	64	24	25	6	9
Santa Fe District Court	98	38	53	0	7
Santa Rosa District Court	3	0	2	0	1
Silver City District Court	33	8	12	1	12
Socorro District Court	12	1	10	0	1
T Or C District Court	19	7	11	0	1
Taos District Court	15	7	7	0	1
Tierra Amarilla District Court	38	13	22	0	3
Tucumcari District Court	28	7	11	0	10
Total	2,432	902	1,259	32	239

Table 32. Disposed District Court Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed, 2014

District Court	Total Cases	Cases Dismissed	Percent Dismissed
Alamogordo District Court	102	32	31%
Albuquerque District Court	1,034	622	60%
Aztec/Farmington District Court	154	80	52%
Bernalillo District Court	92	64	70%
Carlsbad District Court	54	14	26%
Carrizozo District Court	27	7	26%
Clayton District Court	6	4	67%
Clovis District Court	87	37	43%
Deming District Court	38	6	16%
Estancia District Court	13	4	31%
Fort Sumner District Court	4	1	25%
Gallup District Court	44	20	45%
Grants District Court	29	8	28%
Las Cruces District Court	215	83	39%
Las Vegas District Court	34	15	44%
Lordsburg District Court	5	0	0%
Los Alamos District Court	2	1	50%
Los Lunas District Court	78	57	73%
Lovington District Court	62	24	39%
Mora District Court	3	2	67%
Mosquero District Court	1	1	100%
Portales District Court	17	8	47%
Raton District Court	17	16	94%
Reserve District Court	4	0	0%
Roswell District Court	64	25	39%
Santa Fe District Court	98	53	54%
Santa Rosa District Court	3	2	67%
Silver City District Court	33	12	36%
Socorro District Court	12	10	83%
T Or C District Court	19	11	58%
Taos District Court	15	7	47%
Tierra Amarilla District Court	38	22	58%
Tucumcari District Court	28	11	39%
Total	2,432	1,259	52%

Table 33. Disposed District Court Domestic Violence Cases With A Guilty Plea/Conviction, 2014

District Court	Total Cases	Convictions	Percent Convictions
Alamogordo District Court	102	53	52%
Albuquerque District Court	1,034	333	32%
Aztec/Farmington District Court	154	55	36%
Bernalillo District Court	92	13	14%
Carlsbad District Court	54	33	61%
Carrizozo District Court	27	12	44%
Clayton District Court	6	2	33%
Clovis District Court	87	37	43%
Deming District Court	38	23	61%
Estancia District Court	13	5	38%
Fort Sumner District Court	4	2	50%
Gallup District Court	44	17	39%
Grants District Court	29	21	72%
Las Cruces District Court	215	124	58%
Las Vegas District Court	34	13	38%
Lordsburg District Court	5	1	20%
Los Alamos District Court	2	1	50%
Los Lunas District Court	78	16	21%
Lovington District Court	62	26	42%
Mora District Court	3	0	0%
Mosquero District Court	1	0	0%
Portales District Court	17	8	47%
Raton District Court	17	1	6%
Reserve District Court	4	1	25%
Roswell District Court	64	24	38%
Santa Fe District Court	98	38	39%
Santa Rosa District Court	3	0	0%
Silver City District Court	33	8	24%
Socorro District Court	12	1	8%
T Or C District Court	19	7	37%
Taos District Court	15	7	47%
Tierra Amarilla District Court	38	13	34%
Tucumcari District Court	28	7	25%
Total	2,432	902	37%

Table 34. Emergency Protection Orders Issued by District Courts, by County

County	Emergency Protection Orders Issued	Percent of All Emergency Protection Orders Issued
Bernalillo	177	67%
De Baca	1	0%
Dona Ana	52	20%
Grant	4	2%
Hidalgo	1	0%
Luna	13	5%
Quay	9	3%
San Juan	5	2%
San Miguel	2	1%
Santa Fe	1	0%
Taos	1	0%
Total	266	100%

Table 35. Domestic Violence Temporary Orders of Protection Issued by District Courts, by County, 2014

County	Number of Domestic Violence Temporary Orders of Protection Issued	Percent of All Domestic Violence Temporary Orders of Protection Issued
Chaves	732	33%
Curry	94	4%
Guadalupe	25	1%
Harding	4	0%
Lea	257	12%
Lincoln	62	3%
Mora	26	1%
Otero	424	19%
Roosevelt	30	1%
San Juan	1	0%
San Miguel	212	9%
Sandoval	353	16%
Socorro	4	0%
Taos	2	0%
Torrance	6	0%
Total	2,232	100%

Table 36. Judgments for Permanent Protection Orders Issued by District Courts, by County 2014

County	Number of Permanent Protection Orders Issued	Percent of All Permanent Protection Orders Issued
Bernalillo	1,205	36%
Catron	1	0%
Chaves	164	5%
Colfax	26	1%
Curry	41	1%
De Baca	10	0%
Dona Ana	232	7%
Eddy	164	5%
Grant	62	2%
Guadalupe	7	0%
Harding	1	0%
Lea	137	4%
Lincoln	44	1%
Los Alamos	4	0%
Luna	164	5%
McKinley	50	1%
Mora	5	0%
Otero	64	2%
Quay	38	1%
Rio Arriba	87	3%
Roosevelt	13	0%
San Juan	128	4%
San Miguel	64	2%
Sandoval	138	4%
Santa Fe	211	6%
Sierra	22	1%
Socorro	7	0%
Taos	62	2%
Torrance	35	1%
Union	11	0%
Valencia	194	6%
Total	3,391	100%

Table 37. Percent of Total Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Magistrate Courts by County, 2014

County	Total Domestic Violence Charges Filed	Percent of Total Domestic Violence Charges Filed
Bernalillo	6,046	38%
Catron	16	0%
Chaves	364	2%
Cibola	146	1%
Colfax	90	1%
Curry	359	2%
De Baca	15	0%
Dona Ana	1,314	8%
Eddy	471	3%
Grant	292	2%
Guadalupe	38	0%
Harding	2	0%
Hidalgo	31	0%
Lea	541	3%
Lincoln	114	1%
Los Alamos	40	0%
Luna	166	1%
McKinley	640	4%
Mora	30	0%
Otero	382	2%
Quay	118	1%
Rio Arriba	276	2%
Roosevelt	90	1%
San Juan	1,269	8%
San Miguel	260	2%
Sandoval	798	5%
Santa Fe	899	6%
Sierra	83	1%
Socorro	199	1%
Taos	141	1%
Torrance	97	1%
Union	8	0%
Valencia	587	4%
Total	15,922	100%

Table 38. Percent of Domestic Violence Charges Disposed in Magistrate Courts by County, 2014

County	Total Domestic Violence Charges Disposed	Percent of Total Domestic Violence Charges Disposed
Bernalillo	4,809	35%
Catron	18	0%
Chaves	345	3%
Cibola	131	1%
Colfax	87	1%
Curry	347	3%
De Baca	14	0%
Dona Ana	1,256	9%
Eddy	506	4%
Grant	259	2%
Guadalupe	33	0%
Harding	3	0%
Hidalgo	28	0%
Lea	407	3%
Lincoln	98	1%
Los Alamos	49	0%
Luna	167	1%
McKinley	604	4%
Mora	22	0%
Otero	373	3%
Quay	101	1%
Rio Arriba	249	2%
Roosevelt	90	1%
San Juan	1,002	7%
San Miguel	196	1%
Sandoval	776	6%
Santa Fe	672	5%
Sierra	84	1%
Socorro	171	1%
Taos	124	1%
Torrance	92	1%
Union	13	0%
Valencia	586	4%
Total	13,712	100%

Table 39. Percent Domestic Violence Charges Dismissed in 2014, by Magistrate Court

Magistrate Court	Total Domestic Violence Charges	Total Dismissed	Percent Dismissed
Alamogordo Magistrate Court	373	101	27%
Albuquerque Metro Court	4,809	4,457	93%
Anthony Magistrate Court	33	28	85%
Artesia Magistrate Court	130	71	55%
Aztec Magistrate Court	417	233	56%
Bayard Magistrate Court	71	39	55%
Belen Magistrate Court	233	181	78%
Bernalillo Magistrate Court	750	599	80%
Carlsbad Magistrate Court	376	142	38%
Carrizozo Magistrate Court	22	5	23%
Chama Magistrate Court	24	21	88%
Clayton Magistrate Court	13	9	69%
Clovis Magistrate Court	347	143	41%
Cuba Magistrate Court	26	21	81%
Deming Magistrate Court	167	47	28%
Espanola Magistrate Court	225	197	88%
Eunice Magistrate Court	11	4	36%
Farmington Magistrate Court	585	397	68%
Fort Sumner Magistrate Court	14	2	14%
Gallup Magistrate Court	604	510	84%
Grants Magistrate Court	131	70	53%
Hobbs Magistrate Court	327	204	62%
Jal Magistrate Court	7	4	57%
Las Cruces Magistrate Court	1223	829	68%
Las Vegas Magistrate Court	196	83	42%
Lordsburg Magistrate Court	28	20	71%
Los Alamos Magistrate Court	49	39	80%
Los Lunas Magistrate Court	353	236	67%
Lovington Magistrate Court	62	33	53%
Mora Magistrate Court	22	9	41%
Moriarty Magistrate Court	92	50	54%
Portales Magistrate Court	90	43	48%
Quemado Magistrate Court	3	3	100%
Questa Magistrate Court	2	1	50%
Raton Magistrate Court	62	40	65%
Reserve Magistrate Court	15	7	47%
Roswell Magistrate Court	345	146	42%
Roy Magistrate Court	3	3	100%
Ruidoso Magistrate Court	76	20	26%
Santa Fe Magistrate Court	672	530	79%
Santa Rosa Magistrate Court	33	21	64%
Silver City Magistrate Court	188	116	62%

Magistrate Court	Total Domestic Violence Charges	Total Dismissed	Percent Dismissed
Socorro Magistrate Court	171	109	64%
Springer Magistrate Court	25	22	88%
T Or C Magistrate Court	84	58	69%
Taos Magistrate Court	122	78	64%
Tucumcari Magistrate Court	101	57	56%
Total	13,712	10,038	73%

Table 40. Percent Domestic Violence Charges with Guilty Pleas/Convictions in 2014, by Magistrate Courts

Magistrate Court	Total Charges	Total Pleas/Convictions	Percent Pleas/Convictions
Alamogordo Magistrate Court	373	143	38%
Albuquerque Metro Court	4,809	162	3%
Anthony Magistrate Court	33	2	6%
Artesia Magistrate Court	130	49	38%
Aztec Magistrate Court	417	91	22%
Bayard Magistrate Court	71	12	17%
Belen Magistrate Court	233	9	4%
Bernalillo Magistrate Court	750	32	4%
Carlsbad Magistrate Court	376	178	47%
Carrizozo Magistrate Court	22	10	45%
Chama Magistrate Court	24	1	4%
Clayton Magistrate Court	13	1	8%
Clovis Magistrate Court	347	78	22%
Cuba Magistrate Court	26	2	8%
Deming Magistrate Court	167	55	33%
Espanola Magistrate Court	225	9	4%
Eunice Magistrate Court	11	2	18%
Farmington Magistrate Court	585	72	12%
Fort Sumner Magistrate Court	14	2	14%
Gallup Magistrate Court	604	37	6%
Grants Magistrate Court	131	30	23%
Hobbs Magistrate Court	327	77	24%
Jal Magistrate Court	7	3	43%
Las Cruces Magistrate Court	1,223	113	9%
Las Vegas Magistrate Court	196	57	29%
Lordsburg Magistrate Court	28	8	29%
Los Alamos Magistrate Court	49	7	14%
Los Lunas Magistrate Court	353	25	7%
Lovington Magistrate Court	62	18	29%
Mora Magistrate Court	22	5	23%
Moriarty Magistrate Court	92	22	24%
Portales Magistrate Court	90	24	27%
Quemado Magistrate Court	3	0	0%
Questa Magistrate Court	2	0	0%
Raton Magistrate Court	62	9	15%
Reserve Magistrate Court	15	2	13%
Roswell Magistrate Court	345	101	29%
Roy Magistrate Court	3	0	0%
Ruidoso Magistrate Court	76	26	34%
Santa Fe Magistrate Court	672	32	5%
Santa Rosa Magistrate Court	33	8	24%

Magistrate Court	Total Charges	Total Pleas/Convictions	Percent Pleas/Convictions
Silver City Magistrate Court	188	39	21%
Socorro Magistrate Court	171	20	12%
Springer Magistrate Court	25	1	4%
T Or C Magistrate Court	84	18	21%
Taos Magistrate Court	122	18	15%
Tucumcari Magistrate Court	101	22	22%
Total	13,712	1,632	12%

Table 41. Number of Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed, Convicted, Acquitted, and Other Disposition Outcomes for Each Magistrate Court, 2014

Magistrate Court	Total Domestic Violence Cases	Convictions	Acquittals	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Alamogordo Magistrate Court	280	126	1	73	80
Anthony Magistrate Court	26	2	1	21	2
Artesia Magistrate Court	115	45	2	64	4
Aztec Magistrate Court	314	86	7	171	50
Bayard Magistrate Court	54	12	3	29	10
Belen Magistrate Court	162	8	1	131	22
Bernalillo Magistrate Court	539	31	2	441	65
Carlsbad Magistrate Court	315	153	9	120	33
Carrizozo Magistrate Court	19	10	0	3	6
Chama Magistrate Court	15	1	0	13	1
Clayton Magistrate Court	13	1	1	9	2
Clovis Magistrate Court	251	77	3	100	71
Cuba Magistrate Court	22	2	0	17	3
Deming Magistrate Court	128	50	2	33	43
Espanola Magistrate Court	168	8	0	149	11
Eunice Magistrate Court	8	1	0	4	3
Farmington Magistrate Court	448	70	3	311	64
Fort Sumner Magistrate Court	9	2	0	2	5
Gallup Magistrate Court	468	35	1	398	34
Grants Magistrate Court	98	30	5	51	12
Hobbs Magistrate Court	266	70	0	164	32
Jal Magistrate Court	7	3	0	4	0
Las Cruces Magistrate Court	939	97	4	675	163
Las Vegas Magistrate Court	146	56	1	57	32
Lordsburg Magistrate Court	25	7	0	18	0
Los Alamos Magistrate Court	40	7	0	31	2
Los Lunas Magistrate Court	229	24	1	155	49
Lovington Magistrate Court	52	18	0	27	7
Mora Magistrate Court	15	5	0	7	3
Moriarty Magistrate Court	67	18	0	38	11
Portales Magistrate Court	73	22	1	39	11
Quemado Magistrate Court	3	0	0	3	0
Questa Magistrate Court	2	0	0	1	1
Raton Magistrate Court	45	9	0	28	8
Reserve Magistrate Court	9	2	0	4	3
Roswell Magistrate Court	283	94	17	125	47

Magistrate Court	Total Domestic Violence Cases	Convictions	Acquittals	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Roy Magistrate Court	3	0	0	3	0
Ruidoso Magistrate Court	58	25	1	17	15
Santa Fe Magistrate Court	470	30	2	383	55
Santa Rosa Magistrate Court	23	8	0	13	2
Silver City Magistrate Court	151	32	1	94	24
Socorro Magistrate Court	136	18	0	85	33
Springer Magistrate Court	17	1	0	15	1
T Or C Magistrate Court	74	18	1	50	5
Taos Magistrate Court	89	15	2	62	10
Tucumcari Magistrate Court	72	20	0	39	13
Albuquerque Metro Court	4,019	158	33	3,727	101
Total	10,765	1,507	105	8,004	1149

Table 42. Percent Disposed Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed, 2014

Magistrate Court	Total Domestic Violence Cases	Number Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed	Percent Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed
Alamogordo Magistrate Court	280	73	26%
Anthony Magistrate Court	26	21	81%
Artesia Magistrate Court	115	64	56%
Aztec Magistrate Court	314	171	54%
Bayard Magistrate Court	54	29	54%
Belen Magistrate Court	162	131	81%
Bernalillo Magistrate Court	539	441	82%
Carlsbad Magistrate Court	315	120	38%
Carrizozo Magistrate Court	19	3	16%
Chama Magistrate Court	15	13	87%
Clayton Magistrate Court	13	9	69%
Clovis Magistrate Court	251	100	40%
Cuba Magistrate Court	22	17	77%
Deming Magistrate Court	128	33	26%
Espanola Magistrate Court	168	149	89%
Eunice Magistrate Court	8	4	50%
Farmington Magistrate Court	448	311	69%
Fort Sumner Magistrate Court	9	2	22%
Gallup Magistrate Court	468	398	85%
Grants Magistrate Court	98	51	52%
Hobbs Magistrate Court	266	164	62%
Jal Magistrate Court	7	4	57%
Las Cruces Magistrate Court	939	675	72%
Las Vegas Magistrate Court	146	57	39%
Lordsburg Magistrate Court	25	18	72%
Los Alamos Magistrate Court	40	31	78%
Los Lunas Magistrate Court	229	155	68%
Lovington Magistrate Court	52	27	52%
Mora Magistrate Court	15	7	47%
Moriarty Magistrate Court	67	38	57%
Portales Magistrate Court	73	39	53%
Quemado Magistrate Court	3	3	100%
Questa Magistrate Court	2	1	50%
Raton Magistrate Court	45	28	62%
Reserve Magistrate Court	9	4	44%
Roswell Magistrate Court	283	125	44%
Roy Magistrate Court	3	3	100%

Magistrate Court	Total Domestic Violence Cases	Number Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed	Percent Domestic Violence Cases Dismissed
Ruidoso Magistrate Court	58	17	29%
Santa Fe Magistrate Court	470	383	81%
Santa Rosa Magistrate Court	23	13	57%
Silver City Magistrate Court	151	94	62%
Socorro Magistrate Court	136	85	63%
Springer Magistrate Court	17	15	88%
T Or C Magistrate Court	74	50	68%
Taos Magistrate Court	89	62	70%
Tucumcari Magistrate Court	72	39	54%
Albuquerque Metro Court	4,019	3,727	93%
Total	10,765	8,004	74%

Table 43. Percent Disposed Magistrate Court Domestic Violence Cases with a Conviction/ Guilty Plea, 2014

Magistrate Court	Total Domestic Violence Cases	Number Domestic Violence Cases with a Conviction	Percent Domestic Violence Cases with a Conviction
Alamogordo Magistrate Court	280	126	45%
Anthony Magistrate Court	26	2	8%
Artesia Magistrate Court	115	45	39%
Aztec Magistrate Court	314	86	27%
Bayard Magistrate Court	54	12	22%
Belen Magistrate Court	162	8	5%
Bernalillo Magistrate Court	539	31	6%
Carlsbad Magistrate Court	315	153	49%
Carrizozo Magistrate Court	19	10	53%
Chama Magistrate Court	15	1	7%
Clayton Magistrate Court	13	1	8%
Clovis Magistrate Court	251	77	31%
Cuba Magistrate Court	22	2	9%
Deming Magistrate Court	128	50	39%
Espanola Magistrate Court	168	8	5%
Eunice Magistrate Court	8	1	13%
Farmington Magistrate Court	448	70	16%
Fort Sumner Magistrate Court	9	2	22%
Gallup Magistrate Court	468	35	7%
Grants Magistrate Court	98	30	31%
Hobbs Magistrate Court	266	70	26%
Jal Magistrate Court	7	3	43%
Las Cruces Magistrate Court	939	97	10%
Las Vegas Magistrate Court	146	56	38%
Lordsburg Magistrate Court	25	7	28%
Los Alamos Magistrate Court	40	7	18%
Los Lunas Magistrate Court	229	24	10%
Lovington Magistrate Court	52	18	35%
Mora Magistrate Court	15	5	33%
Moriarty Magistrate Court	67	18	27%
Portales Magistrate Court	73	22	30%
Quemado Magistrate Court	3	0	0%
Questa Magistrate Court	2	0	0%
Raton Magistrate Court	45	9	20%
Reserve Magistrate Court	9	2	22%
Roswell Magistrate Court	283	94	33%
Roy Magistrate Court	3	0	0%

Magistrate Court	Total Domestic Violence Cases	Number Domestic Violence Cases with a Conviction	Percent Domestic Violence Cases with a Conviction
Ruidoso Magistrate Court	58	25	43%
Santa Fe Magistrate Court	470	30	6%
Santa Rosa Magistrate Court	23	8	35%
Silver City Magistrate Court	151	32	21%
Socorro Magistrate Court	136	18	13%
Springer Magistrate Court	17	1	6%
T Or C Magistrate Court	74	18	24%
Taos Magistrate Court	89	15	17%
Tucumcari Magistrate Court	72	20	28%
Albuquerque Metro Court	4,019	158	4%
Total	10,765	1,507	14%

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO, 2010-2014
An Analysis of Data from
The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

DISTRICT COURT TABLES

Table D1. Alamogordo District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	10		4	5	1
Aggravated Battery	10		4	6	
Aggravated Stalking	4			3	1
Assault	8		3	5	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	49	2	23	14	10
Criminal Damage to Property	19		12	7	
False Imprisonment	28	2	6	17	3
Harassment	1			1	
Stalking	1		1		
Violation of a Restraining Order	57		41	13	3

Table D2. Albuquerque District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	189	3	31	143	12
Aggravated Battery	588	2	100	437	49
Aggravated Stalking	22		9	9	4
Assault	84		13	66	5
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	37		17	6	14
Battery	1252	4	213	867	168
Criminal Damage to Property	184	1	30	116	37
Deprivation of Property	58		2	51	5
False Imprisonment	392	2	97	218	75
Harassment	25		2	17	6
Stalking	16		4	10	2
Violation of a Restraining Order	171		14	142	15

Table D3. Aztec District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	21	1	4	10	6
Aggravated Battery	42		8	27	7
Aggravated Stalking	4			3	1
Assault	11		3	8	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	5			4	1
Battery	85		28	47	10
Criminal Damage to Property	20		1	19	
False Imprisonment	49	2	13	24	10
Harassment	3		2	1	
Violation of a Restraining Order	8		2	6	

Table D4. Bernalillo District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	18		3	10	5
Aggravated Battery	32	2	8	18	4
Aggravated Stalking	4		1	3	
Assault	8		1	5	2
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	38		2	30	6
Criminal Damage to Property	15		1	12	2
Deprivation of Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	20	2	3	11	4
Harassment	3			2	1
Stalking	2		1		1
Violation of a Restraining Order	2			1	1

Table D5. Carlsbad District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	9		6	3	
Aggravated Battery	9		4	4	1
Aggravated Stalking	2		2		
Assault	1			1	
Battery	29	1	18	5	5
Criminal Damage to Property	14	1	8	2	3
False Imprisonment	11		7	3	1
Stalking	1		1		
Violation of a Restraining Order	1		1		

Table D6. Carrizozo District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2		1		1
Aggravated Battery	6		3	1	2
Aggravated Stalking	1		1		
Assault	1				1
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	9	1	4	4	
Criminal Damage to Property	3		2		1
False Imprisonment	12	1	3	6	2
Violation of a Restraining Order	4	1	1	2	

Table D7. Clayton District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Battery	1		1		
Aggravated Stalking	3			3	
Assault	1			1	
Battery	1			1	
Harassment	1		1		
Violation of a Restraining Order	1			1	

Table D8 Clovis District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	8		3	3	2
Aggravated Battery	14		5	8	1
Aggravated Stalking	2		1	1	
Assault	7		2	4	1
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	4		2	2	
Battery	55		22	25	8
Criminal Damage to Property	9			8	1
False Imprisonment	30		8	18	4
Harassment	1			1	
Stalking	1			1	
Violation of a Restraining Order	2			2	

Table D9. Deming District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	4	2	1		1
Aggravated Battery	8		7	1	
Aggravated Stalking	3		3		
Assault	1				1
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	2		2		
Battery	24		13	5	6
Criminal Damage to Property	6		5	1	
False Imprisonment	9		6	3	
Harassment	1				1
Violation of a Restraining Order	1				1

Table D10. Estancia District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1			1	
Aggravated Battery	5		2	2	1
Assault	2			2	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	6		2	2	2
Criminal Damage to Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	3		3		
Harassment	1				1
Violation of a Restraining Order	1			1	

Table D11. Fort Sumner District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Battery	1				1
Aggravated Stalking	1			1	
Battery	2		2		
Criminal Damage to Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	2		1		1
Harassment	1			1	

Table D12. Gallup District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	3		1	2	
Aggravated Battery	10		4	6	
Aggravated Stalking	2			2	
Assault	2			2	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	4			4	
Battery	23	1	9	11	2
Criminal Damage to Property	2			2	
False Imprisonment	23	5	5	12	1
Violation of a Restraining Order	2			2	

Table D13. Grants District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2		2		
Aggravated Battery	11		7	4	
Aggravated Stalking	4		4		
Assault	1		1		
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	8		5	3	
Criminal Damage to Property	2		2		
False Imprisonment	13		3	10	
Harassment	1			1	
Violation of a Restraining Order	3		2	1	

Table D14. Las Cruces District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	39		13	25	1
Aggravated Battery	69		28	38	3
Aggravated Stalking	6		6		
Assault	30		8	22	
Battery	158		68	83	7
Criminal Damage to Property	22		8	12	2
False Imprisonment	67		33	27	7
Harassment	5		2	3	
Violation of a Restraining Order	7		6	1	

Table D15. Las Vegas District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	7		3	4	
Aggravated Battery	7		2	3	2
Aggravated Stalking	5		2	2	1
Assault	3		1	2	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	13		2	9	2
Criminal Damage to Property	3			2	1
False Imprisonment	12		2	6	4
Harassment	1				1
Violation of a Restraining Order	2		1	1	

Table D16 Lordsburg District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Battery	4		1		3
Battery	1				1
False Imprisonment	2				2
Harassment	1				1
Aggravated Battery	1			1	
Battery	1				1
False Imprisonment	1				1
Stalking	1		1		

Table D17. Los Lunas District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	15		4	11	
Aggravated Battery	28		2	24	2
Aggravated Stalking	3			3	
Assault	2		1	1	
Battery	16		2	12	2
Criminal Damage to Property	5			5	
Deprivation of Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	47		10	35	2
Harassment	9			7	2
Stalking	1		1		
Violation of a Restraining Order	4		1	3	

Table D18. Lovington District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	5	1	1	3	
Aggravated Battery	2		2		
Aggravated Stalking	2		2		
Assault	3			2	1
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	2		1		1
Battery	38		12	18	8
Criminal Damage to Property	9		2	4	3
False Imprisonment	14		6	8	
Harassment	1			1	
Violation of a Restraining Order	3		3		

Table D19. Mora District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1				1
Battery	2			2	
Criminal Damage to Property	1			1	

Table D20. Mosquero District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Battery	1			1	

Table D21. Portales District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1			1	
Aggravated Battery	3			3	
Assault	1			1	
Battery	13		8	4	1
Criminal Damage to Property	3			3	
Deprivation of Property	1		1		
False Imprisonment	3		1	2	
Stalking	1		1		

Table D22. Raton District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2			2	
Aggravated Battery	4			3	1
Aggravated Stalking	2			2	
Battery	3			3	
Criminal Damage to Property	4		1	3	
False Imprisonment	3			3	
Harassment	1			1	
Stalking	1			1	
Violation of a Restraining Order	7			6	1

Table D23. Reserve District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Battery	1		1		
Battery	2				2
Criminal Damage to Property	2			1	1
False Imprisonment	3			1	2

Table D24. Roswell District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	21	2	9	9	1
Aggravated Battery	12	2	3	4	3
Aggravated Stalking	2		2		
Assault	1			1	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	28	1	11	11	5
Criminal Damage to Property	5		2	2	1
False Imprisonment	17	1	8	8	
Harassment	1				1

Table D25. Santa Fe District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	17			14	3
Aggravated Battery	21		6	12	3
Aggravated Stalking	1			1	
Assault	13		7	6	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	55		20	28	7
Criminal Damage to Property	17		6	9	2
Deprivation of Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	40		9	29	2
Harassment	1			1	
Stalking	1		1		
Violation of a Restraining Order	6		5		1

Table D26. Santa Rosa District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1				1
Aggravated Battery	2			1	1
Battery	1			1	
False Imprisonment	1			1	

Table D27. Silver City District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	4			2	2
Aggravated Battery	7		3	1	3
Aggravated Stalking	1			1	
Battery	19	2	3	7	7
Criminal Damage to Property	4			2	2
False Imprisonment	12		3	6	3

Table D28. Socorro District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Battery	4			4	
Battery	5		1	3	1
Criminal Damage to Property	2			2	
False Imprisonment	1				1
Harassment	3			3	

Table D29. T or C District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	3		1	2	
Aggravated Battery	1		1		
Aggravated Stalking	1			1	
Assault	2		1	1	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	10		4	5	1
Criminal Damage to Property	4		1	2	1
False Imprisonment	3			3	

Table D30. Taos District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	5		1	4	
Aggravated Stalking	2		1	1	
Assault	2			2	
Battery	9		6	3	
Criminal Damage to Property	1				1
False Imprisonment	4			4	
Violation of a Restraining Order	1			1	

Table D31. Tierra Amarilla District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	9		2	7	
Aggravated Battery	8		1	5	2
Aggravated Stalking	4		1	3	
Assault	4		1	3	
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	1		1		
Battery	18		5	11	2
Criminal Damage to Property	2		1	1	
False Imprisonment	15		2	13	
Harassment	2		1	1	
Violation of a Restraining Order	2		1	1	

Table D32. Tucumcari District Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against a Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	4			2	2
Aggravated Battery	9		3	3	3
Aggravated Stalking	1				1
Assault	2				2
Assault with Intent to Commit Violent Felony	2			1	1
Battery	10		3	2	5
Criminal Damage to Property	7		1	5	1
False Imprisonment	4		2	2	
Violation of a Restraining Order	4			4	

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO, 2010-2014
An Analysis of Data from
The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

MAGISTRATE COURT TABLES

Table M1. Alamogordo Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	11			1	10
Aggravated Battery	25		5	2	18
Aggravated Stalking	2				2
Assault	59	1	30	12	16
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	155		71	52	32
Criminal Damage To Property	62		27	21	14
Deprivation Of Property	6		2	3	1
False Imprisonment	26		6	5	15
Harassment	5		1	2	2
Stalking	1			1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	20		1	2	17

Table M2. Albuquerque Metropolitan Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	48			24	24
Aggravated Battery	368	4	6	301	57
Aggravated Stalking	3			3	
Assault	436	6	13	414	3
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	4			1	3
Battery	2721	20	71	2618	12
Criminal Damage To Property	369	1	15	345	8
Deprivation Of Property	12			12	
False Imprisonment	71			42	29
Harassment	162	1	16	140	5
Morals Child Abuse Of A Household Member	25	1		23	1
Stalking	172	4	6	157	5
Violation Of A Restraining Order	418	3	35	377	3

Table M3. Anthony Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1			1	
Assault	5			5	
Battery	18	1	2	13	2
Criminal Damage To Property	6			6	
Harassment	1			1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	2			2	

Table M4. Artesia Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2				2
Aggravated Battery	5			5	
Assault	1		1		
Battery	95	2	37	53	3
Criminal Damage To Property	15	1	5	8	1
False Imprisonment	3			2	1
Harassment	2			2	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	7		6	1	

Table M5. Aztec Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	15			7	8
Aggravated Battery	49		2	24	23
Aggravated Stalking	7			2	5
Assault	21		3	14	4
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	202	6	57	117	22
Criminal Damage To Property	45		9	27	9
False Imprisonment	33		2	21	10
Harassment	9	1	5	3	
Stalking	3		1	2	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	32		12	16	4

Table M6. Bayard Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2			1	1
Aggravated Battery	2			1	1
Assault	5	1	1	3	
Battery	43	2	9	23	9
Criminal Damage To Property	5			5	
False Imprisonment	7			2	5
Harassment	2			1	1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	5		2	3	

Table M7. Belen Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	15			8	7
Aggravated Battery	48		2	35	11
Aggravated Stalking	1			1	
Assault	12			11	1
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	2				2
Battery	81	1	2	70	8
Criminal Damage To Property	22		1	18	3
Deprivation Of Property	7			6	1
False Imprisonment	28		2	17	9
Harassment	6			6	
Stalking	1			1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	10		2	8	

Table M8. Bernalillo Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	42		1	28	13
Aggravated Battery	60	1	6	35	18
Aggravated Stalking	13			9	4
Assault	41		2	35	4
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	6			3	3
Battery	321	1	16	270	34
Criminal Damage To Property	112		3	102	7
Deprivation Of Property	4			4	
False Imprisonment	47			24	23
Harassment	14			13	1
Stalking	4			4	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	86		4	72	10

Table M9. Carlsbad Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	7			3	4
Aggravated Battery	19		8	7	4
Aggravated Stalking	1				1
Assault	14	1	6	7	
Battery	259	8	124	104	23
Criminal Damage To Property	59	1	37	12	9
Deprivation Of Property	1		1		
False Imprisonment	13			8	5
Harassment	1		1		
Stalking	2		1	1	

Table M10. Carrizozo Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1				1
Aggravated Battery	4			1	3
Aggravated Stalking	1				1
Assault	3		2	1	
Battery	8		6	1	1
Criminal Damage To Property	1		1		
False Imprisonment	1				1
Harassment	2		1	1	
Stalking	1			1	

Table M11. Chama Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Battery	4			4	
Assault	9			9	
Battery	9		1	7	1
False Imprisonment	2			1	1

Table M12. Clayton Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1				1
Aggravated Battery	1			1	
Aggravated Stalking	1				1
Assault	2			2	
Battery	5		1	4	
Harassment	1	1			
Violation Of A Restraining Order	2			2	

Table M13. Clovis Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	12			4	8
Aggravated Battery	22	1	2	6	13
Aggravated Stalking	3			2	1
Assault	27		8	15	4
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	11			1	10
Battery	182	2	59	71	50
Criminal Damage To Property	45	1	5	28	11
Deprivation Of Property	3			3	
False Imprisonment	32			9	23
Harassment	2		1	1	
Stalking	1				1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	7		3	3	1

Table M14. Cuba Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1				1
Aggravated Battery	3			3	
Assault	1			1	
Battery	16		2	13	1
Criminal Damage To Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	2			1	1
Harassment	2			2	

Table M15. Deming Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	7			2	5
Aggravated Battery	16		2	2	12
Aggravated Stalking	8			2	6
Assault	8		3	4	1
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	85	2	34	24	25
Criminal Damage To Property	25		12	8	5
Deprivation Of Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	9			2	7
Harassment	3		3		
Violation Of A Restraining Order	4	1	1	2	

Table M16. Espanola Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	8			7	1
Aggravated Battery	15			9	6
Aggravated Stalking	4			4	
Assault	34		5	28	1
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	105		4	94	7
Criminal Damage To Property	14			14	
Deprivation Of Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	23			19	4
Harassment	8			8	
Stalking	1			1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	11			11	

Table M17. Eunice Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1				1
Aggravated Stalking	1				1
Assault	2		2		
Battery	3			3	
Deprivation Of Property	1				1
Harassment	1				1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	2			1	1

Table M18. Farmington Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	15			8	7
Aggravated Battery	64		2	42	20
Aggravated Stalking	5			2	3
Assault	29		3	19	7
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	9			6	3
Battery	309	2	50	221	36
Criminal Damage To Property	46		10	27	9
Deprivation Of Property	3			3	
False Imprisonment	63		2	35	26
Harassment	6			6	
Stalking	1				1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	35	1	5	28	1

Table M19. Fort Sumner Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2				2
Aggravated Battery	1				1
Aggravated Stalking	1				1
Battery	3		1		2
Criminal Damage To Property	2				2
False Imprisonment	2			1	1
Harassment	2			1	1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	1		1		

Table M20. Gallup Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	19			16	3
Aggravated Battery	94		4	82	8
Aggravated Stalking	2			1	1
Assault	39		6	31	2
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	4			3	1
Battery	297	1	23	257	16
Criminal Damage To Property	31		2	25	4
Deprivation Of Property	15			15	
False Imprisonment	63			48	15
Harassment	7			4	3
Violation Of A Restraining Order	33		2	28	3

Table M21. Grants Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2			2	
Aggravated Battery	16	1	1	8	6
Aggravated Stalking	2			2	
Assault	4		2	1	1
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	65	2	26	30	7
Criminal Damage To Property	8			4	4
Deprivation Of Property	2			1	1
False Imprisonment	17			12	5
Harassment	4			3	1
Stalking	2	1		1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	8	1	1	6	

Table M22. Hobbs Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	12			9	3
Aggravated Battery	27		2	19	6
Aggravated Stalking	2			2	
Assault	7		3	4	
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	2			1	1
Battery	204		63	124	17
Criminal Damage To Property	32		5	22	5
False Imprisonment	32			20	12
Harassment	1			1	
Stalking	1			1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	7		4	1	2

Table M23. Jal Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Assault	1		1		
Battery	4		1	3	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	2		1	1	

Table M24. Las Cruces Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	39			6	33
Aggravated Battery	76		2	22	52
Aggravated Stalking	2				2
Assault	111	1	7	90	13
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	3			1	2
Battery	765	2	74	566	123
Criminal Damage To Property	79		10	59	10
Deprivation Of Property	2			2	
False Imprisonment	51			11	40
Harassment	35		4	31	
Stalking	2			1	1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	58	1	16	40	1

Table M25. Las Vegas Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	8			1	7
Aggravated Battery	23		3	14	6
Aggravated Stalking	4			1	3
Assault	25		13	9	3
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	68	1	30	22	15
Criminal Damage To Property	22		4	13	5
False Imprisonment	25			13	12
Harassment	7		1	6	
Stalking	1			1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	12		6	3	3

Table M26. Lordsburg Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1			1	
Aggravated Battery	1		1		
Assault	1			1	
Battery	18		5	13	
Criminal Damage To Property	4		2	2	
False Imprisonment	2			2	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	1			1	

Table M27. Los Alamos Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Battery	3			3	
Assault	7			6	1
Battery	29		6	22	1
Criminal Damage To Property	2			2	
False Imprisonment	5			5	
Stalking	2		1		1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	1			1	

Table M28. Los Lunas Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	15			7	8
Aggravated Battery	50		5	23	22
Aggravated Stalking	32			29	3
Assault	23		3	16	4
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	122		11	94	17
Criminal Damage To Property	17			14	3
Deprivation Of Property	15		2	9	4
False Imprisonment	47			22	25
Harassment	7			7	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	24	1	4	15	4

Table M29. Lovington Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2		1		1
Aggravated Battery	1			1	
Assault	3		2	1	
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	37		10	22	5
Criminal Damage To Property	7			6	1
False Imprisonment	3			1	2
Harassment	4		1	2	1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	4		4		

Table M30. Mora Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	1				1
Aggravated Battery	2			1	1
Assault	4			2	2
Battery	6		3	1	2
Criminal Damage To Property	4		1	2	1
False Imprisonment	3			2	1
Harassment	1		1		
Stalking	1			1	

Table M31. Moriarty Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	3			1	2
Aggravated Battery	10		3	3	4
Assault	7		1	5	1
Battery	38		11	22	5
Criminal Damage To Property	15		2	9	4
False Imprisonment	8		2	2	4
Harassment	2			2	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	9		3	6	

Table M32. Portales Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	4			1	3
Aggravated Battery	7		1	2	4
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	2			2	
Battery	54	1	17	26	10
Criminal Damage To Property	4			2	2
False Imprisonment	6			3	3
Harassment	10		6	4	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	3			3	

Table M33. Quemado Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Battery	2			2	
Assault	1			1	
Battery	2			1	1

Table M34. Raton Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2			1	1
Aggravated Battery	6			4	2
Aggravated Stalking	2				2
Assault	1			1	
Battery	26		5	18	3
Criminal Damage To Property	14		4	8	2
False Imprisonment	6			3	3
Harassment	1			1	
Stalking	1			1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	3			3	

Table M35. Reserve Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2			2	
Aggravated Battery	2		1		1
Battery	2		1		1
Criminal Damage To Property	1				1
False Imprisonment	5			3	2
Harassment	1				1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	2			2	

Table M36. Roswell Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	26			12	14
Aggravated Battery	17	1	3	9	4
Aggravated Stalking	4			1	3
Assault	10	1	2	4	3
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	2				2
Battery	220	18	83	95	24
Criminal Damage To Property	38	2	12	14	10
False Imprisonment	21			5	16
Harassment	4			4	
Stalking	2			2	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	1		1		

Table M37. Roy Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Battery	2			2	
Harassment	1			1	

Table M38. Ruidoso Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	3				3
Aggravated Battery	14		1	2	11
Assault	4		3		1
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	38	1	19	13	5
Criminal Damage To Property	9		3	3	3
Deprivation Of Property	1				1
False Imprisonment	4				4
Violation Of A Restraining Order	2			2	

Table M39. Santa Fe Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	49			35	14
Aggravated Battery	70		1	51	18
Aggravated Stalking	5			4	1
Assault	63		6	51	6
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	5			3	2
Battery	291	2	20	243	26
Criminal Damage To Property	80		3	67	10
Deprivation Of Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	67			43	24
Harassment	12			11	1
Stalking	4			3	1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	25		2	18	5

Table M40. Santa Rosa Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	2			2	
Aggravated Battery	5		2	2	1
Aggravated Stalking	1				1
Assault	8		2	4	2
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	5		3	2	
Criminal Damage To Property	4		1	3	
False Imprisonment	2			2	
Harassment	5			5	

Table M41. Silver City Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	8			5	3
Aggravated Battery	14		1	9	4
Aggravated Stalking	1			1	
Assault	5		1	3	1
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	96	1	15	63	17
Criminal Damage To Property	13		1	10	2
Deprivation Of Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	13			12	1
Harassment	4		1	2	1
Violation Of A Restraining Order	32		20	9	3

Table M42. Socorro City Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	4		1	2	1
Aggravated Battery	10			8	2
Aggravated Stalking	2			2	
Assault	20		2	11	7
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	93		8	63	22
Criminal Damage To Property	7		3	3	1
Deprivation Of Property	3		1	2	
False Imprisonment	10			6	4
Harassment	10		1	6	3
Violation Of A Restraining Order	11		4	5	2

Table M43. Springer City Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Assault	1			1	
Battery	12		1	11	
Criminal Damage To Property	4			2	2
False Imprisonment	1			1	
Harassment	5			5	

Table M44. T or C Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	5			3	2
Aggravated Battery	9		3	3	3
Aggravated Stalking	1			1	
Assault	4		1	3	
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1				1
Battery	47	1	14	32	
Criminal Damage To Property	4			4	
False Imprisonment	2			1	1
Harassment	5			5	
Stalking	1			1	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	5			5	

Table M45. Taos Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	8			3	5
Aggravated Battery	14	1	3	8	2
Aggravated Stalking	7			1	6
Assault	19		2	16	1
Battery	49		10	34	5
Criminal Damage To Property	6		1	5	
False Imprisonment	7			3	4
Harassment	2			2	
Stalking	1	1			
Violation Of A Restraining Order	9		2	6	1

Table M46. Tucumcari Magistrate Court Dispositions of Domestic Violence Charges, 2014

Offenses Against A Household Member	Total Charges	Acquittals	Convictions	Dismissals	Other Dispositions
Aggravated Assault	7			4	3
Aggravated Battery	15		4	6	5
Assault	13		2	9	2
Assault With Intent To Commit Violent Felony	1			1	
Battery	33		13	15	5
Criminal Damage To Property	12		1	9	2
Deprivation Of Property	1			1	
False Imprisonment	6			4	2
Harassment	4			4	
Violation Of A Restraining Order	9		2	4	3

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRENDS IN NEW MEXICO, 2010-2014
An Analysis of Data from
The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

SECTION FOUR

Bernalillo County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Bernalillo County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Bernalillo	12.0	4	11.9	3	11.4	3	11.5	6	11.8	4
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Bernalillo County, 2010-2014

Bernalillo	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	3,250	2,804	2,649	3,190	2,620
Children	1,308	1,252	1,536	1,010	851
Offenders	0	0	0	0	0

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Bernalillo County, 2010-2014

Bernalillo	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	3,250	2,804	2,649	3,190	2,620
LE DV Cases	7,969	7,965	7,695	7,742	7,981
Percent	41%	35%	34%	41%	33%

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Bernalillo County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Bernalillo	35%	34%	32%	31%	30%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Bernalillo County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Bernalillo	83%	80%	83%	83%	83%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Bernalillo County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Bernalillo	34%	37%	40%	36%	35%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Bernalillo County by Agency, 2010-2014

BERNALILLO COUNTY TOTALS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	3,250	2,804	2,649	3,190	2,620
Counseling	647	807	908	1,429	698
Emergency Services	316	238	408	409	261
Transportation	300	258	169	103	824
Financial Support	33	4	7	40	174
Housing	177	146	77	169	258
Protection Orders	1,076	1,796	1,649	1,554	984
Legal Advocacy	1,924	334	429	1,165	1,193
Psycho-Education Classes	546	195	72	257	1,981
Case Management	951	943	360	701	848
Crisis Intervention	2,123	433	1,813	1,768	2,078
Other	1,848	2,228	95	277	180

Domestic Violence Resource Center Inc.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	1,611	1,992	2,279	2,137	1,723
Counseling	94	242	844	1,040	145
Emergency Services	0	0	272	407	0
Transportation	184	191	137	103	709
Financial Support	0	0	0	40	169
Housing	0	0	31	126	127
Protection Orders	982	1,703	1,646	1,554	971
Legal Advocacy	1,611	0	411	848	704
Psycho-Education Classes	349	117	51	0	1,723
Case Management	224	459	307	308	253
Crisis Intervention	1,611	0	1,813	1,746	1,723
Other	1,611	1,992	95	194	0

Enlace Comunitario

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	1,323	577	66	821	616
Counseling	421	464	0	389	408
Emergency Services	0	3	0	2	0
Transportation	23	14	0	0	4
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	68	52	0	43	35
Protection Orders	82	83	0	0	4
Legal Advocacy	261	305	0	317	475
Psycho-Education Classes	166	42	0	257	132
Case Management	569	373	0	393	435
Crisis Intervention	512	433	0	22	94
Other	237	236	0	83	180

S.A.F.E. House

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	316	235	304	232	281
Counseling	132	101	64	126	145
Emergency Services	316	235	136	232	261
Transportation	93	53	32	87	111
Financial Support	33	4	7	6	5
Housing	109	94	46	75	96
Protection Orders	12	10	3	22	9
Legal Advocacy	52	29	18	23	14
Psycho-Education Classes	31	36	21	125	126
Case Management	158	111	53	120	160
Crisis Intervention	316	235	136	232	261
Other	0	0	0	0	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Bernalillo County, 2010-2014

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2014
Bernalillo	8,514	6,575	7,337	7,696	8,258

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Bernalillo County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	1,308	1,252	1,536	1,010	851
Counseling	194	232	536	483	245
Emergency Shelter	367	333	405	486	408
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	0	0	64	0	0
Case Management	11	0	456	21	79
Other Services	865	20	372	86	17

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Bernalillo County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	0	0	0	0	0
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Bernalillo County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Bernalillo	51%	47%	47%	37%	38%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Bernalillo County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Bernalillo	10%	*	*	18%	17%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Bernalillo County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	91	*	60	76	76
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	201	*	195	186	215
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	478	*	641	630	685
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Household Member	4	*	7		4
Aggravated Stalking Household Member	16	*	33	27	33
Battery Against Household Member	964	*	1,242	1,205	1,050
Criminal Damage to Property			156	189	152
Deprivation of Property			71	60	73
False Imprisonment			200	271	265
Harassment			18	21	12
Stalking Against Household Member	5	*	8	18	12
Violation of a Restraining Order			200	103	116
Total	1,759	*	2,831	2,786	2,693

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	--	*	--	442	507
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member				185	173
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	--	*	--	646	695
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Household Member					21
Aggravated Stalking Household Member				29	31
Battery Against Household Member	--	*	--	2,929	3,288
Child Abuse of a Household Member					56
Criminal Damage to Property				350	332
Deprivation of Property				13	13
False Imprisonment				292	315
Harassment				89	116
Morals Child Abuse of a Household Member					25
Stalking Against Household Member				41	58
Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Violation of a Restraining Order				393	416
Total	--	*	--	5,409	6,046

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in District Court in Bernalillo County, 2013-2014

Bernalillo	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	993	1,034
Number of Convictions	306	333
Number of Acquittals	8	6
Number of Dismissals	585	622
Total Other	94	73
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	59%	60%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	31%	32%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court, 2013-2014

Bernalillo	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	3,766	4,019
Number of Convictions	177	158
Number of Acquittals	53	33
Number of Dismissals	3,536	3,727
Total Other	0	101
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	94%	93%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	5%	4%

Catron County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Catron County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Catron	NR	*	NR	*	NR	*	NR	*	NR	*
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Not Ranked: Reserve, NM, the Largest City in Catron County, has No Municipal Police Department
NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Catron County, 2010-2014

Catron	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	6	11	*	*	*
Children	0	15	*	*	*
Offenders	0	0	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Catron County, 2010-2014

Catron	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	6	11	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	7**	10**	**	**	8
Percent	86%	--	--	--	--

*Incomplete Service Provider Data

**No Municipal Law Enforcement in Reserve, NM

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Catron County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Catron	29%	33%	33%	100%*	67%*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Catron County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Catron	33%*	25%*	NR	67%*	75%*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

NR = Not Reporting Weapon Use

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Catron County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Catron	*	29%**	33%**	*	50%**
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data Reported

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Catron County, 2010-2014

Domestic Unity

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	6	11	*	*	*
Counseling	0	0	*	*	*
Emergency Services	1	0	*	*	*
Transportation	0	0	*	*	*
Financial Support	0	1	*	*	*
Housing	0	0	*	*	*
Protection Orders	4	10	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	1	1	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	*	*	*
Case Management	0	10	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	6	10	*	*	*
Other	0	0	*	*	*

*Domestic Unity No Longer Providing Services

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Catron County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Catron	4	15	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Catron County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	0	15	*	*	*
Counseling	0	0	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	0	0	*	*	*
Day Care	0	0	*	*	*
School	0	0	*	*	*
Case Management	0	0	*	*	*
Other Services	0	0	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Catron County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	0	0	*	*	*
Counseling	0	0	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	*	*	*
Case Management	0	0	*	*	*
Other Service	0	0	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Catron County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Catron	29%*	100%*	100%*	100%*	80%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Catron County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Catron	0%	*	*	133%	13%**
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Catron County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member			2	1	1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member			1		1
Battery Against Household Member				2	2
Criminal Damage to Property			1	1	1
False Imprisonment				1	2
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			
Total	0	*	4	5	7

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Catron County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	1	*			1
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	0	*	3	2	1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	0	*	4	3	2
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Household Member					
Aggravated Stalking Household Member					
Battery Against Household Member	4	*	2	6	6
Criminal Damage to Property				1	
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			1	3	2
Harassment			3	2	2
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1		
Violation of a Restraining Order			1		2
Total	5	*	15	17	16

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Catron County District Court, 2013-2014

Catron	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	16	4
Number of Convictions	1	1
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	15	0
Total Other		3
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	94%	0%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	6%	25%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Catron County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Catron	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	7	12
Number of Convictions	1	2
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	5	7
Total Other	1	3
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	71%	58%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	14%	17%

Chaves County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Chaves County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010 Rank	2011 Rank	2012 Rank	2013 Rank	2014 Rank
Chaves	NR --	* --	7.1 11	13.9 4	12.2 3
NM	10.5	10.2	9.5	10.2	9.5

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

*For 2011: Roswell Police Department Did Not Report; Dexter Police Department Missing 3rd and 4th Quarter Reports

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Chaves County, 2010-2014

Chaves	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	160	559	480	478	439
Children	162	98	90	121	68
Offenders	216	110	127	91	71

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Chaves County, 2010-2014

Chaves	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	160	559	480	478	439
LE DV Cases	93*	25**	468	918	805
Percent	172%	--	103%	52%	55%

*Incomplete Law Enforcement Data

**Roswell and Dexter Police Incomplete Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Chaves County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chaves	28%*	52%	45%	56%**	*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*No Alcohol/Drug Data from Roswell Police Department

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Chaves County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chaves	31%*	57%*	11%*	33%**	50%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*Roswell Police Department Did Not Report Weapon Use Data

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Chaves County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chaves	49%*	44%*	35%*	75%*,**	50%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from Roswell Police Department

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Chaves County, 2010-2014

Roswell Refuge for Battered Adults

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	160	559	480	478	439
Counseling	24	8	0	0	1
Emergency Services	139	76	20	83	110
Transportation	54	61	20	84	110
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	1	1	0	0	0
Protection Orders	21	459	90	113	0
Legal Advocacy	11	470	90	177	329
Psycho-Education Classes	137	88	18	83	108
Case Management	136	6	0	1	3
Crisis Intervention	137	21	20	83	107
Other	0	0	0	0	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Chaves County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chaves	753	289	326	308	0

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Chaves County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	162	98	90	121	68
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Shelter	159	94	90	121	68
Day Care	21	0	0	0	0
School	23	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Services	46	16	34	70	20

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Chaves County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	216	110	127	91	71
Counseling	18	57	0	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	189	51	127	91	71
Case Management	174	0	0	0	0
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Chaves County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chaves	66%*	52%*	64%*	56%**	33%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Roswell Police Department Not Reporting Arrest Data

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Chaves County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2009	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chaves	259%	*	*	91%	111%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Chaves County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	3	*	4		3
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	8	*	13	24	14
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	9	*	15	14	6
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	1	1	2
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	2	6	3
Battery Against Household Member	39	*	50	38	33
Criminal Damage to Property			6	2	10
False Imprisonment			15	20	16
Harassment				1	
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	3		
Total	60	*	109	106	87

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Chaves County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	24	*	20	9	7
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	20	*	26	27	27
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	27	*	29	26	24
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	1	2	2
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	5	6	3
Battery Against Household Member	292	*	267	223	231
Criminal Damage to Property			20	27	36
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			37	27	26
Harassment			3	2	4
Stalking Against Household Member	2	*	3	1	2
Violation of a Restraining Order					2
Total	366	*	411	350	364

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Chaves County District Court, 2013-2014

Chaves	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	53	64
Number of Convictions	12	24
Number of Acquittals	6	6
Number of Dismissals	27	25
Total Other	8	9
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	51%	39%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	23%	38%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Chaves County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Chaves	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	309	283
Number of Convictions	107	94
Number of Acquittals	14	17
Number of Dismissals	130	125
Total Other	58	47
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	42%	44%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	35%	33%

Cibola County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Cibola County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Cibola	9.7	9	7.0	10	5.1	15	7.1	14	NR	*
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

*Grant County Sheriff's Department did not report

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Cibola County, 2010-2014

Cibola	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	93	97	72	77	40
Children	102	114	35	42	78
Offenders	16	16	21	33	39

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Cibola County, 2010-2014

Cibola	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	93	97	72	77	40
LE DV Cases	264*	193	139	195	201
Percent	35%	50%	52%	39%	20%

*Incomplete Law Enforcement Data

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Cibola County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Cibola	52%	46%	52%	64%	41%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Cibola County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Cibola	13%	14%	13%	16%	14%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Cibola County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Cibola	50%	65%	73%	65%	25%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Cibola County, 2010-2014

Roberta's Place

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	93	97	72	77	40
Counseling	56	74	9	0	0
Emergency Services	57	58	4	34	0
Transportation	52	73	4	0	0
Financial Support	32	46	4	0	0
Housing	28	39	1	0	0
Protection Orders	30	35	7	0	0
Legal Advocacy	45	66	10	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	56	56	6	0	40
Case Management	73	82	9	0	40
Crisis Intervention	73	97	10	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Cibola County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Cibola	95	107	84	118	124

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Cibola County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	102	114	35	42	78
Counseling	0	4	2	0	0
Emergency Shelter	75	85	29	42	78
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	36	39	0	0	0
Case Management	26	39	0	0	20
Other Services	0	0	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Cibola County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	16	16	21	33	39
Counseling	6	9	0	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	12	7	21	33	39
Case Management	12	16	6	5	28
Other Service	0	0	0	19	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Cibola County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Cibola	66%	58%	58%	59%	48%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Cibola County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Cibola	22%	*	*	2%	0%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Cibola County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	1	*		1	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	0	*	8	4	
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	3	*	8	12	13
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*			2
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	7	1	1
Battery Against Household Member	2	*	11	8	9
Criminal Damage to Property			1	2	5
Deprivation of Property					1
False Imprisonment			8	6	16
Harassment					2
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			1
Violation of a Restraining Order			1		
Total	6	*	44	34	52

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Cibola County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	8	*	1	7	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	8	*	11	2	3
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	31	*	22	24	17
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	8	*		1	1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	7	*	9	2	2
Battery Against Household Member	85	*	66	59	80
Criminal Damage to Property			11	9	9
Deprivation of Property			2		2
False Imprisonment			11	13	14
Harassment			2		4
Stalking Against Household Member	2	*			3
Violation of a Restraining Order			7	3	9
Total	149	*	142	120	146

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Cibola County District Court, 2013-2014

Cibola	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	15	29
Number of Convictions	11	21
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	3	8
Total Other		0
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	20%	28%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	73%	72%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Cibola County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Cibola	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	100	98
Number of Convictions	25	30
Number of Acquittals	3	5
Number of Dismissals	63	51
Total Other	9	12
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	63%	52%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	25%	31%

Colfax County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Colfax County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Colfax	7.3	16	6.4	12	4.2	17	5.4	16	4.1	15
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Colfax County, 2010-2014

Colfax	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	146	125	153	123	95
Children	25	18	13	30	14
Offenders	94	78	44	27	28

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Colfax County, 2010-2014

Colfax	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	146	125	153	123	95
LE DV Cases	101	87	56	71	52
Percent	145%	144%	273%	173%	183%

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Colfax County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Colfax	34%	36%	33%	49%	50%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Colfax County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Colfax	39%	26%	30%	28%	20%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Colfax County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Colfax	53%	63%	67%	80%	59%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Colfax County, 2010-2014

Alternatives to Violence

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	146	125	153	123	95
Counseling	0	13	0	0	0
Emergency Services	2	0	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0	0	0
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Protection Orders	91	64	20	0	78
Legal Advocacy	38	48	13	0	13
Psycho-Education Classes	14	0	6	0	4
Case Management	4	0	0	0	0
Crisis Intervention	29	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Colfax County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Colfax	38	59	57	27	81

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Colfax County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	25	18	13	30	14
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Shelter	2	0	0	0	0
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Services	23	18	13	30	14

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Colfax County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	94	78	44	27	28
Counseling	94	77	44	13	3
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	14	25
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Colfax County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Colfax	62%	74%	46%	44%	45%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Colfax County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Colfax	18%	*	*	35%	50%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Colfax County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	2	*	1	1	
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	10	*	1	1	3
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	8	*	2	10	1
Aggravated Stalking Household Member	3	*		2	2
Battery Against Household Member	17	*	8	6	3
Criminal Damage to Property			1	1	5
Deprivation of Property			1		
False Imprisonment			3	3	4
Harassment					1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			1
Violation of a Restraining Order			4	9	2
Total	40	*	21	33	22

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Colfax County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	7	*	6	3	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	9	*	3	2	4
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	15	*	12	6	7
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Household Member					
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	2		4
Battery Against Household Member	44	*	27	45	37
Criminal Damage to Property			10	9	20
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			3	9	7
Harassment			1	1	6
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			2
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	8	1
Total	76	*	65	83	90

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Colfax County District Court, 2013-2014

Colfax	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	16	17
Number of Convictions	10	1
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	5	16
Total Other	1	0
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	31%	94%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	63%	6%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Colfax County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Colfax	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	55	62
Number of Convictions	10	10
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	33	43
Total Other	11	9
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	60%	69%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	18%	16%

Curry County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Curry County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Curry	9.2	10	--	*	8.4	9	8.2	10	6.3	12
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Not Ranked: Clovis Police Department Missing 4th Quarter 2011 Report

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Curry County, 2010-2014

Curry	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	84	125	110	177	109
Children	53	142	113	159	95
Offenders	75	59	54	204	37

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Curry County, 2010-2014

Curry	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	84	125	110	177	109
LE DV Cases	444	441*	420	417	320
Percent	19%	--	26%	42%	34%

*Clovis Police Department Incomplete Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Curry County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Curry	22%	19%	31%	24%	27%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Curry County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Curry	12%	9%	39%	12%	15%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Curry County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Curry	68%	54%	76%	42%	57%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Curry County, 2010-2014

The Hartley House

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	84	125	110	177	109
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Services	64	75	65	76	90
Transportation	64	60	40	51	33
Financial Support	11	10	52	23	16
Housing	64	55	49	71	65
Protection Orders	16	26	28	35	22
Legal Advocacy	23	24	24	27	13
Psycho-Education Classes	76	95	42	91	66
Case Management	60	73	98	174	82
Crisis Intervention	65	72	69	111	80
Other	0	4	13	38	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Curry County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Curry	846	375	154	179	115

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Curry County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	53	142	113	159	95
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Shelter	32	110	86	105	95
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	10	18	16	37	32
Case Management	31	48	23	127	28
Other Services	0	27	15	15	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Curry County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	75	59	54	204	37
Counseling	0	0	0	204	0
Psycho-Education Classes	58	47	52	204	37
Case Management	58	20	52	204	37
Other Service	0	0	8	204	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Curry County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Curry	70%	55%	48%	33%	56%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Curry County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Curry	12%	*	*	13%	42%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Curry County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	10	*	7	5	6
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	23	*	5	12	11
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	24	*	17	22	13
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1	3	9
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	2	*	1	4	1
Battery Against Household Member	75	*	44	41	65
Criminal Damage to Property			15	6	12
False Imprisonment			16	39	27
Harassment			6		2
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*		2	1
Violation of a Restraining Order				3	1
Total	134	*	112	137	148

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Curry County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	17	*	20	34	20
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	19	*	6	15	13
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	45	*	31	33	28
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*	2	3	12
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	2	7	2
Battery Against Household Member	220	*	192	166	182
Criminal Damage to Property			36	51	47
Deprivation of Property			1	3	1
False Imprisonment			32	38	33
Harassment			10	6	9
Stalking Against Household Member	5	*	3	3	1
Violation of a Restraining Order			14	8	11
Total	308	*	349	367	359

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Curry County District Court, 2013-2014

Curry	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	78	87
Number of Convictions	31	37
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	37	37
Total Other	9	13
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	47%	43%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	40%	43%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Curry County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Curry	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	247	251
Number of Convictions	59	77
Number of Acquittals	2	3
Number of Dismissals	113	100
Total Other	73	71
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	46%	40%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	24%	31%

De Baca County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in De Baca County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
De Baca	NR	--	NR	*	NR	**	NR	***	NR	***
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

*For 2011: DeBaca County Sheriff's Office Missing 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Quarter Reports

**For 2012: De Baca County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report

***For 2013 and 2014: Fort Sumner Police Department Did Not Report

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in De Baca County, 2010-2014

De Baca	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	*	*	*	*	*
Children	*	*	*	*	*
Offenders	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in De Baca County, 2010-2014

De Baca	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	*	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	**	4***	NR	NR^	5
Percent	--	--	--	--	--

NR = Not Reported

*No Service Provider Reporting

**Incomplete Law Enforcement Data; Only De Baca Sheriff's Office Reporting

***DeBaca County Sheriff's Office Incomplete Reporting

^Fort Sumner Police Department Did Not Report

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in De Baca County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
De Baca	*	*	*	*	*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in De Baca County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
De Baca	NR	NR	NR	NR	*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

*Weapon Use Not Reported to Central Repository

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in De Baca County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
De Baca	NR	25%**	NR	NR	NR
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in De Baca County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	*	*	*	*	*
Transportation	*	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	*	*	*	*	*
Housing	*	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	*	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	*	*	*	*	*
Other	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in De Baca County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
De Baca	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in De Baca County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	*	*	*	*	*
Day Care	*	*	*	*	*
School	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Services	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in De Baca County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Service	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in De Baca County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
De Baca	NR	25%*	NR	NR	NR
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases Reporting Suspect Arrest Status

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in De Baca County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
De Baca	NR	**	**	50%	220%
NM	19%	**	**	28%	33%

NR = Not Reported

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

**Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed De Baca County in District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	0	*	2		
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member				1	1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member			3		1
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member			1		
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member			2		1
Battery Against Household Member	1	*	1		2
Criminal Damage to Property			2	1	1
False Imprisonment			2		2
Harassment			1		1
Total	1	*	14	2	9

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in De Baca County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	0	*	1		1
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member			1		2
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	*	3	2	1
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member			1		
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1		1
Battery Against Household Member	2	*	7	3	3
Criminal Damage to Property				2	3
Deprivation of Property			2		
False Imprisonment			3	1	2
Harassment			1	1	1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	8	1
Total	2010	2011	2012	2013	15

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in De Baca County District Court, 2013-2014

De Baca	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	2	4
Number of Convictions	1	2
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	1	1
Total Other		1
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	50%	25%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	50%	50%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in De Baca County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

De Baca	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	12	9
Number of Convictions	6	2
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	4	2
Total Other	2	5
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	33%	22%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	50%	22%

Dona Ana County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Dona Ana County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Dona Ana	7.8	13	9.0	7	8.9	8	9.6	8	9.0	7
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Dona Ana County, 2010-2014

Dona Ana	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	438	324	501	312	475
Children	445	287	354	323	267
Offenders	232	132	127	102	135

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Dona Ana County, 2010-2014

Dona Ana	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	438	324	501	312	475
LE DV Cases	1,641	1,924	1,914	2,056	1,913
Percent	27%	17%	26%	15%	25%

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Dona Ana County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Dona Ana	38%*	70%	35%	19%	29%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*LCPD and DACSO Not Reporting Alcohol/Drug Use

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Dona Ana County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Dona Ana	3%**	30%**	29%**	22%	20%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*LCPD and DACSO Not Reporting Weapons Data

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Dona Ana County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Dona Ana	7%**	80%**	37%	40%	40%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from DACSO or State Police Las Cruces

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Dona Ana County, 2010-2014

La Casa, Inc.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	438	324	501	312	475
Counseling	280	297	414	199	147
Emergency Services	205	94	250	110	239
Transportation	203	65	173	15	0
Financial Support	0	0	3	0	0
Housing	12	7	45	6	0
Protection Orders	46	23	30	22	24
Legal Advocacy	69	41	22	7	31
Psycho-Education Classes	82	71	144	0	0
Case Management	191	141	223	29	10
Crisis Intervention	207	96	154	26	113
Other	0	0	5	0	4

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Dona Ana County, 2010-2014

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2014
Dona Ana	7,312	252	185	363	261

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Dona Ana County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	445	287	354	323	267
Counseling	212	120	119	121	125
Emergency Shelter	355	240	296	246	199
Day Care	151	75	85	147	42
School	56	17	38	19	9
Case Management	51	0	0	17	23
Other Services	107	0	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Dona Ana County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	232	132	127	102	135
Counseling	232	66	41	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	0	66	86	102	135
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Dona Ana County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Dona Ana	61%	44%*	32%	33%	28%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases Reporting Suspect Arrest Status

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Dona Ana County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Dona Ana	14%	*	*	13%	15%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Dona Ana County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	22	*	10	20	20
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	48	*	47	31	40
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	75	*	64	74	60
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*		1	1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	9	*	6	7	5
Battery Against Household Member	179	*	151	129	133
Criminal Damage to Property			4	16	24
False Imprisonment			53	52	38
Harassment			1	6	4
Stalking Against Household Member	2	*	2	1	2
Violation of a Restraining Order			6	8	4
Total	335	*	344	345	331

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Dona Ana County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	106	*	117	124	113
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	53	*	47	41	37
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	97	*	87	91	72
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*	1	1	2
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	4	*	9	7	2
Battery Against Household Member	760	*	890	867	821
Criminal Damage to Property			68	65	107
Deprivation of Property			3	3	1
False Imprisonment			60	50	50
Harassment			41	35	34
Stalking Against Household Member	7	*	5	2	3
Violation of a Restraining Order			61	62	72
Total	1,029	*	1,389	1,348	1,314

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Dona Ana County District Court, 2013-2014

Dona Ana	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	235	215
Number of Convictions	116	124
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	100	83
Total Other	18	8
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	43%	39%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	49%	58%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Dona Ana County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Dona Ana	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	948	965
Number of Convictions	68	99
Number of Acquittals	2	5
Number of Dismissals	719	696
Total Other	159	165
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	76%	72%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	7%	10%

Eddy County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Eddy County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Eddy	7.7	14	8.3	8	6.5	14	6.3	15	7.2	10
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Eddy County, 2010-2014

Eddy	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	180	203	184	215	283
Children	106	115	85	210	146
Offenders	97	98	49	48	56

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Eddy County, 2010-2014

Eddy	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	180	203	184	215	283
LE DV Cases	412	448	354	352	408
Percent	44%	45%	52%	61%	69%

*Incomplete Service Provider Data

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Eddy County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Eddy	24%*	33%	24%	25%	27%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Eddy County Sheriff's Office Not Reporting Alcohol/Drug Use

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Eddy County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Eddy	81%	58%	13%	13%	6%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Eddy County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Eddy	29%	53%	45%	43%	45%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

**G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Eddy County,
by Agency 2010-2014**

EDDY COUNTY TOTALS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	180	203	184	215	283
Counseling	139	116	116	102	107
Emergency Services	80	103	97	89	111
Transportation	55	17	19	8	8
Financial Support	0	0	3	0	0
Housing	2	1	0	0	0
Protection Orders	9	12	48	88	102
Legal Advocacy	51	27	38	63	99
Psycho-Education Classes	74	80	96	74	81
Case Management	0	0	54	37	60
Crisis Intervention	85	109	138	147	271
Other	9	16	2	0	0

Carlsbad Battered Services

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	70	106	70	64	121
Counseling	52	75	70	40	83
Emergency Services	42	78	70	40	83
Transportation	17	9	5	0	0
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	2	1	0	0	0
Protection Orders	9	6	4	2	8
Legal Advocacy	14	13	0	5	9
Psycho-Education Classes	23	44	70	35	19
Case Management	0	0	54	37	60
Crisis Intervention	49	89	61	38	121
Other	0	0	0	0	0

Grammy's House

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	110	97	114	151	162
Counseling	87	41	46	62	24
Emergency Services	38	25	27	49	28
Transportation	38	8	14	8	8
Financial Support	0	0	3	0	0
Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Protection Orders	0	6	44	86	94
Legal Advocacy	37	14	38	58	90
Psycho-Education Classes	51	36	26	39	62
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Crisis Intervention	36	20	77	109	150
Other	9	16	2	0	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Eddy County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Eddy	78	90	156	277	298

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Eddy County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	106	115	85	210	146
Counseling	15	3	32	30	23
Emergency Shelter	87	96	69	118	109
Day Care	0	0	0	4	0
School	0	0	0	16	15
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Services	0	1	1	19	4

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Eddy County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	97	98	49	48	56
Counseling	0	23	20	0	3
Psycho-Education Classes	92	70	30	46	56
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Service	3	4	2	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Eddy County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Eddy	39%	53%	53%	53%	44%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Eddy County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Eddy	33%	*	*	41%	40%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Eddy County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	1	*		1	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	7	*	9	9	5
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	5	*	4	5	5
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1		
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1	2	1
Battery Against Household Member	18	*	24	33	30
Criminal Damage to Property			5	14	11
Deprivation of Property			1		1
False Imprisonment			9	8	7
Harassment				1	
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	*		1
Violation of a Restraining Order				2	
Total	32	*	53	75	63

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Eddy County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	11	*	10	9	12
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	13	*	20	13	17
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	14	*	18	28	30
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	1	1	
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1	2	1
Battery Against Household Member	244	*	269	269	295
Criminal Damage to Property			57	58	79
Deprivation of Property			1		2
False Imprisonment			20	19	20
Harassment			5		4
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	1	3	2
Violation of a Restraining Order			6	10	9
Total	284	*	409	412	471

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Eddy County District Court, 2013-2014

Eddy	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	36	54
Number of Convictions	25	33
Number of Acquittals		1
Number of Dismissals	3	14
Total Other	8	6
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	8%	26%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	69%	61%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Eddy County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Eddy	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	394	430
Number of Convictions	155	198
Number of Acquittals	23	11
Number of Dismissals	169	184
Total Other	47	37
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	43%	43%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	39%	46%

Grant County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Grant County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Grant	9.8	8	9.4	6	10.6	5	8.0	12	7.7	9
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Grant County, 2010-2014

Grant	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	212	176	81	283	124
Children	77	63	91	115	112
Offenders	30	20	11	60	33

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Grant County, 2010-2014

Grant	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	212	176	81	283	124
LE DV Cases	290	275	311	234	223
Percent	73%	64%	26%	121%	56%

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Grant County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Grant	33%*	46%*	53%*	47%*	34%*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Silver City Police Department Did Not Report Alcohol/Drug Data

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Grant County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Grant	10%*	18%*	16%*	13%*	19%*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*No Weapons Data from Silver City Police Department and Grant County Sheriff's Office

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Grant County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Grant	38%*	72%*	63%*	69%*	75%*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from Silver City Police Department

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Grant County, 2010-2014

El Refugio, Inc. / Silver City

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	212	176	81	283	124
Counseling	90	56	23	0	85
Emergency Services	36	45	17	0	52
Transportation	10	32	9	0	33
Financial Support	3	10	0	0	17
Housing	24	33	14	0	39
Protection Orders	126	104	25	0	64
Legal Advocacy	9	13	4	0	9
Psycho-Education Classes	27	26	10	0	32
Case Management	33	42	16	0	50
Crisis Intervention	7	11	5	0	48
Other	1	0	0	0	2

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Grant County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Grant	304	177	163	99	230

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Grant County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	77	63	91	115	112
Counseling	63	32	69	31	91
Emergency Shelter	32	33	67	26	65
Day Care	0	0	0	2	0
School	0	0	0	2	5
Case Management	10	20	0	26	59
Other Services	0	0	0	0	2

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Grant County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	30	20	11	60	33
Counseling	1	0	3	23	0
Psycho-Education Classes	28	20	11	23	33
Case Management	29	20	11	23	10
Other Service	1	0	0	23	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Grant County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Grant	47%*	73%*	51%*	51%*	48%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Silver City Police Department Did Not Report Suspect Arrest Data

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Grant County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Grant	42%	*	*	21%	30%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Grant County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	2	*	1		
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	1	*	4	4	5
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	8	*	12	4	7
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1		
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*		1	1
Battery Against Household Member	11	*	17	10	18
Criminal Damage to Property				2	4
Deprivation of Property			1		
False Imprisonment			5	1	10
Harassment				1	1
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*		1	
Violation of a Restraining Order			1		
Total	24	*	42	24	46

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Grant County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	24	*	16	8	12
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	4	*	12	10	8
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	37	*	40	38	22
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	2		1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*		2	1
Battery Against Household Member	178	*	204	155	159
Criminal Damage to Property			33	22	29
Deprivation of Property			6	1	1
False Imprisonment			14	8	20
Harassment			3	8	4
Stalking Against Household Member	22	*	1	1	
Violation of a Restraining Order			18	15	35
Total	266	*	349	268	292

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Grant County District Court, 2013-2014

Grant	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	18	33
Number of Convictions	3	8
Number of Acquittals	1	1
Number of Dismissals	10	12
Total Other	4	12
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	56%	36%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	17%	24%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Grant County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Grant	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	194	205
Number of Convictions	24	44
Number of Acquittals	5	4
Number of Dismissals	142	123
Total Other	23	34
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	73%	60%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	12%	21%

Guadalupe County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Guadalupe County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Guadalupe	7.5	15	10.6	4	7.0	12	8.3	9	7.2	10
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Guadalupe County, 2010-2014

Guadalupe	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	*	*	*	*	*
Children	*	*	*	*	*
Offenders	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Guadalupe County, 2010-2014

Guadalupe	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	*	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	35	49	**	**	32
Percent	--	--	--	--	--

*No Service Provider Reporting

*No Law Enforcement Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Guadalupe County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Guadalupe	29%*	26%*	33%*	21%	24%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*No Alcohol/Drug Data from Santa Rosa Police Department

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Guadalupe County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Guadalupe	54%	40%	80%	67%	83%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Guadalupe County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Guadalupe	24%	16%	32%	26%	33%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Guadalupe County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	*	*	*	*	*
Transportation	*	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	*	*	*	*	*
Housing	*	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	*	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	*	*	*	*	*
Other	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Guadalupe County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Guadalupe	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR = No Service Provider Reporting

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Guadalupe County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	*	*	*	*	*
Day Care	*	*	*	*	*
School	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Services	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Guadalupe County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Service	*	*	*	*	*

*No Offender Services Reported

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Guadalupe County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Guadalupe	45%	35%	59%	58%	62%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Guadalupe County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Guadalupe	14%	*	*	137%	100%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Guadalupe County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	0	*			
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	0	*			1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	*	3		2
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member				3	
Aggravated Stalking Household Member					1
Battery Against Household Member	2	*		2	
Criminal Damage to Property				3	
False Imprisonment			2	1	1
Harassment				1	
Total	2	3	*	5	5

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Guadalupe County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	5	*	2	4	3
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	1	*		2	3
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	2	*	8	14	8
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	3		
Aggravated Stalking Household Member				8	1
Battery Against Household Member	30	*	16	17	13
Criminal Damage to Property			7	6	2
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			5	9	3
Harassment			4	3	5
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*		1	
Violation of a Restraining Order					
Total	38	0	45	64	38

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Guadalupe County District Court, 2013-2014

Guadalupe	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	6	3
Number of Convictions	1	0
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	5	2
Total Other		1
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	83%	67%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	17%	0%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Guadalupe County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Guadalupe	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	35	23
Number of Convictions	10	8
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	21	13
Total Other	4	2
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	60%	57%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	29%	35%

Harding County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Harding County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Harding	NR	--	NR	--	NR	--	NR	--	NR	--
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Harding County, 2010-2014

Harding	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	*	*	*	*	*
Children	*	*	*	*	*
Offenders	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Harding County, 2010-2014

Harding	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	*	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	**	**	**	**	**
Percent	--	--	--	--	--

*No Service Provider Reporting

**No Law Enforcement Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Harding County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Harding	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Harding County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Harding	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Harding County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Harding	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Harding County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	*	*	*	*	*
Transportation	*	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	*	*	*	*	*
Housing	*	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	*	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	*	*	*	*	*
Other	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Harding County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Harding	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Harding County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	*	*	*	*	*
Day Care	*	*	*	*	*
School	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Services	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Harding County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Service	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Harding County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Harding	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Harding County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Harding	*	**	**	0%	NR
NM	19%	**	**	28%	33%

*Not Reported

**Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Harding County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	**	1		
Battery Against Household Member	0	*	1	1	1
Criminal Damage to Property			2		
Stalking Against Household Member	--	**			
No Report	--	**			
Total	1	**	4	1	1

*Not Reported

**Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Harding County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member					
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member					
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	*	1	1	
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Household Member					
Aggravated Stalking Household Member					
Battery Against Household Member	0	*	1	1	2
Criminal Damage to Property			1		
Deprivation of Property			1		
False Imprisonment					
Harassment				1	
Stalking Against Household Member					
Violation of a Restraining Order					
Total	1	*	4	3	2

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Harding County District Court, 2013-2014

Harding	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	3	1
Number of Convictions	2	0
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	1	1
Total Other		0
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	33%	100%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	67%	0%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Harding County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Harding	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	1	3
Number of Convictions		0
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals		3
Total Other	1	0
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	0%	100%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	0%	0%

Hidalgo County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Hidalgo County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Hidalgo	5.7	20	3.9	16	**	--	**	--	3.1	17
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Hidalgo County Sheriff's Office Incomplete Reporting in 2008

** Lordsburg Police Department Missing 3rd and 4th Quarter Reports

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Hidalgo County, 2010-2014

Hidalgo	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	45	11	3	0	3
Children	31	0	0	0	0
Offenders	2	1	10	13	4

NR = Not Reported

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Hidalgo County, 2010-2014

Hidalgo	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	45	11	*	*	3
LE DV Cases	28**	19	*	***	14
Percent	161%	58%	--	--	21%

*Not Reported

**Hidalgo County Sheriff's Office Incomplete Reporting

***Lordsburg Police Department Missing 3rd and 4th Quarter Reports

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Hidalgo County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Hidalgo	18%*, **	40%*, **	29%*, **	67%*, **	*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Lordsburg Police Department Not Reporting Alcohol/Drug Use

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Hidalgo County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Hidalgo	*	*	*	*	9%**
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*Lordsburg Police Department Not Reporting Weapons Use

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Hidalgo County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Hidalgo	100%**	100%**	47%**	*	17%**
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*Hidalgo County Sheriff's Office Not Reporting Injury Data

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Hidalgo County, 2010-2014

El Refugio, Inc. / Lordsburg

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	45	11	3	0	3
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Services	3	0	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0	0	0
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Protection Orders	39	11	3	0	2
Legal Advocacy	0	0	0	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Crisis Intervention	21	0	0	0	1
Other	0	0	0	0	0

*Service Provider Did Not Report

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Hidalgo County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Hidalgo	56	13	3	0	5

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Hidalgo County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	31	0	0	0	0
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Shelter	2	0	0	0	0
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Services	0	0	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Hidalgo County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	2	1	10	13	4
Counseling	0	0	4	12	0
Psycho-Education Classes	2	1	5	12	4
Case Management	2	1	5	11	0
Other Service	0	0	0	12	0

*No Offender Services Reported

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Hidalgo County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Hidalgo	72%*	100%*	65%*	50%*	100%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases Reporting Suspect Arrest Status

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Hidalgo County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Hidalgo	68%	*	*	100%	7%**
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Hidalgo County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	0	*		1	
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	1	*			
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	*		2	2
Battery Against Household Member	3	*	1	1	1
Criminal Damage to Property				1	
False Imprisonment				1	1
Harassment					1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			
Total	5	*	1	6	5

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Hidalgo County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	2	*	1	4	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	0	*	1		1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	*	2	6	3
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Household Member					
Aggravated Stalking Household Member					
Battery Against Household Member	16	*	23	22	16
Criminal Damage to Property				2	6
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			2	4	3
Harassment			1	1	
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*		1	
Violation of a Restraining Order			6	2	
Total	19	*	36	42	31

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Hidalgo County District Court, 2013-2014

Hidalgo	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	2	5
Number of Convictions		1
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals		0
Total Other	2	4
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	0%	0%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	0%	20%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Hidalgo County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Hidalgo	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	30	25
Number of Convictions	9	7
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	16	18
Total Other	4	0
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	53%	72%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	30%	28%

Lea County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Lea County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Lea	6.1	19	6.0	13	3.7	19	4.6	17	5.1	14
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Lea County, 2010-2014

Lea	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	147	110	160	125	91
Children	13	22	63	41	22
Offenders	196	126	112	117	123

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Lea County, 2010-2014

Lea	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	147	110	160	125	91
LE DV Cases	398	390	244	316	354
Percent	37%	28%	66%	40%	26%

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Lea County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lea	23%	23%	20%	23%	24%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Lea County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lea	14%	10%	20%	16%	14%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Lea County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lea	65%*	73%*	74%*	63%*	71%*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from Jal PD

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Lea County, 2010-2014

Option, Inc.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	147	110	160	125	91
Counseling	142	98	80	115	80
Emergency Services	20	34	29	35	23
Transportation	2	0	0	3	0
Financial Support	1	0	0	0	0
Housing	1	0	1	2	0
Protection Orders	59	25	26	53	39
Legal Advocacy	37	6	0	12	3
Psycho-Education Classes	1	2	2	0	1
Case Management	69	7	0	1	1
Crisis Intervention	28	7	4	12	7
Other	3	0	2	5	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Lea County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lea	95	118	32	54	28

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Lea County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	13	22	63	41	22
Counseling	0	1	8	17	0
Emergency Shelter	1	20	30	25	22
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Services	12	1	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Lea County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	196	126	112	117	123
Counseling	195	124	109	117	123
Psycho-Education Classes	0	2	5	0	0
Case Management	43	0	0	0	0
Other Service	1	0	0	1	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Lea County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lea	56%	56%	37%	32%	54%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Lea County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lea	38%	*	*	120%	111%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Lea County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	4	*	3	5	1
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	6	*	3	4	7
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	0	*	7	9	7
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	1	2	2
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	6	7	1
Battery Against Household Member	24	*	37	40	30
Criminal Damage to Property			11	10	8
Deprivation of Property			1		
False Imprisonment			9	16	12
Harassment			5		1
Stalking Against Household Member					1
Violation of a Restraining Order			4	2	5
Total	35	*	87	95	75

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Lea County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	7	*	6	9	13
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	12	*	13	8	19
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	12	*	22	19	44
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*	2	1	3
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	2	*	11	13	7
Battery Against Household Member	225	*	239	224	342
Criminal Damage to Property			48	29	54
Deprivation of Property			3	1	1
False Imprisonment			20	25	39
Harassment			5	3	3
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	2		1
Violation of a Restraining Order			29	16	15
Total	261	*	400	348	541

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Lea County District Court, 2013-2014

Lea	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	78	62
Number of Convictions	35	26
Number of Acquittals		1
Number of Dismissals	36	24
Total Other	7	11
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	46%	39%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	45%	42%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Lea County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Lea	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	307	333
Number of Convictions	88	92
Number of Acquittals	5	0
Number of Dismissals	170	199
Total Other	44	42
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	55%	60%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	29%	28%

Lincoln County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Lincoln County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010 Rank	2011 Rank	2012 Rank	2013 Rank	2014 Rank
Lincoln	NR *	NR *	NR *	NR *	NR *
NM	10.5	10.2	9.5	10.2	9.5

*Not Ranked - Lincoln County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report
NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Lincoln County, 2010-2014

Lincoln	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	264	275	266	226	232
Children	68	130	84	88	76
Offenders	55	49	48	48	71

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Lincoln County, 2010-2014

Lincoln	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	264*	275	*	226	232
LE DV Cases	151	157**	**	129	136
Percent	175%	--	--	175%	171%

*Incomplete Service Provider Data

**Lincoln County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Lincoln County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lincoln	81%	97%	33%	21%	33%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Lincoln County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lincoln	2%	22%**	NR	1%	*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

*Weapon Use Not Reported to Central Repository

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Lincoln County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lincoln	59%*	59%*	33%**	47%	100%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Data from Lincoln County Sheriff's Office | **Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Lincoln County, 2010-2014

LINCOLN COUNTY TOTALS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	264	275	266	226	232
Counseling	86	807	103	135	194
Emergency Services	58	238	120	116	55
Transportation	27	258	72	96	114
Financial Support	32	4	7	0	1
Housing	22	146	7	6	25
Protection Orders	48	1,796	41	36	28
Legal Advocacy	50	334	31	50	30
Psycho-Education Classes	47	195	97	110	106
Case Management	93	943	52	107	199
Crisis Intervention	197	433	201	157	152
Other	81	2,228	41	38	41

COPE, Inc.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	179	126	153	110	89
Counseling	47	25	36	31	60
Emergency Services	7	0	1	0	0
Transportation	6	0	1	1	0
Financial Support	3	0	0	0	1
Housing	5	0	1	3	0
Protection Orders	38	15	31	19	12
Legal Advocacy	38	2	15	34	17
Psycho-Education Classes	6	0	0	0	0
Case Management	69	39	39	31	60
Crisis Intervention	151	102	88	41	9
Other	64	3	40	25	18

HEAL (Help End Abuse for Life)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	85	149	113	116	143
Counseling	39	50	67	104	134
Emergency Services	51	142	119	116	55
Transportation	21	107	71	95	114
Financial Support	29	55	7	0	0
Housing	17	15	6	3	25
Protection Orders	10	22	10	17	16
Legal Advocacy	12	54	16	16	13
Psycho-Education Classes	41	131	97	110	106
Case Management	24	49	13	76	139
Crisis Intervention	46	143	113	116	143
Other	17	2	1	13	23

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Lincoln County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lincoln	267	270	240	139	272

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Lincoln County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	68	130	84	88	76
Counseling	4	6	6	0	12
Emergency Shelter	44	117	71	71	32
Day Care	2	8	4	6	28
School	2	20	4	1	50
Case Management	9	14	4	0	0
Other Services	11	5	2	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Lincoln County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	55	49	48	48	71
Counseling	53	43	46	48	71
Psycho-Education Classes	1	6	10	0	0
Case Management	53	43	41	32	71
Other Service	2	8	2	16	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Lincoln County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lincoln	100%*	43%*	25%*,**	18%*	33%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Lincoln County Sheriff's Office Not Reporting

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases Reporting Suspect Arrest Status

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Lincoln County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Lincoln	24%	*	*	29%	78%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Lincoln County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	0	*	4		2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	11	*	2	2	4
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	8	*	8	7	13
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member			1		1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1		2
Battery Against Household Member	5	*	11	19	7
Criminal Damage to Property			2	2	7
Deprivation of Property			3		1
False Imprisonment			13	8	6
Harassment			5		1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			1
Violation of a Restraining Order			5	5	8
Total	24	*	55	43	53

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Lincoln County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	6	*	17	6	6
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	9	*	2	4	3
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	11	*	20	11	18
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Household Member				1	
Aggravated Stalking Household Member	0	*	1	1	
Battery Against Household Member	59	*	79	74	61
Criminal Damage to Property			5	13	12
Deprivation of Property			1	1	1
False Imprisonment			22	15	5
Harassment			4	1	5
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*		1	1
Violation of a Restraining Order			2	1	2
Total	86	*	153	129	114

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Lincoln County District Court, 2013-2014

Lincoln	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	28	27
Number of Convictions	11	12
Number of Acquittals	1	3
Number of Dismissals	9	7
Total Other	7	5
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	32%	26%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	39%	44%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Lincoln County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Lincoln	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	96	77
Number of Convictions	49	35
Number of Acquittals	1	1
Number of Dismissals	29	20
Total Other	17	21
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	30%	26%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	51%	45%

Los Alamos County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Los Alamos County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Los Alamos	4.5	23	2.1	17	2.8	21	1.1	21	1.7	19
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Los Alamos County, 2010-2014

Los Alamos	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	*	*	*	*	*
Children	*	*	*	*	*
Offenders	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Los Alamos County, 2010-2014

Los Alamos	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	*	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	80	39	**	**	30
Percent	--	--	--	--	--

*No Service Provider Reporting

**No Law Enforcement Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Los Alamos County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Los Alamos	28%	*	*	*	*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Law Enforcement Did Not Report to Central Repository

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Los Alamos County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Los Alamos	5%	*	*	*	*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*No Weapons Data from LAPD

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Los Alamos County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Los Alamos	25%	NR	NR	NR	*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

NR = Law Enforcement Did Not Report

*No Injury Data from LAPD

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Los Alamos County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	*	*	*	*	*
Transportation	*	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	*	*	*	*	*
Housing	*	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	*	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	*	*	*	*	*
Other	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Los Alamos County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Los Alamos	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR = Not Reported

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Los Alamos County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	*	*	*	*	*
Day Care	*	*	*	*	*
School	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Services	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Los Alamos County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Service	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Los Alamos County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Los Alamos	45%	*	*	*	*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Los Alamos Police Department Did Not Report Suspect Arrest Data

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Los Alamos County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Los Alamos	11%	*	*	20%	13%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Los Alamos County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	1	*	1		
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	3	*	1	1	
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	*	2	1	1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member			1		
Battery Against Household Member	1	*	8	2	1
Criminal Damage to Property			1		
False Imprisonment			1	2	
Harassment				2	
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			1
Violation of a Restraining Order			1		
Total	6	*	16	8	3

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Los Alamos County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	4	*	10	10	3
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	0	*	1	3	1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	2	*	3	6	4
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*			
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member			2		
Battery Against Household Member	20	*	27	32	22
Criminal Damage to Property			9	7	6
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			4	6	3
Harassment				2	1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1		
Violation of a Restraining Order			3	1	
Total	26	*	60	67	40

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Los Alamos County District Court, 2013-2014

Los Alamos	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	6	2
Number of Convictions	5	1
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	1	1
Total Other		0
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	17%	50%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	83%	50%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Los Alamos County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Los Alamos	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	35	40
Number of Convictions	5	7
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	27	31
Total Other	3	2
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	77%	78%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	14%	18%

Luna County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Luna County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Luna	NR	*	NR	*	NR	*	NR	*	NR	*
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

*Not Ranked: Deming Police Department Did Not Report

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Luna County, 2010-2014

Luna	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	219	227	171	178	301
Children	72	62	27	38	0
Offenders	0	0	0	0	15

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Luna County, 2010-2014

Luna	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	219	227	**	**	301
LE DV Cases	90*	132	**	**^	52
Percent	243%	--	--	--	579%

*Incomplete Law Enforcement Data; Deming Police Department Not Reporting

**No Service Provider or Law Enforcement Reporting

^Deming Police Department did not report

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Luna County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Luna	18%	14%	8%	43%	21%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Luna County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Luna	17%*	12%*	10%*	24%*	14%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*No Weapons Data from LCSO

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Luna County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Luna	39%*	18%*	8%*	39%*	61%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from LCSO

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Luna County, 2010-2014

The Healing House, Inc.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	219	227	171	178	301
Counseling	54	70	0	0	0
Emergency Services	35	37	0	0	0
Transportation	0	14	0	0	0
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	0	1	0	0	0
Protection Orders	175	124	0	0	0
Legal Advocacy	25	72	0	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	0	25	0	0	0
Case Management	168	206	0	0	0
Crisis Intervention	63	227	0	0	0
Other	0	7	0	0	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Luna County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Luna	63	48	0	10	0

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Luna County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	72	62	27	38	0
Counseling	17	12	0	0	0
Emergency Shelter	54	39	0	0	0
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	17	11	0	0	0
Case Management	0	47	0	0	0
Other Services	0	0	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Luna County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	0	0	0	0	15
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Luna County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Luna	72%*, **	38%*, **	20%*, **	55%*, **	75%*, **
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*No Suspect Arrest Data from LCSO

**Deming Police Department Not Reporting

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Luna County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Luna	131%	*	*	250%	340%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Luna County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	7	*	2		2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	9	*	4	10	4
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	10	*	7	16	14
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1		2
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	4	10	6
Battery Against Household Member	19	*	19	22	31
Criminal Damage to Property			1	7	11
Deprivation of Property			2		
False Imprisonment			7	10	8
Harassment			2	1	2
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	1		
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	1	
Total	47	*	51	77	80

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Luna County Magistrate Courts, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	7	*	9	8	5
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	9	*	7	9	6
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	29	*	11	20	13
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1		2
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	8	8	8
Battery Against Household Member	88	*	89	90	93
Criminal Damage to Property			16	20	23
Deprivation of Property			1	1	1
False Imprisonment			13	15	6
Harassment			2	7	3
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	1		
Violation of a Restraining Order			17	7	6
Total	135	*	175	185	166

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Luna County District Court, 2013-2014

Luna	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	38	38
Number of Convictions	27	23
Number of Acquittals	1	1
Number of Dismissals	6	6
Total Other	4	8
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	16%	16%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	71%	61%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Luna County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Luna	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	131	128
Number of Convictions	43	50
Number of Acquittals	2	2
Number of Dismissals	41	33
Total Other	45	43
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	31%	26%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	33%	39%

McKinley County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in McKinley County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
McKinley	14.3	1	13.1	2	11.8	2	14.2	3	12.9	2
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in McKinley County, 2010-2014

McKinley	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	141	113	96	185	175
Children	182	116	212	162	136
Offenders	41	35	79	71	84

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in McKinley County, 2010-2014

McKinley	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	141	113	96	185	175
LE DV Cases	1,022	968	860	1,042	954
Percent	14%	12%	11%	18%	18%

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in McKinley County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
McKinley	47%*	47%*	51%*	66%*	54%*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*No Alcohol/Drug Data from Gallup Police Department

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in McKinley County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
McKinley	7%*	8%*	10%*	9%*	9%*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*No Weapons Data from Gallup Police Department

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in McKinley County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
McKinley	48%*	47%*	53%*	61%*	53%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from Gallup Police Department

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in McKinley County, 2010-2014

McKINLEY COUNTY TOTALS

	2010	2011	2012*	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	141	113	96	185	175
Counseling	11	0	3	33	14
Emergency Services	135	71	54	137	108
Transportation	39	35	39	62	69
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	4
Housing	0	0	1	3	6
Protection Orders	6	1	4	19	18
Legal Advocacy	4	0	0	3	11
Psycho-Education Classes	31	23	30	38	40
Case Management	118	81	47	97	61
Crisis Intervention	170	0	25	68	26
Other	0	7	11	7	2

*New Service Provider 4th Quarter 2012

Battered Families Services, Inc.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	141	113	47	95	100
Counseling	11	0	0	0	0
Emergency Services	135	71	42	95	75
Transportation	39	35	11	21	41
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	2
Housing	0	0	0	1	3
Protection Orders	6	1	0	1	3
Legal Advocacy	4	0	0	0	4
Psycho-Education Classes	31	23	4	2	1
Case Management	118	81	37	46	17
Crisis Intervention	170	0	9	7	13
Other	0	7	5	0	0

New Beginning Program - Pueblo of Zuni

	2010	2011	2012*	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	--	--	49	90	75
Counseling	--	--	3	33	14
Emergency Services	--	--	12	42	33
Transportation	--	--	28	41	28
Financial Support	--	--	0	0	2
Housing	--	--	1	2	3
Protection Orders	--	--	4	18	15
Legal Advocacy	--	--	0	3	7
Psycho-Education Classes	--	--	26	36	39
Case Management	--	--	10	51	44
Crisis Intervention	--	--	16	61	13
Other	--	--	6	7	2

*New Service Provider Beginning 4th Quarter 2012 (October-December, 2012)

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in McKinley County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
McKinley	295	265	362	443	384

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in McKinley County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	182	116	212	162	136
Counseling	3	0	20	37	0
Emergency Shelter	181	83	124	105	96
Day Care	4	0	0	0	2
School	60	30	46	31	19
Case Management	154	66	84	53	76
Other Services	0	0	0	2	2

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in McKinley County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	41	35	79	71	84
Counseling	0	0	0	1	21
Psycho-Education Classes	41	35	47	43	83
Case Management	0	0	12	13	43
Other Service	0	0	0	13	3

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in McKinley County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
McKinley	49%	43%	39%	45%	45%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in McKinley County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
McKinley	9%	*	*	7%	5%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in McKinley County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2009	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	8	*	8	5	3
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	3	*	3	6	2
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	11	*	5	12	9
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	3	*	2	2	1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member			1		1
Battery Against Household Member	27	*	16	16	14
Criminal Damage to Property			1		3
Deprivation of Property			5		
False Imprisonment			17	11	15
Harassment					1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	2	2
Total	52	*	64	54	51

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in McKinley County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	108	*	30	33	42
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	24	*	14	27	27
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	102	*	109	105	94
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*	3	5	3
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	5	*	4	4	1
Battery Against Household Member	479	*	311	317	327
Criminal Damage to Property			19	29	29
Deprivation of Property			10	8	14
False Imprisonment			60	55	67
Harassment			2	3	6
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*		2	1
Violation of a Restraining Order			20	48	29
Total	721	*	582	636	640

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in McKinley County District Court, 2013-2014

McKinley	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	31	44
Number of Convictions	16	17
Number of Acquittals		5
Number of Dismissals	14	20
Total Other	1	2
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	45%	45%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	52%	39%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in McKinley County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

McKinley	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	496	468
Number of Convictions	43	35
Number of Acquittals	2	1
Number of Dismissals	391	398
Total Other	60	34
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	79%	85%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	9%	7%

Mora County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Mora County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Mora	0.4	24	0.0	18	0.0	23	1.3	20	0.9	20
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Mora County, 2010-2014

Mora	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	*	*	*	*	*
Children	*	*	*	*	*
Offenders	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Mora County, 2010-2014

Mora	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	*	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	2	0	0	0	4
Percent	--	--	--	--	--

*No Service Provider Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Mora County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Mora	100%*	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

NR = Law Enforcement Did Not Report

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Mora County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Mora	100%*	NR	NR	NR	**
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

**Weapon Use Not Reported

NR = Law Enforcement Did Not Report

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Mora County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Mora	*	*	*	*	*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*Did Not Report Injury Data

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Mora County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	*	*	*	*	*
Transportation	*	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	*	*	*	*	*
Housing	*	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	*	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	*	*	*	*	*
Other	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Mora County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Mora	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR = No Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Reported to Central Repository

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Mora County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	*	*	*	*	*
Day Care	*	*	*	*	*
School	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Services	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Mora County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Service	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Mora County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Mora	100%*	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

NR = Did Not Report Arrest Data

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases Reporting Suspect Arrest Status

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Mora County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Mora	350%*	**	**	500%*	775%*
NM	19%	**	**	28%	33%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

**Data Unavailable – Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Mora County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member				1	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	1	*		1	1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	0	*	2	2	1
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member					
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1		
Battery Against Household Member	1	*		2	2
Criminal Damage to Property				1	1
False Imprisonment			1		1
Violation of a Restraining Order					
Total	2	*	4	7	8

*Data Unavailable – Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Mora County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	4	*	4	2	6
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	0	*	2	3	2
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	11	*	5	3	5
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*			
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	2		
Battery Against Household Member	18	*	9	14	8
Criminal Damage to Property			4	3	3
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			1	4	2
Harassment			1	1	1
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*			1
Violation of a Restraining Order			1		2
Total	34	*	29	30	30

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Mora County District Court, 2013-2014

Mora	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	27	3
Number of Convictions	1	0
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	24	2
Total Other	2	1
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	89%	67%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	4%	0%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Mora County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Mora	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	14	15
Number of Convictions	4	5
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	5	7
Total Other	5	3
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	36%	47%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	29%	33%

Otero County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Otero County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Otero	NR	*	NR	*	4.6	16	NR	**	NR	*
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

*Not Ranked: Otero County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report

**Not Ranked: Otero County Sheriff's Office missing 2nd, 3rd and 4th quarter reports

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Otero County, 2010-2014

Otero	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	373	373	249	316	396
Children	107	111	100	128	143
Offenders	214	189	180	241	253

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Otero County, 2010-2014

Otero	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	373	373	249	*	396
LE DV Cases	324*	286*	304	**	212
Percent	115%	--	82%	--	187%

*Otero County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report

**Otero County Sheriff's Office Missing 2nd, 3rd and 4th Quarter Reports

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Otero County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Otero	26%*	24%*	28%*	28%*	27%*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Otero County Sheriff's Office Not Reporting Alcohol/Drug Use

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Otero County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Otero	8%	10%	9%	11%	14%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Otero County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Otero	52%*	49%*	39%*	32%*	71%*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*Otero County Sheriff's Office Not Reporting Injury Data

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Otero County, 2010-2014

COPE, Inc.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	373	373	249	316	396
Counseling	201	174	167	200	283
Emergency Services	100	101	102	110	111
Transportation	92	79	75	69	65
Financial Support	35	17	28	28	35
Housing	94	85	78	94	91
Protection Orders	74	98	29	65	92
Legal Advocacy	129	61	80	131	133
Psycho-Education Classes	59	74	84	99	105
Case Management	348	258	187	216	286
Crisis Intervention	248	151	97	134	116
Other	44	58	95	125	199

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Otero County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Otero	439	344	250	331	303

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Otero County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	107	111	100	128	143
Counseling	3	15	5	10	37
Emergency Shelter	105	110	100	128	86
Day Care	23	22	29	9	4
School	44	52	28	44	34
Case Management	37	76	80	128	106
Other Services	25	8	6	1	1

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Otero County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	214	189	180	241	253
Counseling	128	126	124	110	169
Psycho-Education Classes	25	55	44	0	2
Case Management	128	126	103	110	169
Other Service	120	90	66	146	119

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Otero County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Otero	58%*	59%*	66%*	71%*	82%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Otero County Sheriff's Office Not Reporting Arrest Data

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Otero County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Otero	31%	*	*	212%	230%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Otero County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	2	*	4	8	6
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	14	*	12	6	11
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	21	*	28	14	18
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1		1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	5	*	6	19	2
Battery Against Household Member	43	*	42	43	28
Criminal Damage to Property			7	13	17
Deprivation of Property			7		1
False Imprisonment			17	25	10
Harassment			3	1	1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			
Violation of a Restraining Order			39	31	27
Total	85	*	166	160	122

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Otero County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	37	*	16	25	23
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	9	*	14	10	9
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	38	*	51	34	32
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	2		1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	2	*	4	23	2
Battery Against Household Member	206	*	210	241	207
Criminal Damage to Property			44	70	69
Deprivation of Property			17	3	1
False Imprisonment			24	36	25
Harassment			3	3	8
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	13	4	1
Violation of a Restraining Order			9	24	4
Total	294	*	407	473	382

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Otero County District Court, 2013-2014

Otero	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	84	102
Number of Convictions	44	53
Number of Acquittals	4	4
Number of Dismissals	29	32
Total Other	7	13
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	35%	31%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	52%	52%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Otero County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Otero	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	271	280
Number of Convictions	123	126
Number of Acquittals	3	1
Number of Dismissals	72	73
Total Other	73	80
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	27%	26%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	45%	45%

Quay County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Quay County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Quay	8.7	12	NR	*	9.5	7	7.9	13	6.4	11
NM	10.4		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Not Ranked: Tucumcari Police Department Missing 3rd and 4th Quarter Reports

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Quay County, 2010-2014

Quay	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	252	72	198	88	*
Children	129	110	302	151	*
Offenders	34	31	292	0	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Quay County, 2010-2014

Quay	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	252	72	198	88	**
LE DV Cases	79	35*	83	68	54
Percent	319%	--	239%	129%	--

*Tucumcari Police Department Incomplete Reporting

**No Service Provider Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Quay County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Quay	22%	52%	27%	49%	29%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Quay County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Quay	17%	22%*	44%	13%	19%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Quay County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Quay	40%	50%	51%	52%	52%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Quay County, 2010-2014

Home for Women and Children

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	252	72	198	88	*
Counseling	42	23	0	0	*
Emergency Services	182	49	0	0	*
Transportation	150	49	0	0	*
Financial Support	160	27	0	0	*
Housing	160	27	0	0	*
Protection Orders	80	11	0	0	*
Legal Advocacy	100	7	0	0	*
Psycho-Education Classes	190	67	0	0	*
Case Management	182	44	0	0	*
Crisis Intervention	182	44	0	0	*
Other	50	7	0	0	*

*Service Provider Did Not Report

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Quay County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Quay	346	163	0	0	*

*Service Provider Did Not Report

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Quay County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	129	110	302	151	*
Counseling	56	26	0	0	*
Emergency Shelter	129	105	0	0	*
Day Care	15	5	0	0	*
School	40	22	0	0	*
Case Management	50	31	0	0	*
Other Services	42	22	0	0	*

*Service Provider Did Not Report

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Quay County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	34	31	292	0	*
Counseling	34	31	0	0	*
Psycho-Education Classes	34	0	0	0	*
Case Management	34	31	0	0	*
Other Service	0	0	0	0	*

*Service Provider Did Not Report

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Quay County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Quay	80%*	68%*	55%*	59%*	63%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*San Jon Police Department Not Reporting Suspect Arrests

**Tucumcari Police Department Did Not Report

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Quay County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Quay	52%	*	*	69%	87%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Quay County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	0	*	5	4	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	0	*	3	2	6
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	*	3	4	10
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*		2	
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1	1	
Battery Against Household Member	3	*	6	7	15
Criminal Damage to Property			3	4	4
False Imprisonment			7	3	3
Harassment			1		
Violation of a Restraining Order			3	2	2
Total	4	*	32	29	42

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Quay County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	19	*	16	17	8
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	7	*	4	4	8
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	15	*	12	13	20
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1	4	1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	1	2	
Battery Against Household Member	46	*	45	44	43
Criminal Damage to Property			3	14	13
Deprivation of Property			4		2
False Imprisonment			11	8	8
Harassment			9	6	1
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	2	2	
Violation of a Restraining Order			13	6	14
Total	89	*	121	120	118

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Quay County District Court, 2013-2014

Quay	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	18	28
Number of Convictions	5	7
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	6	11
Total Other	7	10
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	33%	39%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	28%	25%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Quay County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Quay	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	67	72
Number of Convictions	16	20
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	38	39
Total Other	12	13
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	57%	54%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	24%	28%

Rio Arriba County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Rio Arriba County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Rio Arriba	13.7	2	*	*	*	*	8.1	11	8.3	8
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Office Missing 2nd, 3rd and 4th Quarter Reports

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Rio Arriba County, 2010-2014

Rio Arriba	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	350	399	254	250	101
Children	136	105	112	41	41
Offenders	135	135	76	66	50

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Rio Arriba County, 2010-2014

Rio Arriba	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	350	399	NR	NR	101
LE DV Cases	550	383**	NR	NR	332
Percent	64%	--	--	--	30%

NR = Not Reported

*Incomplete Service Provider Data

**Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Office Incomplete Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Rio Arriba County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Rio Arriba	41%	44%	35%	39%	38%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Rio Arriba County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Rio Arriba	21%	46%	20%	46%	22%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Rio Arriba County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Rio Arriba	24%	40%	27%	51%	41%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Rio Arriba County, by Agency 2010-2014

RIO ARRIBA COUNTY TOTALS

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	512	399	254	250	101
Counseling	103	135	55	32	0
Emergency Services	42	59	58	32	0
Transportation	19	14	1	1	0
Financial Support	11	2	1	0	0
Housing	22	11	4	5	0
Protection Orders	114	111	19	52	0
Legal Advocacy	150	186	62	18	0
Psycho-Education Classes	59	93	65	13	0
Case Management	120	137	57	30	0
Crisis Intervention	246	305	178	149	0
Other	25	41	1	4	0

Crisis Center of Northern New Mexico

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	432	357	207	184	73
Counseling	78	96	55	24	0
Emergency Services	37	56	58	32	0
Transportation	10	10	1	0	0
Financial Support	2	2	1	0	0
Housing	16	9	4	0	0
Protection Orders	78	83	19	47	0
Legal Advocacy	132	159	62	12	0
Psycho-Education Classes	45	73	65	4	0
Case Management	75	95	57	21	0
Crisis Intervention	229	303	178	148	0
Other	2	31	1	0	0

PeaceKeepers

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	80	42	47	66	28
Counseling	25	39	0	8	0
Emergency Services	5	3	0	0	0
Transportation	9	4	0	1	0
Financial Support	9	0	0	0	0
Housing	6	2	0	5	0
Protection Orders	36	28	0	5	0
Legal Advocacy	18	27	0	6	0
Psycho-Education Classes	14	20	0	9	0
Case Management	45	42	0	9	0
Crisis Intervention	17	2	0	1	0
Other	23	10	0	4	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Rio Arriba County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Rio Arriba	116	161	63	81	0

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Rio Arriba County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	136	105	112	41	41
Counseling	56	40	26	7	0
Emergency Shelter	26	37	41	20	0
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	5	5	0	0	0
Case Management	63	39	22	17	0
Other Services	25	39	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Rio Arriba County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	135	184	76	66	50
Counseling	78	62	22	9	0
Psycho-Education Classes	130	131	20	66	0
Case Management	78	62	21	33	0
Other Service	78	62	0	4	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Rio Arriba County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Rio Arriba	48%*	41%*	40%*	31%*	42%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Rio Arriba Sheriff's Office and Espanola Police Department Did Not Report

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Rio Arriba County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Rio Arriba	22%	*	*	11%	26%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Rio Arriba County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	5	*	2	7	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	1	*	3	9	6
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	11	*	5	5	18
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*		1	
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	3	6	3
Battery Against Household Member	8	*	15	19	20
Criminal Damage to Property			1	5	2
False Imprisonment			7	16	18
Harassment				2	3
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1	1	
Violation of a Restraining Order				1	
Total	28	*	37	72	72

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Rio Arriba County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	89	*	53	26	48
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	26	*	14	15	11
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	38	*	26	24	32
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	3	*		3	
Aggravated Stalking Household Member	2	*	4	7	2
Battery Against Household Member	143	*	121	109	119
Criminal Damage to Property			15	12	13
Deprivation of Property			2		1
False Imprisonment			24	22	25
Harassment			1	2	12
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	2	1	1
Violation of a Restraining Order			8	3	12
Total	302	*	270	224	276

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Rio Arriba County District Court, 2013-2014

Rio Arriba	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	37	38
Number of Convictions	13	13
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	23	22
Total Other	1	3
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	62%	58%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	35%	34%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Rio Arriba County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Rio Arriba	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	132	183
Number of Convictions	7	9
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	105	162
Total Other	20	12
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	80%	89%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	5%	5%

Roosevelt County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Roosevelt County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Roosevelt	5.0	22	*	*	3.6	20	**	**	**	**
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Incomplete Reporting by Roosevelt County Sheriff's Department (Missing 3rd and 4th Quarter Reports for 2011)

**Roosevelt County Sheriff's Department Did Not Report

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Roosevelt County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Roosevelt	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Roosevelt County, 2010-2014

Roosevelt	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	*	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	100	84***	**	**	64
Percent	--	--	--	--	--

*No Service Provider Reporting

**No Law Enforcement Reporting

***Roosevelt County Sheriff's Department Incomplete Reporting in 2011

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Roosevelt County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Roosevelt	35%	52%	50%	*	33%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

* Roosevelt County Sheriff's Department Did Not Report

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Roosevelt County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Roosevelt	27%	*	*	*	10%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*Law Enforcement Did Not Report Weapons Data

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Roosevelt County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Roosevelt	30%*	30%*	*	*	47%*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from Portales Police Department

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Roosevelt County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	*	*	*	*	*
Transportation	*	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	*	*	*	*	*
Housing	*	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	*	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	*	*	*	*	*
Other	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Roosevelt County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Roosevelt	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR = No Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Reported to Central Repository

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Roosevelt County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	*	*	*	*	*
Day Care	*	*	*	*	*
School	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Services	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Roosevelt County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Service	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Roosevelt County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Roosevelt	52%	54%	50%*	NR	50%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases Reporting Suspect Arrest Status

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Roosevelt County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Roosevelt	25%	*	*	42%	67%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Roosevelt County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	2	*	1		1
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	4	*	3	3	3
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	10	*	7	2	4
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*			
Aggravated Stalking Household Member				1	
Battery Against Household Member	18	*	10	4	10
Criminal Damage to Property			1	3	2
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			3		5
Harassment				1	
Stalking Against Household Member					
Violation of a Restraining Order					
Total	35	*	25	14	25

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Roosevelt County Magistrate Courts, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	5	*	3		2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	5	*	4	4	3
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	13	*	13	13	9
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	1		1
Aggravated Stalking Household Member				2	
Battery Against Household Member	56	*	59	42	48
Criminal Damage to Property			6	5	5
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			6	1	12
Harassment			3	7	8
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1		1
Violation of a Restraining Order				5	1
Total	80	*	96	79	90

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Roosevelt County District Court, 2013-2014

Roosevelt	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	9	17
Number of Convictions	3	8
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	1	8
Total Other	4	1
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	11%	47%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	33%	47%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Roosevelt County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Roosevelt	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	55	73
Number of Convictions	13	22
Number of Acquittals		1
Number of Dismissals	28	39
Total Other	14	11
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	51%	53%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	24%	30%

San Juan County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in San Juan County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
San Juan	10.2	7	9.7	5	9.8	6	NR	*	NR	*
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

*Not Ranked: Aztec Police Department Did Not Report

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in San Juan County, 2010-2014

San Juan	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	432	432	309	350	318
Children	235	207	199	242	192
Offenders	385	372	165	152	187

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in San Juan County, 2010-2014

San Juan	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	432	432	309	350	318
LE DV Cases	1,326	1,248	1,266	868	804
Percent	33%	35%	24%	40%	40%

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in San Juan County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Juan	58%*	77%*	46%*	43%*	66%*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*San Juan County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report Alcohol/Drug Data

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in San Juan County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Juan	23%*	46%*	52%*	20%*	8%*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*No Weapons Data from San Juan County Sheriff's Office

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in San Juan County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Juan	40%*	89%*	74%*	75%*	72%*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from San Juan County Sheriff's Office

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in San Juan County, 2010-2014

Family Crisis Center

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	432	432	309	350	318
Counseling	213	249	155	145	113
Emergency Services	126	182	154	205	205
Transportation	0	0	0	103	0
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Protection Orders	93	0	0	0	0
Legal Advocacy	0	0	0	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	171	318
Crisis Intervention	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in San Juan County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Juan	1,098	905	75	644	381

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in San Juan County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	235	207	199	242	192
Counseling	69	39	14	14	20
Emergency Shelter	166	168	185	228	172
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	153	192
Other Services	0	0	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in San Juan County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	385	372	165	152	187
Counseling	385	372	165	152	187
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	76	187
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in San Juan County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Juan	71%*	58%*	50%*	72%*	72%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*San Juan County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report Suspect Arrest Data

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in San Juan County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Juan	12%	*	*	15%	17%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in San Juan County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	13	*	8	7	17
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	17	*	19	15	14
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	39	*	27	52	46
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	2	6	3
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	4	*	5	4	8
Battery Against Household Member	74	*	72	90	86
Criminal Damage to Property			16	17	22
Deprivation of Property			1		
False Imprisonment			59	43	39
Harassment				1	
Stalking Against Household Member	3	*	1		1
Violation of a Restraining Order			3	3	9
Total	151	*	213	238	245

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in San Juan County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	77	*	103	69	65
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	50	*	40	37	42
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	102	*	117	155	169
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	2	9	11
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	10	*	16	9	10
Battery Against Household Member	610	*	695	665	665
Criminal Damage to Property			125	95	126
Deprivation of Property			2	2	4
False Imprisonment			131	115	104
Harassment			12	14	13
Stalking Against Household Member	6	*	2	11	6
Violation of a Restraining Order			54	62	54
Total	856	*	1,299	1,243	1,269

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in San Juan County District Court, 2013-2014

San Juan	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	127	154
Number of Convictions	59	55
Number of Acquittals	3	2
Number of Dismissals	55	80
Total Other	10	17
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	43%	52%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	46%	36%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in San Juan County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

San Juan	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	632	762
Number of Convictions	159	156
Number of Acquittals	7	10
Number of Dismissals	357	482
Total Other	109	114
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	56%	63%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	25%	20%

San Miguel County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in San Miguel County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
San Miguel	9.1	11	6.7	11	6.8	13	1.4	19	7.2	10
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in San Miguel County, 2010-2014

San Miguel	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	*	*	*	*	*
Children	*	*	*	*	*
Offenders	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in San Miguel County, 2010-2014

San Miguel	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	*	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	267	195	**	**	203
Percent	--	--	--	--	--

*No Service Provider Reporting

**No Law Enforcement Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in San Miguel County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Miguel	38%	31%	44%	28%	20%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in San Miguel County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Miguel	16%	11%	12%	14%	18%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in San Miguel County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Miguel	48%	53%	56%	53%	56%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in San Miguel County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	*	*	*	*	*
Transportation	*	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	*	*	*	*	*
Housing	*	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	*	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	*	*	*	*	*
Other	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in San Miguel County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Miguel	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR = No Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Reported to Central Repository

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in San Miguel County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	*	*	*	*	*
Day Care	*	*	*	*	*
School	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Services	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in San Miguel County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Service	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in San Miguel County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Miguel	54%	47%	47%	40%	49%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in San Miguel County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
San Miguel	24%	*	*	141%	137%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in San Miguel County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	3	*	2	2	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	6	*	9	6	6
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	15	*	11	7	7
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1		1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	2	4	4
Battery Against Household Member	11	*	14	10	13
Criminal Damage to Property			6	6	3
False Imprisonment			8	11	13
Harassment				1	2
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	2		
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	2	1
Total	35	*	56	49	52

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in San Miguel County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	22	*	31	17	12
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	17	*	12	11	10
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	55	*	37	27	40
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	4		1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	32	*	10	8	8
Battery Against Household Member	112	*	111	100	117
Criminal Damage to Property			50	26	26
Deprivation of Property			1	1	
False Imprisonment			36	15	28
Harassment			8	3	8
Stalking Against Household Member	5	*	7	3	2
Violation of a Restraining Order			9	8	8
Total	244	*	316	219	260

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in San Miguel County District Court, 2013-2014

San Miguel	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	39	34
Number of Convictions	11	13
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	17	15
Total Other	11	6
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	44%	44%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	28%	38%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in San Miguel County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

San Miguel	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	142	146
Number of Convictions	54	56
Number of Acquittals		1
Number of Dismissals	60	57
Total Other	28	32
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	42%	39%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	38%	38%

Sandoval County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Sandoval County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Sandoval	11.4	6	14.3	1	11.0	4	51.6	1	1.4	16
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

* Rio Rancho DPS Incomplete Reporting

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Sandoval County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sandoval					
Adults	814	761	795	889	623
Children	192	120	230	190	134
Offenders	21	27	41	39	41

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Sandoval County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sandoval					
Adult Victims	814	*	795	889	623
LE DV Cases	1,494**	1,915	1,487	1,474	541**
Percent	174%	54%	--	60%	115%

*No Service Provider Reporting

**Rio Rancho DPS Incomplete Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Sandoval County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sandoval	39%*	53%*	34%*	45%*	35%*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*Rio Rancho DPS Did Not Report Alcohol/Drug Use

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Sandoval County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sandoval	25%*	20%*	15%*	16%*	12%*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*Rio Rancho DPS Did Not Report Weapons Data

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Sandoval County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sandoval	64%*, **	66%*, **	51%*, **	37%*, **	42%*, **
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from SCSO

**Rio Rancho DPS Not Reporting Injury Data

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Sandoval County, 2010-2014

Haven House

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	814	761	795	889	623
Counseling	39	76	158	250	143
Emergency Services	133	143	276	372	145
Transportation	54	31	122	117	93
Financial Support	26	34	0	14	41
Housing	21	23	20	38	44
Protection Orders	59	111	189	121	39
Legal Advocacy	105	124	387	300	165
Psycho-Education Classes	67	108	383	395	143
Case Management	248	261	707	424	145
Crisis Intervention	344	187	791	824	344
Other	0	355	255	361	88

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Sandoval County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sandoval	303	824	617	889	762

NR = No Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Reported to Central Repository

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Sandoval County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	192	120	230	190	134
Counseling	31	83	132	137	137
Emergency Shelter	174	89	185	190	134
Day Care	0	45	94	130	20
School	0	22	102	118	56
Case Management	68	64	190	189	134
Other Services	14	47	116	151	84

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Sandoval County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	21	27	41	39	41
Counseling	16	27	41	39	41
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	26	41
Case Management	7	17	41	39	36
Other Service	0	9	2	26	41

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Sandoval County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sandoval	23%	70%	19%	29%	42%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Rio Rancho DPS Incomplete Reporting

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Sandoval County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sandoval	14%	*	*	33%	91%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Sandoval County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	4	*	4	6	3
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	15	*	19	17	16
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	8	*	27	26	38
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1		3
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	2	*		8	12
Battery Against Household Member	48	*	37	46	41
Criminal Damage to Property			18	21	16
Deprivation of Property			1		
False Imprisonment			19	21	22
Harassment			3	2	5
Stalking Against Household Member	6	*	2		
Violation of a Restraining Order			2	2	3
Total	83	*	133	149	159

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Sandoval County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	52	*	46	57	31
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	25	*	42	40	39
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	57	*	92	80	77
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	5	*	5		5
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	4	*	6	13	15
Battery Against Household Member	294	*	377	358	349
Criminal Damage to Property			71	150	110
Deprivation of Property			63	4	3
False Imprisonment			57	38	56
Harassment			8	16	12
Stalking Against Household Member	6	*	3	5	2
Violation of a Restraining Order			39	66	99
Total	443	*	809	827	798

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Sandoval County District Court, 2013-2014

Sandoval	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	91	92
Number of Convictions	19	13
Number of Acquittals	2	2
Number of Dismissals	58	64
Total Other	12	13
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	64%	70%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	21%	14%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Sandoval County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Sandoval	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	542	561
Number of Convictions	48	33
Number of Acquittals	6	2
Number of Dismissals	424	458
Total Other	64	68
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	78%	82%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	9%	6%

Santa Fe County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Santa Fe County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Santa Fe	11.6	5	5.9	14	12.1	1	10.4	7	10.7	5
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Santa Fe County, 2010-2014

Santa Fe	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	318	295	307	481	177
Children	184	163	133	0	114
Offenders	244	92	93	0	99

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Santa Fe County, 2010-2014

Santa Fe	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	318	295	307	481	177
LE DV Cases	1,674	863	1,765	1,534	1,583
Percent	19%	34%	17%	31%	11%

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Santa Fe County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Santa Fe	9%	57%	32%	30%	32%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Santa Fe County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Santa Fe	28%	17%	33%	20%	20%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Santa Fe County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Santa Fe	9%*	29%*	41%*	56%*	46%*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*Missing Injury Data from Santa Fe Police Department

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Santa Fe County, 2010-2014

Esperanza Shelter for Battered Families, Inc.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	318	295	307	481	177
Counseling	165	102	167	0	0
Emergency Services	186	133	121	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0	0	0
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Protection Orders	25	0	12	0	0
Legal Advocacy	0	4	0	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	189	240	82	0	0
Case Management	6	49	74	0	0
Crisis Intervention	21	42	38	0	0
Other	20	0	0	0	0

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Santa Fe County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Santa Fe	472	464	464	221	0

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Santa Fe County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	184	163	133	0	114
Counseling	47	86	12	0	0
Emergency Shelter	152	115	116	0	0
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	3	11	0	0
Other Services	49	85	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Santa Fe County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	184	163	93	0	99
Counseling	47	86	79	0	0
Psycho-Education Classes	152	115	79	0	0
Case Management	0	0	79	0	0
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Santa Fe County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Santa Fe	20%	58%	42%	40%	38%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Santa Fe County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Santa Fe	19%	*	*	13%	13%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Santa Fe County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	7	*	10	8	10
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	8	*	13	14	16
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	5	*	27	34	25
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*			1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	7	7	4
Battery Against Household Member	28	*	43	33	46
Criminal Damage to Property			7	13	14
Deprivation of Property					1
False Imprisonment			28	19	38
Harassment			2	1	
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			1
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	3	7
Total	49	*	138	132	163

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Santa Fe County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	106	*	100	88	87
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	45	*	40	40	52
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	61	*	68	70	85
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	4	1	4
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	3	*	14	14	7
Battery Against Household Member	400	*	503	414	469
Criminal Damage to Property			113	94	76
Deprivation of Property			5	1	1
False Imprisonment			71	59	71
Harassment			11	10	12
Stalking Against Household Member	4	*	2	5	4
Violation of a Restraining Order			19	20	31
Total	619	*	950	816	899

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Santa Fe County District Court, 2013-2014

Santa Fe	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	63	98
Number of Convictions	30	38
Number of Acquittals	2	0
Number of Dismissals	26	53
Total Other	5	7
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	41%	54%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	48%	39%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Santa Fe County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Santa Fe	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	514	470
Number of Convictions	45	30
Number of Acquittals	3	2
Number of Dismissals	430	383
Total Other	36	55
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	84%	81%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	9%	6%

Sierra County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Sierra County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Sierra	13.6	3	--	*	2.5	22	11.6	5	10.2	6
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Not Ranked: T or C Police Department Provided Incomplete Reporting in 2011

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Sierra County, 2010-2014

Sierra	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	152	129	78	53	83
Children	115	99	72	56	89
Offenders	48	37	26	15	20

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Sierra County, 2010-2014

Sierra	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	152	129	78	53	83
LE DV Cases	163	25**	30	134	116
Percent	93%	--	260%	40%	72%

*Incomplete Law Enforcement Data; T or C Police Department Not Reporting

**T or C Police Department Incomplete Reporting 2007 & 2011

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Sierra County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sierra	*	44%*	*	*	*
NM	38%	35%	50%	35%	33%

*T or C Police Department Did Not Report Alcohol/Drug Use Data

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Sierra County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sierra	*	*	*	4%	*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*T or C Did Not Report Weapons Data

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Sierra County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sierra	*	56%*,**	*	58%	*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from T or C Police Department

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Sierra County, 2010-2014

Domestic Abuse Intervention Center

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	152	129	78	53	83
Counseling	8	2	11	18	52
Emergency Services	5	0	0	1	4
Transportation	2	0	1	0	2
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	1	0	0	0	0
Protection Orders	91	89	54	38	42
Legal Advocacy	11	2	2	10	26
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	5	14	2	0	0
Crisis Intervention	46	26	18	35	62
Other	5	1	3	2	4

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Sierra County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sierra	7	1	0	0	0

NR = No Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Reported to Central Repository

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Sierra County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	115	99	72	56	89
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Shelter	5	0	0	0	0
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	1	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Services	11	99	72	56	81

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Sierra County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	48	37	26	15	20
Counseling	36	27	21	15	20
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	1	0	0	0	0
Other Service	11	7	5	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Sierra County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sierra	*	11%*,**	NR	NR	NR
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

NR = Law Enforcement Not Reporting to Central Repository

*T or C Police Department Did Not Report Suspect Arrests

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases Reporting Suspect Arrest Status

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Sierra County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Sierra	33%	*	*	14%	19%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Sierra County District Courts, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	2	*	4		2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	0	*	2	1	2
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	1	*	6		4
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*	1		1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member			1		
Battery Against Household Member	3	*	6	7	8
Criminal Damage to Property			1	2	4
False Imprisonment			5	4	1
Violation of a Restraining Order			1		
Total	6	*	27	14	22

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Sierra County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	7	*	14	4	5
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	1	*	5	1	8
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	12	*	9	4	8
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	1		1
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	1		1
Battery Against Household Member	50	*	84	56	41
Criminal Damage to Property			6	5	9
Deprivation of Property			1		
False Imprisonment			8	7	4
Harassment				5	1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*		1	
Violation of a Restraining Order			8	6	5
Total	72	*	137	89	83

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Sierra County District Court, 2013-2014

Sierra	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	10	19
Number of Convictions	5	7
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	5	11
Total Other		1
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	50%	58%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	50%	37%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Sierra County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Sierra	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	68	74
Number of Convictions	10	18
Number of Acquittals		1
Number of Dismissals	51	50
Total Other	7	5
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	75%	68%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	15%	24%

Socorro County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Socorro County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Socorro	6.7	18	--	*	--	*	--	*	--	*
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Not Ranked: Socorro County Sheriff's Department Did Not Report

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Socorro County, 2010-2014

Socorro	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	218	*	*	*	*
Children	32	*	*	*	*
Offenders	184	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Socorro County, 2010-2014

Socorro	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	218	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	120	178**	**	**	127
Percent	182%	--	--	--	--

*El Puente Service Provider Did Not Report

**Socorro County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Socorro County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Socorro	44%	31%	21%	57%	33%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Socorro County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Socorro	24%*	20%*,**	27%*,**	16%*	31%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*No Data from SCSO

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Socorro County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Socorro	65%*	44%*,**	59%*,**	55%*	33%*
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

*No Injury Data from SCSO

**Based on Less than 20 Cases

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Socorro County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	218	*	*	*	*
Counseling	7	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	0	*	*	*	*
Transportation	0	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	0	*	*	*	*
Housing	0	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	7	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	7	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	0	*	*	*	*
Case Management	7	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	7	*	*	*	*
Other	0	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Socorro County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Socorro	4,890	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR = No Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Reported to Central Repository

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Socorro County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	32	*	*	*	*
Counseling	0	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	0	*	*	*	*
Day Care	0	*	*	*	*
School	0	*	*	*	*
Case Management	0	*	*	*	*
Other Services	5	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Socorro County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	184	*	*	*	*
Counseling	78	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	0	*	*	*	*
Case Management	0	*	*	*	*
Other Service	0	*	*	*	*

*No Offender Services Reported

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Socorro County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Socorro	74%*	91%*	29%*,**	69%*	38%*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*SCSO and Socorro Police Department Not Reporting Arrest Data

**Based on Fewer than 20 Cases Reporting Suspect Arrest Status

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Socorro County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Socorro	38%	*	*	21%	9%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable – Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Socorro County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	2	*	3	1	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	2	*	3		
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	4	*	2	3	2
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*			
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	1	1	
Battery Against Household Member	2	*	7	6	6
Criminal Damage to Property			4	2	
False Imprisonment			5	2	3
Harassment			4	1	1
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	1		1
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	2	
Total	12	*	31	18	15

*Data Unavailable – Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Socorro County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	22	*	23	14	26
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	7	*	2	4	5
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	16	*	15	14	14
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*		1	
Aggravated Stalking Household Member	2	*	4		1
Battery Against Household Member	124	*	112	95	115
Criminal Damage to Property			15	5	10
Deprivation of Property			1	4	1
False Imprisonment			11	12	5
Harassment			11	15	6
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	6		2
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	4	14
Total	174	*	201	168	199

*Data Unavailable – Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Socorro County District Court, 2013-2014

Socorro	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	13	12
Number of Convictions	2	1
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	7	10
Total Other	3	1
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	54%	83%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	15%	8%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Socorro County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Socorro	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	163	136
Number of Convictions	26	18
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	124	85
Total Other	12	33
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	76%	63%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	16%	13%

Taos County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Taos County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Taos	7.2	17	--	*	4.4	17	4.0	18	2.9	18
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

*Not Ranked: Questa Police Department Incomplete Reporting (Missing 3rd and 4th Quarter Reports)

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Taos County, 2010-2014

Taos	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	387	236	446	446	287
Children	188	218	118	118	91
Offenders	66	134	26	26	21

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Taos County, 2010-2014

Taos	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	387	236	446	290	287
LE DV Cases	237	163*	145	133	97
Percent	163%	--	308%	218%	296%

*Questa Police Department Incomplete Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Taos County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taos	46%	53%	54%	50%	51%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Taos County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taos	15%	22%	31%	15%	17%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Taos County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taos	39%	52%	64%	44%	57%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Taos County, 2010-2014

Community Against Violence

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	387	236	446	290	287
Counseling	76	104	91	72	46
Emergency Services	78	81	102	70	74
Transportation	19	60	42	17	37
Financial Support	19	51	26	2	24
Housing	19	64	96	50	72
Protection Orders	84	70	195	125	109
Legal Advocacy	106	121	5	17	45
Psycho-Education Classes	21	117	165	58	62
Case Management	126	205	302	136	245
Crisis Intervention	297	186	220	247	274
Other	0	0	208	277	283

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Taos County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taos	556	435	721	278	287

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Taos County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	188	218	118	93	91
Counseling	62	108	17	17	22
Emergency Shelter	91	85	83	55	51
Day Care	122	116	44	41	11
School	0	2	12	5	5
Case Management	13	21	87	68	69
Other Services	0	0	76	83	83

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Taos County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	66	134	26	45	21
Counseling	66	134	0	29	0
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	26	6	21
Case Management	0	134	26	0	12
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

*No Offender Services Reported

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Taos County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taos	37%	32%	29%	19%	25%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Taos County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taos	41%	*	*	71%	67%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable – Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Taos County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	12	*	1	2	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	4	*	5	2	6
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	8	*	12	5	3
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*			
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	1	1	6
Battery Against Household Member	13	*	7	11	4
Criminal Damage to Property			2		
False Imprisonment			6	1	5
Harassment			1	2	
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*			
Violation of a Restraining Order				1	
Total	41	*	35	25	26

*Data Unavailable – Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Taos County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	75	*	51	30	24
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	7	*	7	13	8
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	30	*	27	15	19
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*	2		
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	5	*	1	1	9
Battery Against Household Member	81	*	80	63	54
Criminal Damage to Property			6	7	9
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			11	6	8
Harassment			1	3	1
Stalking Against Household Member	2	*		1	
Violation of a Restraining Order			9	10	9
Total	202	*	195	149	141

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Taos County District Court, 2013-2014

Taos	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	26	15
Number of Convictions	15	7
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	8	7
Total Other	3	1
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	31%	47%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	58%	47%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Taos County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Taos	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	129	91
Number of Convictions	21	15
Number of Acquittals	2	2
Number of Dismissals	94	63
Total Other	12	11
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	73%	69%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	16%	16%

Torrance County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Torrance County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Torrance	5.5	21	7.2	9	7.5	10	4.6	18	5.4	13
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Torrance County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Torrance	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Torrance County, 2010-2014

Torrance	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	5	*	*	*	*
LE DV Cases	90	117	**	--	84
Percent	6%	--	--	--	--

*No Service Provider Reporting

**No Law Enforcement Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Torrance County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Torrance	30%	44%	37%	27%	32%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Torrance County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Torrance	16%	16%	13%	6%*	15%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*Based on Fewer than 20 Cases

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Torrance County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Torrance	57%	52%	59%	48%	61%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Torrance County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Services	*	*	*	*	*
Transportation	*	*	*	*	*
Financial Support	*	*	*	*	*
Housing	*	*	*	*	*
Protection Orders	*	*	*	*	*
Legal Advocacy	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Crisis Intervention	*	*	*	*	*
Other	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Torrance County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Torrance	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR = No Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Reported to Central Repository

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Torrance County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Emergency Shelter	*	*	*	*	*
Day Care	*	*	*	*	*
School	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Services	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Torrance County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	*	*	*	*	*
Counseling	*	*	*	*	*
Psycho-Education Classes	*	*	*	*	*
Case Management	*	*	*	*	*
Other Service	*	*	*	*	*

*No Service Provider Reporting

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Torrance County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Torrance	47%	63%	39%	34%	43%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Torrance County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Torrance	43%	*	*	25%	49%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Torrance County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	1	*		2	1
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	3	*	3	2	2
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	5	*	6	3	2
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	1	*	1	1	
Battery Against Household Member	4	*	6	5	6
Criminal Damage to Property			1		2
False Imprisonment			4	2	3
Harassment				1	1
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	1	
Total	14	*	22	17	17

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Torrance County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	12	*	13	7	6
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	6	*	6	3	2
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	26	*	13	5	9
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	2	*	1	1	
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			
Battery Against Household Member	30	*	44	45	46
Criminal Damage to Property			14	9	19
Deprivation of Property				2	
False Imprisonment			9	8	9
Harassment			3	5	1
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	3		
Violation of a Restraining Order			13	10	5
Total	77	*	119	95	97

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Torrance County District Court, 2013-2014

Torrance	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	10	13
Number of Convictions	7	5
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	1	4
Total Other	2	4
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	10%	31%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	70%	38%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Torrance County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Torrance	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	74	67
Number of Convictions	25	18
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	38	38
Total Other	10	11
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	51%	57%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	34%	27%

Union County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Union County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Union	NR	*	4.7	15	7.0	12	21.7	2	23.3	1
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

*Not Ranked: Clayton Police Department Did Not Report in 2010

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Union County, 2010-2014

Union	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	5	6	3	4	24
Children	0	0	0	0	0
Offenders	19	9	12	11	10

*No Service Provider Reporting

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Union County, 2010-2014

Union	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	*	6	3	4	24
LE DV Cases	*	21	31	95	100
Percent	--	29%	10%	4%	24%

*No Service Provider Reporting

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Union County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Union	*	*	*	*	*
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

*No Alcohol/Drug Use Data from Clayton Police Department

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Union County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Union	*	*	*	*	*
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

*Clayton Police Department Not Reporting Weapons Data

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Union County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Union	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

NR = No Injury Reports

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Union County, 2010-2014

Alternatives to Violence

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	5	6	3	4	24
Counseling	3	4	2	0	0
Emergency Services	0	0	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0	0	0
Financial Support	0	0	0	0	0
Housing	0	0	0	0	0
Protection Orders	0	2	1	2	19
Legal Advocacy	2	0	0	1	5
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	1	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Crisis Intervention	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0

*No Service Provider Reporting

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Union County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Union	4	21	18	20	9

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Union County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	0	0	0	0	0
Counseling	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency Shelter	0	0	0	0	0
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Services	0	0	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Union County, 2010-2014

Alternatives to Violence

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	19	9	12	11	10
Counseling	19	9	12	2	3
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	9	7
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Service	0	0	0	0	0

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Union County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Union	*	*	*	*	*
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

*Clayton Police Department Did Not Report Suspect Arrests

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Union County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Union	0%	*	*	17%	11%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Union County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	0	*		2	
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member					1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	3	*	1	1	
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*			
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member			2	2	1
Battery Against Household Member	2	*	1	1	
False Imprisonment			1	2	
Harassment			1	1	
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*			
Violation of a Restraining Order				2	
Total	5	*	6	11	2

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Union County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	3	*	1	2	2
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	2	*		1	1
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	7	*	1	4	
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	0	*			
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member			1	2	1
Battery Against Household Member	9	*	12	14	4
Criminal Damage to Property				2	
Deprivation of Property					
False Imprisonment			1	3	
Harassment			2	5	
Stalking Against Household Member	1	*	1		
Violation of a Restraining Order			3	3	
Total	22	*	22	36	8

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Union County District Court, 2013-2014

Union	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	4	6
Number of Convictions	1	2
Number of Acquittals		0
Number of Dismissals	3	4
Total Other		0
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	75%	67%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	25%	33%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Union County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Union	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	24	13
Number of Convictions	4	1
Number of Acquittals	1	1
Number of Dismissals	14	9
Total Other	5	2
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	58%	69%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	17%	8%

Valencia County Domestic Violence Trends, 2010-2014

A. Domestic Violence Rates per 1000 in Valencia County Compared to Domestic Violence Rate in Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	Rank	2011	Rank	2012	Rank	2013	Rank	2014	Rank
Valencia	NR	*	NR	*	NR	*	NR	*	NR	**
NM	10.5		10.2		9.5		10.2		9.5	

NR = No Law Enforcement Reporting to Central Repository

*Not Ranked: Los Lunas Police Department and Valencia County Sheriff's Department Did Not Report

**Not Ranked: Los Lunas Police Department Did Not Report

B. Clients Served by Domestic Violence Service Providers in Valencia County, 2010-2014

Valencia	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adults	174	47	155	97	380
Children	68	24	26	12	111
Offenders	129	15	40	30	32

C. Percent Law Enforcement (LE) Domestic Violence (DV) Incidents Represented by Number of Adult Victims Served, in Valencia County, 2010-2014

Valencia	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims	174	47	*	^	380
LE DV Cases	136	101**	**	**	248
Percent	128%	47%	47%	--	153%

*No Service Provider Reporting

^Valencia Shelter Services Did Not Report a Full Year

*Los Lunas Police Department and Valencia County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report

D. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Alcohol/Drug Use in Valencia County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Valencia	25%	44%	43%	56%	38%
NM	35%	50%	35%	34%	33%

E. Percent Domestic Violence Cases Involving Weapons Use in Valencia County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Valencia	50%	20%	12%	20%	16%
NM	56%	61%	65%	62%	64%

F. Percent Domestic Violence Cases with Injury in Valencia County Compared to New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Valencia	41%	68%	78%	71%	78%
NM	37%	44%	45%	43%	41%

G. Number of Adult Victims Served and Number Receiving Each Service in Valencia County, 2010-2014

Valencia Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult Victims Served	174	47	155	97	380
Counseling	141	28	45	52	85
Emergency Services	64	10	74	37	124
Transportation	46	2	0	0	33
Financial Support	30	1	0	0	0
Housing	43	5	10	21	42
Protection Orders	34	3	56	27	68
Legal Advocacy	42	15	52	41	69
Psycho-Education Classes	48	8	0	20	2
Case Management	59	27	0	0	25
Crisis Intervention	23	20	30	0	112
Other	27	7	0	0	5

H. Domestic Violence Crisis Calls Received in Valencia County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Valencia	100	78	219	177	310

I. Number of Children Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Valencia County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Children Victim-Witnesses	68	24	26	12	111
Counseling	68	24	21	12	27
Emergency Shelter	3	0	9	5	64
Day Care	0	0	0	0	0
School	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	34	0	0	0	0
Other Services	0	0	0	0	0

J. Number of Offenders Served and Number Receiving Each Type of Service in Valencia County, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Offenders	129	15	40	30	32
Counseling	105	8	40	30	32
Psycho-Education Classes	0	0	0	0	0
Case Management	0	0	0	0	0
Other Service	24	7	0	0	1

K. Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Valencia County Compared to Percent Domestic Violence Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Valencia	62%	64%	70%	57%	59%
NM	50%	44%	44%	39%	42%

L. Percent Law Enforcement Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued in Valencia County Compared to Percent Statewide Domestic Violence Incidents Represented by District Court Protection Orders Issued Statewide, 2010-2014

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Valencia	201%	*	*	77%	78%
NM	19%	*	*	28%	33%

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

M. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Valencia County District Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	4	*	3	2	3
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	3	*	20	11	20
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	19	*	56	21	40
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	4	*			
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	0	*	5	6	4
Battery Against Household Member	10	*	16	19	21
Criminal Damage to Property			7	3	10
Deprivation of Property			2		4
False Imprisonment			48	30	38
Harassment			1	7	5
Stalking Against Household Member	0	*		1	2
Violation of a Restraining Order			1	2	3
Total	40	*	159	102	150

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

N. New Domestic Violence Charges Filed in Valencia County Magistrate Court, 2010-2014

Charge	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assault Against Household Member	43	*	41	38	36
Aggravated Assault Against Household Member	13	*	24	32	35
Aggravated Battery Against Household Member	59	*	106	82	87
Assault with Intent Commit Violent Felony Against Household Member	6	*	4	2	2
Aggravated Stalking Against Household Member	5	*	8	8	35
Battery Against Household Member	173	*	191	203	212
Criminal Damage to Property			23	33	37
Deprivation of Property			20	16	30
False Imprisonment			78	69	65
Harassment			11	14	11
Stalking Against Household Member	4	*	4	1	1
Violation of a Restraining Order			32	36	36
Total	303	*	542	534	587

*Data Unavailable - Data Conversion in Process

O. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Valencia County District Court, 2013-2014

Valencia	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	42	78
Number of Convictions	30	16
Number of Acquittals	1	0
Number of Dismissals	2	57
Total Other	9	5
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	5%	73%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	71%	21%

P. Disposition Outcomes of Disposed Domestic Violence Cases in Valencia County Magistrate Court, 2013-2014

Valencia	2013	2014
Number of Disposed Cases	331	391
Number of Convictions	14	32
Number of Acquittals		2
Number of Dismissals	258	286
Total Other	59	71
Percent Dismissals of Disposed Cases	78%	73%
Percent Convictions of Disposed Cases	4%	8%